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STC

Program

#4

Vol II

W/Bond

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16. Abstract  This report describes the improvements which have been incorporated in the Streamtube Curvature (STC) Program to enhance both its computational and diagnostic capabilities. In Volume I, detailed descriptions are given of the revisions incorporated to more reliably handle the jet stream-external flow interaction at trailing edges. Also presented are the augmented boundary layer procedures and a variety of other program changes relating to program diagnostics and extended solution capabilities. Volume II consists of the updated User's Manual, and includes information on the computer program operation, usage, and logical structure.  User documentation includes an outline of the general logical flow of the program and detailed instructions for program usage and operation. From the standpoint of the programmer, the overlay structure is described. The input data, output formats, and diagnostic printouts are covered in detail and illustrated with three typical test cases. The program listing is included as a separate document (Volume II).					
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This appendix to the User Manual for the Streamtube Curvature Analysis contains the computer program listing. It should be noted that the listing includes explanatory statements and titles so that the program flow is readily discernable. The computer program listing is in CDC Fortran 2.3 source language form, except for three subroutines, GETIX, GETRLX, and SAVIX, which are in Compass 1.1 language.

```

*DECK MAIN
OVERLAY(STC,0,0)
PROGRAM STCA(INPUT,OUTPUT,TAPE5,TAPE6=OUTPUT,
* TAPE1,TAPE2,TAPE4=TAPE2)
COMMON /BCOMN/ PROG4,TAPIN,TAPOT,REF(5),PROGSV,FILIN,FILOT
LOGICAL TAPIN,TAPOT, FILIN,FILOT
EQUIVALENCE (IPROG4,PROG4)
COMMON /ADAM01/ NAME(6),ADDRESS(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /ADAM02/ ENDJOB,DUM1(2),ENDCRD
LOGICAL ENDJOB, ENDCRD
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
EQUIVALENCE (IBLANK,BLANK)
COMMON /CGRAV / CG
COMMON /CNTRL / K5(8),CARRY,ICHN
LOGICAL CARRY
COMMON /IXORIG/ IIDUM(21),NM,IIDUM(11)
COMMON /KEYS / KEYA(11),KEYB(11),KODA(22)
DIMENSION XKEYA(11)
EQUIVALENCE (XKEYA(1),KEYA(1))
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

COMMON /ADJWF1/ MODE,LFF,MODE0,LFO
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR,RDUM,NINNER(16),CNVF(16)
COMMON /CMAX4 / ES2MX,ZMX,RMX,DS2MX, LDUMY
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
LOGICAL GREFIN
COMMON /CPRINT/ PPDUM(6),PDUM(20)
COMMON /CSTALO/ NSSPTS
COMMON /CTAPOS/ RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL,K6SV
LOGICAL RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL
COMMON /CTE / TOLWF,TOLWFO,TEXI2,TWF,TERWF,JRET
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL,MAXSWP,CLEN,DMDS2,TOLES2,NSWP,
1 DS1DMP,DS1MXA,DS1MXB,DS1RMS,DMES2,DS1RMO
*, SG1REF,TOLINR
C DS1DMP= DAMPING FACTOR ON DS1, #0 FOR NO DAMPING, #1 FOR NOMINAL
C DS1MXA= MAX=DS1
C DS1MXB= MAX CALCULATED DS1 BEFORE DAMPING
C DS1RMS= RMS OF THE CALCULATED DS1'S
C ES2MX = MAX SL POSITION ERROR AS DETERMINED BY THE FLOW BALANCE
C NOW STORED IN COMMON / CMAX4 /-
C DS2MX = MAX CALCULATED SL ADJUSTMENT
C NOW STORED IN COMMON / CMAX4 /-
C NSWP = NUMBER OF LRELAX SWEEPS
COMMON /TAPES / NTAPO,NTAPN
DIMENSION AA(8)
COMMON /SELECT/ LENTRY
DATA KA/1HA/1 KBDY/3HBDY/, STC/3HSTC/
DATA ITRUE/1HT/

NTAPO = 1
NTAPN = 2
WRITE (6,7760)
7760 FORMAT(1H1,22X,28H* * C A R D I N P U T * *//)
C INITIALIZE--- AFTER READING NAMELISTS ID,DIP
ENDFILE 5
REWIND 5
7777 FORMAT(1H1)
7778 FORMAT(8A10)
7775 READ (5,7778) AA
IF( EOF,5 ) 7781,7776
7776 WRITE (6,7778) AA

```

```

GO TO 7775
7781 REWIND 5
      READ(5,1001) NAME
      READ(5,1001) ADDRES
      READ(5,1001) IDENT
1001 FORMAT (1X,6A10)
      READ (5,1002) IN1,PROGM,TAPIN,TAPOT
1002 FORMAT (12,1X,A10,L1,9X,L1)
      11 WRITE (6,1100) PROGM,TAPIN,TAPOT
1100 FORMAT (1H1,10X,16HEXECUTING PROGM=,A6/10X,6HTAPIN=,L2,5X,
      * 6HTAPOT=,L2/)
      XKEYA(4)= PROGM
      PROGSV= PROGM
      ENDCRD= .FALSE;
      ERRMAJ= .FALSE;
      PRERR = .FALSE;
      DO 2 I=1,3
      KEYA(I)= IBLANK
2 KEYB(I)= IBLANK
3 FILIN = TAPIN
  FILOT = TAPOT
  TAPIN = .FALSE;
  TAPOT = .FALSE;
  ERR = .FALSE;
  DATA IBDY/3HBDY/
  K5 = IBDY
4 PROGM = BITS
8 K5 = KA
  GO TO 12
C   CONSECUTIVE DIP LIST READ
      5 READ (5,1003) IN1,IN2,IN3,IN4
1003 FORMAT(12,1X,3A10)
      IF(EOF,5) 19*7

      7 GO TO (20,9,10),IN1
      9 K5 = KBDY
      K5(2) = IN3
      ICHN = IN4
      GO TO 12
10 K5 = IN2
  K5(2) = IN3

C   INPUT SECTION----- ENTRY STCN TO (1,0)
12 LENTRY= 1
  LOVER = 1
  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,0,6HRECALL)
  IF((,NOT,INERR) .AND, (,NOT,ERR) ) GO TO 5
15 WRITE (6,1004) LOVER,LENTY
1004 FORMAT (//2X,9HERR = T,5X,7HERRCOD=,12,5X,7HLENTY=,12)
  CALL ERRORK(6HERR=T )
  WRITE (6,1000)
1000 FORMAT(1H1//10X,26H***** JOB TERMINATED ***** )
  STOP
19 ENDJOB= .TRUE;

C   INPUT PROCESSING COMPLETE-- BUILD TABLES
20 LENTRY= 2
  LOVER = 1
  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,0,6HRECALL)
  IF(ERR) GO TO 15
  CALL FHEAD

```

```

WRITE (6,1140)
RESTRT=.TRUE.

```

```

C REFIN, INNER LOOP INITIALIZATION

```

```

210 LFF = 0
DS2MX = BITS
NSWP = 0
GREFIN=.TRUE.
INRCTR= 0
IF(RESTRT) GO TO 215
LOVER = 3
LENTY=1
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,3,0,6HRECALL)
IF(ERR) GO TO 15
IF(.NOT.GREFIN) GO TO 230
MAJCTR= MAJCTR+1

```

```

C
C BEGIN INNER ITR LOOP, CALC STREAMLINE CURVATURE
C ORTHOGONALIZE (GE220)

```

```

215 RESTRT= .FALSE.
LOVER = 3
LENTY= 2
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,3,0,6HRECALL)
IF(ERR) GO TO 15

```

```

C ADJUST FLOWS AT CHOKED STATIONS.

```

```

TEXI2 = BITS
TWF = BITS
TERWF = BITS
LFO = 0
MODE0 = 0
LOVER = 2
LENTY= 1
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,0,6HRECALL)
IF (ERR) GO TO 15

```

```

C
C PERFORM FLOW BALANCE, BEGIN FLOW ADJUSTMENT LOOP

```

```

227 LOVER = 2
LENTY= 4
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,0,6HRECALL)
IF(ERR) GO TO 15
AES2MX = ABS ( ES2MX )
ES2LIM = SG1REF * TOLINR
FES2LM = CLEN * TOLES2
IF(MAJCTR.GE.'MAXIT'.OR. .NOT.GREFIN) ES2LIM = FES2LM
TOLWFF = TOLWF
IF(AES2MX.GE.ES2LIM .OR. MAJCTR.EQ.0) GO TO 228
MODE = -1
LENTY = 3
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,0,6HRECALL)
IF(ERR) GO TO 15

```

```

228 TWFP = TWF/CG
TERWFP = TERWF/CG
IF(TEXI2.EQ.BITS) GO TO 2303
WRITE (6,1252) MAJCTR,NM,INRCTR,NSSPTS,NSWP,DS2MX,ES2MX,
1 ES2LIM,ZMX,RMX,TEXI2,TWFP,TERWFP
GO TO 230

```

```

2303 WRITE(6,1252) MAJCTR,NM,INRCTR,NSSPTS,NSWP,DS2MX,ES2MX,ES2LIM,
2 ZMX,RMX

```

```

230 MCTR = MAX0(1,MAJCTR)
IF(INRCTR.GE.'NINNER'(MCTR)) GO TO 232

```

```

IF (NOT GREFIN) ES2LIM=CLEN*TOLES2
IF ( INRCR .EQ. 0 .OR. AES2MX .GE. ES2LIM ) GO TO 240
C   ES2 CONVERGED
IF (MODE.EQ.3 .OR. MAJCTR.EQ.00) GO TO 282
MODE = 1
LENTRY = 3
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,0,6HRECALL)
IF ( MODE=2 ) 231,231,232
231 DS2MX = BITS
NSWP = 18ITS
TEX12 = BITS
TWF = 8ITS
TERWF = BITS
GO TO 227
C   ES2 AND FLOW ADJ ARE CONVERGED
232 IF (MAJCTR.GE.MAXIT .OR. .NOT.GREFIN) GO TO 300
GO TO 210

C   MATRIC SOLUTION
240 LOVER = 4
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,4,0)
IF (ERR) GO TO 15
C   ADJUST STREAMLINES
250 LOVER = 3
LENTRY = 3
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,3,0,6HRECALL)
IF (ERR) GO TO 15
INRCR= INRCR+1
GO TO 215

C   ES2 AND FLOW ADJ CONVERGED, REFINEMENT SATISFIED
300 LOVER = 2
LENTRY = 2
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,0,6HRECALL)
IF (PDUM(10).EQ.2.) CALL EDUMPS
IF (ERR) GO TO 15
IF (ENDJOB) GO TO 100
IF ( IN3.EQ.1TRUE ) TAPIN=TRUE;
IF ( IN4.EQ.1TRUE ) TAPOT=TRUE;
IPROGM IN2
GO TO 11

C
100 WRITE (6,2000)
2000 FORMAT (1H1//10X,26H***** ENDJOB ***** )
1140 FORMAT (1H0.55X,19HSOLUTION HISTORY/
1 55X,21H-----//
2 2X,12HREFINEMENT + INNER ITERS + MATRIX SOLUTION +
3 FLOW BALANCE ERROR = + KUTTA ITERATION/
4 100X,31HTRAILING FLOW FRACTIONAL/
5 1X,130HREFIN GRID INRCR NSSPTS NSWEEPS MAX=DS2 MAX-
6ES2 LIM=ES2 Z R EDGE=X12 RATE FLOW
7 ERROR/
8 30H PTS (/)
1252 FORMAT (15,6X,13,5X,12,4X,14,6X,13,4X,F9,6,2X,F9,6,2X,F9,6,
1 3X,F8,3,3X,F8,3,6X,F4,0,4X,F9,4,4X,F7,4)
STOP
END

```



```

•DECK USECDG
  BLOCK DATA USECDG
•USECDG      REPLACE LFIELD USE CARDS
COMMON /ALLCOM/ C1(24)
COMMON /CAO    / A0
COMMON /CPRINT/ C32(26)
COMMON /CTHICK/ C7(302)
COMMON /CIDEX  / C5(6)
COMMON /CFRFIN/ C3(6)
COMMON /CBEAM2/ C30(20)

COMMON /CDS2   / C12(900)
COMMON /CRHS   / RHS(768)

COMMON /CHDATA/ C9(2200)
COMMON /CEND   / C2(2)
COMMON /CCURY  / CURV(768)
COMMON /CPHI1  / PHI1(768)
COMMON /CS1    / S1(768)
COMMON /CS2    / S2(768)
COMMON /SLTAB  / C8(384)
COMMON /CM     / JMS(768)

COMMON /CB     / B(768)
COMMON /CZ     / Z(768)
COMMON /CR     / R(768)
COMMON /CVM    / VM(768)
COMMON /CFRFLD/ C4(830)
COMMON /ERASE2/ C31(1536)
END

```

```

DECK BLBLOK
BLOCK DATA BLBLOK
COMMON /IXORIG/ IDUM1(14),LDO,LDE,IDUM2(17)
COMMON /BLBDV/ IBLB(60)
COMMON /VISCS/ TREF,MUREF,SCON
               MUREF
REAL
COMMON /REBL / RESTBL
LOGICAL
DATA IBLB/60*0/
DATA TREF,MUREF,SCON/518.688,10.E-7,198.6/
DATA LDO,LDE/1,0/
DATA RESTBL/F/
END

```

\*DECK STCBLK

BLOCK DATA STCBLK

\*STCBLK

STC BLOCK DATA

!STCBLK!

```

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
& MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTA, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
& DAXIT,SCALEA,YTE,CHOTST
LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
COMMON /BENDIN/ NBCIN(2),ACF(2)
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CCRX / CRXSL,CRXOL,CRXSS,CRXE,CRXC,DCRX
DIMENSION CRX(6)
EQUIVALENCE (CRX,CRXSL)
COMMON /CFB2 / PASS1
LOGICAL PASS1
COMMON /CGRAV / GG
COMMON /CIADIN/ RHOBAS,RHOAMP,IADM
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR,RDUM,NINNER(16),CNVF(16)
COMMON /CISBOT/ FARFLD(2),FREE(2),PRES(2),PSPISV,NZP,
& ZP(10),PSP(10),NZP1,DISBOT,ADUM(6)
INTEGER FARFLD,FREE,PRES,PSPISV
COMMON /CIVP / IVP,VPDUM,NRF(2),INR(2),XIVP(2)
& MXLRLX
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXREF,NREFIN,GREFIN,TL
COMMON /CNORM / RHL,RM,AHL,ARM
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRPRN/ PRPRN
INTEGER PRPRN
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,FBASTG
LOGICAL VELPOT
COMMON /CREFIN/ DREFIN,SG21,VMG1,VMG2, NGR,NGZ,SGR(10),GR(10),
& SGZ(10),GZ(10)
DIMENSION G40(40)
EQUIVALENCE (G40,SGR)
COMMON /CSLC / BRANCH(4)
COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1,
& DSS(2),RHOW,RHOWSS,TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS
INTEGER SSFML
LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF
COMMON /CTE / TOLWF,TOLWFU,TEX12,TWF,TERWF,JRET
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL,MAXSWP,CLEN,DTOLR1,TOLES2,NSWP,
& DS1DMP,DS1DP1,DTOLR2(4),SG1REF,TOLINR
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
& LO,LESTA,LSO,LSL,LDUM(6),
& MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
& LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /SLTAB2/ PTR(128)

```

C COMMONS NOT PRESENT IN GE VERSION

```

COMMON /CBEND / NRCB(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FB(2)
COMMON /CBOW / BSHOCK,DUMBS(8)
LOGICAL BSHOCK
COMMON /CCUBE / NBC(2),C1(2),C2(2),FEND(2)
COMMON /CEDUMP/ IGODMP
COMMON /CLFIT1/ LFOUT
LOGICAL LFOUT
COMMON /CPRINT/ PPK(6),PDUM(20)
COMMON /LINMAX/ LMAX
DATA MACHA/0877777777777777/, PSA,PTA/2*14.696/, TSA,TTA/2*518.7/,
& AXIA/,TRUE./, RGA/1716.2/, GAMA/1.4/, SCALEA/1./,

```

```

& TTE/0:/W CHOTST/TRUE/
DATA NBCIN/2.2/; ACF/0.,0./
DATA BITS/0377777777777777/; BLANK/1H /
DATA CRX/1.375.,.375.,.125,0.,0.,0./
DATA PASS1/TRUE/
DATA CG/32.174/
DATA RHOBAS,RHOAMP,IADM/5.,5,0/
DATA NINNER/56*10/; CNVF/16*1./
C GE LINES DELETED
DATA PSPISV,NZP,NZP1/0,0,0/
C NOTE - ADUM(1) IS USED TO EXTEND FAR FIELD BOUNDARY
DATA NRF/1.0/; INR/1.0/; XIVP/1.E6*0./; MXLRLX/5/
C GE LINE DELETED
DATA TL/1,E6/
DATA RN/0./
DATA PI/3.14159265/; TWOPI/6.2831853/; PIQ2/1.57079632/;
& PIQ4/1.78539816/; TODEG/57.2957795/; TORAD/0.174532925/
DATA PRPRN/0/
DATA VELPOT/F/; ICOR/-1/; NODENS/0/; FBASTG/0:/
DATA G40/40*0377777777777777/; NGR/1/;
& VMG1,VMG2/100.,100./; SGM/10.,9*0./; SG21/1./
DATA BRANCH/8*999./
DATA SSFML/1/; SSEF/; FALSE/; SSEANG/0/; SSDF/; FALSE/;
& SSFEND,SSFEND1/1.75.,.75/; TSIC/2./;
& RHOW,RHOWSS,RHOC,RHOCSS/1.,1.,1.,1./
DATA TOLWF/1.E01/
DATA TOLRL/1.E-3/; MAXSWP/200/; TOLES2/1.E-3/;
& DS1DMP,DS1DP1/0.,.5/; SG1REF/0/; TOLINR/1.05/
DATA LHO,LHE/1.0/; MO,NM/1.0/; NFCOLS/20/; MAXNJ,MAXOL/128,96/;
& LEO,LEE/1.0/; LRO,LRE/1.0/
DATA PTR/128*1./
C
C DATA DIFFERENT FROM OR NOT PRESENT IN GE VERSION
DATA MACHA/1.E15/; PSA,PTA/2*14.696/; TSA,TTA/2*518.7/
DATA PSA,PTA,TSA,TTA,RG/5*1./
DATA BITS/1.E15/
DATA (FARFLD(I),I=1,2)/10HFF ,10H /
DATA (FREE(I),I=1,2)/10HFREE1 ,10HFREE2 /
DATA (PRES(I),I=1,2)/10HPRES1 ,10HPRES2 /
DATA ADUM/1.25*0./
DATA (PTITLE(I),I=1,6)/6H ,6H STRE,6HAMTUBE,6H CURVA,
& 6HTURE P,6HROGRAM/
DATA G40/40*1.E15/; VMG1,VMG2/1.,1./
DATA NGZ/0/; SGZ/10*0/; DREFIN/1.01/
DATA DS1DMP/1.02/; SG1REF/10.E6/
C
DATA BSHOCK/F/
DATA NBC/2*0/; C1,C2,FEND/2*0.,2*0.,2*0./
DATA IGODMP/1/
DATA LFOUT/F/
DATA PPK/6*0/; PDUM/0.,1.,0.,1.,16*0./
DATA LMAX/64/
END

```

•DECK EDUMPS  
 SUBROUTINE EDUMPS  
 •EDUMPS TERMINAL EDUMP  
 SUBROUTINE EDUMPS

VEDUMPS:

```

COMMON /CHDATA/ TABLES(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(97)

COMMON /CB      / B(300)
COMMON /CCURV   / CURV(300)
COMMON /CDS2    / DS2(300)
COMMON /CIDEK   / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
  LOGICAL      OMITFK
COMMON /CM      / JMS(300)
COMMON /CPHI1   / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CR      / R(300)
COMMON /CRHS    / RHS(300)
COMMON /CS1     / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2     / S2(300)
COMMON /CTABRR/ I1TAB
COMMON /CVM     / VM(300)
COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
&               LO,LESTA,LSO,LSB,LDUM(6),
&               MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
&               LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

I1TAB = LWO
CALL TABPRT(6HWAKETB, TABLES, LWE, 2)
I1TAB = LFO
CALL TABPRT(6HCADJWF, TABLES, LFE, 8)
I1TAB = LO
CALL TABPRT(6HSTATAB, TABLES, LESTA, 5)
L      = LO
LMAX   = LESTA
OMITFK = .TRUE.
LINES  = 64
190    MA      = MLB(L)
      MB      = MUB(L)
      CALL FHEAD(MB-MA+2)
      IF (LINES.EQ.(MB-MA+5)) WRITE (6,1200)
      WRITE (6,1202)
      DO 200 M=MA,MB
      CALL GETIX
      WRITE (6,1201) J,M,MU,MD,ISTAG, S1(M),S2(M),Z(M),R(M),PHI1(M),
&                  CURV(M),VM(M),B(M),RHS(M),DS2(M)
200    CONTINUE
      L      = L+LNEXT(L)
      IF(L.LE.LMAX) GO TO 190
1200    FORMAT(57X,16HFIELD TABLE DUMP/128H      J      M      MU      MD I      S1
&            S2              Z              R      PHI1      CURV      V
&M              B      RHS              DS2)
1201    FORMAT (1X,I5,3I5,I2,2F11,6,2F12,6,F11,6,F12,7,2F11,3,2F10,5)
1202    FORMAT(1H )
      RETURN
      END

```

```

*DECK ERRORK
SUBROUTINE ERRORK(NAME)
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2 DAXIT,SCALEA,YTE,CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC
LOGICAL GHOTST
COMMON /ERA952/ AREA(96),AREAD(96),DISP(96),PT(96),LAMBDA(96),
1 RHO(96),SQRTVV(96),TS(96),TT(96),VMSQ(96),
2 VVKQKP(96),
2 WQA(96),WSTA(96), RG(96),C2CP(96),FGR(96)
REAL LAMBDA
DIMENSION ES2(96),SDNQRN(96)
EQUIVALENCE (ES2,VVKQKP),(SDNQRN,RHO)
DIMENSION RCU(96)
EQUIVALENCE (RCU,LAMBDA)
C FIELD TABLES
C INDEX= M=MO,NM
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CPH11 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)

COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CRHS / RHS(300)
COMMON /CDS2 / DS2(300)
COMMON /CEDUMP/ IGODMP
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
C TABLE OF INDEX LIMITS
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,CRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)

C STREAMLINE TABLE
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX= LB=LBO,LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L,E; POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAM, LBA, LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
DIMENSION BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
LOGICAL UP
INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAM
DIMENSION BDNAM(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
EQUIVALENCE (BDNAM,ZBT),(LBA,RBT),(LBB,ANGBT)
C FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE

```

```

C      INDEX= LF=LFO,LFE
C      NCOLS= 8
C      X1F   = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE
C      X2F   = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T,E.
C      X1BF  = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T,E.
C      X1AF  = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T,E.
C      S1F   = S1-COORDINATE OF T,E. (UPPER SURFACE), THIS ITEM
C              IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA-STAR,
C      LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E.
C      NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E.
C      LRF   = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCHN LIST FOR THE T,E.
C      LRXF  = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T,E.
C      JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
C              = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T,E, IS GIVEN
C              = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T,E, IS GIVEN
C      JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
C      DIMENSION      X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1      S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
      EQUIVALENCE      (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
      DIMENSION      LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
C      STATION TABLE
C      INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C      SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C      MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C      MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1      TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1      TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
3      VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
      LOGICAL      PRIM
      DIMENSION      SCHOKE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE      (SCHOKE,DWDV)

      EQUIVALENCE      (BDT,X1F,X1), (LBNEXT,X2F,LNEXT), (LBZ1,X1BF,MLB)
      EQUIVALENCE      (CHNAME,X1AF,MUB), (UP,S1F,PRIM)
      EQUIVALENCE      (LEDEX,NCHB,TYPELB), (ZBT,NCHA,NAMELB)
      EQUIVALENCE      (RBT,JORDER,ILB), (ANGBT,VNR,FLB)

COMMON /CTABRR/ I1TAB

      WRITE (6,100) NAME
100  FORMAT(/2X,13HERRORK CALL=,1A6/)

      CALL TABPRT(6HALLCOM,MACHA,20,8)
      I1TAB = LBDO
      CALL TABPRT(6HBDVTAB,BDT,LBDE,3)
      I1TAB = LFO
      CALL TABPRT(6HCADJWF,X1F,LFE,8)
      I1TAB = LO
      CALL TABPRT(6HSTATAB,X1,LESTA,5)
150  WRITE (6,1150) (J,X2(J),SLCHN(J),W(J),J=1,NJ)

      L      = LO
      LMAX   = LESTA
180  OMITFK= .TRUE.
      LINES  = 64
190  MA      = MLB(L)
      MB      = MUB(L)
      CALL FHEAD(MB=MA+2)
      IF (LINES.EQ.(MB=MA+5)) WRITE (6,1200)
      WRITE (6,1202)

```

```

DO 200 M=MA,MB
CALL GETIX
WRITE (6,1201) J,M,MU,MD,ISTAG, S1(M),S2(M),Z(M),R(M),PHI1(M),
1 CURV(M),VM(M),B(M),RHS(M),DS2(M)
200 CONTINUE
L = L+LNEXT(L)
IF(L,LE,LMAX) GO TO 190

```

# C ERASE2 DUMP

```

300 NK = MIN0(NK,96)
GO TO (400,310,330,350,360),IGOBMP
310 WRITE (6,1000)
DO 315 I=1,NK
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J*I,672,96)
315 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1002)
DO 320 I=1,NK
IP = 672*I
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J*IP, 1536,96)
320 CONTINUE
GO TO 400

```

```

330 WRITE (6,1003)
I = 0
L = LNEXT(L0)
DO 335 IL=L0*LESTA,L
I = I+1
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J*I,768,128)
335 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1005)
DO 340 I=1,NK
IP = 768*I
WRITE (6,1006) (AREA(J),J*IP,1248,96)
340 CONTINUE
GO TO 400

```

```

350 WRITE (6,1007) (AREA(I),I=1152,1183)
WRITE (6,1009)
I = 0
L = LNEXT(L0)
DO 355 IL=L0*LESTA,L
I = I+1
WRITE (6,1010) (AREA(J),J*I,1152,128)
355 CONTINUE
GO TO 400

```

```

360 WRITE (6,1011) (AREA(I),I=1024,1037)
WRITE (6,1012)
I = 0
L = LNEXT(L0)
DO 365 IL=L0*LESTA,L
I = I+1
WRITE (6,1013) (AREA(J),J*I,1024,128)
365 CONTINUE
400 CONTINUE

```

```

1000 FORMAT (//2X,40HS'ROUTINES BRHS, FLOBAL, WRIBDY, WRIOUT//
1 11X,4HAREA,8X,5HAREAO,9X,4HDISP,11X,2HPT,7X,6HLAMBDA,10X,
2 3HRH0,7X,6HSQRTVV)
1001 FORMAT (2X,9E13.5)

```



```

1002 FORMAT (//13X,2HTS,11X,2HYY,9X,4HVMSQ,7X,6HVVKQKP,10X,3HWQA,9X,
1          4HWSTA,11X,2HRG,9X,4HC2CP,10X,3HFGR)
1003 FORMAT (//2X,17HSUBROUTINE PTMOVE// 12X,3HX1L,11X,2HSC,11X,2HVC,
1          10X,8HVD8,9X,4HFVDS,10X,3HSCX)
1005 FORMAT (//11X,4HPI2,10X,3HDS1,11X,2HZK,11X,2HRK,2X,5HWEZPT)
1006 FORMAT (2X,4E13,5,5X,L2)
1007 FORMAT (//2X,17HSUBROUTINE REFINE//2X,3HIA=,16I7/2X,3HIB=,16I7)
1009 FORMAT (//13X,2HCR,9X,4HDELS,8X,5HDELVM,2X,4HLSTA,3X,3HMJ2,10X,
1          3HSGX,10X,3HSGY,10X,3HRAV,10X,3HZAV)
1010 FORMAT (2X,3E13,5,2I6,4E13,5)
1011 FORMAT (//2X,14HSUBROUTINE SLC//2X,6HCURSS=,6E13,5/
1          2X,6HQV =,8E,3,5)
1012 FORMAT (//13X,2HRB,11X,2HZB,10X,3HANG,8X,5HCURVB,10X,3HS1B,11X,
1          2HBI,2X,6HJ2DONE,3X,3HMSV)
1013 FORMAT (2X,6E13,5,2X,2I6)
1202 FORMAT (1H )
1201 FORMAT (1X,I3,I5,I2,2F11.6,2F12.6,F11.6,F12.7,2F11.3,2F10.5)
1200 FORMAT (57X,16HFIELD TABLE DUMP/128H J M MU MD I S1
*          S2 Z R PHI1 CURV
*VM B RHS DS2 )

LSTOP = 5
IF(LSTOP.EQ.5) STOP
RETURN
1150 FORMAT(///1X17HSTREAMLINE TABLE//17X32HJ X2 SLCHN
* W/(I18,F12.6,6X,A6,F12.6,))
END

```

\*DECK ATAN3  
 FUNCTION ATAN3(DY,DX,ANGREF)  
 \*ATAN3\* ARCTAN FUNCTION WITH REFERENCE ANGLE \*ATAN3\*

C LIMITS ARE (-PI) ;LE; (ATAN3=ANGREF) ;LT; (+PI)

COMMON /CATAN3/ DANG  
 COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI  
 DATA KNAME/6HATAN3 /

ANG = ATAN2(DY,DX)  
 N = 20  
 50 N = N-1  
 IF(N,EQ,0) CALL ERRORK(KNAME)  
 DANG = ANG-ANGREF  
 IF(PI-DANG) 60,70,70  
 60 ANG = ANG-TWOPI  
 GO TO 50  
 70 IF(DANG\*PI) 80,90,90  
 80 ANG = ANG+TWOPI  
 GO TO 50  
 90 ATAN3 = ANG  
 RETURN  
 END

```

*DECK BARC
      SUBROUTINE BARC(I)
*BARC=      BOUNDARY INTERVAL CURVALINEAR DIST      *BARC*

C      INPUT=
C      BDY    = BOUNDARY TABLE OF Z,R,ANG
C      I      = INDEX OF COOR-Z RELATIVE TO BDY-TABLE ORIGIN

C      OUTPUT=
C      DR     = DELTA-R = R(IV+1)-R(IV)
C      DZ     = DELTA-Z = Z(IV+1)-Z(IV)
C      DX     = CHORD CONNECTING THE POINTS OF THE INTERVAL
C      YPA    = ANGLE RELATIVE TO THE CHORD, POINT-IV
C      YPB    = ANGLE RELATIVE TO THE CHORD, POINT-IV+1
C      SINTVL = CURVALINEAR DISTANCE BETWEEN POINTS IV,IV+1
C      (ALSO-YPASQ,YPBSQ,YPAB)

C      BOUNDARY TABLE
C      INDEX= LB=LBD0,LBDE
C      LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C      LBZ1  = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C      CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C      UP    = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C      LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L'E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C              CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C      BDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C              DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1                CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2                ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
      LOGICAL      UP
      INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME
      DIMENSION    BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
      EQUIVALENCE  (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)
COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,S1M0
1                RZONLY, ANGCHD,SINTVL, YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ
      LOGICAL      RZONLY

      DZ      = ZBT(1+3)-ZBT(1)
      DR      = RBT(1+3)-RBT(1)
      DX      = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
      IF(DX.EQ.0.) GO TO 90
      ANGCHD = ATANS(DR,DZ,ANGBT(1))
      YPA     = ANGBT(1)-ANGCHD
      YPB     = ANGBT(1+3)-ANGCHD
      YPASQ   = YPA*YPA
      YPAB    = YPA*YPB
      YPBSQ   = YPB*YPB
90 SINTVL = DX*(1. + (YPASQ+.5*YPAB*YPBSQ)/15.)

      RETURN
      END

```

•DECK BARCS

FUNCTION BARCS(NAME,IV1,IV2)

•BARCS•

ARC DISTANCE BETWEEN BOUNDARY PTS

•BARCS•

C INPUT-

C NAME = BOUNDARY NAME

C IV1,IV2=INDEX OF POINTS IN THE GIVEN BOUNDARY

C BOUNDARY TABLE

C INDEX= LB=LBD0,LBDE

C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY

C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO

C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED

C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY

C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L/E; POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE  
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED

C BDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY

C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED

COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),

1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1).

2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)

LOGICAL UP

INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME

DIMENSION BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)

EQUIVALENCE (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)

C

COMMON /CBEA#2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,S1M,

1 RZONLY, ANGCHD,8INTVL, YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ

LOGICAL RZONLY

C

INDEX= M=M0,M

COMMON /CZ / Z(300)

COMMON /CR / R(300)

COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)

COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)

COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)

COMMON /CM / JMS(300)

COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)

COMMON /CB / B(300)

COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG

C

INDEX IN /BDYTAB/

LB = LBF(NAME)

C

SUM THE ARC DISTANCES FOR INTERVALS IV1 TO (IV2-1)

I = LB+LBZ1(LB)+3\*(IV1-1)

IF(ISTAG.EQ.1) I=I+3

ISTOP = I+3\*(IV2-IV1)

S = 0.

75 IF(I=ISTOP)80,90,90

80 CALL BARC(I)

S = S+SINTVL

I = I+3

GO TO 75

90 BARCS = S

RETURN

END

```

*DECK BEAM
SUBROUTINE BEAM(X,Y,ANG,N)
*BEAM== ROTATED CUBICS SIMILATING A BEAM
C FIT TO COORDINATE POINTS
*BEAM*

DIMENSION X(100),Y(100),ANG(100)

C INPUT=
C X,Y = COORDINATES OF POINTS
C ANG = ESTIMATED ANGLE AT THE GIVEN POINTS; RADIAN (MA=1)
C ANG(1) = ESTIMATED ANGLE AT THE FIRST POINT (MA=0)
C N = NUMBER OF POINTS
C MA = 0 IF THE VALUES OF ANGLES ARE NOT ESTIMATED,
C = 1 IF ESTIMATED ANGLES ARE GIVEN
C MB = NO OF ITERATIONS
C KD = STORAGE INCREMENT OF X,Y,ANG
C KORDER= 0 IF ERROR1 IS TO BE CALLED WHEN PTS ARE OUT OF ORDER
C = -1 TO SKIP THE POINT ORDER CHECK
C = .GE.1 IF RETURN IS TO BE MADE FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION
C (IF NOT INPUT MA=0, MB=1, KD=1, AND KORDER=0)
C SUBROUTINE BEND MUST BE PROVIDED TO CALCULATE THE FOLLOWING COEFFI
C A(2,1),A(3,1),B(1), A(1,N),A(2,N),B(N)

C OUTPUT=
C ANG = CALCULATED VALUE OF THE CURVE ANGLE; RADIAN
C B = SLOPE IN ROTATED COORDINATES, LEFT END OF SEGMENT
C YPB = SLOPE IN ROTATED COORDINATES, RIGHT END OF SEGMENT
C ACHD = ANGLE (RELATIVE TO HORIZONTAL) OF THE LINE SEGMENTS, RADIA
C CHD = LENGTHS OF THE LINE SEGMENTS BETWEEN THE INPUT POINTS; TWO
C KORDER= INDEX OF 2ND OF ADJACENT OUT-OF-ORDER PTS, NOT=0 ON ENTRY

C NOTE=COMMON /ERASE/ MUST BE 8*N IN LENGTH; ITS LENGTH MAY BE CHANG
C BY A SUSE CARD WITHOUT PROGRAM RECOMPILE.

C ORDER OF STORAGE IN COMMON /ERASE/ IS = A(1,3),A(1,1),A(1,2),B(1),
C YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(1), A(2,1),A(2,2),A(2,3),B(2),YPB(2),DA(

COMMON /CATAN3/ DANG
COMMON /CBEAM / MA,MB,KD,KORDER
COMMON /CPI / PI,PIDUM(5)
COMMON /ERASE / A(3),B(1),YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)
DIMENSION YPA(100)
EQUIVALENCE (YPA,B)
DATA KNAME/'WBEAM/'

IF(N,LE,1) CALL ERRORK(KNAME)
M = MA
N8 = 8*N-7

C CALCULATE THE CHORDS CONNECTING THE GIVEN POINTS
C AND CALC THE TURNING ANGLES BETWEEN SUCCESSIVE CHORDS
K = 1
I = 1
IM8 = 1
ACHD(1)=ANG(I)
100 KP = K+KD
SX = X(KP)-X(K)
SY = Y(KP)-Y(K)
B(1) = ANG(K)
CHD(1)=SQRT(SX*SX+SY*SY)
ACHD(1)=ATAN2(SY,SX,ACHD(IM8))
DA(1) = DANG

```

```

      IF(I,GT,9 ,AND: (ABS(DA(I))+ABS(DA(IM8))),GT,PI ,AND.
* KORDER.NE.(=1)) GO TO 800
130 IM8 = I
      I = I+8
      K = K+KD
      IF(I-N8) 100,140,140
140 ACHD(I)=ACHD(I-8)
      DA(I) = 0.
      B(I) = ANG(M)

C   SLOPES IN THE ROTATED COORDINATE SYSTEM
C   FROM THE ESTIMATED INPUT ANGLES
      I = 1
      IF(M) 160,180,180
160 YPA(I)= TAN(B(I)-ACHD(I))
      YPB(I)= TAN(B(I+8)-ACHD(I))
      I = I+8
      IF(I-N8) 160,200,200

C   SLOPES EQUAL TO A FRACTION OF THE LINE SEGMENT TURNING
180 YPA(I)= .2*DA(9)
      I = 9
185 YPB(I-8)=.4*DA(I)
      YPA(I)= -YPB(I-8)
      I = I+8
      IF(I-N8) 185,190,190
190 YPB(I-8)=.2*DA(I-8)

C   END EQUATIONS
200 CALL BEND(N)

C   MATCHING ANGLE AND CURVATURE EQUATIONS
      IF(N-2) 250,800,250
250 I = 9
      GO TO 260
255 A(I) = CHD(I)*(1,+1.5*YPA(I)*YPA(I))
      A(I+2)= CHD(I-8)*(1,+1.5*YPB(I-8)*YPB(I-8))
      A(I+1)= 2.*(A(I)+A(I+2))
      B(I) = -2.*(A(I) *DA(I) + A(I+2)*DA(I+8))
      I = I+8
260 IF(I-N8) 255,300,300

C   ROUTINE TDSEQ = TRIDIAGONAL SIMULTANEOUS EQUATIONS
C   SOLUTION TO AX=B. ON RETURN SOLUTION VECTOR X IS STORED IN B
300 A(3) = A(3)/A(2)
      B(1) = B(1)/A(2)
      I = 9
C   SPECIAL LOGIC FOR A(1,3)
      A(1) = A(1)/A(2)
      A(10) = A(10)-A(9)*A(3)
      A(11) = (A(11)-A(9)*A(1))/A(10)
      GO TO 312
310 A(I+1)= A(I+1)-A(I)*A(I-6)
      A(I+2)= A(I+2)/A(I+1)
312 B(I) = (B(I)-A(I)*B(I-8)) / A(I+1)
      I = I+8
      IF(I-N8) 310,320,340
C   SPECIAL LOGIC FOR A(N,N-2)
320 A(I) = A(I)-A(I+2)*A(I-14)
      B(I) = B(I)-A(I+2)*B(I-16)
      GO TO 310

```

```

C   BACK SUBSTITUTION
340 I   = N8
350 I   = I-8
    IF(I-1) 400,355,360
C   SPECIAL LOGIC FOR A(1,I)
355     B(1) = B(1)-A(1)*B(17)
360 B(1) = B(1)-A(1*2)*B(1*8)
    GO TO 350

C   REEVALUATE YPB
400 I   = 9
405 YPB(I-8) = B(I)*DA(I)
    I   = I+8
    IF(I=N8) 405,405,450

C   RETURN FOR ANOTHER ITERATION
450 M   = M+1
    IF(M=MB) 200,200,500

C   ANGLES
500 I   = 1
    K   = 1
505 ANG(K) = ACHD(I)+ATAN(B(I))
    I   = I+8
    K   = K+K0
    IF(I=N8) 505,505,530
530 KORDER = 0
    GO TO 900

C   ERROR = OUT OF ORDER POINTS
800 IF(KORDER.EQ.0) CALL ERROR(KNAME)
    KORDER = K

900 RETURN
    END

```

•DECK CBEAM  
BLOCK DATA BEAMBK  
•CBEAM DATA FOR /CBEAM /  
COMMON /CBEAM / MA,MB,KD,KORDER  
DATA MA,MB,KD,KORDER/0,1,2,0/  
END

•CBEAM•



\*DECK BEND

SUBROUTINE BEND(NN)

\*BEND=

END CONDITIONS FOR THE BEAM FIT

\*BEND\*

C ON ENTRY =  
 C N = NUMBER OF POINTS  
 C ALSO DEFINED ON ENTRY = IN COMMON/CBEND/  
 C NBC(L) = BOUNDARY CONDITION INDICATOR FOR LEFT(L=1) AND RIGHT(L=2)  
 C = 0, 1, OR 2  
 C ANGE(L) = ANGLE IN DEGREES IF NBC(L)=1  
 C CURVE(L) = CURVATURE IF NBC(L)=2  
 C FEND(L) = RATIO OF SHEAR OF THE END TO NEXT TO END INTERVAL, NBC(L)

C ON RETURN =  
 C COEFFICIENTS = A(2), A(3), B(1) AND A(N8), A(N8+1), B(N8)  
 COMMON /CBEND / NBC(2), ANGE(2), CURVE(2), FEND(2)  
 COMMON /CPI / P1, TWOPI, PIQ2, PIQ4, TODEG, TORAD  
 COMMON /ERASE / A(3), B(1), YPB(1), DA(1), ACHD(1), CHD(793)

C INITIALIZE  
 C N = NN  
 C N8 = INDEX FOR RIGHT END POINT  
 C N8 = 8\*N-7  
 A(1) = 0;  
 A(2) = 1;  
 A(3) = 0;  
 A(N8) = 0;  
 A(N8+1) = 1;  
 A(N8+2) = 0.

C A STRAIGHT LINE IS USED FOR N=2 IF NBC(1)=NBC(2)=0  
 NBCS = NBC(1)+NBC(2)  
 IF(N,GT,2,OR, NBCS,GT,0) GO TO 80  
 B(1) = 0;  
 B(9) = 0;  
 B(2) = 0;  
 GO TO 900

C CHECK IF PARABOLA (F=0) SHOULD BE USED  
 80 IF(N,EQ,3,AND, NBCS,EQ,0) GO TO 90  
 F1 = FEND(1)  
 F2 = FEND(2)  
 GO TO 110  
 90 F1 = 0;  
 F2 = 0.

C NBC=01, Y AND ANGLE SPECIFIED  
 C LEFT END  
 110 IF(NBC(1),NE,01) GO TO 120  
 B(1) = TAN(TORAD\*ANGE(1)\*ACHD(1))  
 C RIGHT END  
 120 IF(NBC(2),NE,01) GO TO 210  
 B(N8) = TAN(TORAD\*ANGE(2)\*ACHD(N8))

C NBC=02, Y AND CURVATURE SPECIFIED  
 C LEFT END  
 210 IF(NBC(1),NE,02) GO TO 220  
 A(2) = 4;  
 A(3) = 2;  
 B(1) = -2,\*(DA(9)+CHD(1)\*CURVE(1)\*(1,\*(1,5\*B(1)+B(1)))  
 C RIGHT END

```

220 IF(NBC(2);NE'0) GO TO 310
    A(N8) = 2;
    A(N8+1)=4;
    B(N8) = CHD(N8-8)*CURVE(2)*(1+.5*YPB(N8-8)*YPB(N8-8))
C   NBC=0;   YPPP = F * YPPP(OF ADJACENT INTERVAL)
C   LEFT END
310 IF(NBC(1);NE'0) GO TO 320
    IF(N.EQ.2) GO TO 315
    DX1SQ = CHD(1)*CHD(1)
    DX2SQ = CHD(9)*CHD(9)
    A(2) = DX2SQ
    A(1) = -F1*DX1SQ
    A(3) = A(2)+A(1)
    B(1) = F1*DA(17)*DX1SQ + DA(9)*DX2SQ
    GO TO 320
315 A(3) = 1;
    B(1) = 0.
C   RIGHT END
320 IF(NBC(2);NE'0) GO TO 900
    IF(N.EQ.2) GO TO 325
    DXNSQ = CHD(N8-8)*CHD(N8-8)
    DXMSQ = CHD(N8-16)*CHD(N8-16)
    A(N8+2)=-F2*DXNSQ
    A(N8+1)=DXMSQ
    A(N8) = A(N8+1)+A(N8+2)
    B(N8) = F2*DA(N8-8)*DXNSQ
    GO TO 900
325 A(N8) = 1;
    B(N8) = 0.

900 RETURN
    END

```

\*DECK CBEND

BLOCK DATA BENDBK

\*CBEND= DATA FOR /CBEND /

\*CBEND\*

COMMON /CBEND / NBC(2), ANGE(2), CURVE(2), FEND(2)

DATA NBC, ANGE, CURVE, FEND/2\*0.6\*0./

END

•DECK BFI  
 SUBROUTINE BFI  
 •BFI--• BEAM FIT INTERPOLATION

•BFI•

```

C INPUT-
C DR = R(I+1)-R(I)
C DZ = Z(I+1)-Z(I)
C YPA = ANGLE RELATIVE TO THE CHORD, POINT I
C YPB = ANGLE RELATIVE TO THE CHORD, POINT I+1
C F = X/DX
C G = (DX-X)/DX
C RZONLY = T IF YQDX, RM AND ZM ONLY ARE TO BE COMPUTED
C

```

```

C OUTPUT DATA AT THE INTERMEDIATE POINT WITHIN THE INTERVAL
C YQDX = Y/DX, DISTANCE NORMAL TO THE CHORD
C ZM = Z-Z(I)
C RM = R-R(I)
C DX = LENGTH OF THE CHORD
C ANGM = ANG-ANGCHD
C CURVM = CURVATURE
C S1M = CURVALINEAR DISTANCE FROM POINT-I
C

```

```

C NOTES-
C CHORD = LINE BETWEEN POINTS I AND I+1

```

```

COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,S1M,
1 RZONLY
LOGICAL RZONLY

```

DOUBLE PRECISION C1,C2,C3,C4,C5

```

YQDX = F*G*(G*YPA-F*YPB)
RM = YQDX*DZ+F*DR
ZM = F*DZ*YQDX*DR
IF(RZONLY) GO TO 990
DX = SQRT(DR*DR+DZ*DZ)
ANGM = YPA*(3.*G-2.)*G + YPB*(3.*F-2.)*F
CURVM = (YPA*(6.*G-2.)*YPB*(-6.*F+2.))/(DX*(1.+1.5*ANGM*ANGM))
YPASQ = YPA*YPA
YPAB = YPA*YPB
YPBSQ = YPB*YPB
C1 = 1.+3*YPASQ
C2 = 2.*YPASQ-YPAB
C3 = (11.*(YPASQ+YPAB) + YPBSQ+YPBSQ)/3,
C4 = -3.*YPASQ + 4.5*YPAB - 1.5*YPBSQ
C5 = 9.*(YPASQ+YPAB+YPAB+YPBSQ)/40+
S1M = DX*(F*(C1+F*(C2+F*(C3+F*(C4+F*(C5))))))
990 RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK CBF1
BLOCK DATA BFIBLK
*CBF1*-      BLOCK DATA FOR BEI
COMMON /CBEAH2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,S1M,
1          RZONLY
LOGICAL      RZONLY
DATA RZONLY/,FALSE./
END

```

```
*DECK CRTIME  
SUBROUTINE CRTIME(TIME)  
COMMON /ERASE2/ IA(200),DUM(1336)  
RETURN  
END
```

```

*DECK FHEAD
SUBROUTINE FHEAD(LA1)
CFHEAD----- CDC VERSION
COMMON /ADAM81/ NAME(6),ADDRESS(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
COMMON /LINMAX/ LMAX

LA = LA1

C ADJUST LINE COUNT
5 LINTOT= LINES+LA
IF( LINTOT.GT.LMAX ) GO TO 8
LINES = LINTOT
6 RETURN
C RESTORE AND PRINT IDENTIFICATION IF LINE COUNT.GT.LMAX
8 WRITE (6,810) TITLE,PTITLE,IDENT
LINES = LA+3
GO TO 6
810 FORMAT(1H1,6A10,33X,6A6/1X,6A10)
END

```

```

*DECK GETIX
      IDENT  GETIX
      ENTRY  GETIX,SAVIX
*
*  SUBROUTINE GETIX
*
*  COMMON /CM      / JMS(300)
*  COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
*  INPUT=
*    JMS  = ARRAY CONTAINING PACKED INDICES J,MU,MD,ISTAG
*    M    = INDEX OF "JMS" ARRAY
*  OUTPUT=
*    J    = STREAMLINE NUMBER
*    MU   = M= UPSTREAM
*    MD   = M= DOWNSTREAM
*    ISTAG = INDICATOR FOR STAGNATION POINT, ETC.

```

```

GETIX  BSSZ  1
      SA1  M      CONTENTS OF M IN X1
      SA2  X1+JMS-1  JMS(M) IN X2
      SB3  0      INITIALIZE
      SB4  3
*  LOOPG  SA3  MASK1+B3  LOAD MASK
      BX6  X2*X3      AND TO MASK
      SA1  SHIFT+B3   SHIFT BITS IN X1
      SB5  X1         MOVE TO B5
      AX6  X6,B5      SHIFT
      SA6  J+B3       STORE
      SB3  B3+1
      LE   B5,B4,LOOPG
      JP   GETIX      TRA FOR RETURN

```

```

*  SUBROUTINE SAVIX
*  INPUT=
*    M    = INDEX OF JMS ARRAY
*    J    = STREAMLINE NUMBER
*    MU   = M= UPSTREAM
*    MD   = M= DOWNSTREAM
*    ISTAG = INDICATOR FOR STAGNATION POINT, ETC.
*  OUTPUT=
*    JMS(M)= PACKED J,MU,MD,ISTAG

```

```

SAVIX  BSSZ  1
      MX3  0
      SB3  0      INITIALIZE
      SB4  3
*  LOOPS  SA2  B3+J      J IN X2
      SA1  SHIFT+B3
      SB5  X1
      LX2  X2,B5      SHIFT LEFT
      BX3  X3*X2      OR TO X3
      SB3  B3+1
      LE   B5,B4,LOOPS
      SA1  M
      BX6  X8         MOVE TO X6
      SA6  X1+JMS-1   STORE JMS(M)
      JP   SAVIX      TRA FOR RETURN
*  MASK1  DATA 00000000077600000000
      DATA 0000000000017777000000
      DATA 000000000000000077774
      DATA 000000000000000000003
*  SHIFT  DATA 28
      DATA 15

```



	DATA	2
	DATA	0
	USE	/CM/
JMS	BSS	300
	USE	/CINDEX/
M	BSS	1
J	BSS	1
MU	BSS	1
MD	BSS	1
ISTAG	BSS	1
	END	

*DECK	GETRLX	IDENT	GETRLX	GETRLX
		ENTRY		
	GETRLX	BSSZ	1	
		SB4	25	INITIALIZE REGISTERS
		SB7	-5	
LOOP		SB7	B7+5	INDEX B7
		GE	B7,B4,GETRLX	
LOOP2		SA1	B7+M	CONTENTS OF M IN X1
		SA2	X1+JMS-1	JMS(M) IN X2
		SA3	MASK1	MU-MASK IN X3
		BX6	X2+X3	EXTRACT MU
		SA1	SHIFT	
		SB3	X1	SHIFT BITS
		AX6	X6,B3	SHIFT RIGHT
		NZ	X6,UP0	TEST FOR STREAMLINE ORIGIN
		SA4	M	M= TO X4
		BX6	X4	MOVE TO X6
UP0		SA6	B7+MU	STORE CURRENT MU
		SA3	MASK1+1	MD=MASK IN X3
		BX6	X2+X3	EXTRACT MD
		SA1	SHIFT+1	
		SB3	X1	SHIFT BITS
		AX6	X6,B3	SHIFT RIGHT
		NZ	X6,DN0	TEST FOR STREAMLINE TERMINATION
		SA4	M	M= TO X4
		BX6	X4	MOVE TO X6
DN0		SA6	B7+MD	STORE CURRENT MD
		SA3	MASK1+2	ISTAG-MASK IN X3
		BX6	X2+X3	EXTRACT ISTAG
		SB6	3	
		SB3	X6	MOVE LOW ORDER BITS TO B3
		NE	B3,B6,NOTPO	TEST FOR PARTIAL ORTHOGONAL
		ZR	B7,NOTPO	BRANCH IF MID-POINT
		SB3	5	
		EQ	B3,B7,UPPO	
		SB3	15	
		EQ	B3,B7,UPPO	
		SA4	B7+MD	CURRENT MD IN X4
		BX6	X4	MOVE TO X6
		SA6	B7+M	RESET M TO MOVE RIGHT
		JP	LOOP2	
UPPO		SA4	B7+MU	CURRENT MU IN X4
		BX6	X4	MOVE TO X6
		SA6	B7+M	RESET M TO MOVE LEFT
		JP	LOOP2	
NOTPO		SB3	15	
		GE	B7,B3,LOOP	CONTINUE IF ON EXTREME(M2,M6) POINTS
		NZ	B7,TEST1	CONTINUE CHECK
		SA4	MU	MU IN X4
		BX6	X4	MOVE TO X6
		SA6	M+5	SET UP FOR M3,M5
		SA4	MD	
		BX6	X4	MOVE TO X6
		SA6	M+10	
		JP	LOOP	
TEST1		SB3	5	
		NE	B7,B3,TEST2	

	SA4	B7+MU	SET UP M2 POINT
	BX6	X4	MOVE TO X6
	SA6	M\$15	
	JP	LOOP	
TEST2	SA4	B7+MD	SET UP M6 POINT
	BX6	X4	MOVE TO X6
	SA6	M\$20	
	JP	LOOP	
MASK1	DATA	0000000000001777700000	
	DATA	0000000000000000007777	
	DATA	0000000000000000000003	
SHIFT	DATA	13	
	DATA	2	
	USE	/CM/	
JMS	BSS	300	
	USE	/CIDEXR/	
M	BSS	2	
MU	BSS	1	
MD	BSS	1	
ISTAG	BSS	21	
	END		

```

*DECK JMSPRY
SUBROUTINE JMSPRY
*JMSPRY      PRINT INDEX ARRAY,  JMS

```

\*JMSPRY\*

```

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
*              LO, LESTA, LDUM(8),
*              MO, NM, NJ, NCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
*              LEO, LEE, LRO, CRE, LRD
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE    (LIMITS, LHO)

```

```

COMMON /CIDEX / M, J, MU, MD, ISTAG
COMMON /CM      / JMS(300)
COMMON /ERASE / IOU(800).

```

```

C      RESTOR PAGE
      WRITE (6,1000)

```

```

      M      = 1
      IS     = 30
40  I      = 1
      MA     = M
50  CALL GETIX
      IOU(I)=J
      IOU(I+1)=MU
      IOU(I+2)=MD
      IF(ISTAG .EQ. 0) GO TO 60
      IOU(IS+1) = M
      IOU(IS+2) = ISTAG
      IS = IS + 2
60  I      = I+3
      M     = M+1
      IF(I,LT,30 .AND. M,LE,NM) GO TO 50
      IB    = I-1
      WRITE (6,1002) MA,(IOU(L),L=1,IB)
      IF(M,LE,NM) GO TO 40
      WRITE (6,1004) (IOU(I),I=31,IS)
1000 FORMAT(8H1J,MU=MD)
1002 FORMAT(1X,I5,30I4)
1004 FORMAT(/8H M=ISTAG/(6X,20I5))
      RETURN
      END

```

```

*DECK LBF
      FUNCTION LBF(BDYNAM)
*LBF--=          BOUNDARY TABLE INDEX FROM BDY NAME          *LBF=

```

```

      INTEGER BLANK,BDYNAM
C
C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX= LB=LBD0,LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L,E? POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C          CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C          DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
      COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1                     CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2                     ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
      LOGICAL          UP
      INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME
      DIMENSION        BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
      EQUIVALENCE      (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)
C
      COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*                      LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*                      MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*                      LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION        LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE      (LIMITS,LHO)
      COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
C
C SEARCH FOR MATCHING BOUNDARY NAME
      LB = LBDO
60 IF(BDT(LB),EQ,BLANK .OR. LB'GE'LBDE) GO TO 80
      IF(BDT(LB),EQ,BDYNAM) GO TO 70
      LB = LB+LBNEXT(LB)
      GO TO 60
70 LBF = LB
      RETURN
80 LBF = 0
      RETURN
      END

```

```

*DECK LFIT1
SUBROUTINE LFIT1(X,Y,NPTS,XC,YC,NXC)
*LFIT1 LINEAR FIT INTERPOLATION @LFIT1
      DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),XC(10),YC(10)

C INPUT=
C X,Y = LIST OF COORDINATES DESCRIBING THE INPUT FUNCTION
C NPTS = NUMBER OF X,Y POINTS
C XC = LIST OF X-S AT WHICH INTERPOLATION IS TO BE PERFORMED
C NXC = NUMBER OF XC-VALUES

C OUTPUT=
C YC = LIST OF VALUES INTERPOLATED AT XC(IC),IC=1,NXC

C NOTES=
C IF XC IS OUTSIDE OF THE RANGE OF X, THE END VALUE OF Y IS SU
C FOR YC.
C X MUST BE LISTED FROM SMALLEST TO LARGEST.
C DOUBLE X-POINTS ARE ALLOWED FOR A FUNCTION DISCONTINUITY.

      COMMON /CLFIT1/ LFOUT
      LOGICAL LFOUT
      N = NPTS
      I = 1

C BEGIN INTERPOLATION LOOP FOR XC(IC),IC=1,NXC
      IC = 1
60 XCIC = XC(IC)
      IF(N.GT.1) GO TO 100
      YC(IC)=Y(1)
      GO TO 190

100 XG = X(I+1)-XCIC
      IF(XG) 114,114,102
102 XF = XCIC-X(I)
      IF(XF) 110,120,120

C F,LT,0; (F IS THE FRACTIONAL POSITION IN THE INTERVAL)
110 I = I-1
      IF(I) 100,114,100
111 I = 1
      YC(IC)= Y(1)
      IF (LFOUT) YC(IC)=0;
      GO TO 190

C F,GE,1;
114 I = I+1
      IF(I-N) 100,115,100
115 I = N-1
      YC(IC)= Y(N)
      GO TO 190

C INTERPOLATE
120 YC(IC)= (Y(I)*XG+Y(I+1)*XF)/(XG+XF)

C INDEX TO NEXT XC(IC)
190 IC = IC+1
      IF(IC.LE.NXC) GO TO 60

      RETURN
      END

```

```

•DECK LOC2
      FUNCTION LOC2(IA,IB)
CLOC2--- CDC VERSION
C      IABS( ADDRESS(1B)-ADDRESS(1A) )
      LOC2 = IABS( LOCF(1B)-LOCF(1A) )
      RETURN
      END

```

```

*DECK LSPFIT
SUBROUTINE LSPFIT(X,Y,NPTS, XC,YC,NXC,ND)
*LSPLIT INTEGRATE OR INTERPOLATE *LSPLIT*
INTEGRATE OR INTERPOLATE USING A PARABOLA WHICH PASSED THROUGH THE
AND (I+1) POINTS BUT MISSES THE (I+1) AND (I+2) POINTS (IF THEY BO
EXIST) SUCH THAT THE SQUARE OF THE DEVIATION IS A MINIMUM, NOTE
THAT I IS GENERALLY SELECTED SUCH THAT
X(I).LE.XC.LT.X(I+1)
THE EQUATION FOR THE PARABOLA IS
Y=Y(I) + B*(X-X(I)) + C*(X-X(I))**2

DIMENSION X(10),Y(10), XC(10),YC(10)
NOTE: THE DIMENSION *10* DOES NOT NEED TO AGREE WITH THE CALLING

C INPUT-
C X, Y PTS: ON CURVE
C NPTS NO. OF X
C XC LIST OF X AT WHICH CALC TO BE DONE
C YC(1) INTEGRATION CONSTANT IF ND=-1
C NXC NO. OF XC
C ND =0 TO GET COORD, =1 TO GET 1ST DERIVATIVE,
C =-1 FOR INTEGRATION
C LEND = LINEAR FIT IN END INTERVAL, T OR F

C OUTPUT
C YC COORDINATE OR DERIVATIVE AT XC OR
C YC(IC)= INTEGRAL(Y*DX) FROM XC(1) TO XC(IC) WHERE IC=2,NXC

C NOTES-
C *X* MAY BE IN EITHER ASCENDING OR DESCENDING ORDER;
C FOR INTEGRATION *XC* MUST BE IN THE SAME ORDER AS *X*, FOR INTERP
C NO SPECIAL ORDER IS REQUIRED;

COMMON /CLSPF / I,LEND
LOGICAL LEND

LOGICAL WITHIN
DATA KNAME/6HLSPLIT/

N = NPTS-1
IF(ND.EQ.(-1)) I=1
ISAVE = 0
SGN = SIGN(1.,X(N+1)-X(1))

C BEGIN INTERPOLATION LOOP FOR XC(IC) IC=1,NXC
IC = 1

C LOCATE APPROPRIATE INTERVAL
100 I = MAX(1,MIND(I,N))
WITHIN=.FALSE.
NCOUNT= N
102 IF(NCOUNT) 119,103,103
103 NCOUNT= NCOUNT-1

XI = X(I)
XD = XC(IC)-XI
IF(N) 104,120,104
104 IF(SGN*XD) 105,107,110

C F,LT,0; (F IS THE FRACTIONAL POSITION IN THE INTERVAL)
105 IF(I.EQ.1) GO TO 120
IF(ND.EQ.(-1)) GO TO 119

```



```

      I = I-1
      GO TO 102

C      F,LE,0
107 IF (X(I+1).NE.XI) GO TO 120
    IF (I,GE,N) GO TO 105
    GO TO 116

C      F,GT,0:
110 IF (SIGN*(XC(IC)-X(I+1))) 120,112,114

C      F,EQ,1;0, CHECK FOR INTEGRATION AND DOUBLE POINT BEFORE INCREMENT
112 IF ((ND,EQ,(-1)) .OR. (I,NE,N .AND. X(I+1),EQ,X(I+2))) GO TO 120

C      F,GT,1;0
114 IF (I,EQ,N) GO TO 120
    IF (ND,EQ,(-1)) GO TO 122
116 I = I+1
    GO TO 102

119 CALL ERROR(KNAME)

C      PRELIMINARY CALCULATIONS FOR INTERPOLATION OR INTEGRATION
120 WITHIN=:TRUE;
122 IF (I-1SAVE) 124,129,124
124 ISAVE = I
    Y1 = Y(I)
    X3 = X(I+1)-XI
    Y3 = Y(I+1)-YI
    C = 0;
    TOP = 0;
    BOT = 0;
    IF (LEND .AND. (I,EQ,1 .OR. I,EQ,N)) GO TO 128
    IF (I,LE,1) GO TO 127
    X1 = X(I-1)-XI
    X13 = X(I-1)-X(I+1)
    TOP = X1*(Y3*X1-(Y(I-1)-YI)*X3)*X13
    BOT = X1*X1*X13*X13*X3
127 IF (I,GE,N .OR. (XD,EQ,0,.AND,BOT,NE,0,)) GO TO 128
    X4 = X(I+2)-XI
    X43 = X(I+2)-X(I+1)
    Y4 = Y(I+2)-YI
    TOP = TOP + X4*(Y3*X4-Y4*X3)*X43
    BOT = BOT + X4*X4*X43*X43*X3
128 IF (BOT,NE,0,) C = -TOP/BOT
    B = 0;
    IF (N,GT,0 .AND. X3,NE,0,) B = (Y(I+1)-YI)/X3 - C*X3
129 IF (ND) 130,140,141

C      ND=:1, INTEGRATE
130 IF (:NOT:WITHIN) XD=X3
    S1 = (YI + (B/2, + C/3.*XD)*XD)*XD
    IF (WITHIN) GO TO 135
C      I IS BEING INCREMENTED TO FIND APPROPRIATE INTERVAL. HENCE:
C      CUMULATE THE INTEGRAL OF THE ITH INTERVAL,
    SA = SA + S1
    GO TO 116
C      APPROPRIATE INTERVAL FOUND. X(I)=XC(IC)-X(I+1)
135 IF (IC,EQ,1) SA=YC(IC)-S1
    IF (IC,NE,1) YC(IC)=SA+S1
    GO TO 150

```

```

C      ND=0, INTERPOLATE FOR COORDINATES
140 YC(IC)= YI + (B + C*XD)*XD
      GO TO 150

C      ND=1, FIRST DERIVATIVE
141 YC(IC)= B + 2.*0*XD
      GO TO 150

150 IC    = IC+1
      IF(NXC-IC) 900,160,160
160 IF(ND.NE.(-1).AND.XC(IC).EQ.XC(IC-1)) I=I+1
      GO TO 100

900 RETURN
      END

```

```

*DECK LSUM
SUBROUTINE LSUM(X,Y,N, S)
*LSUM* CUMULATIVE TRAPEZOIDAL INTEGRATION
DIMENSION X(9),Y(9),S(9)
DO 90 I=2,N
90 S(I) = .5*(Y(I)+Y(I-1))*(X(I)-X(I-1)) + S(I-1)
RETURN
END
*LSUM*

```

```

•DECK MBEGIN
      FUNCTION MBEGIN(J2)
•MBEGIN      FIND FIRST FIELD POINT
C            FOR A GIVEN STREAMLINE
      MBEGIN=

```

```

C      INPUT
C      J2      = STREAMLINE INDEX
C      OUTPUT-
C      MBEGIN= FIELD INDEX OF FIRST POINT ON THE SL

```

```

      COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*                  LO,LEST, LDUM(8),
*                  MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*                  LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE    (LIMITS,LHO)

```

```

      COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
      DATA KNAME/6HMBEGIN/

```

```

C      SEARCH FOR FIRST POINT ON STREAMLINE J

```

```

101 M      = 1
105 CALL GETIX
      IF (J.EQ.J2 .AND. MU.EQ.0) GO TO 115
110 IF(M.EQ.NM) CALL ERRORK(KNAME)
112 M      = M+1
      GO TO 105

```

```

115 MBEGIN= M
      RETURN
      END

```

•DECK MNMX

SUBROUTINE MINMAX(A,I1,I2,AMIN,IMIN,AMAX,IMAX)

MINIMUM-MAXIMUM SEARCH ROUTINE

C  
C  
C  
C  
C

THIS PROCEDURE DETERMINES THE MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM  
FLOATING POINT VALUES AND THEIR RESPECTIVE  
POSITIONS IN A SPECIFIED AREA OF AN ARRAY.

DIMENSION A(1)

AMIN=A(I1)

IMIN=I1

AMAX=A(I1)

IMAX=I1

DO 5 I=I1,I2

IF(A(I).GE.AMIN) GO TO 10

AMIN=A(I)

IMIN=I

GO TO 5

10 IF(A(I).LE.AMAX) GO TO 5

AMAX=A(I)

IMAX=I

5 CONTINUE

RETURN

END

```

•DECK MOVE
SUBROUTINE MOVE(NR,X1,Y1,N1,ND1,X2,Y2,N2,ND2,X3,Y3,N3,ND3)
CMOVE ===== FORTRAN SIMULATION OF MOVE (CDC)
      DIMENSION X1(1),Y1(1),X2(1),Y2(1),X3(1),Y3(1)
      DO 100 L=1,NR
      GO TO (5,10,15) , L
      5  N      = IABS(N1)
         ND     = ND1
         IF( N1,LT,0 ) ND=-1
         NS     = N1
         GO TO 40
      10  N      = IABS(N2)
         ND     = ND2
         IF( N2,LT,0 ) ND=-1
         NS     = N2
         GO TO 40
      15  N      = IABS(N3)
         ND     = ND3
         IF( N3,LT,0 ) ND=-1
         NS     = N3
      40  K      = 1
         IF(NS)401,100,41
      401 K      = N
      41  IF( (K,LE,0) .OR. (K,GT,N) .OR. NS,EQ,0 ) GO TO 100
         GO TO (45,50,55) , L
      45  Y1(K) = X1(K)
         GO TO 80
      50  Y2(K) = X2(K)
         GO TO 80
      55  Y3(K) = X3(K)
      80  K      = K+ND
         GO TO 41
      100 CONTINUE
         RETURN
         END

```

```

•DECK SETM
SUBROUTINE SETH(NR,VAL,X1,N1,X2,N2,X3,N3)
DIMENSION X1(1),X2(1),X3(1)
CSETM ---- FORTRAN SIMULATION OF SETH(CDC)
DO 200 L=1,NR
GO TO (105,110,115) , L
105 NS = N1
GO TO 140
110 NS = N2
GO TO 140
115 NS = N3
140 DO 180 K=1,NS
GO TO (145,150,155) , L
145 X1(K) = VAL
GO TO 180
150 X2(K) = VAL
GO TO 180
155 X3(K) = VAL
180 CONTINUE
200 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK FMPYC
SUBROUTINE FMPYC(NR,C,X1,Y1,N1,X2,Y2,N2,X3,Y3,N3)
DIMENSION X1(1),Y1(1),X2(1),Y2(1),X3(1),Y3(1)
CFMPYC --- FORTRAN SIMULATION OF FMPYC (CDC)
DO 300 L=1,NR
GO TO (205,210,215) , L
205 NS = N1
GO TO 240
210 NS = N2
GO TO 240
215 NS = N3
240 DO 280 K=1,NS
GO TO (245,250,255) , L
245 Y1(K) = C*X1(K)
GO TO 280
250 Y2(K) = C*X2(K)
GO TO 280
255 Y3(K) = C*X3(K)
280 CONTINUE
300 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```



```

*DECK QIREM
SUBROUTINE QIREM(X,Y, XJP, QV)
*QIREM= QUADRATIC INTERPOLATION ROOT EVALUATION
C FOR FUNCTIONS WITH MAXIMUMS
*QJREM=

```

```

DIMENSION QV(8)
DATA KNAME/6HQIREM /

```

```

C INPUT-
C X = ABSCISSA
C Y = ORDINATE (OR ERROR)
C XJP = X-JUMP TO BE TAKEN BEFORE ROOT/MAX IS SPANNED. THE SIGN I
C A POSITIVE ERROR
C QV = STORAGE FOR EIGHT ELEMENT QIRE VECTOR
C QV(1) = CTR #0; (FIRST ENTRY ONLY)
C YTOL = TOLERANCE ON THE ERROR
C YO = ORDINATE TO BE OBTAINED (OPTIONAL)
C DYDX = ESTIMATE OF SLOPE FOR 2ND GUESS (OPTIONAL)
C CTRMAX= MAXIMUM NO. OF ITERATIONS (#25 IF NOT SPECIFIED)

```

```

C OUTPUT-
C X = NEXT X ESTIMATE
C QV(1) = 0. IF YTOL HAS BEEN SATISFIED
C QV(5) = 0. IF MAX PT HAS BEEN FOUND WITHIN YTOL.
C AND ABS(E),QV,YTOL.

```

```

C NOTES-
C C = THIRD COEFFICIENT IN THE EQUATION-  $Y=A+B\cdot X+C\cdot X^2$ 
C = D12 IN QIRE NOTATION
C N1 = EXIT VALUE OF QV(5); N1=4 IF X IS THE PRECICTED MAX PT,
C N1=#9(-5) IF X IS JUST TO THE LEFT(RIGHT) OF THE PREVIOUSL
C PREDICTED MAX PT, N1=6 IF X IS THE SECOND PT CLOSE TO THE
C OTHERWISE N1=N,
C M = ENTRY VALUE OF QV(5)
C SGM = SIGN OF M IF ABS(M)#5
C SDYDX = SIGN OF THE SLOPE OF THE CURVE
C XJ = JUMP TO BE TAKEN FROM LAST X
C XJA = ABSOLUTE VALUE OF MAXIMUM JUMP = ABS(XJP)
C XM = DISTANCE FROM CENTRAL PT TO MAX/MIN OF PARABOLA. =XMAX=XX(
C OR = DISTANCE FROM CENTRAL PT TO THE ROOT, =XROOT=XX(2)
C X1 = INPUT (OR LAST) X VALUE

```

```

COMMON /CQIREM/ YTOL,YO,DYDX,CTRMAX
COMMON /ERASE / BOT,C,DXDY,E,1,1,IN,ISPAN,M,N,RADICL,SDYDX,SGN,
1 TOP,X1,X13,X13P,XJ,XJA,XM, DX(3),DY(3),QV1(10)
1 DIMENSION XX(4),YY(4)
EQUIVALENC (CTR,QV1(1)), (N1,QIND,QV1(5)),
1 (XX,QV1(2)), (YY,QV1(6))

```

```

C INITIALIZING AND PRELIMINARY CHECKING
IF(CTRMAX.EQ.0.) CTRMAX=25;
DO 30 I=1,8
30 QV1(I)=QV(I)
N1 = IF(X#QV1(5))
E = Y-YO
M = N1
IF(CTR.EQ.0.) M=0
SGM = 1;
IF(M.GE.0) GO TO 36
M = 5;
SGM = -1;
36 N = MIN0(M,3)

```

```

C      SDYDX = SIGN(1.,XJP)
C      (ALTERNATE CALC TO CIRCUMVENT COMPILER ERROR)
      IF(XJP) 41,48,42
41     SDYDX = 1.
      GO TO 43
42     SDYDX = -1.
43     XJA = ABS(XJP)
      X1 = X
      IF(M=5) 44,45,46
44     IF(ABS(E),LE,YTOL) GO TO 800
      IF(M,EQ,4,AND,ABS(E-YY(2)),LE,YTOL) GO TO 700
      IF(CTR,GE,CTRMAX) CALL ERRORK(KNAME)
      GO TO 50
46     M = 3
45     X13P = XX(3)-XX(1)

C      DETERMINE INDEX FOR INSERTING CURRENT X,E INTO XX,YY TABLE WHICH IS
C      ORDERED ACCORDING TO X,
50     IN = 1
      IF(N,EQ,0) GO TO 90
60     IF(XX(IN).GT,X1) GO TO 70
      IN = IN+1
      IF(IN,LE,N) GO TO 60
      GO TO 90

C      RELOCATE IN PREPARATION FOR INSERTING X,E
70     II = N+1
80     XX(II) = XX(II-1)
      YY(II) = YY(II-1)
      II = II-1
      IF(II,NE,IN) GO TO 80

C      INSERT NEW POINT
90     N = N+1
      XX(IN) = X1
      YY(IN) = E

C      LOCATE INTERVAL WHICH SPANS ROOT
      ISPAN = 0
      IF(N,EQ,1) GO TO 200
      DO 110 I=2,N
      IF(SDYDX*YY(I).GT,0.,AND,SDYDX*YY(I-1).LT,0.) ISPAN=I
110     CONTINUE

C      REDUCE XX,YY TABLE TO THREE POINTS
      IF(N,LE,3) GO TO 200
      IF(ISPAN,EQ,0) GO TO 140
      (ROOT HAS BEEN SPANNED)
C      122 IF(ISPAN,EQ,N) GO TO 150
      IF(ISPAN,EQ,2) GO TO 175
      IF(ABS(YY(1)).GT,ABS(YY(4))) GO TO 150
      GO TO 175

C      (ROOT HAS NOT BEEN SPANNED)
140     IF(IN,LE,2) GO TO 175

C      DELETE FIRST POINT
150     DO 160 I=1,N
      XX(I) = XX(I+1)
160     YY(I) = YY(I+1)
      ISPAN = ISPAN-1

```

```

C   DELETE FOURTH POINT
175 N      = N-1

C   SIMPLE X-JUMP PREDICTION
200 N1     = N
      IF (ISPAN.GT.0 .OR. DYDX.NE.0.) GO TO 205
      XJ    = SDYDX*SIGN(XJA,-E)
C   (ALTERNATE CALC TO CIRCUMVENT COMPILER ERROR)
      XJ    = XJP
      IF (E.LT.0.) XJ=-XJ
      GO TO 900

C   CURVE FIT PREDICTIONS
205 IF (N=2) 210,220,300

C   ONE POINT PREDICTION BASED ON INPUT VALUE OF DXDY
210 XJ     = -E/DYDX
      GO TO 900

C   TWO POINT STRAIGHT LINE PREDICTION
220 BOT    = YY(2)-YY(1)
      IF (BOT.EQ.0.) GO TO 230
      DXDY  = (XX(2)-XX(1))/BOT
      IF (DXDY*SDYDX.GT.0.) GO TO 240
C   (CURVE SLOPE IS WRONG - MOVE TOWARD MAXIMUM POINT)
230 XJ     = -3.*SDYDX*XJA
      GO TO 900

C   (CURVE SLOPE IS CORRECT)
240 XJ     = -E*DXDY
      GO TO 900

C   PARABOLIC CURVE FIT PREDICTION
300 DX(1)  = XX(1)-XX(2)
      DX(3) = XX(3)-XX(2)
      DY(1) = YY(1)-YY(2)
      DY(3) = YY(3)-YY(2)
      BOT   = DX(1)*DY(3) - DX(3)*DY(1)
      IF (ABS(BOT).LT.1.E-12) GO TO 600
      TOP   = DX(1)*DX(1)*DY(3) - DX(3)*DX(3)*DY(1)
      XM    = .5*TOP/BOT
      X13   = XX(3)-XX(1)
      IF (ABS(XM).GT.ABS(1.E3*X13)) GO TO 600
      C     = BOT/(DX(1)*DX(3)*X13)
      RADICL= XM*XM - YY(2)/C
      IF (RADICL.LE.0.) GO TO 360
      SGN   = SIGN(1.,SDYDX*C)
      XM    = XM + SGN*SQRT(RADICL)
      GO TO 890

C   (IMAGINARY ROOT; HENCE WE ARE LOOKING FOR THE MAXIMUM POINT,
C   PREDICT MAX PT IF M=3, SELECT PTS ON LEFT/RIGHT SIDE OF PREVIOUSLY
C   PREDICTED PT IF M=4/5)
360 IF (M=4) 363,364,365
363 IF (ABS(XM).LT.XJA) N1=4
      GO TO 890
364 XJ     = -X13/8.
      N1    = 5
      IF (IN.GT.2) GO TO 900
      XJ    = -XJ
      N1    = 5
      GO TO 900
365 XJ     = SQM*X13P/4,

```

```

      N1      = 6
      GO TO 900

C      RETREAT TO LINEAR INTERPOLATION
600  IF (ISPAN.GT.0) GO TO 122
      GO TO 140

C      MAXIMUM FOUND
700  QIND = 0.
      GO TO 930

C      SOLUTION FOUND
800  CTR = 0.
      GO TO 930

C      FINIS
890  X1      = XX(2)+XM
      GO TO 910
900  X1      = X1+XJ
910  CONTINUE
      X      = AMAX1(XX(1)-XJA,AMIN1(X1,XX(N)+XJA))
      CTR    = CTR+1.
930  DO 950 I=1,8
950  QV(I) = QV1(I)
      QV(5) = FLOAT(N1)
999  RETURN
      END

```

•DECK SS5PT  
 SUBROUTINE SS5PT  
 •SS5PT SUPERSONIC 5-PT FORMULA

•SS5PT•

```

C INPUT-
C X(1-4)= POINT SPACING FROM POINT ZERO
C A4FACT= 1 FOR CUBIC, =0 FOR SAME A4 AS A PARABOLA

C OUTPUT-
C A0,A1,A2,A3,A4= INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS FOR D2Y/DX2 AT X(4)

COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFEND1
1 ,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX,TSIC
INTEGER SSFML
LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF, SSDLE

COMMON /CSS5PT/ X(4),Y(4), X21,X31,X32,X41,X42,X43, A0,A1,A2,A3,A4

X43 = X(4)*X(3)
X42 = X(4)*X(2)
X41 = X(4)*X(1)
X32 = X(3)*X(2)
X31 = X(3)*X(1)
X21 = X(2)*X(1)

A4 = 2. / ((X42*X43)*(1.+A4FACT*(X42+X43)/X41))
A1 = (-A4*X(4)*X42*X43 + 2.*(X(4)+X42+X43))/
1 (X(1)*X21*X31)
A2 = (-A4*X(4)*X41*X43 + 2.*(X(4)+X41+X43))/
1 (X(2)*X21*X32)
A3 = (-A4*X(4)*X41*X42 + 2.*(X(4)+X41+X42))/
1 (X(3)*X31*X32)
A0 = -(A1+A2+A3+A4)

RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK TABPRT
SUBROUTINE TABPRT(NAME, A, NA, NCOL1)
CTABPRT--- CDC VERSION
DIMENSION A(10)
C INPUT*
C NAME = ARRAY NAME TO BE PRINTED
C A = ARRAY TO BE PRINTED
C NA = NUMBER OF ELEMENTS
C NCOL1 = NUMBER OF COLS. TO BE USED IN PRINT FORMAT
C $$$$ (MAXIMUM = NA)
C I1TAB = LOC. OF FIRST ELEMENT IN A TO BE PRINTED
C
COMMON /CBITS / IBITS, BLANK
COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
EQUIVALENCE (LSPACE, ASPACE) , (IB, B)
DIMENSION FMT(12)
REAL I12
INTEGER HOLL, HTEST
DATA IBCI/00100000000000/
DATA (FMT(J), J=1, 12)/10H(1X, I5 ,10H ,10H ,10H ,
*10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,
*10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,10H ,
*10H //
DATA
* F1, F8, F6, E5, BCD, OCT, I12/
* 6H,F12,1, 6H,F12,3, 6H,F12,6, 6H,E12,4, 6H,6X,A6, 6H,8X,04, 4H,I12
*/
DATA HMASK/0000000000000077777777/ , HTEST/0000000000000055555555/,
* INMASK/0377777770000000000000/
DATA NINMSK/07777000000000000000/

NCOL = MIN0(NCOL1, 10)
NB = NA

C WRITE HEADING
WRITE (6,1000) NAME

45 I1 = I1TAB
I = I1
I2 = 0

C WRITE LINE SPACE
47 WRITE (6,1002)
C LOCATION OF NEXT LINE SPACE IS GIVEN BY A(I+1)
ASPACE = A(I+1)
IF( LSPACE, LE, 1 .OR, LSPACE, GE, IBCI ) LSPACE = IBCI
LSPACE = LSPACE + I - 1
GO TO 110

C BEGIN LOOP TO DEFINE LINE FORMAT
48 II = 1
C
50 B = A(I)

C SPECIAL NUMBERS
NN = NINMSK, AND, B
IF( NN, EQ, NINMSK ) GO TO 82
C TEST FOR HOLLBRITH (6H----- MAX:)
HOLL = HMASK, AND, B
IF( HOLL, EQ, HTEST ) GO TO 80
C TEST FOR INTEGER (BITS 36-58=0 FOR MAX 635 INTEGER
C FLOATING POINT NUMBERS NORMALIZED

```

```

      IF( IB, EQ, IBITS ) GO TO 85
      INTGR = INMASK.AND. IB
      IF( INTGR.EQ.0 ) GO TO 82
C     REAL NUMBER -> NORMALIZED
      B = ABS(B)
      FMT(II+1) = E9
      IF( B.LT.1.E-3 .OR. B.GE.1.E8 ) GO TO 90
65    FMT(II+1) = F6
      IF( B.GE.1.E8 ) FMT(II+1) = F3
      IF( B.GE.1.E5 ) FMT(II+1) = F1
      GO TO 90

C     BCD
80    FMT(II+1) = BCD
      GO TO 90

C     INTEGER
82    FMT(II+1) = I12
      GO TO 90

C     OCTAL
85    FMT(II+1) = OCT
90    II = II+1
      I = I+1
      IF( I.GT.LSPACE ) GO TO 100
      IF( II.LE.NCOL .AND. I.LE.NB ) GO TO 50
100   I2 = I-1
      WRITE (6, FMT) I1, (A(K), K=I1, I2)
      I1 = I
110   IF( I.GE.NB ) GO TO 990
      IF( I.GT.LSPACE ) GO TO 47
      GO TO 48
990   I1TAB = 1
1000  FORMAT(/2X, A6)
1002  FORMAT(1H )
      RETURN

      END

```

```
•DECK TAN
  FUNCTION TAN(X)
•TAN--
  TAN = SIN(X)/COS(X)
  RETURN
  END
```

•TAN•



```

*DECK LBDYBL
FUNCTION LBDYBL(BNAME,LOWER)
CLBDYBL LOCATE INDEX IN BL INPUT TABLE
      LOGICAL LOWER
      INTEGER BNAME

C
C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX= LB=LBD0, LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L/E POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAM, LBA, LBB= NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1), LBNEXT(1), LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1), UP(1), LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1), RBT(1), ANGBT(42)
      LOGICAL UP
      INTEGER BDT, CHNAME, BDNAM
      DIMENSION BDNAM(1), LBA(1), LBB(1)
      EQUIVALENCE (BDNAM, ZBT), (LBA, RBT), (LBB, ANGBT)

C
COMMON /BLDTA1/ BNAMSV
      INTEGER BNAMSV
COMMON /BCOLUT/ ZBCOL
COMMON /CBITS / IBITS, IBLANK
EQUIVALENCE (BITS, IBITS)

C
LBDYBL=0 IF NO BOUNDARY LAYER
C
LBDYBL=INDEX OF BOUNDARY IN BL INPUT TABLE

COMMON /BLBDY / BLB(60)
DIMENSION IBLB(60)
EQUIVALENCE (IBLB, BLB)

ZBCOL = BITS
BNAMSV= BNAME
LBDYBL = 0
1 LB = LBF(BNAME)
NCOLLB= LBZ1/LB/3
ASSIGN 20 TO LGO
ASSIGN 40 TO JGO
ASSIGN 140 TO KGO
IBDC = BDT(LB)
IF( NCOLLB ) 5,5,2
C SEQUENCE FOR COLLATED BOUNDARIES
2 ASSIGN 10 TO LGO
ASSIGN 3 TO KGO
ASSIGN 3 TO JGO
LBC = LB-3
NCOLB1= NCOLLB
IF(LEDEX(LB).EQ.0) GO TO 222
IF (.NOT. LOWER) GO TO 223
LBC = LB
NCOLB1= NCOLLB-1
GO TO 222
223 ASSIGN 20 TO LGO
ASSIGN 40 TO JGO
ASSIGN 140 TO KGO
222 NBC = 0

```

```

3 IF( NBC,GE,NCOLB1 ) GO TO 40
  NBC   = NBC+1
  LBC   = LBC+3
4 IBDC  = BDCNAME(LBC)
5 IBL   = -2
6 IBL   = IBL+3
  IF( IBLB(IBL),EQ,IBDC ) GO TO LGO,(20,10)
  IF( IBL,GE,50 ,OR, IBLB(IBL),EQ,IBITS) GO TO KGO,(140,3)
  GO TO 6
10 LBT   = LB+LBZ1(LB)+LBA(LBC)
  IF(LOWER) GO TO 12
  LBT   = LB+LBZ1(LB)+LBB(LBC)
12 ZBCOL = ZBT(LBT)
20 IF( IBLB(IBL+1),EQ,0 ) GO TO JGO,(40,3)
  LBDYBL = IBL
40 RETURN
140 CALL ERRORK(6HLBDYBL)
  GO TO 40
END

```

```

*DECK STAND
SUBROUTINE STAND(M,LR,UPPER)
*STAND= STATION INDEX FROM FIELD POINT
LOGICAL UPPER
*STAND*

C INPUT=
C M = FIELD PT INDEX
C LR = 0 FOR FIRST ENTRY OTHERWISE LR,NE,0
C OUTPUT=
C LR = STATION TABLE INDEX
C UPPER = T IF M IS AN UPPER BOUNDARY POINT. =F OTHERWISE

C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
& VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
& ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
& ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
C DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
C EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
C INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

C COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
C DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
C EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
DATA KNAME/6HSTAND /

L = LR
IF(L.EQ.0) L = LO
UPPER = .FALSE.
LSAV = L
LSTOP = 999999

120 IF(L.GE.LSTOP) CALL ERRORX(KNAME)
IF(MUB(L).EQ.M) GO TO 150
IF(M.GE.MLB(L) .AND. M.LE.MUB(L)) GO TO 160
L = L+LNEXT(L)
IF(L.LT.LESTA) GO TO 120
L = LO
LSTOP = LSAV
GO TO 120

150 UPPER = .TRUE.
160 LR = L

RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK STAX1
SUBROUTINE STAX1(X1FIND,X2B,X2A,LXB,LXA)
*STAX1=          STATION INDEX FROM X1 AND X2-COORDINATES          *STAX1*

C      INPUT-
C      X1FIND= X1-COORDINATE
C      X2B    = X2-COORDINATE OF UPPER BOUNDARY (I.E. STATION BELOW THE BO
C      X2A    = X2-COORDINATE OF LOWER BOUNDARY (I.E. STATION ABOVE THE BO

C      OUTPUT-
C      LXB    = INDEX OF STATION WHICH CONTAINS COORDINATES=X1FIND,X2B
C      LXA    = INDEX OF STATION WHICH CONTAINS COORDINATES=X1FIND,X2A

C      STATION TABLE
C      INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C      SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C      MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C      MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1              TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
&              VMB(1),DWBV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
&              ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
&              ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION      CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE    (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
      INTEGER        PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

C      COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*                      LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*                      MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*                      LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE    (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
DATA KNAME/6HSTAX1 /

NFOUND= 0
IF(X2B,GE,0,) NFOUND=1
IF(X2A,GE,0,) NFOUND=NFOUND+1
L      = LO

110 IF(X1(L).NE.X1FIND) GO TO 120
      M      = MUB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      IF(X2(J).NE.X2B) GO TO 115
      LXB    = L
      NFOUND= NFOUND+1
      GO TO 120
115 M      = MLB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      IF(X2(J).NE.X2A) GO TO 120
      LXA    = L
      NFOUND= NFOUND+1
120 L      = L+LNEXT(L)
      IF(NFOUND.EQ.0) GO TO 130
      IF(L,LT,LESTB) GO TO 110
      CALL ERRORK(MNAME)

130 RETURN

```

END

```

*DECK STCN
  OVERLAY(STC,1,0)
  PROGRAM STCN
  COMMON /CTAPOS/  RESTRT,ENDBDY,STCFIL,K6SV
  LOGICAL          RESTRT,ENDBDY,STCFIL
  COMMON /SELECT/  LENTRY
1  GO TO (5,10) , LENTRY
C  READ INPUT
  5  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,1,6HRECALL)
  GO TO 20
C  BUILD TABLES
10 IF(RESTRT) GO TO 15
  LENTRY= 1
  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,2,6HRECALL)
  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,3,6HRECALL)
  LENTRY= 2
12 CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,2,6HRECALL)
  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,4,6HRECALL)
  GO TO 20
C  RESTRT CASE
15 LENTRY= 2
  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,3,6HRECALL)
  LENTRY= 3
  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,2,6HRECALL)
20 RETURN
  END

```

\*DECK ERRORN  
 SUBROUTINE ERROR1  
 CEDUMPN            STC EDUMP - INPUT LINK

•EDUMPN•

```

C  COMALL
C  CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C  INDEX= LH=LHO,LWE
C  DIMENSION      CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
1                 TSO(1),RSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(1),
2                 RG(1),GAM(1),NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),
4                 BB(75)
C  LOGICAL        VARY
C  INTEGER CHNAM
C  DIMENSION      VO(1)
C  REAL           MACHO
C  EQUIVALENCE    (VO,MACHO)
C  BOUNDARY TABLE
C  INDEX= LB=LBO,LBDE
C  LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C  LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C  CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C  UP    = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C  LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L'E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C  CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C  BDNAM, LBA, LBB= NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C  DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
C  DIMENSION      BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1                 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2                 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
C  LOGICAL        UP
C  INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAM
C  DIMENSION      BDNAM(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
C  EQUIVALENCE    (BDNAM,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)
C  TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES
C  INDEX= LT=LTO,LTE
C  CH    = CHANNELNAME
C  LYNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL
C  LPSI  = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PSI LIST
C  NPT   = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES
C  LTT   = RELATIVE LOCATION OF TT LIST
C  LPT   = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PT LIST
C  LRCU  = RELATIVE LOCATION OF RCU LIST
C  DIMENSION      CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),
1                 LRCU(1),
2                 CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),
3                 FGR(1),AREATB(485)
C  DIMENSION      XCH(1)
C  EQUIVALENCE    (CH,XCH)
C  TABLE OF WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS
C  INDEX= LW=LWO,LWE
C  DIMENSION      X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(47)
C  DIMENSION      DST(1)
C  EQUIVALENCE    (DST,S1W)
C  SUBTABLE ARRANGEMENT IS=
C  X2W,LWNEXT(2*2N), S1W(1),S1W(2),,S1W(N), DST(1),DST(2),,DST(N)
C  X2W  = STREAMLINE COORDINATE
C  S1W  = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE FROM T'E.
C  DST  = WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS AS A FUNCTION OF S1W
C  FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C  INDEX= LF=LFO,LPE
C  NFOCLS= 8
C  X1F   = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE

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C      X2F  = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T.E.
C      X1BF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T.E.
C      X1AF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T.E.
C      S1F  = S1-COORDINATE OF T.E. (UPPER SURFACE), THIS ITEM
C           IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA-STAR.
C      LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C      NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C      LRF  = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCN LIST FOR THE T.E.
C      LRXF = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T.E.
C      JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
C             = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T.E. IS GIVEN
C             = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T.E. IS GIVEN
C      JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
C      DIMENSION      X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1                     S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
C      EQUIVALENCE      (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
C      DIMENSION      LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
C
C      STATION TABLE
C      INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C      SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C      MCL  = SHARR CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C      MCL  = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
C      COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1                     TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1                     TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
8                     VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
8                     ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
8                     ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
C      DIMENSION      CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
C      EQUIVALENCE      (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
C      INTEGER      PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)
C      EQUIVALENCE      (CHNAM,BDT,CH,X2W,X1F,X1)
C      EQUIVALENCE      (LHNEXT,LBNEXT,LTNEXT,LWNEXT,X2F,LNEXT)
C      EQUIVALENCE      (WTFLOW,LBZ1,NPT,S1W,X1BF,MLB)
C      EQUIVALENCE      (TTO,CHNAME,LPSI,X1AF,MUB),(PTO,UP,LT,S1F,PRIM)
C      EQUIVALENCE      (TSO,LEDEX,LPT,NCHB,TYPELB)
C      EQUIVALENCE      (PSO,ZBT,LRCU,NCHA,NAMELB)
C      EQUIVALENCE      (MACHO,RBT,CRG,JORDER,ILB),(AO,ANGBT,CPGJ,VNR,FLB)
C      EQUIVALENCE      (VARY,C2CP,S1LB),(RG,QGAM,TYPEUB)
C      EQUIVALENCE      (GAM,FGT,NAMEUB),(NR,FGR,IUB),(NC,FGR,FUB)
C      EQUIVALENCE      (TAB(1),AREATB,S1UB),(BB,ANGTE)
C      EQUIVALENCE      (TAB(4),X2CL),(TAB(5),SLSWI),(TAB(6),MCL)
C
C      COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,PGA,GAMA,
1                     MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTA, AXIC,PGC,GAMC,
2                     DAXIT,SCALEA,YTE,CHOTST
C      REAL      MACHA(1),MACHC
C      LOGICAL   AXIA,AXIC
C      LOGICAL   CHOTST
C
C      STREAMLINE TABLE
C      COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
C      INTEGER SLCHN
C
C      FIELD TABLES
C      INDEX= M=MO,NM
C      COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
C      COMMON /CR      / R(300)
C      COMMON /CS2     / S2(300)
C      COMMON /CS1     / S1(300)
C      COMMON /CPHI1   / PHI1(300)
C      COMMON /CM      / JMS(300)

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COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG

C TABLE OF INDEX LIMITS
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA,LSO, LSE, LDO, LDE, LDUM(4),
* MO,NM, NJ,NPCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRB,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
C TABLE OF LEADING EDGE AND TRAILING EDGE POINTS
C INDEX- LE=LEO,LEE,10
C NLE,NTE=NO. OF L.E. AND T.E. COINCIDENT PTS. RESPECTIVELY
C CHL,CHU=NAME OF CHANNEL ABOVE AND BELOW PT. RESPECTIVELY
C BDL,BDU=BOUNDARY NAMES ASSOCIATED WITH THE POINTS
C NUSED = COUNT OF TIMES THAT POINT USED IN CONSTRUCTION OF /ORTCHN/
COMMON /LETEPT/ XE(1),YE(1),ANGE(1),NLE(1),NTE(1),
1 CHL(1),CHU(1),BDL(1),BDU(1),NUSED(491)
INTEGER CHL,CHU,BDL,BDU
C TABLE OF CHANNELS EMBRACED BY EACH ORTHOGONAL
C INDEX- LR=LRO,LRE,LRD
C LRD = NUMBER OF CHANNELS PLUS ONE, LR INDEX INCREMENT
C LEDGE = INDEX OF THE ORTHOGONAL POINT IN THE LETEPT-TABLE
C LRPREV= POINTER OF LINE OF UPSTREAM CHANNELS IN ORTCHN=TABLE
C CHNA = CHANNEL NAMES
COMMON /ORTCHN/ LEDGE(1),LRPREV(1),CHNA(479)
INTEGER CHNA
DIMENSION JCHNA(1)
EQUIVALENCE JCHNA,CHNA

EQUIVALENCE (LHNEXT,LBNEXT,LINEXT,LWNEXT,X2F,LNEXT)
EQUIVALENCE (MTFLOW,LBZ1,NRT,S1W,X1BF,MLB)
EQUIVALENCE (TTO,CHNAME,LPSI,X1AF,MUB), (PTO,UP,LTT,S1F,PRIM)
EQUIVALENCE (TSO,LEDEX,LPT,NCHB,TYPELB)
EQUIVALENCE (PSO,ZBT,LRCU,NCHA,NAMELB)
EQUIVALENCE (MACHO,RBT,CRG,JQORDER,ILB), (AO,ANGBT,CPGJ,VNR,FLB)
EQUIVALENCE (VARY,C2CP,S1LB), (RG,QGAM,TYPEUB)
EQUIVALENCE (GAM,FGT,NAMEUB), (NR,FGM,IUB), (NC,FGR,FUB)
EQUIVALENCE (TAB(1),AREATB,S1UB), (TAB(2),VMB), (TAB(3),DWDV)

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CDS2 / DS2(300)
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
LOGICAL OMITFK
COMMON /CREDIN/ ZTRANS,RTRANS,ROTATE,ZPIVOT,RPIVOT,SCALE,NB,TBB(9)
EQUIVALENCE (XTRANS,ZTRANS),(YTRANS,RTRANS),(XPIVOT,ZPIVOT)
1 YPIVOT,RPIVOT)
COMMON /CRHS / RHS(300)
COMMON /CTABRR/ I1TAB
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)

COMMON /CSEGME/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),
1 N,NSEG, NI,NIB
COMMON /CSMOOB/ XA(100),YA(100),DEV1(100)
COMMON /CSMOOC/ DUM1(200),ANG(100),DUM2(400),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
COMMON /BLBDV / IBLB(60)
DATA TXA/2HXA/,TZA/2HZA/

IGGO = 1
GO TO 1777
ENTRY EDUMP

```

```

      IGGO = 2
1777 CONTINUE
1100 FORMAT(///1X36HCHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE, /CHDATA/ -)
      WRITE (6,1100)
      I1TAB = LHO
      NCX = NC
      IF(NCX,LT,3) NCX=5
      CALL TABPRT(BLANK,CHNAM,LHE,NCX)

1120 FORMAT(///1X34HBOUNDARY COORDINATES AND ANGLES IN RADIANS, /BDYTAB
      * / -)
      WRITE (6,1120)
      I1TAB = LBDO
      CALL TABPRT(BLANK,BDT,LBDE,3)

1110 FORMAT(///1X41HTABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES, /CONVTB/ -)
      WRITE (6,1110)
      I1TAB = LTO
      CALL TABPRT(BLANK,CH,LTE,7)

      IF(LEE,LT,LEO) GO TO 140
1130 FORMAT(///1X125HORDERED LIST OF UPSTREAM BOUNDARY PNTS, L.E. PNTS,
      * Y,E, PNTS, AND DOWNSTREAM PNTS WITH REFERENCES TO CHANNELS AND BO
      * UNDARIES, /1X10H/LETEPT/ -//4X2HLE6X,2HX810X,15HYE ANGE12X,
      * 3HNLE9X,12HNTE CHL9X,3HCHU9X,3HBDL9X,3HBDU10X,5HNUSED)
      WRITE (6,1130)
      I1TAB = LEO
      CALL TABPRT(BLANK,XE,LEE,10)

140 IF(LRE,LT,LRO) GO TO 150
1140 FORMAT(///1X98HTABULATION OF CHANNELS EMBRACED BY THE ORTHOGONALS
      * WHICH PASS THROUGH THE ABOVE POINTS, /ORTCHN/ -//4X26HLR
      * LE LR-PRV)
      WRITE (6,1140)
      I1TAB = LRO
      CALL TABPRT(BLANK,LEDGE,LRE,LRO)

1150 FORMAT(///1X17HSTREAMLINE TABLE-//17X32HJ X2 SLCHN
      * W/(118,F12,6,6X,A6,F12,6,1,1)
150 WRITE (6,1150) (J,X2(J),SLCHN(J),W(J),J=1,NJ)

1190 FORMAT(///1X37HWAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS, /WAKETB///11X19HX2W/S1
      * W DST)
      WRITE (6,1190)
      I1TAB = LWO
      CALL TABPRT(BLANK,X2W,LWE,2)

1180 FORMAT(///1X43HTABLE OF FLOW ADJUSTMENT STATIONS, /CADJWF///15X8HX
      * 1F9X,3HX2F8X,4HX1BF8X,4HX1AF9X,3HS1F8X,4HNCB8X,16HNCHA JORDE
      * R)
      WRITE (6,1180)
      I1TAB = LFO
      CALL TABPRT(BLANK,X1F,LFE,NFCOLS)

1160 FORMAT(///1X25HSTATION TABLE, /STATAB/ -)
      WRITE (6,1160)
      I1TAB = LO
      CALL TABPRT(BLANK,X1,LESTA,5)

C PRINT OVERALL DATA
      CALL TABPRT(6HALLCOM,MACHA,20,8)

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IF( IBLB(1);NE.0 ) CALL TABPRT(9HBLBDY,IBLB.60,3)
IF( LDE.EQ.0 ) GO TO 1321
I1TAB = LDO
CALL TABPRT(9HBLTAB,CHNAM,LDE,3)
1321 CONTINUE

IF(LESTA.LE.0) GO TO 900
L      = LO
LMAX   = LESTA.
180 OMITFK= .TRUE.
LINES  = 64
190 MA   = MLB(L)
MB      = MUB(L)
CALL FHEAD(MB-MA+2)
IF (LINES.EQ.(MB-MA+5)) WRITE (6,1200)
WRITE (6,1202)
DO 200 M=MA,MB
CALL GETIX
WRITE (6,1201) J,M,MU,MD,ISTAG, S1(M),S2(M),Z(M),R(M),PHI1(M),
1          CURV(M),VM(M),B(M),RHS(M),DS2(M)
200 CONTINUE
L      = L+LNEXT(L)
IF(L.LE.LMAX) GO TO 190
1200 FORMAT(57X,16HFIELD TABLE DUMP/128H      J      M      MU      MD I      S1
1      S2              Z              R              PHI1              CURV              V
2M              B      RHS              DS2)
1201 FORMAT (1X,I3,I3,I5,I2,2F11.6,2F12.6,F11.6,F12.7,2F11.3,2F10;5)
1202 FORMAT(1H )

IF( 1GGO.EQ.2 ) RETURN
LSTOP = 5
GO TO (900,1777) , LSTOP
900 RETURN
END

```

•DECK REDBLK

BLOCK DATA REDBLK

•REDBLK

REDINP BLOCK DATA

•REDBLK•

COMMON /SPACER/ MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW

COMMON /CLWOSV/ LWOSV

COMMON /CTAPOS/ RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL,K6SV

LOGICAL RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL

DATA MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW/400,200,200,200/

END

```

*DECK DBSRT1
SUBROUTINE DBSRT1( F,M,INTR1,INTR2,A,N,II )
*DBSRT1
C DATE OF THIS VERSION - SEPTEMBER 20,1965
C SINGLE PRECISION DOUBLE BACK SUBSTITUTION SUBROUTINE USED WITH
C LRMSD1 SUBROUTINE TO SOLVE SIMULTANEOUS EQUATIONS
  DIMENSION F(11,1),A(11,11),INTR1(1)
  NN=N
  NM1=NN-1
  MM=M
  IF(INTR1(1)) 10,140,10
10 IF(NN.LE.1) GO TO 40
  DO 30 K=1,NM1
    I1=INTR1(K+1)
    IF(I1) 15,30,15
15 DO 20 J=1,MM
    X=F(K,J)
    F(K,J)=F(I1,J)
20 F(I1,J)=X
30 CONTINUE
40 DO 90 J=1,MM
  DO 80 L=1,NN
    IF(F(L,J)) 50,80,50
50 F(L,J)=F(L,J)/A(L,L)
    IF(L.EQ.NN) GO TO 80
    DO 70 I=L,NM1
      IF(A(I+1,L)) 60,70,60
60 F(I+1,J)=F(I+1,J)-A(I+1,L)*F(L,J)
70 CONTINUE
80 CONTINUE
90 CONTINUE
    IF(NN.LE.1) GO TO 140
100 DO 130 J=1,MM
    IF(F(NM1+1,J)) 110,130,110
110 DO 120 I=1,NM1
120 F(I,J)=F(I,J)-A(I,NM1+1)*F(NM1+1,J)
130 CONTINUE
    NM1=NM1-1
    IF(NM1) 100,140,100
140 RETURN
  END

```

```

*DECK ISORT
SUBROUTINE ISORT(X,Y,Z,B,LB,KGO)
CISORT== CDC VERSION ==MOVE COLUMN DATA TO ARRAYS
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
DIMENSION X(1),Y(1),Z(1), B(1)
C INPUT=
C X,Y,Z      = NEW COLUMNS OF DATA
C B          = LOCATION OF COLUMN DATA TO BE RELOCATED
C LB        = B*COLUMN LENGTH

K          = 1
I          = 1
GO TO ( 10,30 ), KGO
10 IF( B(I).EQ.BITS ) GO TO 20
X(K)      = B(I)
Y(K)      = B(I+1)
Z(K)      = B(I+2)
20 I       = I+3
K          = K+1
IF( I.LT.LB ) GO TO 10
GO TO 50

30 IF(B(I).EQ.BITS) GO TO 40
X(K)      = B(I)
Y(K)      = B(I+1)
40 I       = I+2
K          = K+1
IF(I.LT.LB) GO TO 30
50 RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK LOOP
SUBROUTINE LOOP(A,B,C,N)
*LOOP
C THIS SUBROUTINE IS USED BY SUBROUTINE LRMDs1
  DIMENSION A(1),B(1)
  DO 10 I=1,N
10  A(I)=A(I)+B(I)*C
  RETURN
  END

```

```

*DECK LRMD51
      SUBROUTINE LRMD51(A,N,INTR1,INTR2,DET,IFACTR,III)
*LRMD51
C  DATE OF THIS VERSION -- SEPTEMBER 20,1965
C  SINGLE PRECISION LEFT RIGHT MATRIX DECOMPOSITION SUBROUTINE
C  DETERMINANT = DET*(2,0**IFACTR)
C  WHERE (15) LESS THAN (ABS(DET)) LESS THAN OR EQUAL (1.0)
      DIMENSION A(1),INTR1(1)
      IDIM=III
      NN=N
      NBASE=(NN-1)*IDIM
      NTR=1
      IF(NN.LE.1) GO TO 30
      DO 25 K=2,NN
        INTR1(K)=0
      D=0.0
      M=K
      KM1=K-1
      L=KM1
      JSTOP=KM1+NBASE
      KBASE=(KM1-1)*IDIM
      KKM1=K+KBASE
      KK=KM1+KBASE
      ISTOP=NN+KBASE
      DO 6 I=KK,ISTOP
        B=A(I)
        IKBASE=I-KBASE
*
*  MODIFICATION TO SELECT THE PIVOT ELEMENT AS 1,0 IF PRESENT...
*
*  DAVE FERGUSON      10/18/66
*
      IF(B.NE.1.) GO TO 70
      D=1.
      L=IKBASE
      M=IKBASE
      GO TO 80
70 CONTINUE
*
*
      IF(ABS(B).LE.ABS(D)) GO TO 3
      D=B
      L=IKBASE
3 IF(B)4,6,4
4 M=IKBASE
6 CONTINUE
80 CONTINUE
      KM=K-M
      KSTOP=M+KM1
      IF(D) 8,7,8
7 NTR=0
      INTR2=KM1
      GO TO 60
8 LKM1=L+KM1
      IF(LKM1) 10,17,10
10 DO 11 J=KM1,JSTOP,IDIM
      LJ=J+LKM1
      X=A(J)
      A(J)=A(LJ)
11 A(LJ)=X
      INTR1(K)=L
      NTR=NTR

```



```

17 KK=KK+IDIM
   DO 22 I=KK,JSTOP,IDIM
   IF(A(I)) 19,22,19
19 A(I)=A(I)/D
   IF(KM) 20,20,22
20 Q=-A(I)
   CALL LOOP(A(I+1),A(KKM1),Q,KSTOP)
22 CONTINUE
25 CONTINUE
30 D=0.0
   KM1=NN
   KSTOP=NN+NBASE
   IF(A(KSTOP)) 40,7,40
40 IFAC=0
   D=1.0
   IDIM1=IDIM+1
   DO 55 K=1,KSTOP,IDIM1
   IF(ABS(A(K))GE,1.0) GO TO 51
   D=D*2.0
   IFAC=IFAC-1
51 D=D*A(K)
52 IF(ABS(D)-1.0) 53,55,54
53 D=D*2.0
   IFAC=IFAC-1
   GO TO 52
54 D=D/2.0
   IFAC=IFAC+1
   IF(ABS(D)GT,1.0) GO TO 54
55 CONTINUE
   IFACR=IFAC
   IF(NTR.EQ.1) GO TO 60
   D=D
60 DET=D
   INTR1(1)=NTR
   RETURN
   END

```

```
•DECK STCNR  
  OVERLAY(STC,1,1)  
  PROGRAM STCNR  
  CALL REDINP  
  RETURN  
  END
```

```

*DECK BACES
SUBROUTINE BACES(X,Y,ANG,CURV,E,S,KA,KB)
*BFACES      BEAM FIT EVALUATION OF ANGLE, CURVATURE,      *BFACES*
C            E AND S
      DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),ANG(10),CURV(10),B(10),S(10)

C  INPUT-
C  X,Y      = COORDINATES
C  ANG      = ANGLE IN RADIANS (IF MA=1)
C  ANG(1) = ESTIMATED ANGLE AT THE FIRST POINT (MA=0)
C  KA,KB    = FIRST AND LAST INDEX OF VARIABLES X,Y,ANG,CURV,E AND S
C  KD       = STORAGE INCREMENT OF X,Y,ANG,CURV,E, AND S
C  KORDER= 0 IF ERROR1 IS TO BE CALLED WHEN PTS ARE OUT OF ORDER
C           = NON ZERO IF RETURN IS TO BE MADE FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION

C  OUTPUT-
C  ANG      = ANGLE IN RADIANS
C  CURV     = CURVATURE
C  E        = APPLIED FORCES = F/EI (UNITS ARE 1'/L**2)
C  S        = ARC LENGTH ALONG THE CURVE, (L)
C  KORDER= INDEX OF 2ND OF ADJACENT OUT-OF-ORDER PTS, NOT=0 ON ENTRY

      COMMON /CBEAM/ MA,MB,KD,KORDER
      COMMON /ERASE / A(3),B(1),YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)

      NK      = KB

      CALL BEAM(X(KA),Y(KA),ANG(KA),(KB-KA+KD)/KD)
      IF(KORDER.NE.0) GO TO 800

C      (K=KA)
      I      = 1
      K      = KA
      SK     = S(K)
      E(K)   = 6.*(B(1)+YPB(1))/(CHD(1)*CHD(1))
C      (K=KA,KB=1)
60 CURV(K) = (4.*B(1)+2.*YPB(1))/(CHD(1)*(1.+1.5*B(1)+B(1)))
      IF(KA=K) 65,80,80
C      (K=KA+1,KB=1)
65 E(K)    = 6.*(B(1)+YPB(1))/(CHD(1)*CHD(1))
      1      = (B(1-8)+YPB(1-8))/(CHD(1-8)*CHD(1-8))
C      (K=KA+1,KB)
70 SK      = SK + CHD(1-8)*(1.+(B(1-8)*B(1-8)-.5*B(1-8)*YPB(1-8)+
      1      YPB(1-8)*YPB(1-8))/15.)
      S(K)   = SK
      IF(K=NK) 80,90,90
80 I       = I+8
      K      = K+KD
      IF(K=NK) 60,70,70

C      (K=KB)
90 CURV(K) = (-2.*B(1-8)-4.*YPB(1-8))/(CHD(1-8)*(1.+1.5*YPB(1-8)*YPB(1-
      1      8)))
      E(K)   = -6.*(B(1-8)+YPB(1-8))/(CHD(1-8)*CHD(1-8))
      GO TO 900

C  OUT OF ORDER POINTS
800 KORDER= KA+KORDER-KD
900 RETURN

      END

```

```

•DECK ELLIP
  SUBROUTINE ELLIP(X1,Y1,ANG1,X2,Y2,ANG2,ALPHAD)
•ELLIP      ELLIP AND OTHER SMOOTH DUMMY SUBROUTINES
C  SUBROUTINE TO FIT AN ELLIPSE GIVEN TWO POINTS AND THE ORIENTATION

  ENTRY ELLIPT
C  SUBROUTINE TO FIT AN ELLIPSE WHOSE ORIGIN AND DIMENSION ARE GIVEN IN
C  A ROTATED AND TRANSLATED COORDINATE SYSTEM

  ENTRY XTRUNC
C  FUNCTION TO TRUNCATE XX TO AN EVEN MULTIPLE OF DX

  ENTRY ATDMR
C  SUBROUTINE FOR AUGMENTED TRIDIAGONAL MATRIX REDUCTION

  ENTRY BAD
C  SUBROUTINE TO DELETE BAD DATA BY ADJUSTING DATA LISTS

  ENTRY CUBER
C  SUBROUTINE TO CALCULATE YPP IN TERMS OF Y FOR CUBIC SPLINE EQUATIONS
C  WITH ARBITRARY END CONDITIONS

  ENTRY SMULTI
C  SUBROUTINE TO MULTIPLY TRIADIAGONAL AND SQUARE MATRIX

  ENTRY HYPYS
  ENTRY HYPER1
  ENTRY HYPER2
  RETURN
  END

```

```

*DECK RELOXY
SUBROUTINE RELOXY(I1,I2, NPPTS, IM1,IM2)
*RELOXY          RELOCATE X,Y,ANG,ANGD,CURV,S,FOK
                                @RELOXY@

```

```

C      INPUT-
C      I1,I2 = INDEX RANGE OF SEGMENT DATA IN X,Y-ARRAYS
C      NPPTS = NO OF PTS REQD FOR SEGMENT DEFINITION IN X,Y-ARRAYS
C      IM1   = INDEX OF FIRST POINT OF THE SEGMENT IN X,Y-ARRAYS
C      IM2   = INDEX OF LAST POINT OF THE SEGMENT IN X,Y-ARRAYS
C      NIM   = LENGTH OF X,Y-ARRAYS
C      N     = SEGMENT INDEX

```

```

C      OUTPUT-
C      IM2 = INDEX OF LAST POINT IN RELOCATED X,Y-ARRAYS
C      RELOCATED X,Y,...-ARRAYS
C      ADJUSTED IMA,IMB INDEX LIMIT VALUES

```

```

COMMON /CSEGME/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),
1        N,NSEG, NI,NIB
COMMON /CDS2 / X(100),Y(100),ANG(100),ANGD(100),CURV(100),
1        S(100),FOK(100),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL      ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

```

```

NADD = NPPTS - (I2-I1+1)
IF    = IM2+1
IT    = IF+NADD
NMOVE = NIM-IM2
IF(NADD,GE,0) NMOVE=-NMOVE
NIM    = NIM+NADD
IF(NIM,LE,100) GO TO 30
ERR    = .TRUE.
WRITE (6,1030)
RETURN

```

```

1030 FORMAT(/1X67HSorry - THE NO. OF OUTPUT PTS, EXCEEDS THE ALLOCATED
*STORAGE (200),)

```

```

30 IF(NMOVE+NADD,EQ,0) GO TO 50
CALL MOVE(3, X(IF),X(IT),NMOVE,1,
1        Y(IF),Y(IT),NMOVE,1,
2        ANG(IF),ANG(IT),NMOVE,1)
CALL MOVE(3, ANG(IT),ANGD(IT),NMOVE,1,
4        CURV(IF),CURV(IT),NMOVE,1,
5        S(IF),S(IT),NMOVE,1)
CALL MOVE(3, FOK(IF),FOK(IT),NMOVE,1,
7        DEV(IF),DEV(IT),NMOVE,1,
8        CURVB(IF),CURVB(IT),NMOVE,1)

```

```

50 IM2 = IM1 + NPPTS-1
IF(IM2,LT,IM1) GO TO 70
DO 60 I=IM1,IM2
DEV(I)= 0.
CURVB(I)=0.
60 FOK(I)= 0.
70 IMB(N)= IM2
NP1    = N+1
IF(NP1,GT,NSEG) GO TO 900
DO 80 NN=NP1,NSEG
IMA(NN)=IMA(NN)+NADD
80 IMB(NN)=IMB(NN)+NADD

```

```

900 RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK SERS1
SUBROUTINE SERS1(X1,Y1, X2,Y2; A)
*SER1= NACA SERIES-1 COWL CONTOUR
*SER1=

C INPUT-
C X1,Y1 = COORDINATES AT HIGHLIGHT
C X2,Y2 = COORDINATES ON COWL SURFACE
C A = X/X LIMIT POINT

C OUTPUT-
C CALC VALUES OF X,Y,ANG,ANGD,CURV,S

COMMON /CBEND / NBC(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FEND(2)
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CSEGM/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),
1 N,NSEG, NI,NIM
COMMON /CDS2 / X(100),Y(100),ANG(100),ANGD(100),CURV(100),
1 S(100),FQK(100),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
DIMENSION ANGB(100)
EQUIVALENCE (ANGB,CURVB)

DIMENSION XS1(40),YS1(40),TS1(40)

DATA XS1/
*0.,.000106,.0003062,.0006461,.0012998,.0020031,.0039664,.006002,
*008,.01,.015,.02,.025,.03,.035,.04,
*045,.05,.06,.07,.08,.09,.1,.12,
*14,.16,.18,.20,.22,.25,.3,.35,
*4,.45,.5,.6,.7,.8,.9,1.0/
DATA YS1/
*0.,.0112,.019,.0275,.0388,.047969,.066707,.08117,
*093118,.10386,.127271,.147458,.165786,.182977,.199304,.214829,
*229594,.243677,.270135,.29478,.318041,.340196,.361381,.40087,
*43654,.468883,.498788,.526959,.553714,.591484,.648994,.700757,
*74746,.789479,.827209,.89087,.939554,.973716,.993649,1./
DATA TS1/
*0.,.52,52592,80,79679,21,04343,14,69820,
*11,71671,7,996274,6,397164,5,618328,5,133687,
*4,308968,3,881510,3,533277,3,342515,3,183152,
*3,029897,2,884790,2,755270,2,545330,2,388930,
*2,268497,2,145982,2,068093,1,875127,1,697514,
*1,552614,1,446208,1,368108,1,303797,1,217213,
*1,090491,.981545,.885102,.797348,.715438,
*560407,.412448,.269017,.13063,8./

C DETERMINE CUT-OFF POINT, NPTS
IF(.05,LE,A AND, A,LE,1.) GO TO 50
WRITE (6,1050) A
CALL ERROR1
50 DO 60 K=17,40
IF(XS1(K),GT,A) GO TO 70
60 NPTS = K

C RELOCATE ARRAYS
70 I1 = IA(N)
I2 = IB(N)
IM1 = IMA(N)
IM2 = IMB(N)
CALL RELOXY(I1,I2, NPTS, IM1,IM2)
XR = X2-X1
YR = Y2-Y1
AR = YR/XR

```

```

      K      = 1
      DO 120 I=IM1,IM2
      X(I) = X1+XR*XS1(K)
      Y(I) = Y1+YR*YS1(K)
      IF(I,EQ,IM1) GO TO 115
      ANG(I)= ATAN(AR*TS1(K))
      GO TO 118
115  ANG(I)=PIQ2
118  ANGDI(I)=ANG(I)*TODEG
120  K      = K+1

      NBC(1)= 1
      NBC(2)= 1
      ANGE(1)=ANGDI(IM1)
      ANGE(2)=ANGDI(IM2)
      ANGB(IM1)=ANG(IM1)
      CALL BFACES(X,Y,ANGB,CURV,FQK,S, IM1,IM2)

      CALL FHEAD(51)
      WRITE (6,1150) X1,Y1,X2,Y2,A
      K      = 1
      DO 160 I=IM1,IM2
      ANGB(I)=ANG(I)*TODEG
      WRITE (6,1160)
      * XS1(K),YS1(K),X(I),Y(I),ANGDI(I),ANGB(I),CURV(I),S(I)
160  K      = K+1
      CALL MOVE(1,CURV(IM1),CURVB(IM1),K=1,1)
      RETURN

1050 FORMAT(/1X70H*** INPUT ERROR, PARAMETER A DOES NOT SATISFY .05=A-
      *1.0 CRITERIA, A=F6,3,.)
1150 FORMAT(/22X,30H* NACA SERIES-1 COWL CONTOUR *//4X16HINPUT DATA, X
      *1=F9,5,3X3HY1=F9,5,17X3HX2=F9,5,3X3HY2=F9,5,3X2HA=F6,3,///4X16HCO
      *ORDINATE DATA-//71X,29H----- BEAM CALCULATED -----//10X3HX7X,3H
      *Y/Y14X,1HZ14X,1HR9X,35HANGD      ANGB      CURV      S)
1160 FORMAT(7X,F8,6,F10,5,F16,5,F15,5,F11,3,F12,3,F11,6,F10,5,.)
      END

```

```

*DECK SMOINP
SUBROUTINE SMOINP
*SMOINP INPUT/OUTPUT AND SPECIAL CONTOUR ROUTINE *SMOINP
COMMON PROGM(8),PROGSR,FILIN,FILOT,REFS(5)
LOGICAL FILIN,FILOT
COMMON /ADAM01/ NAME(6),ADDRES(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /CALCPT/ DX,XMOD
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CELLRT/ DZETA
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
LOGICAL OMITFK
COMMON /CNTRL / K5(1),STA(2),INCLUD(2),DELETE(2),INSERT,CARRY
LOGICAL CARRY
EQUIVALENCE (BDY,STA)
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CSEGME/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),
1 N,NSEG,NII,NIM
EQUIVALENCE (NI,NII)
COMMON /CSMOOA/ DEVA(20),FENDA(20),ANGA(20),CURVA(20),NARB
COMMON /CSMOOB/ XA(100),YA(100),DEVI(100)
DIMENSION ZA(100),RA(100)
EQUIVALENCE (ZA,XA),(RA,YA)
COMMON /CDS2 / X(100),Y(100),ANG(100),ANGD(100),CURV(100),
1 S(100),FQK(100),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
DIMENSION DUM(100)
EQUIVALENCE (DUM,CURVB)
DIMENSION Z(100),R(100)
EQUIVALENCE (Z,X),(R,Y)
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR,ERRCAS
EQUIVALENCE (ERRCAS,INERR)

LOGICAL UPPER

DIMENSION CNames(4)
DATA CNames/990,992,993,991:/

```

```

C*** DEFINE THE NUMBER OF SEGMENTS AND THE INDEX LIMITS
C NSEG = NUMBER OF SEGMENTS
C N = SEGMENT INDEX
C IA(N),IB(N)=LIMITS OF SEGMENT IN THE XA,YA LISTS
C TYPE(N)=TYPE OF SEGMENT
45 N = 1
I = 1
IJUNCT = 1
GO TO 55
50 IF(XA(I).EQ.XA(I-1).AND.YA(I).EQ.YA(I-1)) GO TO 70
55 IF(I=NI) GO TO 155,155
60 DO 65 J=1,4
65 IF(XA(I).EQ.CNames(J)) GO TO 75
IF(I.EQ.IJUNCT) GO TO 70
I = I+1
GO TO 50

C CONTOUR JUNCTURE
70 J = 1
75 JTYPE(N)=J
IA(N) = I
N = N+1
GO TO (110,120,130,140),J

C ARBITRARY CURVE

```



```

110 IB(N-1)=0
    I = I+1
    GO TO 50

C    ELLIPSE
120 IB(N-1)=I+3
    IF((I+2).EQ.NI) .OR. (XA(I+2).EQ.XA(I+3) .AND. YA(I+2).EQ.YA(I+3)))
    +IB(N-1)=I+2
    GO TO 150

C    SPIRAL
130 IB(N-1)=I+3
    GO TO 150

C    SERIES 1
140 IB(N-1)=I+2
150 I = IB(N-1)+1
    IJUNCT= I
    GO TO 55

C    END OF INPUT DATA, FILL ZERO IB(N)
155 NSEG = N-1
    IB(N-1)=NI
    DO 160 N=1,NSEG
160 IF (IB(N).EQ.0) IB(N)=IA(N+1)-1
    RETURN

C*** FIT THE SPECIAL CONTOURS
ENTRY CONTRS
DO 195 N=1,NSEG
    IMA(N)= IA(N)
195 IMB(N)= IB(N)
    NIM = IB(NSEG)
    N = 1
200 J = JTYPE(N)
    IF(J.LE.1) GO TO 790
    OMITFK= .TRUE.
    CALL FHEAD(6)
    WRITE (6,1208) N,BDY
    I = IA(N)
    I2 = IB(N)
    IM = IMA(N)
    IM2 = IMB(N)
    X1 = XA(I+1)
    Y1 = YA(I+1)
    IF(N.LE.1) GO TO 206
    X1 = X(IM+1)
    Y1 = Y(IM+1)
206 X2 = XA(I+2)
    Y2 = YA(I+2)
    IF(N.EQ.NSEG .OR. JTYPE(N+1).NE.1) GO TO 220
    X2 = X(IM2+1)
    Y2 = Y(IM2+1)
220 IF(IM.LE.1) GO TO 222
    ANG1 = ANGDI(M-1)
222 IF((I2=I).EQ.3 .AND. (XA(I+3).NE.BITS .AND. XA(I+3).NE.999.))
    * ANG1=XA(I+3)
    IF(IM2.GE.NIM) GO TO 224
    ANG2 = ANGDI(M2+1)
224 IF((I2=I).EQ.3 .AND. (YA(I+3).NE.BITS .AND. YA(I+3).NE.999.))
    * ANG2=YA(I+3)

```

```

      IF(J-3) 250,300,400

C    FIT THE ELLIPSE
250  CALL ELLIP(X1,Y1,ANG1, X2,Y2,ANG2, YA(1))
      IF(ERR) GO TO 790
      DZETA = 5.*TORAD
      CALL ELLIPT
      GO TO 790

C    FIT THE HYPERBOLIC SPIRAL
300  IF(YA(1).EQ.2.) GO TO 320
      CALL HYPER1(X1,Y1,ANG1, X2,Y2,ANG2)
      GO TO 350
320  CURV1 = YA(1/3)
      CALL HYPER2(X1,Y1,ANG1,CURV1, X2,Y2)
350  IF(ERR) GO TO 790
      CALL HYPTS
      GO TO 790

C    SERIES 1 COWL LIP.
400  CALL SERS1(X1,Y1, X2,Y2, YA(1))

C    INDEX TO THE NEXT SEGMENT
790  IF(ERR) ERRCAS=.TRUE,
      ERR = .FALSE.
      N = N+1
      IF(N.LE.NSEG) GO TO 200

C    IF ERR HAS BEEN ENCOUNTERED, DO NOT WRITE OUTPUT FILE
      IF(.NOT.ERRCAS) GO TO 800
      ERRMAJ= .TRUE.
      ERRCAS= .FALSE.
      RETURN

C    MAKE THE CURVALINEAR DISTANCE CONTINUOUS
800  DS = 0.
      DO 805 I=2,NIM
      IF(S(I).EQ.0.) DS=S(I-1)
805  S(I) = S(I)+DS

C*** WRITE TOTAL COMPUTED DATA FOR THE BOUNDARY
      OMITFK= .TRUE.
      CALL FHEAD(NIM+4)
      WRITE (6,1800) (I,S(I),X(I),Y(I),ANGD(I),CURVB(I),FQK(I),I=1,NIM)
1800  FORMAT(/21X24HCONSOLIDATED OUTPUT DATA//4X59HI          S          X,Z
      *          Y,R          ANGD          CURV          FQK/40X7HDEGREES/(2X,13,0PF10,5
      *.2F11.5,F9.3,F10.6,F10.5,).)

      RETURN

1040  FORMAT(/1X59H*** ERROR = NUMBER OF INPUT POINTS (XA,YA) IS LESS T
      *HAN 2.)
1042  FORMAT(/1X34HINPUT TAPE RETRIEVAL INFORMATION //2X7HFOUND #L3,)
1202  FORMAT(/8H SEGMENT,13,9H OF 8DY=.A6/26H -----)
      *)
      END

```

```

*DECK SMOO
SUBROUTINE SMOO
*SMO0-- ANGLE, CURVATURE AND ARC LENGTH *SMO0*
C OF A SMOOTH CURVE PASSING CLOSE TO GIVEN POINTS
C THE SMOOTHING OPTION HAS NOT BEEN INCLUDED. INSTEAD, A
C CURVE IS FITTED TO THE GIVEN X,Y POINTS,

C INPUT-
C NA MEANS NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS VERSION
C IA,IB = RANGE OF INDEX IN LISTS XA,YA,DEVI,DEV,X,Y,ANG,CURV,E,S
C XA = LIST OF INPUT X
C YA = LIST OF INPUT Y
C NA DEVI = LIST OF POINT MOVEMENT PARAMETERS
C NA TORQ1 = TORSIONAL SPRING COMPLIANCE - FIRST END
C NA TORQ2 = TORSIONAL SPRING COMPLIANCE - SECOND END
C NBC(L) = BOUNDARY CONDITION INDICATOR FOR FIRST(L=1) AND SECOND(L=2)
C = 0, 1, OR 2
C ANGE(L) = ANGLE IN DEGREES, IF NBC(L)=1
C CURVE(L) = CURVATURE, IF NBC(L)=2
C FEND(L) = RATIO OF SHEAR FORCE, END/NEXT TO END INTERVAL, IF NBC(L)

C NOTES-
C THE UNITS OF XA,YA,DEVI,TORQ1 AND TORQ2 MUST BE THE SAME,
C FOR EXAMPE, INCHES. DEVI IS PROPORTIONAL TO THE CUBE ROOT OF
C THE SPRING COMPLIANCES. TORQS ARE DIRECTLY PROPORTIONAL TO THE
C END TORSIONAL SPRING COMPLIANCES. LARGER VALUES OF DEVI YIELD
C LOWER APPLIED FORCES (AND GREATER DEVIATIONS), LARGER VALUES OF
C TORQ YIELD LOWER APPLIED END MOMENTS.

C OUTPUT BASED ON ADJUSTED POINTS-
C NA DEV=V = DEVIATION FROM THE INPUT POINTS IN THE NORMAL DIRECTION, IN
C X,Y = ADJUSTED COORDINATES
C NA ANG = ANGLE IN RADIANS
C NA ANG2 = ANGLE IN DEGREES
C NA CURV = CURVATURE, 1/IN
C NA FQE1 = APPLIED FORCES, DELTA Y000, 1/IN2
C NA S = LENGTH ALONG THE CURVE, IN
C NA ED = ENERGY OF EQUIVALENT SPRINGS UNDER DEFLECTION DEV, 1/IN
C NA ET = SPRING ENERGIES, 1/IN
C NA RMSDEV = ROOT MEAN SQUARE DEVIATION OF POINTS WITH DEVI, NE, 0
C NA RMSF = ROOT MEAN SQUARE VALUE OF F/E1, 1/IN2
C NA RMSF1 = ROOT MEAN SQUARE VALUE OF F/E1 FOR UNADJUSTED BEAM

COMMON /CCURV / NN, IDIM, G(2)
COMMON /CB / A(2)
COMMON /CBEND / NBC(2), ANGE(2), CURVE(2), FEND(2)
COMMON /CCUBE / NBCS(2), SAVS(4), FENDS(2)
COMMON /CSEGHE / IIA(10), IIB(10), IMA(10), IMB(10), JTYPE(10),
1 N, NSEG, NI, NIM
COMMON /CSMOOB / XA(100), YA(100), DEVI(100)
COMMON /CDS2 / X(100), Y(100), ANG(100), ANG2(100), CURV(100),
1 S(100), FQK(100), DEV(100), CURVB(100)
COMMON /CSMOOD / SGAMMA, SZETA1, SZETAN
COMMON /ERASE / H(8,100)
COMMON /CHD / CHD(8,99), G1(100), GN(100), INTER1(100)

```

```

EQUIVALENCE      (CHD,H(8,1)), (INTER1,G1,H(1,1)), (GN,H(1,14))
COMMON /CSMOOE/  GAMMA(100)
COMMON /TROUBL/  ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL          BRR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

```

```

DIMENSION        ENDPAR(3)
DATA ENDPAR/9HFENDA,4HANGA,5HCURVA/

```

C WRITE OUT END CONDITIONS

```

ANGE(1)=FEND(1)
ANGE(2)=FEND(2)
CURVE(1)=FEND(1)
CURVE(2)=FEND(2)
WRITE (6,1020) ENDPAR(NBC1+1),FEND(1), ENDPAR(NBC2+1),FEND(2)
1020 FORMAT(10X,47H* A CURVE HAS BEEN FITTED TO GIVEN X,Y POINTS *//
1 6X,18HEND CONDITIONS - , A5,4H(1)=,F9,5, 10X,A5,4H(2)=,F9,5)
*H(2)=F9,5,)
```

```

IA      = 1IA(N)
IB      = 1IB(N)
NPTS    = IB-IA+1
IAB     = NPTS

```

C CALC FORCES, F/EI, APPLIED TO THE BEAM WHICH PASSES THROUGH POINTS

```

CALL BFACTS(XA,YA,ANG,CURVB,E,S,IA,IB)
CALL MOVE(2,XA(IA),X(IA),IAB,1,YA(IA),Y(IA),IAB,1)
I       = IA
K       = 1
405 ANGDI=ANG(I)*57,29578
415 K   = K+1
I       = I+1
IF(NPTS=K) 430,405,405

```

C SMOOTHING LOGIC HAS BEEN REMOVED

```

430 WRITE (6,1100)
WRITE (6,1110) (XA(I),YA(I),DEVI(I),DEV(I),X(I),Y(I),ANGDI,
1 CURVB(I),FQK(I),S(I),I=IA,IB)
1100 FORMAT(72X,10X,15HAPPLIED ARC/6X17HINPUT COORDINATES17X,20HADJ
*USTED COORDINATES22X,17HFORCES LENGTH/7X89HXA,ZA YA,RA
* DEVI DEV X,Z Y,R ANGDI CURV FQK
* S/33X,37H*1000 DEGREES)
1110 FORMAT(2X,2F11,5,F7,2,3PF7,2,0P2F11,5,F9,3,F10,6,2F10,5,)
RETURN

```

END

•DECK SMOTH

SUBROUTINE SMOTH

•SMOOTH

MAIN PROGRAM FOR SMOOTH

•SMOOTH•

C READ INPUT; DETERMINE NUMBER AND TYPE OF SEGMENTS  
CALL SMOINP

C SMOOTH ARBITRARY SEGMENTS  
CALL SMOXEO

C CALC SPECIAL-CONTOUR SEGMENTS, WRITE OUTPUT  
CALL CONTRS

RETURN

END

\*DECK SMOEXQ  
 SUBROUTINE SMOXEQ  
 \*SMOXEQ ARBITRARY SEGMENT SMOOTHING

\*SMOXEQ\*

```

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CBEND / NBC(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FEND(2)
COMMON /CNTRL / K5(1),STA(2),INCLUD(2),DELETE(2),INSERT,CARRY
EQUIVALENCE (BDY,STA)
COMMON /CSEGME/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),
1 N,NSEG, NII,NIM
EQUIVALENCE (NI,NII)
COMMON /CSMOOA/ DEVA(20), FENDA(20),ANGA(20),CURVA(20), NARB
COMMON /CSMOOB/ XA(100),YA(100),DEVI(100)
COMMON /CDS2 / X(100),Y(100),ANG(100),ANGD(100),CURV(100),
1 S(100),FOK(100),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
LOGICAL OMITFK
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERRCAS
EQUIVALENCE (ERRCAS,INERR)
LOGICAL DONE
  
```

C\*\*\* SMOOTH ARBITRARY CURVES

```

NSWEEP= 1
170 DONE = .TRUE.
  ANGRES= 0.
  N = 1
  NARB = 1
175 IF(JTYPE(N)=1) 189,176,190
176 I = IA(N)
  I2 = IB(N)
C   END CONDITIONS
  DEVI(1)=0.
  DEVI(12)=0.
  FEND(1)=0.
  FEND(2)=0.
  NBC(1)= 0
  NBC(2)= 0
  L = 0
180 LL = NARB$20+L
  IF(FENDA(LL).EQ.BITS) GO TO 181
  NBC(1)= L
  FEND(1)=FENDA(LL)
181 IF(FENDA(LL+1).EQ.BITS) GO TO 182
  NBC(2)= L
  FEND(2)=FENDA(LL+1)
182 L = L+1
  IF(L,LE,2) GO TO 180
C   CHECK FOR UNDEFINED END CONDITIONS
C   END=1
  IF(FEND(1).NE.999.) GO TO 184
  IF(N.EQ.1) GO TO 187
  IF(JTYPE(N-1).GE.0) GO TO 187
  IF(NBC(1).EQ.1) FEND(1)=ANGD(I-1)
  IF(NBC(1).EQ.2) FEND(1)=CURV(I-1)
C   END=2
184 IF(FEND(2).NE.999.) GO TO 186
  IF(N.GE.NSEG).GO TO 200
  IF(JTYPE(N+1).GE.0) GO TO 187
  IF(NBC(2).EQ.1) FEND(2)=ANGD(I+1)
  IF(NBC(2).EQ.2) FEND(2)=CURV(I+1)
  
```

```

186 IF(DEVA(NARB),NE,BITS) DEVI(1)=DEVA(NARB)
   IF(DEVA(NARB+1),NE,BITS) DEVI(2)=DEVA(NARB+1)
   OMITFK=.TRUE.
   CALL FHEAD(17+12+1)
   WRITE (6,1186) N,BDY
   S(1) = 0.
   ANG(1)= ANGREF
   CALL SMOO
   JTYPE(N)=1
   I2 = IB(N)
   ANGREF=ANG(I2)
   GO TO 188
187 DONE = .FALSE.
188 IF(ERR) ERRCAS=.TRUE.
   ERR = .FALSE.
189 NARB = NARB+2
190 N = N+1
   IF(N,LE,NSEG) GO TO 175

```

```

C   RETURN TO 170 TO LOOP THROUGH SEGMENTS AGAIN
C   TO PICK UP THOSE WHICH HAD UNDEFINED END CONDITIONS
   IF(DONE) RETURN
   NSWEEP= NSWEEP+1
   IF(NSWEEP,LE,10) GO TO 170
200 WRITE (6,1200)
   ERRCAS=.TRUE.
   RETURN

```

```

1186 FORMAT(/8H SEGMENT,I3,9H OF BDY=,A6/26H -----*)
1200 FORMAT(1X50H*** ANGA,CURVA = 999 END OPTION USED INCORRECTLY)
      END

```

\*DECK RBD  
SUBROUTINE RBD  
\*RBD--- READ IN BOUNDARY DATA

\*RBD\*

```

C INPUT-
C ENDBDT= END OF BDY/STC TAPE RECORDS, T OR F
C ENDCRD= END OF ALL STC CARD INPUT, T OR F
C K6SV = VALUE OF KEY(6) OF LAST RECORD READ FROM TAPE
C RESTR= RESTART (WITH EXISTING TABLES) IS TRUE ONLY
C IF CARD BDY-DATA HAS NOT YET BEEN ENCOUNTERED
C STCFIL= T IF A STC-SUBFILE EXISTS ON TAPE=ORGF,
C OUTPUT-
C ENDBDT=
C K6SV =
C RESTR=

C INTEGER REFS,BDY,CHN

C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX= LB=LBDO, LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L,E; POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAM, LBA, LBB= NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
C COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
C LOGICAL UP
C INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAM
C DIMENSION BDNAM(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
C EQUIVALENCE (BDNAM,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)

C COMMON /BCOMM/ PROGM(8),PROGSV,FILIN,FILOT
C LOGICAL FILIN,FILOT

C COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTA, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2 DAXIT,SCALE,YTE,CHOTST
C REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
C LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
C COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
C LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
C MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
C LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
C DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
C EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

C COMMON /ADAM02/ ENDJOB,NUMPLT,PLOTE,ENDCRD
C LOGICAL ENDJOB, PLOTE,ENDCRD
C COMMON /CBITS/ BITS,BLANK
C COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
C LOGICAL OMITFK
C COMMON /CNTRL/ K5,BDY(6),INSERT,CARRY,CHN
C EQUIVALENCE (BDY,IBDY)
C COMMON /CPI/ PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
C COMMON /CREDIN/ ZTRANS,RTRANS,ROTATE,ZPIVOT,RPIVOT,SCALE,NB,TAB(9)
C EQUIVALENCE (XTRANS,ZTRANS),(YTRANS,RTRANS),(XPIVOT,ZPIVOT),
1 (YPIVOT,RPIVOT)

```



```

COMMON /CTAPOS/ RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL,K6SV
LOGICAL RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL
COMMON /ERASE / B(800)
COMMON /SPACER/ MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

```

# C SMOOTH COMMONS

```

COMMON /ADAMQ1/ NAME(6),ADDRESS(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /CALCRT/ DX,XMOD
COMMON /CELLPT / DZETA
COMMON /CSEGME/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),N,NSEG,
1 NII,NIM
EQUIVALENCE (NI,NII)
COMMON /CSMOOA/ DEVA(20),FENDA(20),ANGA(20),CURVA(20),NARB
COMMON /CSMOOB/ XA(100),YA(100),DEVI(100)
DIMENSION ZA(100),RA(100)
EQUIVALENCE (ZA,XA),(RA,YA)
COMMON /CDS2 / X(100),Y(100),ANG(100),ANGD(100),CURV(100),S(100),
1 FQK(100),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
DIMENSION Z(100),R(100),DUM(100)
EQUIVALENCE (Z,X),(R,Y),(DUM,CURVB)

COMMON /BLBDY / BLB(60)
DIMENSION IBLB(60)
EQUIVALENCE (IBLB,BLB)
LOGICAL BL
DATA LBLB/1/

```

LOGICAL DATAIN,ENDBDC,UPPER,ZRONLY

DATA KBDY/3HBDY/, KHIGH/6H /

	NAMELIST /A/	B,	NB,	TAB,	DBLPTS,	ZRONLY,
1	BDY,	CHN,	UPPER,	X,Z,	Y,R,	ANGD,
2	ROTATE,	ZPIVOT,	RPIVOT,	ZTRANS,	RTRANS,	SCALE,
3	FLIP,	XPIVOT,	YPIVOT,	XTRANS,	YTRANS,	DUM,
4	IDENT,	DX,	XMOD,	DEVA,	FENDA,	ANGA,
5	CURVA,	ZA,XA,	RA,YA,	DEVI,	NII,	DEV,
6	ANG,	CURV,	CURVB,	FQK,	S,	NIM,
7	UPPER					
*	,CAPX1,BL					

C DEFINITE DOUBLE POINT TOLERANCE, DPTOL  
DPTOL = 1.E-5

# C INITIALIZE

```

C ENDBDC= END OF BDY CARD INPUT, T OR F
ENDBDC= .FALSE.
IF(K5.NE.KBDY .OR. ENDCRD) ENDBDC=,TRUE.
15 DATAIN= .FALSE.
DBLPTS= .01
JFOUND= 0
CAPX1 = 0.
BL = .FALSE.
C READ BDY INPUT CARDS
35 IF( ENDBDC ) GO TO 40
FLIP = 1.
ROTATE= 0.
ZPIVOT= 0.
RPIVOT= 0.

```

```

SCALE = SCALEA
ZTRANS= 0.
RTRANS= 0.
ZONLY= .FALSE.
CALL SETM(1,71,DEVI,100)
CALL SETM(3,BITS,XA,200,DEVA,80,B,300)
CALL SETM(1,BITS,X,200)
READ (5,A)
IF(ZONLY) CALL ISORT(XA,YA,DUM,B,200,2)
IF(.NOT.ZONLY) CALL ISORT(X,Y,ANGD,B,300,1)
IF(INERR) ERRMAJ=.TRUE.
DATAIN= .TRUE.
RESTR= .FALSE.

```

C COUNT THE LENGTH OF THE Z-LIST

```

40 IF(.NOT.DATAIN) GO TO 900
   IF( JFOUND .EQ.1 ) GO TO 43
   NI = 0
   DO 41 I=1,100
     IF(XA(I).EQ.BITS) GO TO 42.
41 NI = I
42 IF(NI .EQ. 0) GO TO 43
   LINES = 64
   CALL SMOTH
   JFOUND= 1
43 NZ = 0
   DO 45 I=1,100
     IF(Z(I).EQ.BITS) GO TO 50
45 NZ = I
50 IF(NZ-2) 55,100,100
55 WRITE (6,1055) BDY(1)
   ERRMAJ= .TRUE.
   RETURN

```

C DELETE DOUBLE POINTS FROM SMOOTH BOUNDARY RECORDS

```

100 OMITFK= .TRUE.
   CALL FHEAD(NZ+10)
   WRITE (6,1090) BDY,CHN,UPPER,BL
   IF(JFOUND.NE.1 .OR. DBLPTS.EQ.0. .OR. NZ.LE.2) GO TO 150
   WRITE (6,1100) DBLPTS,DBLPTS
   I = 1
110 I = I+1
   IF(I.GT.NZ) GO TO 150
   IF(ABS(Z(I)-Z(I-1)).GE.DPTOL .OR.
1  ABS(R(I)-R(I-1)).GE.DPTOL) GO TO 110
   ANGDI= ABS(ANGD(I)-ANGD(I-1))
   IF (ANGDI.GE.DBLPTS) GO TO 110
   NMOVE = NZ-1
   ANGSV = .5*(ANGD(I)+ANGD(I-1))
   IF(ANGD(I)+ANGD(I-1).EQ.0. .AND. ANGDI.LE.0005) ANGSV=0.
   ANGDI=ANGSV
   CALL MOVE(3, Z(I+1),Z(I),NMOVE,1,
1  R(I+1),R(I),NMOVE,1,
2  ANGDI+1,ANGDI,NMOVE,1)
   NZ = NZ-1
   GO TO 110

```

C CALCULATE CURVATURES FOR PRINTOUT

```

150 I = 1
   CURV(1)=0.0
155 CURVB(I)=BITS

```

```

CURV(I+1)=CURV(I)
DX      = Z(I+1)-Z(I)
DY      = R(I+1)-R(I)
CHD     = SQRT(DX*DX+DY*DY)
IF(CHD.LT;.00001) GO TO 160
ACHD    = ATAN3(DY,DX,ANGD(I)*TORAD)
YPA     = ANGD(I)*TORAD-ACHD
YPB     = ANGD(I+1)*TORAD-ACHD
CURVB(I)=(4.*YPA*2.*YPB)/(CHD*(1.+1.5*YPA*YPA))
CURV(I+1)=(-2.*YPA+4.*YPB)/(CHD*(1.+1.5*YPB*YPB))
GO TO 165
160 IF(I.EQ.1) GO TO 165
IF(CURVB(I-1).EQ.8175) CURVB(I-1)=CURVB(I)
165 I      = I+1
IF(I.LT.NZ) GO TO 155
CURVB(I)=0.0
*RELO13 RELOCATE FROM A ONE TO A THREE DIMENSIONED ARRAY *RELO13*
C SUBROUTINE RELO13

C INPUT-
C Z,R    = BOUNDARY COORDINATES
C ANGD   = ANGLE OF THE BOUNDARY (DEGREES)
C NZ     = NUMBER OF BOUNDARY COORDINATE POINTS
C FLIP   = SCALAR ON R(I) BEFORE ROTATION OR TRANSLATION
C ROTATE = ANGULAR ROTATION IN DEGREES
C ZPIVOT,RPIVOT=PIVOT POINT FOR ROTATION BEFORE SCALING
C SCALE  = MULTIPLICATIVE CONSTANT ON INPUT COORDINATES
C ZTRANS = Z-TRANSLATION AFTER SCALING
C RTRANS = R-TRANSLATION AFTER SCALING
C BDY    = BOUNDARY NAME
C UPPER  = T IF UPPER BOUNDARY, = F IF LOWER BOUNDARY
C CHN    = CHANNEL NAME
C LBDE   = NEXT AVAILABLE LOCATION IN THE BOUNDARY TABLE

C OUTPUT-
C BDT    = TABLE OF Z,R,ANG IN 3-D ARRAY FORM
C LBDE   = NEXT AVAILABLE LOCATION IN THE BOUNDARY TABLE

IF(FLIP.NE.1.;OR. ROTATE.NE.0.;OR. SCALE.NE.1.;OR. ZTRANS.NE.0.;
1 .OR. RTRANS.NE.0.) WRITE (6,1151) FLIP,ROTATE,ZPIVOT,RPIVOT,
2 SCALE,ZTRANS,RTRANS
WRITE (6,1152)
LB1 = LBDE
LB2 = LB1+3*(NZ-1)
LB = LB1
BDT(LB)=BDY
CHNAME(LB)=CHN
LBZ1(LB)=0
UP(LB)=UPPER
LEDEX(LB)=0
I = 1
LBDEL = 3
ADDPI = 0.
IF(.NOT.UPPER) GO TO 240
LB = LB2
LBDEL = -3
ADDPI = PI
240 ROTAT = ROTATE*TORAD
SN = SIN(ROTAT)
CS = COS(ROTAT)
250 IF(ROTATE.NE.0.) GO TO 260

```

```

      ZBT(LB)=Z(I)*SCALE + ZTRANS
      RBT(LB)=R(I)*FLIP*SCALE + RTRANS
      GO TO 270
260  RFLP = R(I)*FLIP
      ZBT(LB)=(ZPIVOT+CS*(Z(I)-ZPIVOT)-SN*(RFLP-RPIVOT))*SCALE + ZTRANS
      RBT(LB)=(RPIVOT+CS*(RFLP-RPIVOT)+SN*(Z(I)-ZPIVOT))*SCALE + RTRANS
270  ANGDI=ANGD(I)*FLIP + ROTATE
      ANGBT(LB)=ANGDI*TORAD + ADDPI
      WRITE (6,1280) I,ZBT(LB),RBT(LB),ANGD(I),CURV(I),CURVB(I)
      IF(I,GE,NZ) GO TO 300
      I = I+1
      LB = LB+LBDEL
      GO TO 250
300  LBDE = LB2+9
      LBNEXT(LB1)=LBDE-LB1
      BDT(LBDE)=BLANK
C      END SUBROUTINE RELO13

```

C SET UP BOUNDARY LAYER INPUT TABLE

```

      IBLB(LBLB)=IBDY
      IBLB(LBLB+1)=0
      IF( BL) IBLB(LBLB+1)=1
      BLB(LBLB+2)=CAPX1
      LBLB = LBLB+3
900  RETURN

1055 FORMAT(//1X48H** NO COORDINATE INPUT WAS FOUND FOR BDY=A6,/)
1090 FORMAT(///1X45HB O U N D A R Y C O O R D I N A T E S, BDY=A6,
* 5X4HCHN=A6,9X6HUPPER=
* L2,6X,3HBL=L2, )
1100 FORMAT(/6X46HDOUBLE POINTS WITH ANGLE DIFFERENCES LESS THANF6,3,1X
* 24HARE ELIMINATED (DBLPTS=F5,3,2H), )
1151 FORMAT(/6X5HFLIP=F7,3,3X7HROTATE=F8,3,3X7HZPIVOT=F10,5,3X7HRPIVOT=
* F11,5,3X5HSCALEF7,3,3X7HZTRANS=F10,5,3X7HRTRANS=F10,5, )
1152 FORMAT (/9X48HI X,Z Y,R ANGDI CURV= CURVB )
1280 FORMAT(110,2F10,5,F10,3,2F10,4)
      END

```

```

*DECK CRBD
BLOCK DATA R8DBLK
*CRBD--      BLOCK DATA FOR RBD ROUTINE
*SMOBLK      SMOOTH BLOCK COMMON
COMMON /CSMOOD/ SGAMMA,SZETA1,SZETAN
DATA SGAMMA,SZETA1,SZETAN/ 1.,1.E2,1.E2/
END

```

```

@CRBD@
@SMOBLK@

```

```

*DECK RCD
SUBROUTINE RCD
*RCDF--= READ IN CHANNEL DATA
*RCDF=

C INPUT-
C CHDATA= CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C LHE = NEXT AVAILABL LOCATION IN CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C

C OUTPUT-
C LCHE = NEXT AVAILABL LOCATION IN CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C CHDATA= CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE INCLUDING NEW INPUT VALUES

C CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C INDEX= LH=LHO,LHE
COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
1 TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(1),
2 RG(1),GAM(1), NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),
4 BB(75)
LOGICAL VARY
INTEGER CHNAM
DIMENSION VO(1)
REAL MACHO
EQUIVALENCE (VO,MACHO)

C
COMMON PROGM(8),PROGSV,FILIN,FILOT,REFS(5)
LOGICAL FILIN,FILOT
COMMON /CAO / AOSV
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CNTRL / K5,CHN(6),INSERT
INTEGER CHN
EQUIVALENCE (ICHN,CHN)
COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
COMMON /CTAPOS/ RESTRT,ENDBDT,ENDFIL,K6SV
LOGICAL RESTRT,ENDBDT,ENDFIL
COMMON /SPACER/ MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LEST, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /ERASE / DUM(16),B(784)

NAMELIST /A/ CHN,WTFLOW,TTO,TT,PTO,RT,
1 TSO,PSO,MACHO,AO,VARY,
2 GAM,RG,
3 NR,NB,TAB,B

C RESTART CASE WITH CHANNEL FLOW DATA REVISIONS
C RELOCATE CHDATA FOR CHANNEL=CHN INTO FIRST POSITION
C FIRST FIND INDEX LH FOR CHNAM=CHN
LH = LHO
12 IF(LH.GE.LHE) GO TO 20
IF(CHNAM(LH).EQ.CHN) GO TO 14
LH = LH+LHNEXT(LH)
GO TO 12
14 IF(LH.EQ.LHO) GO TO 16
LNG = LHNEXT(LH)

```

```

    LH1 = LHO+LNG
    LH2 = LH+LNG
    LH3 = LH2+LNG
    CALL MOVE(3, CHNAM(LHO),CHNAM(LH1),LHO-LHE-1,1,
1          CHNAM(LH2),CHNAM(LHO),LNG,1,
2          CHNAM(LH3),CHNAM(LH2),LHE+LNG,LH3+1,1)
16 LHNXT = LHO+LHNEXT(LHO)
    GO TO 30

20 CALL MOVE(1, CHNAM,CHNAM(21),LHO-LHE-1,1)
    LHNEXT= 20
    LHNXT = 21
    LHE = LHE+20

C   INITIALIZE
    CALL SETM(1,BITS,WTFLOW,10)
    VARY = .TRUE.

C   READ CHN INPUT CARDS
30 CALL SETM(1,BITS, B,400)
    READ (5,A)
    AOSV = A0(LH)
    IF(INERR) ERMAJ*,TRUE.

C   RESET CHNAM IF CHANNEL NAME HAS BEEN REDEFINED
    CHNAM = CHN

C   COUNT THE LENGTH OF THE B-ARRAY
    NR = 0
    NC1 = NC
    DO 40 I=1,400,NC1
        IF(B(I).EQ.BITS) GO TO 50
40 NR = NR+1
50 NCR = NC*NR

C   RELOCATE AND INSERT B-ARRAY INTO CHDATA-TABLE
    IF(NCR.EQ.0) GO TO 950
    LHNXTT= LHO+20*NCR
    NMOVE = LHE-LHNXT+1
    IF(LHNXTT.GT.LHNXT) NMOVE=-NMOVE
    CALL MOVE(2, CHNAM(LHNXT),CHNAM(LHNXTT),NMOVE,1, B,BB,NCR,1)
    LHE = LHE+LHNXTT-LHNXT
    LHNEXT= 20+NCR

950 IF(LHE.LT.LBDO) GO TO 980
    WRITE (6,1960) LHO,LHE,MAXLH,LBDO
    CALL ERROR1

980 RETURN
1960 FORMAT(/1X81H*** THE CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE HAS EXCEEDED ALLOTT
*ED MEMORY. INCREASE MAXLH:/6X4HLHO=I4,3X4HLHE=I4,3X6HMAXLH=I4,3X
*5HLBDO=I4,
    END

```

•DECK REDINP  
 SUBROUTINE REDINP  
 •REDINP STC READ INPUT

•REDINP•

```

COMMON /BCOMMN/ PROGM(8),PROGSV,FILIN,FILOT
  LOGICAL          FILIN,FILOT
COMMON /ADAM01/ NAME(6),ADDRESS(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /ADAM02/ ENDJOB,NUMPLT,PLOTE,ENDCRD
  LOGICAL          ENDJOB,      PLOTE,ENDCRD
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA,AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
&               MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT,AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
&               DAXIT,SCALEA,YTE,CHOTST
  LOGICAL          AXI,AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
  REAL             MACHA(1),MACHC,MACHO(1)
  EQUIVALENCE      (MACHO,MACHC),(PSO,PSC),(TSO,TSC),(PTO,PTC),
&               (TTO,TTT),(AXI,AXIC),(RG,RGC),(GAM,GAMC)
COMMON /BENDIN/ NBCIN(2),ACF(2)
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CCRX / CRXSL,CRXOL,CMXSS,CRXE,CRXC,DCRX
  DIMENSION       CRX(6)
  EQUIVALENCE      (CRX,CRXSL)
COMMON /CEND / TBLND(2)
COMMON /CGRAY / CG
COMMON /CIADIN/ RHOBAS,RHOAMP,IADM
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR,RDUM,NINNER(16),CNVF(16)
COMMON /CISBOT/ FARFLD(2),FREE(2),PRES(2),PSPISV,NZP,
&               ZP(10),PSP(10),NZP1
  DIMENSION       PPS(10)
  EQUIVALENCE      (PPS,PSP)
  INTEGER          FARFLD,FREE,PRES,PSPISV
COMMON /CIVP / IVP,VPDUM,NRF(2),INR(2),XIVP(2)
COMMON /CLWOSV/ LWOSV
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,TL
  LOGICAL          GREFIN
  EQUIVALENCE      (MAXREF,MAXIT)
COMMON /CNTR / KS,STA(6),INSERT
COMMON /CPLOT1/ PLOT,SAMEXY,XSCALE(4),YSCALE(4),XORG,YORG,SX,SY
  LOGICAL          PLOT,SAMEXY
  EQUIVALENCE      (IPLOT,PLOT)
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDD(6),PDUM(20)
  EQUIVALENCE      (PRTES2,PDD)
COMMON /CPRPRN/ PRPRN
  INTEGER          PRPRN
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,FBASTG
  LOGICAL          VELPOT
COMMON /CREFIN/ DREFIN,SG21,VRG1,VMG2,NGR,NGZ,SGR(10),GR(10),
&               SGZ(10),GZ(10)
COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1,
&               DSS(2),RHOW,RHOWSS,TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS
  INTEGER          SSFML
  LOGICAL          SSEF,      SSDF
COMMON /CTAPOS/ RESTRT,STCFIL
  LOGICAL          RESTRT,STCFIL
COMMON /CTE / TOLWF,TOLWFO,YEXI2,TWF,TERWF,JRET
COMMON /CTHICK/ NTHKX,NTHKY,THKX(25),THKY(25),THIK2D(250)
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL,MAXSWP,CLEN,DTOLR1,TOLES2,NSWP,
&               DS1DMP,DS1DP1,DTOLR2(4),SG1REF,TOLINR
COMMON /FILES / ORGF,UPDF,NEWF,8CRF
  INTEGER          ORGF,UPDF,NEWF,8CRF
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE,LBDO,LBDE,LTO,LTE,LWO,LWE,LFO,LFB,
&               LO,LEST,LSD,LSL,LDO,LDE,LDUM(4),
&               MO,NM,NJ,NFCOLS,MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

```



```

8      LEO,LEE,LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LH0)
      COMMON /KEYS / KEYA(10),KEYB(10)
      COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN
      COMMON /SPACER/ MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW
      COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
      LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

```

```

      COMMON /CHDATA/ TABLES(2046)
      COMMON /CB / B(768)
      COMMON /CM / JMS(768)
      COMMON /CR / RF(768)
      COMMON /CS1 / S1(768)
      COMMON /CS2 / S2(768)
      COMMON /CVM / VMF(768)
      COMMON /CZ / ZF(768)

```

```

      LOGICAL FIRST

```

```

      DATA KA/1HA/, KBDY/3HBDY/, KCHN/3HCHN/, KSTA/3HSTA/
      DATA FIRST/T/
      COMMON / CNORM / RHL,RM,AHL,ANM
      COMMON /TAPES / NTAPO,NTAPN

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```

      COMMON /BLBDY / BLB(60)
      DIMENSION IBLB(60)
      EQUIVALENCE (IBLB,BLB)
      INTEGER BNAM
      COMMON /VISCOS/ TREF,MUREF,SCON
      REAL MUREF
      COMMON /REBL / RESTBL
      LOGICAL RESTBL

```

```

C      STCFIL= T IF A STC-SUBFILE EXISTS ON TAPE=ORGF.

```

```

      NAMELIST /A/ IDENT,
8      MACHO,PSO,TSO,PTO,TT0,AXI,RG,GAM,SCALE,TYE,CHOTST,
8      NBCIN,ACF, CRXSL,CRXOL,CRXSS,CRXE,CRXC,CRX,
8      CG, RHOBAS,RHOAMP,IADM, INRCYR,NINNER,CNVF,
8      FARFLD,FREE,PRES,PSPISV,NZP,ZP,PSP,PPS,NZP1,
8      NRF,INR,XIV,MXLRLX,
8      MAXREF,MAXIT,NREFIN,TL, RN, PLOT,IPL0T,SAMEXY,XSCALE,YSCALE,
8      PRTES2,PDD,RDUM,
8      PRPRN, VELROT,ICOB,NODENS,FBASTG,
8      SG21,VMG1,VMG2,NGR,NGZ,SGR,GR,SGZ,GZ,
8      SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1,
8      RHOW,RHOWSS,TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS,
8      TOLWF,NTHKX,NTHKY,THKX,THKY,THK2D,
8      TOLRL,MAXSWP,TOLES2,DS1DMP,DS1DP1,SG1REF,TOLINR,
8      MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW,
8      LIMITS,TABLES, B,JMS,RF,S1,S2,VMF,ZF, W,X2,SLCHN
8      ,TREF,MUREF,SCON,RHL,RM,INPBLR

```

```

C** INITIALIZE AND READ OVERALL (A) INPUT DATA
      IF(.NOT.FIRST .AND. (K5.NE.KA .OR. ENDCRD)) GO TO 200
      IF(FIRST .AND. K5.EQ.KA) GO TO 100
      WRITE (6,1000)
      ERR = .TRUE.
      PROGSV= 0.
      GO TO 200

```

```

100 PROGSV= 0;
ENDBDT= .FALSE;
INPBLR= 0
FIRST = .FALSE;
LINES = 64
NREFIN= 0
NTHKX = 0
RESTR= ,TRUE;
STCFIL= .FALSE;
CALL SETM(1,BITS, MACHO,8)

C DETERMINE FIELD ARRAY SIZE
MAXLE = LOC2(TABLES,TBLEND)
MAXNM = LOC2(RF,ZF)

C READ INPUT FILE
120 IF(.NOT.FILIN) GO TO 130
REWIND NTAPO
READ (NTAPO) STCFIL,(LIMITS(I),I=1,24)
LWOSV = LWO
IF(STCFIL) GO TO 125
ENDBDT= .TRUE;
WRITE (6,1120)
GO TO 130

125 READ (NTAPO) ((IDENT(I),I=1,6),AXI,RG,GAM,MACHO,PSO,TSO,PTO,TT0,
1 PRPRN,TTT,CHOTST,MAXIT,MAJCTR,(NINNER(I),I=1,16), VELPOT,ICOB,
& NODENS,RN,NGR,NGZ,(SGR(I),I=1,40),VMG1,VMG2,INRCTR,DREFIN,SG21,
3 NBCIN(1),NBCIN(2),ACF(1),ACF(2), SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,
& SSFND1,(DSS(I),I=1,5),(FARFLD(I),I=1,8),
* RHOC,RHOCSS,RHL,RM,
* TREF,MUREF,SCOV,(BLB(I),I=1,60),
5 (ZP(I),I=1,28),(TABLES(I),I=1,LESTA),(B(I),I=1,NM),(JMS(I),
6 I=1,NM),(S1(I),I=1,NM),(S2(I),I=1,NM),(ZF(I),I=1,NM),(RF(I),
7 I=1,NM),(VME(I),I=1,NM),(W(I),I=1,NJ),(X2(I),I=1,NJ),
& (SLCHN(I),I=1,NJ),TOLRL,MAXSWP,TOLES2,TOLINR,DS1DMP,DS1DP1,
& (DTOLR2(I),I=1,4),SG1REF,
& (CRX(I),I=1,6), RHOBAS,RHOAMP,IADM,NTHKX,NTHKY,
& (THKX(I),I=1,300),TOLWF)

C CHECK TO SEE IF STC-A INPUT DATA EXCEEDED DIMENSIONS
IF(NM.GT.LOC2(RF,ZF),OR,LESTA.GT.LOC2(TABLES,TBLEND)) ERR=.TRUE;
IF(LDE.NE.0) RESTBL=.TRUE;

C READ CARD INPUT
130 READ (5,A)
DO 135 I=1,8
135 IF(MACHO(I).NE.BITS) MACHA(I)=MACHO(I)

C DEFINE THE CHARACTERISTIC LENGTH, CLEN
142 CLEN = SGR(1)
IF(NGR.LE.1) GO TO 146
DO 144 I=2,NGR
144 CLEN = CLEN*SGR(I)
146 IF(NGZ.LE.0) GO TO 149
DO 148 I=1,NGZ
148 CLEN = CLEN*SGZ(I)
149 CLEN = CLEN/FLOAT(NGR+NGZ)
IF(SG1REF.EQ.0.) SG1REF=10.*CLEN

IF(INPBLR.EQ.0) GO TO 155

```

```

C   READ BL INPUT CARDS(FIXED) FORMAT
    DO 155 I=1,INPBLR
      READ (5,156) BNAM,CAPX1
156  FORMAT (1X,A10,F10,6)
C   SEARCH BL TABLE FOR ENTRY
      IBL = 2
157  IBL = IBL+5
      IF (IBLB(IBL).EQ.BNAM) GO TO 158
      IF (IBLB(IBL).EQ.1BITS .OR. IBL.GE.58 ) GO TO 155
      GO TO 157
158  IBLB(IBL+1) = 1
      BLB(IBL+2) = CAPX1
155  CONTINUE

C   SET UP INDEX-ORIGIN TABLE IF THERE IS NO STC-TAPE INPUT
C   ORDER OF TABLES IN BLOCK COMMON
C   LH   /CHDATA/
C   LB   /BDYTAB/
C   LT   /CONVTB/
C   LW   /WAKETB/
C   LF   /CADJWF/
C   L    /STATAB/
      IF (STCFIL) RETURN
      RESTR = .FALSE.
      LBDO = LHO+MAXLH
      LBDE = LBDO
      RETURN
C   (OTHER INDEX LIMITS ARE SET IN SUBROUTINE BLDTBS)

C   READ BOUNDARY DATA
200  CALL RBD
      IF (ENDCRD) GO TO 700
      IF (K5.EQ.KBDY) RETURN

C   READ CHANNEL DATA
300  IF (K5.NE.KCHN) GO TO 400
C   IF RESTR, UNPACK TABLES TO MAKE ROOM FOR NEW CHDATA AND CONVTB,
      IF (.NOT.RESTR .OR. LBDO.GT.(LHE+1)) GO TO 350
      MOVE1 = LOC2(TABLES,S1)-LESTA
      MOVE2 = MOVE1/2
      LWTO = LWO+MOVE1
      LBTO = LBDO+MOVE2
      CALL MOVE(2, TABLES(LWO),TABLES(LWTO),LWO,LESTA-1,1,
1      TABLES(LBDO),TABLES(LBTO),LBDO,LTE-1,1)
      LBDO = LBDO+MOVE2
      LTE = LTE+MOVE2
      LBDE = LBDE+MOVE2
      LTO = LTO+MOVE2
      LWO = LWO+MOVE1
350  CALL RCD
      RETURN

400  WRITE(6,1690) K5
      ERRMAJ = .TRUE.
      RETURN

C   CONSTRUCT LETEPT, ORTCHN, CONVTB, SLTAB, STATAB AND THE FIELD TABLE
700  IF (ERRMAJ .OR. LBDE.EQ.LBDO) ERR=.TRUE.
900  RETURN
1000 FORMAT(/1X73#ERROR- THE K5=A INPUT DATA DOES NOT IMMEDIATELY FOLLO
      *W THE PROG#BTC CARD)

```

1120 FORMAT(//1X43H\*\*\* NO STC DATA FOUND ON THE INPUT TAPE.//)  
1136 FORMAT(/29H \*\*\* NZP EXCEEDS DIM OF (10))  
1690 FORMAT(//1X44H\*\* PLEASE CHECK THE INPUT VALUE OF K5 (K5=A6Z18H);  
\* IT MUST BE ONE/6X37HOF THE FOLLOWING\* A: BDY, CHN, STA.//)  
END

```

*DECK BUILDT
OVERLAY(STC,1,2)
PROGRAM BUILDT
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
LOGICAL GREFIN
COMMON /CPRINT/ PRTES2,PRTB,PRTA,PREFIN,PREFN2,SSONIC,PDUM(20)
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
COMMON /SELECT/ LENTRY

```

```

      GO TO (5,10,15) , LENTRY
5  CALL BLDTAB
   GO TO 20
10 CALL BPSORT
   MAJCTR= 0
C  INSERT SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYPES IN THE STATION TABLE
15 CALL ISBOT
   IF(ERR) CALL ERROR1
   IF(PDUM(10).NE.0.) CALL EDUMP
20 RETURN
   END

```

```

*DECK BLDTAB
SUBROUTINE BLDTAB
*BLDTAB COALLATE BDY-TABLE; BUILD LE-TE PT TABLE *BLDTAB*

C INPUT-
C BOUNDARY TABLE, /BDYTAB/
C CHANNEL INPUT DATE, /CHDATA/

C OUTPUT-
C CONDENSED BOUNDARY TABLE, /BDYTAB/
C ORDERED EDGE POINTS, /LETEPT/

C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX= LB=LBD0, LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L,E; POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
C LOGICAL UP
C INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME
C DIMENSION BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
C EQUIVALENCE (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)

C COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,PGA,GAMA,
1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,PGC,GAMC,
2 DAXIT,SCALEA,YTE,CHOTST
C REAL MACHA(1),MACHE
C LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBD0,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
C DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
C EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
C TABLE OF LEADING EDGE AND TRAILING EDGE POINTS
C INDEX= LE=LEO,LEE,10
C NLE,NTE=NO. OF L,E, AND T,E; COINCIDENT PTS, RESPECTIVELY
C CHL,CHU=NAME OF CHANNEL ABOVE AND BELOW PT, RESPECTIVELY
C BDL,BDU=BOUNDARY NAMES ASSOCIATED WITH THE POINTS
C NUSED = COUNT OF TIMES THAT POINT USED IN CONSTRUCTION OF /ORTCHN/
COMMON /LETEPT/ XE(1),YE(1),ANGE(1),NLE(1),NTE(1),
1 CHL(1),CHU(1),BDL(1),BDU(1),NUSED(491)
C INTEGER CHL,CHU,BDL,BDU

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,IBLANK
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PI02,PI04,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /ERASE / XX(1),YY,ANGG,NL,NT,CNL,CNU,BNL,BNU,NZERO
C DIMENSION IXX(10)
C EQUIVALENCE (IXX,XX)
C INTEGER GNL,CNU,BNL,BNU
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
C LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

C INTEGER BD1,BD2,BNAME2,CHN,HLOWER,HUPPER,UPPER
C LOGICAL WALL

```

DATA HLOWER,HUPPER/5HLOWER,5HUPPER/

C RELOCATE BDY-TABLE DOWN AND ADJACENT TO CHDATA-TABLE

NMOVE = LBDE-LBDO+1

CALL MOVE(1, BDT(LBDO),BDT(LHE+1),NMOVE,1)

LBDO = LHE+1

LBDE = LHE+NMOVE

C DEFINE DOUBLE POINT TOLERANCE, DPTOL

DPTOL = 1.E-5

C\*\* BOUNDARY TABLE SORT

C RELOCATE TOGETHER THE BOUNDARIES WHICH BELONG TO THE SAME WALL

LB1 = LBDO

305 LB2 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)

IF (LB2,GE,LBDE) GO TO 350

C COMPARE CHANNEL NAME AND UPPER(LOWER) WALL

310 IF(CHNAME(LB2),NE,CHNAME(LB1),OR, (UP(LB2),AND, .NOT,UP(LB1))

\* ,OR, (UP(LB1),AND, .NOT,UP(LB2)) ) GO TO 340

C DOES LB2 FOLLOW LB1, COMPARE THE Z,R VALUES OF THE END POINTS

L1 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)-9

IF (ABS(ZBT(LB2)-ZBT(L1)),LT,DPTOL ,AND,

1 ABS(RBT(LB2)-RBT(L1)),LT,DPTOL) GO TO 315

C DOES LB2 PRECEED LB1

L2 = LB2+LBNEXT(LB2)-9

IF (ABS(ZBT(L2)-ZBT(LB1)),GE,DPTOL ,OR,

1 ABS(RBT(L2)-RBT(LB1)),GE,DPTOL) GO TO 340

LI = LB1

GO TO 316

315 LI = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)

316 NB2 = LBNEXT(LB2)

LT = LI+NB2

L2 = LB2+NB2

L22 = L2+NB2

IF(LB2,EQ,LI) GO TO 340

CALL MOVE(3, BDT(LI),BDT(LT),LI-1-LBDE,1,

1 BDT(L2),BDT(LI),NB2,1,

2 BDT(L22),BDT(L2),LBDE-L2+1,1)

IF(LI,EQ,LB1) GO TO 305

340 LB2 = LB2+LBNEXT(LB2)

IF(LB2,LT,LBDE) GO TO 310

LB1 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)

GO TO 305

C\*\* COALLATE THE BOUNDARIES ALONG ONE WALL INTO ONE CONTOUR

350 LB1 = LBDO

355 NCOAL = 0

CHN = CHNAME(LB1)

WALL = UP(LB1)

360 LB2 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)

IF(LB2,GE,LBDE ,OR, BDT(LB2),EQ,IBLANK) GO TO 400

C IS THIS BOUNDARY CONTINUED

IF(CHNAME(LB2),NE,CHN ,OR, (UP(LB2),AND, .NOT,WALL) ,OR,

\* (WALL ,AND, .NOT,UP(LB2)) ) GO TO 380

L1 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)-9

L2 = LB2+LBZ1(LB2)

IF (ABS(ZBT(LB2)-ZBT(L1)),LT,DPTOL ,AND,

1 ABS(RBT(LB2)-RBT(L1)),LT,DPTOL) GO TO 365

C ERROR= BOUNDARY TABLE NOT CONTINUOUS

IUP=HLOWER

```

      IF( UP(LB1) ) IUP=UPPER
      WRITE(6,1365) IUP,CHNAME(LB1),ZBT(L1),RBT(L1),ZBT(L2),
1      RBT(L2)
      CALL ERROR1

C      MOVE THE LB1 Z,R,ANG=DATA UP 6 SPACES IF THERE EXISTS
C      AN ANGLE DISCONTINUITY, 9 SPACES IF THERE DOES NOT,
C      (6 SPACES IS NOW ALWAYS USED SO THAT A PRIMARY ORTHOGONAL WILL BE
C      GENERATED AT BOUNDARY JUNCTIONS; 4/71)
365 LUP = 6
C      IF(ANGBT(L2)EQ,ANGBT(L1)) LUP=9
      LF = LB1+6+LBZ1(LB1)
      LT = LF+LUP
      NMOVE = -((LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)) - LF)
      BNAME2= BDT(LB2)
      LNEXT2= LBNEXT(LB2)
      LSTART= LBZ1(LB2)

      CALL MOVE(1, BDT(LF),BDT(LT),NMOVE,1)

      IF(NCOAL.NE.0) GO TO 370
      NCOAL = 1
      BDNAME(LB1)=BDT(LB1)
      LBA(LB1)=LBZ1(LB1)
      LBB(LB1)=LBA(LB1)-NMOVE-3

370 L1 = LB1+3*NCOAL
      BDNAME(L1)=BNAME2
      LBA(L1)=LBNEXT(LB1)
      LBB(L1)=LBA(L1) + (LNEXT2-(6+LSTART)) - 3
      N = NCOAL
      NCOAL = NCOAL+1

375 IF(N,LE.0) GO TO 377
      L1 = LB1+3*(N-1)
      LBA(L1)=LBA(L1)+LUP
      LBB(L1)=LBB(L1)+LUP
      N = N-1
      GO TO 375

377 LBNEXT(LB1)=LBNEXT(LB1)+LNEXT2
      LBZ1(LB1)=LBZ1(LB1)+LUP
      GO TO 360

C      ELIMINATE GAPS
380 IF(NCOAL.EQ.0) GO TO 390
      LDOWN = LBZ1(LB1) - 3*NCOAL
      IF(LDOWN.LE.0) GO TO 390
      LF = LB1+6+LBZ1(LB1)
      LT = LF-LDOWN
      NMOVE = LBDE-LF+1
      CALL MOVE(1, BDT(LF),BDT(LT),NMOVE,1)
      LBNEXT(LB1)=LBNEXT(LB1)-LDOWN
      LBZ1(LB1)=LBZ1(LB1)-LDOWN
      N = 1
385 L1 = LB1+3*(N-1)
      LBA(L1)=LBA(L1)-LDOWN
      LBB(L1)=LBB(L1)-LDOWN
      N = N+1
      IF(N,LE,NCOAL) GO TO 385
      LBDE = LBDE-LDOWN

```



```

C   INDEX TO THE NEXT LB1
390 LB1 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)
    IF(LB1.LT.LBDE) GO TO 355

*   INITIALIZE FAR FIELD INTERFACE BOUNDARY DATA IF REQ'D
400 CALL FFINIT

C**  BUILD LEADING EDGE/TRAILING EDGE POINT TABLE, /LETEPT/
    LEE = LEO=1
    LB = LBD0
405 L1 = LB+LBZ1(LB)
    LL = L1
    L2 = LB+LBNEXT(LB)-9
    GO TO 410

C   SEARCH FOR SHARP CORNERS
407 LL = LL+3
    IF(ABS(ZBT(LL)-ZBT(LL-3)).LT.DPTOL .AND.
1   ABS(RBT(LL)-RBT(LL-3)).LT.DPTOL) GO TO 408
    IF(LL.LT.L2) GO TO 407
    GO TO 410

C   SHARP CORNER
408 ZBT(LL)=ZBT(LL-3)
    RBT(LL)=RBT(LL-3)
    NZERO = 1
    NL = 0
    NY = 0
    ANGG = .5*(ANGBT(LL)+ANGBT(LL-3))
    GO TO 412
410 NZERO = 0
    ANGG = ANGBT(LL)
412 CALL SETM(1,IBLANK,CNL,4)
    XX = ZBT(LL)
    YY = RBT(LL)
    IF(UP(LB)) GO TO 415

C   LOWER BOUNDARY
    CNL = CHNAME(LB)
    BNL = BDT(LB)
    IF(LL.EQ.L1) GO TO 420
    IF(LL.EQ.L2) GO TO 425
    GO TO 435

C   UPPER BOUNDARY
415 CNU = CHNAME(LB)
    BNU = BDT(LB)
    ANGG = ANGG-PI
    IF(LL.EQ.L1) GO TO 425
    IF(LL.EQ.L2) GO TO 420
    GO TO 435

C   LEADING EDGE
420 NL = 1
    NY = 0
    GO TO 435

C   TRAILING EDGE
425 NT = 1
    NL = 0

C 435 CALL ESORTP

*ESORTP      PRELIMINARY EDGE POINT SORT
C   SUBROUTINE ESORT

```

•ESORT\*\*\*\*\*

```

C INPUT-
C XX(10)= DATA VECTOR TO BE INSERTED INTO ARRAY-XE
C XE = ARRAY OF VECTORS SORTED ACCORDING TO FIRST TWO ELEMENTS
C LEO,LEE=INDEX LIMITS OF THE XE-ARRAY

```

```

C OUTPUT-
C XE = REVISED ARRAY OF EDGE POINTS
C LEE = REVISED UPPER LIMIT OF XE-ARRAY

```

```

C SEARCH FOR ORDERED POSITION - J

```

```

435 CONTINUE
  J = 0
55 I = 1
60 LE = 10*J + I-1 + LEO
  IF(LE,GE,LEE) GO TO 80
  XD = XX(I),XE(LE)
  IF(ABS(XD),LE,(1.1*YTE)) XD=0
  IF(XD) 80,70,65
65 J = J+1
  GO TO 55
70 I = I+1
  IF(I,LE,2) GO TO 60

```

```

C THE NEW POINT IS COINCIDENT WITH POINT-J

```

```

  LE = 10*J + LEO
  ANGE(LE)=.5*(ANGE(LE)+ANGG)
  NLE(LE)=NLE(LE)+NL
  NTE(LE)=NTE(LE)+NT
  I = 6
72 LE = 10*J + I-1 + LEO
  IF(IXX(I),NE,IBLANK) XE(LE)=XX(I)
  I = I+1
  IF(I,LE,10) GO TO 72

```

```

C RETURN
GO TO 436

```

```

C RELOCATE AND INSERT THE NEW LINE IN LINE-J

```

```

80 LEF = 10*J + LEO
  LET = LEF+10
  CALL MOVE(2, XE(LEF),XE(LET),LEF-LEE+1,1,
1      XX,XE(LEF),10,1)
  LEE = LEE+10

```

```

C RETURN
C END

```

\*\*\*\*\*

```

436 IF(LL=L2) 407,440,407

```

```

C INCREMENT BOUNDARY TABLE INDEX

```

```

440 LB = LB+LBNEXT(LB)
  IF(LB,LT,LBDE) GO TO 405

```

```

C CHECK FOR A MINIMUM OF 4 POINTS IN THE LETEPT-TABLE
  IF((LEE-LEO+1),LT,40) CALL ERROR1

```

```

C# FINAL SORT OF /LETEPT/ BY AVERAGE FLOW ANGLE

```

```

  TANG = 92./90.*PIQ2
  LE1 = LEO
454 NCOUNT= (LEE-LE1)/10
455 LE2 = LE1
460 LE2 = LE2+10
  IF(LE2,GE,LEE) GO TO 470

```

```

C      IS PT2 IN FRONT OF PT1 (VECTOR PT1 TO PT2 GT 90 DEG FROM SL)
      ANGSL = .5*(ANGE(LE1)+ANGE(LE2))
      ANG12 = ATAN8(YE(LE2)-YE(LE1),XE(LE2)-XE(LE1),ANGSL)
      IF (ABS(ANG12-ANGSL),LE,TANG) GO TO 460

C      MOVE PT LE2 IN FRONT OF LE1
      LI = LE1
      LT = LI+10
      L2 = LE2+10
      L22 = L2+10
      CALL MOVE(3, XE(LI),XE(LT),LI-1,LEE,1,
1          XE(L2),XE(LI),10,1,
2          XE(L22),XE(L2),LEE=L2+1,1)
      NCOUNT= NCOUNT+1
      IF (NCOUNT,GE,0) GO TO 455
      WRITE (6,1468)
      CALL ERROR1

C      INDEX LE1
470 LE1 = LE1+10
      IF (LE1,LT,LEE) GO TO 454

C*     COMBINE UPPER AND LOWER CONTOURS CONNECTED BY L,E, IN THE BDY=TABLE
C      LB1 AND LB2 ARE INDICIES OF THE TWO CONTOURS
C      (LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE)
C      LUP = ADDITIONAL SPACE REQD FOR SUBTABLE OF INCLUDED BOUNDARIES
      LE = LEQ
472 IF (NLE(LE),NE,2) GO TO 496
      BD1 = BDU(LE)
      BD2 = BDL(LE)
      LB1 = LBF(BD1)
      LB2 = LBF(BD2)

C      CHECK L,E, ANGLE DISCREPANCY
      LB = LB2+LBZ1(LB2)
      ANG2 = ANGBT(LB)*TODEG
      NBD2 = BDT(LB2)
      LB = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)-9
      ANG1 = ANGBT(LB)*TODEG
      NBD1 = BDT(LB1)
      IF (ABS(ANG2-ANG1),LT,.1) GO TO 474
      ANGDAV = .5*(ANG1+ANG2)
      WRITE (6,1478) ZBT(LB),RBT(LB),NBD1,NBD2,ANG1,ANG2,ANGDAV
1473 FORMAT (/52H *** ERROR = THE BOUNDARY ANGLES AT L,E, POINT Z =,
1          F10.5,4H R =,F10.5//14X,17HARE NOT THE SAME,
2          33H THE AVERAGE VALUE WILL BE USED://21X,7HBDY = ,A6,6X,
3          7HBDY = ,A6/21X,5HANGD=,F8,3,6X,5HANGD=,F8,3//29X,
4          8HAVG-ANG=,F8,3)
      ANGBT(LB)=ANGDAV*TORAD

C      MAKE ROOM FOR SUBTABLE OF INCLUDED BOUNDARIES
474 LUP = MAX0(3,LBZ1(LB1)) + MAX0(3,LBZ1(LB2)) = LBZ1(LB1)
      LB = LB1+LBZ1(LB1)
      LT = LB+LUP
      CALL MOVE(1, ZBT(LB),ZBT(LT),LB+5-LBDE,1)
      LBDE = LBDE+LUP
      IF (LB2,GE,LB1) LB2=LB2+LUP

C      INCLUDED BOUNDARIES IN COUNTOUR LB1
      IF (LBZ1(LB1),NE,0) GO TO 475

```

```

      BDNAM(LB)=BDT(LB)
      LBA(LB)=LUP
      LBB(LB)=LBA(LB)+LBNEXT(LB)-9
      LB = LB+3
      GO TO 480
475  LBN1 = LB1
476  LBA(LBN1)=LBA(LBN1)+LUP
      LBB(LBN1)=LBB(LBN1)+LUP
      LBN1 = LBN1+3
      IF(LBN1,LT,LB) GO TO 476

C      UPPER SURFACE CHANNEL NAME IS STORED ON TOP OF #UP#
C      LEDEX = INDEX OF LEADING EDGE PT ON THE CONTOUR
480  CHNAME(LB1+1)=CHNAME(LB2)
      LEDEX(LB1)=LBB(LB-3)

C      INCLUDED BOUNDARIES IN CONTOUR LB2
      IF(LBZ1(LB2),NE,0) GO TO 485
      BDNAM(LB)=BDT(LB2)
      LBA(LB)=LBB(LB-3)
      LBB(LB)=LBA(LB)+LBNEXT(LB2)-9
      GO TO 490

C      RELOCATE INDEX LIMITS OF UPPER BOUNDARIES
485  LBN2 = LB2
      LBDIF = LBB(LB-3)-LBA(LB2)
486  BDNAM(LB)=BDNAM(LBN2)
      LBA(LB)=LBA(LBN2)+LBDIF
      LBB(LB)=LBB(LBN2)+LBDIF
      LB = LB+3
      LBN2 = LBN2+3
      IF(LBN2,LT,(LB2+LBZ1(LB2))) GO TO 486

C      RELOCATE LB2*COORDINATES INTO LB1-CONTOUR, NB2=NUMBER OF DATA
C      POINTS TO BE MOVED,
490  NB2 = LBNEXT(LB2)-LBZ1(LB2)-9
      L1 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)+LUP
      LT = L1+NB2
      L2 = LB2+LBZ1(LB2)+9
      L22 = LB2+LBNEXT(LB2)
      IF(LB2,LT,LB1) GO TO 494
      LB2 = LB2+NB2
      L2 = L2+NB2
      L22 = L22+NB2
494  LBZ1(LB1)=LBZ1(LB1)+LUP
      LBNEXT(LB1)=LBNEXT(LB1)+LUP+NB2
      CALL MOVE(3, BDT(L1),BDT(LT),L1-1-LBDE,1,
1         BDT(L2),BDT(L1),NB2,1,
2         BDT(L22),BDT(LB2),LBDE+NB2+1-L22,1)
      LBDE = LBDE+NB2-(L22-LB2)

      DO 495 LEX=LEO,LEE,10
495  IF(BDL(LEX),EQ,BD2) BDL(LEX)=BD1
496  LE = LE+10
      IF(LE,LT,LEE) GO TO 472

```

RETURN

1468 FORMAT(/1X70#ERROR= THE L,E, Y,E, AND BOUNDARY POINTS CAN NOT BE  
 \*ORDERED ACCORDING/8X64HTO ORTHOGONAL NUMBER. PLEASE CHECK S,L, AN  
 \*GLES IN TABLE=LETEPT,)  
 1365 FORMAT(///1X8H\*\* THE3X,A6,1X25HBOUNDARY CONTOUR FOR CHN=A6,1X17H

\*IS NOT CONTINUOUS/6X9HAT POINTSF11,5,1H,F10'5,1X3HANDF11,5,1H,F10,  
\*5;1H,/6X59HTHE FOLLOWING TABLE CONTAINS THE BOUNDARY COORDINATE IN  
\*PUT;)  
END

\*DECK BPSORT  
 SUBROUTINE BRSORT  
 \*BPSORT BOUNDARY POINT SORT

\*BPSORT\*

```

C      STATION TABLE
C      INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C      SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C      MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C      MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
C      COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1      TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1      TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
8      VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSW(1),MCL(1),
8      ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
8      ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
      INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

C      FIELD TABLES
C      INDEX= M=MO,NM
C      COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
C      COMMON /CR / R(300)
C      COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
C      COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
C      COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
C      COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
C      COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)

      COMMON /CB / B(300)
      COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
      COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*      LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*      MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*      LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
      COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN
      COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
      LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

C      BEGIN LOOP THROUGH STATION TABLE
      L1 = LO

C      LOWER BOUNDARY
60 L2 = L1+LNEXT(L1)
65 IF(L2.GE.LESTA) GO TO 100
   IF(NAMELB(L1).EQ.NAMELB(L2)) GO TO 70
   L2 = L2+LNEXT(L2)
   GO TO 65

C      NAME AGREEMENT
70 IF(FLOAT(ILB(L2))+FLB(L2) = FLOAT(ILB(L1))+FLB(L1)) 80,85,100

C      SWITCH POINTS
80 M1 = MLB(L1)
   M2 = MLB(L2)
   ISV = ILB(L1)
   FSV = FLB(L1)
   SSV = S1LB(L1)
   RSV = R(M1)
   ZSV = Z(M1)
   ILB(L1)=ILB(L2)

```

```

FLB(L1)=FLB(L2)
S1LB(L1)=S1LB(L2)
R(M1) = R(M2)
Z(M1) = Z(M2)
ILB(L2)=ISV
FLB(L2)=FSV
S1LB(L2)=SSV
R(M2) = RSV
Z(M2) = ZSV
GO TO 100

```

C COINCIDENT ORTHOGONALS

```

85 M1 = MLB(L1)
NAMBDY= NAMEUB(L1)
GO TO 187

```

C UPPER BOUNDARY

```

100 L2 = L1+LNEXT(L1)
165 IF(L2.GE.LESTA) GO TO 190
IF(NAMEUB(L2).EQ.NAMEUB(L1)) GO TO 170
L2 = L2+LNEXT(L2)
GO TO 165

```

C NAME AGREEMENT

```

170 IF(FLOAT(IUB(L1))+FUB(L1) = FLOAT(IUB(L2))+FUB(L2)) 180,185,190

```

C SWITCH POINTS

```

180 M1 = MUB(L1)
M2 = MUB(L2)
ISV = IUB(L1)
FSV = FUB(L1)
SSV = S1UB(L1)
RSV = R(M1)
ZSV = Z(M1)
IUB(L1)=IUB(L2)
FUB(L1)=FUB(L2)
S1UB(L1)=S1UB(L2)
R(M1) = R(M2)
Z(M1) = Z(M2)
IUB(L2)=ISV
FUB(L2)=FSV
S1UB(L2)=SSV
R(M2) = RSV
Z(M2) = ZSV
GO TO 190

```

C COINCIDENT ORTHOGONALS

```

185 M1 = MUB(L1)
NAMBDY= NAMEUB(L1)
187 ERR = .TRUE.
WRITE (6,1187) Z(M1),R(M1),NAMBDY

```

C INDEX L1

```

190 L1 = L1+LNEXT(L1)
IF(L1.LT.LESTA) GO TO 60
RETURN

```

```

1187 FORMAT(45H *** ERROR = COINCIDENT ORTHOGONALS AT POINT,2F10.5,11H
* ALONG BDY*,A6)
END

```

```

•DECK FFINIT
  SUBROUTINE FFINIT
•FFINIT      INITIALIZATION OF FAR FIELD CALC      •FFINIT•

  COMMON /CISBOT/ FARFLD(2),FREE(2),PRES(2),RFF,NZP,
1             ZP(10),PPS(10), A1,A2,ADUM(6)
    INTEGER   FARFLD,FREE,PRES

  RETURN
  END

```



```

*DECK FRFDNZ
SUBROUTINE FRFDNZ
CFRFDNZ      GENERATE ZDN, ZIJ MATRIX FOR FAR-FIELD BC;      =FRFDNZ-
C
C   STATION TABLE
C   INDEX- L=LO,LESTA
C   SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C   MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C   MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
C   COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),HLB(1),HUB(1),PRIM(1),
1   TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1   TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
2   VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
2   ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
2   ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
      INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)
C
C   COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,PGA,GAMA,
1   MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,PGC,GAMC,
2   DAXIT,SCALEA,YTE,CHOTST
      REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
      LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC
      LOGICAL CHOTST
      COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*   LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*   MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLB, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*   LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
      COMMON /ERASE2/ WSTA(100),DISP(100),WAKE(100),TT(100),PT(100),
*   LAM(100),RGX(100),C2CPX(100),DUM(534),
*   IN1(25),IN2(25,2),
*   NINT,M(21),EE(21),KK(21),XINT(21),
*   YINT(21),IZ(21)
      REAL M, KK
      DIMENSION XIJ(25,25),YIJ(25,25)
      EQUIVALENCE (WSTA,XIJ),(C2CPX,YIJ)
      COMMON /ERASE/ UNIT(25,25)
      COMMON /CPI / PI,DUMPI(5)
      COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
      COMMON /CFRFLD/ NFF,MAXFF,ZFF(64),RFF(64),
*   ZDN(25),DRDN(25),UDN(25),ZIJ(25,25)
      DIMENSION FGRX(100)
      EQUIVALENCE (FGRX,ZIJ)
      COMMON /CFRFIN/ ATINF,MINF,RFFREF,UINF,ZDN1,ZDN25
      REAL MINF
      COMMON /CPRINT/ PDUM(26)
      COMMON /CISBOT/ DUMIS(30),ADUM(6)
      COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,CPTDUM
      COMMON /CR / R(300)
      EQUIVALENCE (R1,RFFREF),(R25,ADUM(2))
      LOGICAL DSIZE
      REAL M1,M2,M3,M4
      DATA AK1,AK2,AK3,AK4,AK5/
*   1,3862944,096663443,035900924,037425637,0145119621/
      DATA BK1,BK2,BK3,BK4,BK5/
*   .5,12498594,06880249,03328355,00441787/
      DATA AE1,AE2,AE3,AE4/
*   .44325141,06260601,04757384,01736506/
      DATA BE1,BE2,BE3,BE4/

```

```

C*      .249983687,0920018,,04069698,005264496/
C
C      INPUT***
C      MINF      = FREE STREAM MACH NUMBER .
C      ZDN1,ZDN25= STREAMWISE LIMITS OF FAR FIELD :
C      RFFREF     = NOMINAL RADIUS OF FAR FIELD :
C      OUTPUT***
C      ZDN(1:25) = STREAMWISE CO-ORDINATES FOR DN- FAR FIELD SOLUTION
C      ZIJ(25:25)= Z MATRIX = (INVERSE OF YIJ)*XIJ-
C      EXTENSION  FRACTION TO FF= ADUM(1)

      BETA = SQRT(1.-MINF**2)
      OBETA = 1./BETA
C      INITIALIZE DZ, ZDN TABLE
C      TRANSFORM TO INCOMPRESSIBLE PLANE
      NDENS= NODENS
      NODENS= 1
1    DZFF = ZDN25-ZDN1
      ZDN1 = ZDN1+ADUM(1)*DZFF
      ZDN25 = ZDN25+ADUM(1)*DZFF
      ZDN(1)= ZDN1*OBETA
      ZDN(25)= ZDN25*OBETA
      DZ = (ZDN(25)-ZDN(1))/24.
      DO 2 K=2,24
2    ZDN(K)= ZDN(K-1)+DZ
C      DETERMINE FF CROSS STREAM COORDINATE AT ZDN(25)
      L = LEST-19
      IF( LNEXT(L).NE.20 ) CALL ERROR1
      MA = MLB(L)
      MB = MUB(L)
      CALL TTPT(MA,MB,WSTA,DISP,WAKE,TT,PT,LAM,RGX,C2CPX,FGRX)
      NK = MB-MA+1
C      ASSUME ISENTROPIC PROCESS TO UNDISTURBED CONDITIONS AT ZDN(25)
      GM2 = .5*(GAMA-1.)
      GM1 = (GAMA-1.)/GAMA
      PSINF = PT(NK)/(1.+GM2*MINF**2)**(1./GM1)
      AREA = 0.
      K = 0
1111 K = K+1
      GMA = (1.+FGRX(K))/FGRX(K)
      GM1 = 1./(GMA*FGRX(K))
      TSQTT = (PSINF/PT(K))**GM1
      V2 = SQRT(C2CPX(K)*TT(K)*(1.-TSQTT))
      RH02 = PT(K)/(RGX(K)*TT(K)*TSQTT**FGRX(K)
      IF( K.GT.1 ) GO TO 1112
      WQAKM1= RH02*V2
      GO TO 1111
1112 WQA = RH02*V2
      AREA = AREA+2.*(WSTA(K)-WSTA(K-1))/(WQAKM1+WQA)
      WQAKM1= WQA
      IF( K.LT.NK ) GO TO 1111
      R25 = AREA*R(MA)
      IF( AXIA ) R25=SQRT(R(MA)**2+AREA/PI)
      IF( ,NOT,AXIA ) GO TO 94
      NINT = 11
C      INITIALIZE PARAMETERS FOR INTEGRATION
C      3 DZZ = DZ/FLOAT(NINT-1)
C      NOTE*** RADIAL CO-ORDINATE SCALED*****

```

```

DSING = 0.1*REFREF
DSIZE = .TRUE.
IF( DZZ.LE.DSING ) DSIZE=.FALSE.
FA = 4.*REFREF**2
IF( DSIZE ) DELZD=DZZ-DSING
DD = AMIN1( DZZ,DSING )
AL = ALOG( .125*DD )
SINGV = 2.*(-PI*DD*AL)=.125*DD**3*(1.+AL)

C      OUTER LOOP FOR CALC. OF XIJ,YIJ TABLES
      DO 90 I=1,25
C      INNER LOOP FOR CALC. OF XIJ,YIJ TABLES
      DO 89 J=1,25
C      SECTION TO BUILD TABLES FOR INTEGRATION
C      TABLES ARE BUILT IN 2 PASSES
      KGO = 1
      IF( I.EQ.J ) GO TO 10
      IF( J.EQ.1 ) KGO=2
      IF( J.EQ.25 ) KGO=3
      GO TO 12
10     KGO = 4
      IF( J.EQ.1 ) KGO=5
      IF( J.EQ.25 ) KGO=6
12     NIN = NINT
      IF( KGO.NE.1 .AND. KGO.NE.4 ) NIN=(NINT-1)/2+1
      NMID=0
      IF( KGO.EQ.4 ) NMID=(NINT-1)/2+1

C      INITIAL PASS TO BUILD TABLES

      K = 0
15     K = K+1
      K1 = K-1
      C = 1.
      GO TO (20,25,30,35,40) , KGO

C      NORMAL BRANCH--OR (J=25, I.NE.J )
20     IF( K.GT.1 ) GO TO 22
21     ZZ(K) = ZDN(J)=.5*DZ
      GO TO 23
22     ZZ(K) = ZZ(K1)+C*DZZ
23     M(K) = FA/(FA+(ZDN(I)-ZZ(K))**2)
      GO TO 50

C      ** (J=1, I.NE.J)
25     IF( K.GT.1 ) GO TO 22
      ZZ(K) = ZDN(1)
      GO TO 23

C      NORMAL SINGULARITY BRANCH
30     IF( K.EQ.1 ) GO TO 21
      IF( ZZ(K-1).NE.BITS ) GO TO 31
      K1 = K-2
      C = 2.
31     IF( K.NE.NMID ) GO TO 22
32     ZZ(K) = BITS
      M(K) = BITS
      GO TO 50

C      ** (I=J, J=1)
35     IF( K.GT.2 ) GO TO 22
      GO TO (32,36) , K
36     ZZ(K) = ZDN(J)+DZZ
      GO TO 23

```

```

C      ** (I=J, J=25)
40 IF( K.EQ.1 ) GO TO 21
   IF( K.EQ.NIN ) GO TO 32
   GO TO 22
50 IF( K.LT.NIN ) GO TO 15

C      FINAL PASS TO BUILD TABLES-- ADJUST FOR SINGULARITIES CLOSER
C      THAN DZZ

      IF( .NOT. DSIZE ) GO TO 70
      K      = 0
55 K      = K+1
      IF( ZZ(K).EQ.BITS ) GO TO 60
      GO TO (60,60,60,56,57,56) , KGO
56 ZZ(K-1) = ZZ(K-1)+DELZD
      M(K-1) = FA/(FA+(ZDN(1)-ZZ(K-1))*2)
      IF( KGO.EQ.6 ) GO TO 60
57 ZZ(K+1) = ZZ(K+1)+DELZD
      M(K+1) = FA/(FA+(ZDN(1)-ZZ(K+1))*2)
60 IF( K.LT.NIN ) GO TO 55

C      EVALUATE ELLIPTIC INTEGRALS (K(M),E(M))

70 DO 71 L=1,NIN
   IF( M(L).EQ.BITS ) GO TO 71
   M1 = 1.-M(L)
   IF( M1.EQ.1. .OR. M1.EQ.0. ) CALL ERROR1
   M2 = M1*M1
   M3 = M2*M1
   M4 = M2*M2
   TLOG = ALOG(1./M1)

C
C      EVALUATE KK
C
      KK(L) = AK1*AK2*M1+AK3*M2+AK4*M3+AK5*M4
      *      *(BK1+BK2*M1+BK3*M2+BK4*M3+BK5*M4) *TLOG

C
C      EVALUATE EE
C
      EE(L) = 1.+AE1*M1+AE2*M2+AE3*M3+AE4*M4
      *      *(BE1*M1+BE2*M2+BE3*M3+BE4*M4) *TLOG

C
71 CONTINUE

C      CALCULATE INTEGRANDS XINT,YINT

      DO 73 K=1,NIN
      IF( ZZ(K).EQ.BITS ) GO TO 73
      DEN = SORT(FA+(ZDN(1)-ZZ(K))*2)
      XINT(K) = -4.*RFFREF*EE(K)/(DEN*(ZDN(1)-ZZ(K)))
      YINT(K) = -2.*(KK(K)-EE(K))/DEN
73 CONTINUE

C      INTEGRATE

75 XIJI = 0.
   YIJI = 0.
   K      = 1
76 K      = K+1
   GO TO (77,77,77,78,78,78) , KGO
77 DZK    = ZZ(K)-ZZ(K-1)

```

```

TERMX = 0.5*(XINT(K)+XINT(K-1))
TERMY = 0.5*(YINT(K)+YINT(K-1))
XIJI = XIJI+TERMX*DZK
YIJI = YIJI+TERMY*DZK
GO TO 80

```

C

```

78 IF( (ZZ(K),NE,BITS) ,AND, (ZZ(K-1),NE,BITS) ) GO TO 77
IF( KGO,EQ,6 ) GO TO 80
IF( KGO,EQ,4 ) K=K+2
IF( KGO,EQ,5 ) K=K+1
GO TO 77

```

C

```

80 IF( K,LT,NIN ) GO TO 76
XIJI(I,J)= XIJI
IF( KGO,GT,3 ) YIJI=YIJI+SINGV
YIJI(I,J)= YIJI
89 CONTINUE
90 CONTINUE
IF( PDUM(26),EQ,0. ) GO TO 91
CALL TABPRT(3HXIJI,XIJI,625,10)
CALL TABPRT(3HYIJI,YIJI,625,10)
91 CONTINUE

```

C

DETERMINE INVERSE OF YIJ

```

CALL MATINV(YIJ,25,UNIT,0,DET,IN1,IN2,25,ISCALE)

```

```

DO 93 I=1,25
DO 93 J=1,25
ZIJ(I,J)= 0.
DO 92 K=1,25
92 ZIJ(I,J)= ZIJ(I,J)+XIJ(I,K)*UNIT(K,J)
93 CONTINUE

```

C

TRANSFORM BACK TO COMPRESSIBLE PLANE

```

GO TO 97
94 CALL SETM(1,0.,ZIJ,625)
DO 96 I=1,25
DO 95 J=1,25
IF( I,EQ,J ) GO TO 95
DXIJP = ZDN(I)-(ZDN(J)+.5*DZ)
DXIJM = ZDN(I)-(ZDN(J)-.5*DZ)
ZIJ(I,J)= -17/PI*ALOG(DXIJP/DXIJM)
95 CONTINUE
96 CONTINUE
97 CALL FMPYC(1,BETA,ZDN,ZDN,25)
CALL FMPYC(1,0BETA,ZIJ,ZIJ,625)
IF( PDUM(26),EQ,0. ) GO TO 200
CALL TABPRT(5HYIJ-1,UNIT,625,10)
CALL TABPRT(5HZIJ,ZIJ,625,10)
200 NODENS= NDENSV
WRITE (6,211) ZDN1,R1,ZDN25,R25
211 FORMAT(/,6X,29H*EXTENDED FAR FIELD BOUNDARY*,7X,2HZ=,F10,3,3X,
* 2HR=,F10,3/7X,2HZ=,F10,3,3X,2HR=,F10,3/)
RETURN
END

```

\*DECK ISBOT  
 SUBROUTINE ISBOT  
 \*ISBOT\* INSERT SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYPES

\*ISBOT\*

```

C COMB1
C STATAB, CHDATA, BDYTAB
C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WR1OUT)
C MCL = SHARR CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
8 VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
8 ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
8 ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV), (CRVLE,ANGTE), (ANGLE,PTTE)
      INTEGER RRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX= LB=LBD0,LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L;E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAM, LBA, LBB= NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
      DIMENSION BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
      LOGICAL UP
      INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAM
      DIMENSION BDNAM(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)

      DIMENSION CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(17)
      INTEGER CHNAM
      EQUIVALENCE (X1,BDT,CHNAM), (LNEXT,LBNEXT,LHNEXT), (MLB,LBZ1),
1 (MUB,CHNAME), (PRIM,UP), (TYPELB,LEDEX),
2 (NAMELB,ZBT,BDNAM), (ILB,RBT,LBA), (FLB,ANGBT,
3 LBB)

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBD0,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /CFRFIN/ ATINF,MINF,RFFREF,UINF,ZDN1,ZDN25
REAL MINF
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CISBOT/ FARFLD(2),FREE(2),PRES(2),RFF,NZP,
1 ZP(10),PPS(10), A1,A2,ADUM(6)
      INTEGER FARFLD,FREE,PRES
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
      LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

      LOGICAL ONCE,SETAG

```

```

DATA KLE/2HLE/, KTE/2HTE/, KFIELD/5HFIELD/
DATA KFAR/6HFARPLD/, KFREE/4HFREE/, KPRES/4HPRES/, KSOLID/5HSOLID/
DATA ONCE/,FALSE./

```

```

C CHECK FOR INCORRECT CHANNEL INPUT NAMES
  LH = LHO
  GO TO 43
C LOOP THROUGH BOUNDARY TABLE TO SEE IF CHNAM(LH) IS REFERENCED
32 LB = LBDO
35 IF(CHNAM(LH).EQ.CHNAME(LB) .OR. CHNAM(LH).EQ.CHNAME(LB+1))GO TO 40
  LB = LB+LBNEXT(LB)
  IF(LB.LT.LBDE) GO TO 35
C NO REFERENCE FOUND FOR CHNAM(LH)
  ERR = .TRUE.
  WRITE (6,1035) CHNAM(LH)
1035 FORMAT(57H *** ERROR = BOUNDARY INPUT DATA DOES NOT REFERENCE CHN
1*,A6)
C INDEX TO NEXT CHANNEL
40 LH = LH+LHNEXT(LH)
45 IF(LH.LT.LHE) GO TO 32

C LOOP THROUGH STATION TABLE TO INSERT SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYRES
  L = LO

C LOWER BOUNDARY
100 NAMB = NAMELB(L)
  KTYPE = TYPELB(L)
  ITVL = ILB(L)
  IRET = 0
  GO TO 500
150 TYPELB(L)=KTYPE
  IF(KTYPE.NE.KSOLID) NAMELB(L)=NAMB

C UPPER BOUNDARY
  NAMB = NAMEUB(L)
  KTYPE = TYPEUB(L)
  ITVL = IUB(L)
  IRET = 1
  GO TO 500
250 TYPEUB(L)=KTYPE
  IF(KTYPE.NE.KSOLID) NAMEUB(L)=NAMB

C INDEX TO NEXT STATION
  L = L+LNEXT(L)
  IF(L.LT.LESTA) GO TO 100
  RETURN

C** GENERAL LOGIC FOR EITHER UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C NAMB = BOUNDARY NAME
C KTYPE = BOUNDARY TYPE
500 IF(KTYPE.EQ.KLE .OR. KTYPE.EQ.KTE .OR. KTYPE.EQ.KFIELD)
  * GO TO 599

C CHECK BOUNDARY TABLE TO FIND SEGMENT NAME IF TYPE=SOLID.
  SETAG = .FALSE.
  LB = LBF(NAMB)
  NAMBD = NAMB
  IF(KTYPE.NE.KSOLID) GO TO 520
  LBXN = LBZ1(LB)
  IF(LBXN.EQ.0) GO TO 520

```

```

      LBX = LBZ1(LB)*3*ITVL-3
C      LBX = INDEX (RELATIVE TO SUBTABLE ORIGIN) OF THE
C      INTERVAL OF THE OL-BOUNDARY INTERSECTION POINT
      LB1 = LB
510 IF(LBA(LB1).LE.LBX .AND. LBB(LB1).GE.LBX) GO TO 515
      LB1 = LB1+3
      IF(LB1.LT.(LB+LBZ1(LB))) GO TO 510
      CALL ERROR1
C      CHECK FOR FIRST OF DOUBLE POINTS ON UPPER BOUNDARY
515 IF(IRET.EQ.0 .OR. LBX.NE.LBB(LB1) .OR. (LB1+3).GE.(LB+LBZ1(LB))
      * .OR. LBA(LB1+3).NE.(LBB(LB1)+3)) GO TO 518
C      CHANGE STATION-TABLE REFERENCE TO THE 2ND PT (1ST STREAMWISE PT)
      NAMBD = BDNAME(LB1)
      LB1 = LB1+3
      IUB(L)=IUB(L)+1
      SETAG = .TRUE.
518 NAMB = BDNAME(LB1)

C      DETERMINE IF GIVEN BOUNDARY NAME HAS BEEN SPECIFIED BY
C      USER INPUT AS A SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYPE
520 IF(NAMB.EQ.FARFLD(1) .OR. NAMB.EQ.FARFLD(2)) KTYPE=KFAR
      IF(NAMB.EQ.FREE(1) .OR. NAMB.EQ.FREE(2)) KTYPE=KFREE
      IF(NAMB.EQ.PRES(1) .OR. NAMB.EQ.PRES(2)) KTYPE=KPRES

C      SET ISTAG EQUAL TO ZERO AT THE SOLID/FREE BREAK POINT
      IF(.NOT.SETAG .OR. (NAMBD.NE.FREE(1) .AND. NAMBD.NE.FREE(2) .AND.
      * NAMBD.NE.PRES(1) .AND. NAMBD.NE.PRES(2))) GO TO 530
      M = MUB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      ISTAG = 0
      CALL SAVIX

C      FAR-FIELD BOUNDARY GEOMETRIC DATA
530 IF(KTYPE.NE.KFAR .OR. ONCE) GO TO 599
      LB1 = LB+LBZ1(LB)
      LB2 = LB+LBNEXT(LB)-9
      RFFREF = RBT(LB2)
      ZDN1 = ZBT(LB2)
      ZDN25 = ZBT(LB1)
      WRITE (6,1530) RFFREF,ZDN1,ZDN25,NAMB
1530 FORMAT(/,2X,41H THE FAR FIELD INTERFACE BOUNDARY IS AT R#,F9.3,
      *11H BETWEEN Z=,F9.3,4H AND,F9.3,1H,,8H (BDY=,A6,1H))

C      SET UP FAR FIELD SOLUTION MATRIX
      CALL FRFDN2
      ONCE = .TRUE.

C      RETURN
599 IF(IRET) 150,150,250
      END

```



```

DECK MATINV
SUBROUTINE MATINV(YIJ,N,UNIT,N,DET,IN1,IN2,ND,IF)
CMATINV DUMMY (CDC) MATINV SIMULATOR
DIMENSION YIJ(1),UNIT(1),IN1(1),IN2(1)
NN      = N*N
CALL SETM(1,0,UNIT,NN)
N1      = N+1
DO 1 L=1,NN,N1
1 UNIT(L)=1
CALL LRHDS1(YIJ,N,IN1,IN2,DET,IF,N)
IF( DET.EQ.0 ) CALL ERROR1
CALL DBSRT1(UNIT,N,IN1,IN2,YIJ,N,N)
2 RETURN
END

```

-MATINV-

```

*DECK DUP1
SUBROUTINE LFIT2D(X,Y,TO,NXY)
*LFIT2D      LINEAR SURFACE INTERPOLATION          *LFIT2D*
C           IN A RECTANGULAR GRID
           DIMENSION      X(2),Y(2),TO(2)

C  INPUT-
C  X,Y      = LIST OF COORDINATES AT WHICH INTERPOLATED VALUES ARE TO BE
C  NXY      = NO OF COORDINATE POINTS

C  NXT      = NUMBER OF XT
C  NYT      = NUMBER OF YT
C  XT       = X-GRID OF T-TABLE
C  YT       = Y-GRID OF T-TABLE
C  T        = TABLE OF VALUES
C  NOTE     = NUMBER OF T-VALUES IS NXT*NYT; ORDER IS ILLUSTRATED BELOW
C  YT(NYT)  * T(3)      T(6)      T(NXT*NYT)
C  YT(2)    * T(2)      T(5)      T(8)
C  YT(1)    * T(1)      T(4)      T(7)
C          -----
C          XT(1)      XT(2)      XT(NXT)

C  OUTPUT-
C  TO       = INTERPOLATED VALUES AT X,Y

COMMON /CTHICK/ NXT,NYT,XT(20),YT(20),T(78)
COMMON /ERASE / DUM(400),T1(200),T2(200)

C  FIND CORRECT X-INTERVAL
      I      = 1
      M      = 1
      ISV    = 0
100 NCOUNT = 0
105 IF(X(M).LT.XT(I)) GO TO 110
   IF(X(M).GT.XT(I+1)) GO TO 120
   F      = (X(M)-XT(I))/(XT(I+1)-XT(I))
   GO TO 150
110 IF(I.EQ.1) GO TO 140
   I      = I-1
   GO TO 125
120 IF((I+1).GE.NXT) GO TO 145
   I      = I+1
125 NCOUNT = NCOUNT+1
   IF(NCOUNT.GT.NXT) CALL ERROR1
   GO TO 105
140 F      = 0.
   GO TO 150
145 F      = 1.

C  INTERPOLATE WRT Y
150 IF(I.EQ.ISV) GO TO 160
   IJ2     = 1*NYT+1
   IJ1     = IJ2-NYT
   CALL LFIT1(YT,T(IJ1),NYT,Y,T1,NXY)
   CALL LFIT1(YT,T(IJ2),NYT,Y,T2,NXY)
   ISV     = I

C  INTERPOLATE WRT X
160 TO(M) = F*T2(M)+(1.-F)*T1(M)

      M      = M+1
      IF(M.LE.NXY) GO TO 100

```

```
C,... END LOOP FOR INTERPOLATIONG TO(M) AT X(M),Y(M),M=1,NXY  
RETURN  
END
```

```

*DECK DUP2
SUBROUTINE TTPT(MA,MB, WSTA,DISP,WAKE,TT,PT,LAM,RGX,C2CPX,FGRX)
*TTPT= TT, PT, AND RCU FOR STREAMLINES *TTPT*
      LOGICAL WAKE
      REAL LAM(25)
      DIMENSION WSTA(25),DISP(25),TT(25),PT(25),
1      RGX(25),C2CPX(25),FGRX(25)

C INPUT-
C MA = FIRST FIELD POINT
C MB = LAST FIELD POINT

C OUTPUT-
C WSTA = LIST OF STREAM FUNCTION VALUES
C DISP(K)=NON-ZERO FOR POSSIBLE SLIP CONDITION BETWEEN STREAMLINE
C K AND K+1, OTHERWISE DISP(K)=0.
C = DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS OF WAKE IF POSITIVE
C WAKE = .TRUE. IF THERE EXISTS ANY WAKE DISPLACEMENTS,
C TT = INTERPOLATED TOTAL TEMPERATURE
C PT = INTERPOLATED TOTAL PRESSURE
C LAMBDA= LAMINA THICKNESS IN THIRD DIMENSION, BLOCKAGE EFFECT
C RCU = INTERPOLATED ANGULAR MOMENTUM ***NOT NOW IN USE
C RGX = GAS CONSTANT
C C2CPX = SPECIFIC HEAT
C FGRX = 1./(GAM-1.)= FUNCTION OF GAMMA FOR CALCULATING DENSITY
C NOTE = LENGTH OF WSTA,TT,PT,RCU=LISTS IS MB-MA+1

C WAKETB, CONVTB, CADJWF
C TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES
C INDEX= LT=LTO,LTE
COMMON /CHDATA/ CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),
1 LRCU(1),
2 CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),
3 FGR(1),AREATB(485)
      INTEGER CH
      DIMENSION XCH(1)
      EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)
* SEE OTHER LISTING OF TTPT FOR EXPLANATION OF VARIABLES
C FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C INDEX= LF=LFO,LFE
      DIMENSION X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1 S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
      EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
      DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
C TABLE OF WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS
C INDEX= LW=LWO,LWE
      DIMENSION X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(47)
      DIMENSION DST(1)
      EQUIVALENCE (DST,S1W)
C SUBTABLE ARRANGEMENT IS=
C X2W,LWNEXT(2*2N), S1W(1),S1W(2),..,S1W(N), DST(1),DST(2),..,DST(N)
C X2W = STREAMLINE COORDINATE
C S1W = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE FROM T.E.
C DST = WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS AS A FUNCTION OF S1W
      EQUIVALENCE (CH,X1F,X2W), (LTNEXT,X2F,LWNEXT), (NPT,X1BF,S1W)
      EQUIVALENCE (LPSI,X1AF), (LTT,S1F), (LPT,NCHB), (LRCU,NCHA)
      EQUIVALENCE (CRG,JORDER), (CPGJ,VNR)
C
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

```

```

      *          LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION  LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
      COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN
      COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
      COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
      COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,CPTDUM
      COMMON /CR      / R(300)
      COMMON /CS1     / S1(300)
      COMMON /CTHICK/ NTHKX,NTHKY,THKX(20),THKY(20),THK2D(78)
      COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
      COMMON /ERASE   / PSI(800)

      INTEGER      CHX

C      INTERPOLATE FOR LAMINA THICKNESS
      NK = MB-MA+1
      CALL SETM(1,1,,LAM,NK)
      IF(NTHKX.LE.1) GO TO 100
      CALL LFIT2D(Z(MA),R(MA),LAM,NK)

C      INITIALIZE
      100 WAKE = .FALSE.

C      DEFINE NUMBER OF STREAMLINES, NK, ASSOCIATED WITH EACH CHANNEL
      K = 1
      M = MA
      WADD = 0.
105  NK = 0
      K1 = K
      M1 = M
110  CALL GETIX
      IF(M.NE.M1) GO TO 114
      CHX = SLCHN(J)
      PSI1 = X2(J)
114  IF(SLCHN(J).NE.CHX) GO TO 120
      NK = NK+1
      DISP(K)=0.
      WSTA(K)=W(J)*WADD
      PSI(NK)=X2(J)
      K = K+1
      M = M+1
      IF(M.LE.MB) GO TO 110

C      FIND INDEX IN CONVTB
120  LT = LTO
125  IF(LT.GT.LTE) CALL ERROR1
      IF(CH(LT).EQ.CHX) GO TO 130
      LT = LT+LTNEXT(LT)
      GO TO 125

C      INTERPOLATE FOR CONVECTED PROPERTIES
C      SCALE THE PSI TABLE TO CONFORM TO THE LPSI=TABLE IN /CONVTB/
130  NI = NPT(LT)
      I = LT+LPSI(LT)
      I2 = I+NI
      IF(K1.EQ.1 .AND. NK.EQ.1) PSI1=PSI1-8.
      PSI1 = 8.*AINT(PSI1/8.)
      F = XCH(I2-1)/8.
      DO 140 KN=1,NK

```

```

140 PSI(KN)=(PSI(KN)-PSI1)*F
    IT = LT+LTT(LT)
    IP = LT+LRT(LT)
    IS = LT+LRCU(LT)
    CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IT),NI, PSI,TT(K1),NK, 0)
    CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IP),NI, PSI,PT(K1),NK, 0)
C   CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IS),NI, PSI,RCU(K1),NK, 0)
    CALL SETM(1,CRG(LT),RGX(K1),NK)
    CALL SETM(1,C2CP(LT),C2CPX(K1),NK)
    CALL SETM(1,FGR(LT),FGRX(K1),NK)

C   WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS
C   SEARCH FOR X2-SUBTABLE
    IF(M.GT.MB) GO TO 200
    X2J = X2(J)
    DISP(K-1)=-1
    LW = LWO
155 IF(LW.GE.LWE) GO TO 190
    IF(X2W(LW).EQ.X2J) GO TO 170
    LW = LW+LWNEXT(LW)
    GO TO 155
C   FIND TRAILING EDGE S1 IN THE FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE, S1F
170 LF = LFO
175 IF(X2F(LF).EQ.X2J) GO TO 180
    LF = LF+NFCOLS
    IF(LF.LT.LFB) GO TO 175
    CALL ERROR1
C   INTERPOLATE FOR WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS, DSTAR
180 S1FTE=S1(M)-S1F(LF)
C   S1=FROM=T.E
    IF(S1FTE.LE.0.) GO TO 190
    N = (LWNEXT(LW)-2)/2
    LSTAR = LW+N
    CALL LSPFIT(S1W(LW),DST(LSTAR),N, S1FTE,DISP(K-1),1, 0)
    IF(DISP(K-1)) 184,184,186
184 DISP(K-1)=-1
    GO TO 190
186 WAKE = .TRUE;

C   LOOP FOR NEXT CHANNEL
190 WADD = WSTA(K-1)
    GO TO 105

C   USE CONSTANT DENSITY APPROXIMATION FOR MAJCTR,LE,NODENS
200 IF(MAJCTR,LE,NODENS) CALL SETH(1.0,,FGRX,K-1)
    RETURN
    END

```

```

*DECK BUILDS
  OVERLAY(STC,1,3)
  PROGRAM BUILDS

C
C  FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C  INDEX= LF=LFO,LFE
C  COMMON /CHDATA/ X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1    S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
    EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
    DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
    DIMENSION TABLES(10)
    EQUIVALENCE (TABLES(1),X1F(1))

C
    COMMON /CLWOSV/ LWOSV
    COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*    LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*    MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*    LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
    DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
    EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

    COMMON /SELECT/ LENTRY

    GO TO (5,10), LENTRY
5  CALL BLDTBS
    GO TO 20
C  REBUILD CONVECTED PROPERTIES TABLE AND REPACK IF RESTRT=T,
10 CALL RBCONV
    NMOVE1= LTE-LBDO+1
    LWTO = LHE+1+NMOVE1
    CALL MOVE(2, TABLES(LBDO),TABLES(LHE+1),NMOVE1,1,
1    TABLES(LWO),TABLES(LWTO),LESTA-LWOSV+1,1)
    MOVE1 = LHE+1-LBDO
    LBDO = LBDO+MOVE1
    LBDE = LBDE+MOVE1
    LTO = LTO+MOVE1
    LTE = LTE+MOVE1
    LWO = LWTO
    MOVE2 = LWO-LWOSV
    LWE = LWE+MOVE2
    LFO = LFO+MOVE2
    LFE = LFE+MOVE2
    LO = LO+MOVE2
    LESTA = LESTA+MOVE2

C  SET FLOW ADJUSTMENT ITERATION COUNTER TO ZERO
    LF = LFO
850 IF(LF.GE.LFE) GO TO 20
    VNR(LF)= 0;
    LF = LF+NFCOLS
    GO TO 850

20 RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK BCONV
      SUBROUTINE BCONV(CHTA,LTA,AREA)
*BCONV=      BUILD CONVECTED PROPERTIES TABLE
*BCONV=      INTEGER      CHTA

```

C INPUT-  
 C CHTA = CHANNEL NAME  
 C AREA = FLOW AREA IN CASE NO /CHDATA/ IS AVAILABLE  
 C DATA IN THE CHANNEL DATA TABLE: /CHDATA/

C OUTPUT-  
 C LTA = INDEX OF CHTA IN CONVTB  
 C SUBTABLE OF CONVECTED FLOW PROPERTIES  
 C DETERMINATION OF CHANNEL FLOW RATE

C OUTPUT FOR FAR FIELD CALCULATION  
 C AINF = SPEED OF SOUND AT STAGNATION TEMPERATURE  
 C MINF = FREE STREAM MACH NUMBER  
 C UINF = FREE STREAM VELOCITY

C CHDATA, CONVTB  
 C CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE  
 C INDEX= LH=LHO,LWE  
 C TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES  
 C INDEX= LT=LTO,LTE  
 C CH = CHANNELNAME  
 C LTNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL  
 C LPSI = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PSI LIST  
 C NPT = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES  
 C LTT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF TT LIST  
 C LPT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PT LIST  
 C LRCU = RELATIVE LOCATION OF RCU LIST  
 C COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),  
 1 TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(1),  
 2 RG(1),GAM(1),NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),  
 4 BB(75)  
 LOGICAL VARY  
 INTEGER CHNAM  
 DIMENSION VO(1)  
 REAL MACHO  
 EQUIVALENCE (VO,MACHO)  
 DIMENSION CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),  
 1 LRCU(1),  
 2 CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),  
 3 FGR(1),AREATB(485)  
 INTEGER CH  
 DIMENSION XCH(1)  
 EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)  
 EQUIVALENCE (CHNAM,CH),(LHNEXT,LTNEXT),(WTFLOW,NPT),  
 8 (TTO,LPSI),(PTO,LTT),(TSO,LPT),(PSO,LRCU),  
 8 (MACHO,CRG),(AO,CPGJ),(VARY,C2CP),  
 8 (RG,QGAM),(GAM,FGT),(NR,FGP),(NC,FGR),  
 8 (TAB,AREATB)

C COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA, TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,  
 1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC, TTC, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,  
 2 DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST  
 REAL MACHA(1),MACHC  
 LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST  
 COMMON /IXORTG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,  
 \* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),  
 \* MO,NM, NJ,NPCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,



```

*      LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE    (LIMITS,LH0)

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CFRFIN/ ATINF,MINF,RFFREF,UINF,ZDN1,ZDN25
      REAL          MINF
COMMON /CGRAV / CG
COMMON / CNORM / RHL,RM,AUL,ARM
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CQIREM/ YTOL,YO,DYDX,CTRMAX
COMMON /CTAPOS/ RESTRT,ENDBDT,ENDFIL,K6SV
      LOGICAL      RESTRT,ENDBDT,ENDFIL
COMMON /ERASE/ EDUM(72),QV(8), A(90),V(90),
1      PSI(90),R(90),TT(90),PT(90),RCU(90),PS(90)
      DIMENSION    Y(90)
      EQUIVALENCE  (Y,R)
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
      LOGICAL      ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

      INTEGER      CHT,EXT

```

```
DATA EXT/3HEXT/
```

```

CHT = CHTA
CALL SETM(1,BITS, PSI,540)
CALL RTCFI(CHT,LH)

```

```

C      DEFINE GAS PROPERTIES
      LY = LYE*1
      LTE = LYE*15
      QGAM(LT)=0.
      FGR(LT)=0.
      FGP(LT)=1.
      FGT(LT)=1.
      GAMMA = GAMA
      IF(LH.NE.0 .AND. GAM(LH).NE.BITS) GAMMA=GAM(LH)
      IF(GAMMA.EQ.0.) GO TO 85
      FG1 = GAMMA-1.
      FGR(LT)=1./FG1
      FGP(LT)=GAMMA*FGR(LT)
      FGT(LT)=FG1/GAMMA
      QGAM(LT)=1./GAMMA

85      CRG(LT)=RGA
      IF(LH.NE.0 .AND. RG(LH).NE.BITS) CRG(LT)=RG(LH)
      CPGJ(LT)=FGP(LT)*CRG(LT)
      C2CP(LT)=2.*6PGJ(LT)

```

```

C      DEFINE TOTAL PROPERTIES AS DETERMINED FROM DATA ON
C      STC/SHEET=1 OF INPUT
      TTC = TTA
      PTC = PTA
      PSC = PSA
      IF(GAMA.EQ.0.) GO TO 95
      FG2 = GAMA*1.
      FGRA = GAMA/FG2
      GO TO 97
95      FG2 = 1./ (TSA*RGA)
      FGRA = 1.
97      IF(MACHA.EQ.BITS) GO TO 99

```

```

TTQTS = 1./9*FG2*MACHA*MACHA
TTC   = TSA*TTQTS
PTC   = PSA*TTQTS**FGRA
TSC   = TSA
GO TO 100
99 TSC = TTC*(PSC/PTC)**(1./FGRA)
TTQTS = TTC/TSC
MACHC = SORT(2,*(TTQTS=1,)/FG2)

```

C NUMBER OF INPUT STREAMLINES; GIVEN FLOW RATE.

```

100 NSL = 1
    WTF = 0
    IF(LH.EQ.0) GO TO 150
    NSL = NR(LH)
    IF(WTFLOW(LH).NE.BITS) WTF=WTFLOW(LH)/CG

```

C NO INPUT PROFILES

```

    IF(NSL.NE.0) GO TO 150
    TT = TTC
    PT = PTC
    IF(TTO(LH).NE.BITS) TT=TTO(LH)
    IF(PTO(LH).NE.BITS) PT=PTO(LH)
    NSL = 1

```

C FILL PS, PT, TT AND RCU TABLES

```

150 IF(TT.EQ.BITS) TT=TTC
    IF(PT.EQ.BITS) PT=PTC
    IF(RCU.EQ.BITS) RCU=0
    IF(PSI.EQ.BITS) GO TO 160
    CALL FILL(PSI,PT,1,NSL)
    CALL FILL(PSI,TT,1,NSL)
    CALL FILL(PSI,RCU,1,NSL)
    IF(WTF.EQ.0.) GO TO 250
    CONST = WTF/PSI(NSL)
    DO 155 J=1,NSL
155 PSI(J) = CONST*PSI(J)
    GO TO 250

160 IF(R.EQ.BITS) GO TO 190
    CALL FILL(R,RT,1,NSL)
    CALL FILL(R,TT,1,NSL)
    CALL FILL(R,RCU,1,NSL)
    IF(PS.NE.BITS) CALL FILL(R,PS,1,NSL)

```

C INTEGRATION OF  $R \cdot Q \cdot V \cdot DA$

```

    IF(NSL.EQ.1) GO TO 190
    IF(PS.EQ.BITS.AND. WTF.EQ.0.) CALL ERROR1
    IF(AXIA) GO TO 170
    DO 165 J=1,NSL
165 A(J) = Y(J)
    GO TO 173
170 DO 172 J=1,NSL
172 A(J) = PI*R(J)*R(J)
173 PTMIN = PT(1)
    DO 174 J=2,NSL
    PTMIN = AMIN1(PTMIN,PT(J))
174 IF(A(J).LT.A(J=1)) ERR=.TRUE.
    IF(ERR) GO TO 182

175 QV = 0
176 IF(PS.EQ.BITS) GO TO 177

```

```

YTOL = 1.E6
GO TO 179
177 PS(1) = .95*PTMIN
YTOL = WTF*1.E-5
178 CALL SETM(1,RS, PS(2),NSL=1)
179 DO 180 J=1,NSL
    TS = TT(J)*(PS(J)/PT(J))*FGT(LT)
    IF(TS,GE,TT(J)) GO TO 185
    V(J) = SQRT(C2CR(LT)*(TT(J)-TS))*PS(J)/(CRG(LT)*TS)
180 CONTINUE
    PSI(1) = 0
    CALL LSPFIT(A,V,NSL, A,PSI,NSL, -1)

    DELP = PTMIN-PS(1)
    XJP = .5*DELP
    DYDX = -.5*PSI(NSL)/DELP
    YO = WTF
    CALL QIREM(PS,PSI(NSL),XJP,QV)
    IF(QV,GE,2. AND, QV(5),EQ,0.) GO TO 183
    IF(QV,EQ,21.) GO TO 184
    IF(QV,NE,0.) GO TO 178
C    *MACHC AND TSC FOR FAR FIELD CALCULATION (RARE OPTION)
    MACHC = V(NSL)/SQRT(GAMMA*CRG(LT)*TS)
    TSC = TS
    GO TO 250

C    ERROR COMMENTS
182 WRITE (6,1182) CHT
    GO TO 187
183 PSIMAX = PSI(NSL)*CG
    WRITE (6,1183) CHT,WTFLOW(LH),PSIMAX
    GO TO 186
184 WRITE (6,1184) WTF,CHT
    GO TO 186
185 WRITE (6,1185) CHT
186 CALL TABPRT(2HQV,QV,8,8)
    CALL TABPRT(6HCQIREM,YTOL,4,4)
    CALL TABPRT(3HPSI,PSI,NSL,10)
187 ERR = .TRUE.
    CALL TABPRT(2HPS,PS,NSL,10)
    CALL TABPRT(2HPT,PT,NSL,10)
    CALL TABPRT(2HTT,TT,NSL,10)
    CALL TABPRT(4HAREA,A,NSL,10)
    GO TO 250

C    GIVEN MACH NUMBER, AREA AND STATIC FLOW PROPERTIES
190 IF(WTF,NE,0. AND, (LH,EQ,0 .OR, MACHO(LH),EQ,BITS)) GO TO 200
    MACHC = MACHA
    IF(LH,EQ,0) GO TO 195
    IF(MACHO(LH),NE,BITS) MACHC=MACHO(LH)
    IF(PSO(LH),NE,BITS) PSC=PSO(LH)
    IF(TSO(LH),NE,BITS) TSC=TSO(LH)
195 IF(QGAM(LT),EQ,0.) FG1=1./(TSC*CRG(LT))
    TTQTS = 1+.5*FG1*MACHC*MACHC
196 IF(LH,EQ,0 .OR, (PTO(LH),EQ,BITS AND, PTO(LH),EQ,BITS)) GOTO 197
C    *TOTAL CONDITIONS ARE SPECIFIED RATHER THAN STATIC
    TSC = TT/TTQTS
    RSC = PT/TTQTS**FGP(LT)
    GO TO 198
197 TT = TSC*TTQTS
    PT = PSC*TTQTS**FGP(LT)

```

```

198 IF(WTF,NE,0.) GO TO 240
   IF ( LH,NE, 0 :AND, AO(LH),NE,BITS ) AREA=AO(LH)*RHL
   IF ( LH,NE, 0 :AND, AO(LH),NE, BITS ,AND, AXIA ) AREA=AO(LH)*PI
   * *RHL**2
   AREATR(LT)=AREA
   WTF = PSC/(CRG(LT)*TSC)*AREA*MACHC
   IF(OGAM(LT),NE,0.) WTF=WTF*SQRT(GAMMA*CRG(LT)*TSC)
   GO TO 240

C   GIVEN FLOW RATE + TOTAL/STATIC CONDITIONS FROM STC/SHEET-1
200 AREATR(LT)=0.
   IF(TSC,LT,TTG)
   *AREATR(LT)=WTF*CRG(LT)*TSC/(PSC*SQRT(C2CP(LT)*(TTG-TSC)))
210 AREA = AREATR(LT)

240 PSI(NSL)=WTF
   IF(WTF,NE,0.) GO TO 250
   ERR = .TRUE.
   WRITE (6,1200) CHT

C   PUT DATA IN CONVTS-ARRAY
250 CH(LT)= CHT
   NPT(LT)=NSL
   LT1 = LT+15
   CALL MOVE(1, PSI,CH(LT1),NSL,1)
   LPSI(LT)=LT1-LT
   LT1 = LT1+NSL
   CALL MOVE(1, TT,CH(LT1),NSL,1)
   LTT(LT)=LT1-LT
   LT1 = LT1+NSL
   CALL MOVE(1, PT,CH(LT1),NSL,1)
   LPT(LT)=LT1-LT
   LT1 = LT1+NSL
   CALL MOVE(1, RCU,CH(LT1),NSL,1)
   LRCU(LT)=LT1-LT
   LTNEXT(LT)=15+4*NSL
   LYE = LT+LTNEXT(LT)-1

C   EXTERNAL CHANNEL PROPERTIES FOR FAR FIELD CALC.
   IF(CHT,NE,EXT) GO TO 990
   ATINF = 1.E6
   IF(GAMMA,NE,0.) ATINF=SQRT(GAMMA*CRG(LT)*TT(NSL))
   MINF = MACHC
   UINF = MACHC*SQRT(GAMMA*CRG(LT)*TSC)

990 LTA = LT
   RETURN
1185 FORMAT(/1X20H*** ERROR- FOR CHN=A6,1X53H THE STATIC PRESSURE EXCEE
   *DS THE INPUT TOTAL PRESSURE:,8H,(BCONV) )
1182 FORMAT(34H *** ERROR- THE R (OR Y) FOR CHN= ,A6,
   *35H MUST BE IN ASCENDING ORDER (BCONV) )
1183 FORMAT(21H *** ERROR- FOR CHN= ,A6,31H THE INPUT FLOW RATE OF
   *WTFLOW=,F9,3,37H IS GREATER THAN THE CHOKED VALUE OF ,F8,3,
   *8H (BCONV) )
1184 FORMAT(53H *** ERROR- FAILURE OF PS-ITERATION GIVEN WTFLOW/CG=,
   *F9,4, 9H FOR CHN= ,A6,8H (BCONV) )
1200 FORMAT(/1X32HERROR- THE FLOW RATE FOR CHANNEL2X,A6,1X15HIS NOT DEF
   *INED.)
   END

```

```

*DECK BLDYBS
      SUBROUTINE BLDYBS
*BLDTBS      BUILD ORTHOGONAL/CHANNEL TABLE,
C             STREAMLINE TABLE, STATION TABLE,
C             FIELD TABLES AND FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE;

C      INPUT-
C      BOUNDARY TABLE, /BDYTAB/
C      CHANNEL INPUT DATA, /CHDATA/
C      ORDERED EDGE POINTS, /LETEPT/

C      OUTPUT-
C      LIST OF CHANNELS FOR EACH ORTHOGONAL, /ORTCHN/
C      TABLE OF CONNECTED PROPERTIES, /CONVTB/
C      STREAMLINE TABLE, /SLTAB/
C      STATION TABLE, /STATAB/
C      FIELD VALUES, /CZ/, /CR/, /CS2/, /CM/
C      TABLE OF STAS AT WHICH FLOW ADJUSTMENT MUST BE ACCOMPLISHED, /CADJ
C      TRAILING EDGE WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS TABLE, IF NOT CARD INPUT

C      COMALL
C      CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C      INDEX= LH=LHO,LHE
C      DIMENSION      CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
1                     TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(1),
2                     RG(1),GAM(1), NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),
4                     BB(75)
C      LOGICAL        VARY
C      INTEGER CHNAM
C      DIMENSION      VO(1)
C      REAL           MACHO
C      EQUIVALENCE     (VO,MACHO)

C      BOUNDARY TABLE
C      INDEX= LB=LBO,LBE
C      LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C      LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C      CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C      UP    = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C      LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L'E' POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C              CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C      BDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C      DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
C      DIMENSION      BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1                     CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2                     ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
C      LOGICAL        UP
C      INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME
C      DIMENSION      BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
C      EQUIVALENCE     (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)

C      TABLE OF CONNECTED PROPERTIES
C      INDEX= LT=LTO,LTE
C      CH    = CHANNELNAME
C      LTNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL
C      LPSI = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PSI LIST
C      NPT  = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES
C      LTT  = RELATIVE LOCATION OF TT LIST
C      LPT  = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PT LIST
C      LRCU = RELATIVE LOCATION OF RCU LIST
C      DIMENSION      CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),
1                     LRCU(1),
2                     CRG(1),CPQJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),

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3          FGR(1),AREATB(485)
          DIMENSION      XCH(1)
          EQUIVALENCE     (CH,XCH)
C          TABLE OF WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS
C          INDEX= LW=LWO,LWE
          DIMENSION      X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(47)
          DIMENSION      DST(1)
          EQUIVALENCE     (DST,S1W)
C          SUBTABLE ARRANGEMENT IS=
C          X2W,LWNEXT(*2*2N), S1W(1),S1W(2),,S1W(N), DST(1),DST(2),,DST(N)
C          X2W  = STREAMLINE COORDINATE
C          S1W  = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE FROM T.E.
C          DST  = WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS AS A FUNCTION OF S1W
C          FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C          INDEX= LF=LFO,LFE
C          NFCOLS= 8
C          X1F  = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE
C          X2F  = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T.E.
C          X1BF = X1=COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T.E.
C          X1AF = X1=COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T.E.
C          S1F  = S1=COORDINATE OF T.E. (UPPER SURFACE); THIS ITEM
C                   IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA-STAR.
C          LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C          NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C          LRF  = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCN LIST FOR THE T.E.
C          LRXF = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T.E.
C          JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
C                   = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T.E. IS GIVEN
C                   = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T.E. IS GIVEN
C          JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
          DIMENSION      X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1          S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
          EQUIVALENCE     (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
          DIMENSION      LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
C          STATION TABLE
C          INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C          SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C          MCL  = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C          MCL  = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
C          COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1          TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1          TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
&          VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
&          ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
&          ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
          DIMENSION      CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
          EQUIVALENCE     (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
          INTEGER        PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)
          EQUIVALENCE     (CHNAM,BDT,CH,X2W,X1F,X1)
          EQUIVALENCE     (LHNEXT,LBNEXT,LTNEXT,LWNEXT,X2F,LNEXT)
          EQUIVALENCE     (WTFLOW,LBZ1,NPT,S1W,X1BF,MLB)
          EQUIVALENCE     (TTO,CHNAME,LPSI,X1AF,MUB), (PTO,UP,LT,S1F,PRIM)
          EQUIVALENCE     (TSO,LEDEX,LPT,NCHB,TYPELB)
          EQUIVALENCE     (PSO,ZBT,LRCU,NCHA,NAMELB)
          EQUIVALENCE     (MACHO,RBT,CRG,JORDER,ILB), (AO,ANGBT,CPGJ,VNR,FLB)
          EQUIVALENCE     (VARY,C2CP,S1LB), (RG,QGAM,TYPEUB)
          EQUIVALENCE     (GAM,FGT,NAMEUB), (NR,FGP,IUB), (NC,FGR,FUB)
          EQUIVALENCE     (TAB(1),AREATB,S1UB), (BB,ANGTE)
          EQUIVALENCE     (TAB(4),X2CL),(TAB(5),SLSWI),(TAB(6),MCL)

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COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA, TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA, RGA, GAMA,
1 MACHC, PSC, TSC, PTC, TTC, AXIC, RGC, GAMC,
2 DAXIT, SCALEA, TTE, CHOTST
REAL MACHA, MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA, AXIC
COMMON /CATAN3/ DANG
COMMON /CR / B(300)
COMMON /CREAM2/ DR, DZ, YPA, YPB, F, G, DX, YQDX, ZM, RM, ANGM, CURVM, S1M,
1 RZONLY, ANGCHD, SINTVL, YPASQ, YPAB, YPBSQ
LOGICAL RZONLY
COMMON /CBITS / BITS, BLANK
INTEGER BLANK
COMMON /CIDEX / M, J, MU, MD, ISTAG
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CPI / PI, TWOPI, PIQ2, PIQ4, TODEG, TORAD
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CRHS / WSL(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CTABPR/ 11TAB
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE / XX(1), YY, ANGG, NL, NT, CNL, CNU, BNL, BNU, NZERO
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO, LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
* LO, LESTA, LSO, LSE, LDUM(6),
* MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
* LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD

C TABLE OF LEADING EDGE AND TRAILING EDGE POINTS
C INDEX= LE=LRO, LRE, LRD
C NLE, NTE=NO. OF L.E. AND T.E. COINCIDENT PTS. RESPECTIVELY
C CHL, CHU=NAME OF CHANNEL ABOVE AND BELOW PT. RESPECTIVELY
C BDL, BDU=BOUNDARY NAMES ASSOCIATED WITH THE POINTS
C NUSED = COUNT OF TIMES THAT POINT USED IN CONSTRUCTION OF /ORTCHN/
COMMON /LETEPT/ XE(1), YE(1), ANGE(1), NLE(1), NTE(1),
1 CHL(1), CHU(1), BDL(1), BDU(1), NUSED(491)
INTEGER CHL, CHU, BDL, BDU

C TABLE OF CHANNELS EMBRACED BY EACH ORTHOGONAL
C INDEX= LR=LRO, LRE, LRD
C LRD = NUMBER OF CHANNELS PLUS ONE, LR INDEX INCREMENT
C LEDGE = INDEX OF THE ORTHOGONAL POINT IN THE LETEPT-TABLE
C LRPREV= POINTER OF LINE OF UPSTREAM CHANNELS IN ORTCHN-TABLE
C CHNA = CHANNEL NAMES
COMMON /ORTCHN/ LEDGE(1), LRPREV(1), CHNA(479)
DIMENSION JCHNA(1)
EQUIVALENCE (JCHNA, CHNA)
INTEGER CHNA

COMMON /SPACER/ MAXLH, MAXLT, MAXLF, MAXLW
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128), X2(128), SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR, ERRMAJ, INERR, PRERR
LOGICAL ERR, ERRMAJ, INERR, PRERR

INTEGER CHNX, CHX, FIXCHN, HLE, HTE, SOLID
LOGICAL UPT

DATA SOLID/5HSOLID/, HLE/2HLE/, HTE/2HTE/

C USE INPUT SPACERS TO SET TABLE ORIGINS
LTE = LBDE

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LTO  = LTE+1
LWE  = LTE+MAXLT
LWO  = LWE+1
LFE  = LWE+MAXLW
LFO  = LFE+1
LESTA = LFE+MAXLF
LO   = LESTA+1

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C   ASSUMED INITIAL FIELD VELOCITY
    IF(MACHA,NE,BITS) TTA=TTA*(1.+.5*(GAMA-1.)*MACHA**2)
    VMINIT= .4*SQRT(RGA*TTA)

C**  BUILD ORTHOGONAL-CHANNEL TABLE

C*   BUILD ORDERED LIST OF CHANNELS FROM L,E, CONNECTIONS
C    SEARCH FOR THE FIRST LEADING EDGE PT (NLE=2 IN LETEPT-TABLE)
    LR3  = LRO
    LRE  = LR3-1
    LX   = 0
    DO 505 LE=LEO,LEE,10
505  IF(NLE(LE),EQ,2) GO TO 510
C    NO L.E. PTS
    GO TO 535

C    LE=FIRST EDGE PT, FIND CONNECTING CHANNELS
510  CHNA(LR3)=CHU(LE)
    CHNA(LR3+1)=CHL(LE)
    LRE  = LR3+1

C    SEARCH FOR CHANNELS BELOW CHNA(LR3)
515  DO 517 LE3=LEO,LEE,10
    LEX  = LE3+LX
517  IF(NLE(LEX),NE,0 .AND. CHL(LE3),EQ,CHNA(LR3)) GO TO 520
    WRITE (6,1560) CHNA(LR3)
    CALL ERROR1

C    CHECK FOR BOTTOM CHANNEL
520  IF(CHU(LE3),EQ,BLANK) GO TO 525

C    MOVE CHU(LE3) BELOW CHNA(LR3)
    CALL MOVE(2, CHNA(LR3),CHNA(LR3+1),LR3=LRE-1,1,
1      CHU(LE3),CHNA(LR3),1,1)
    LRE  = LRE+1
    GO TO 515

C    SEARCH FOR CHANNELS ABOVE CHNA(LRE)
525  DO 530 LE4=LEO,LEE,10
    LEX  = LE4+LX
530  IF(NLE(LEX),NE,0 .AND. CHU(LE4),EQ,CHNA(LRE)) GO TO 532
    WRITE (6,1560) CHNA(LRE)
    CALL ERROR1

C    CHECK FOR TOP CHANNEL
532  IF(CHL(LE4),EQ,BLANK) GO TO 535

C    MOVE CHL(LE4) ABOVE CHNA(LRE)
    LRE  = LRE+1
    CHNA(LRE)=CHL(LE4)
    GO TO 525

C    REPEAT THE ABOVE FOR THE TRAILING EDGE

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535 IF(LX.EQ.1) GO TO 545
    LR1 = LR3
    LR2 = LRE
    LE1 = LE3
    LE2 = LE4
    LR3 = LR2+1
    LX = 1
C    LX = 1 TO PICK UP NTE(LE3) RATHER THAN NLE(LE3)

C    SEARCH FOR THE LAST T,E. PT
    LE = LEE-9
540 IF(NTE(LE).EQ.2) GO TO 510
    LE = LE-10
    IF(LE.GE.LE0) GO TO 540

C    NO L,E. OR T,E. PTS
545 IF(LRE=LR1) 547,555,555
547 LE = LE0
    IF(CHL(LE).NE.BLANK) GO TO 550
    IF(CHU(LE).NE.BLANK) GO TO 552
    CALL ERROR1
550 CHNA(LR1)=CHL(LE)
    GO TO 554
552 CHNA(LR1)=CHU(LE)
554 LR2 = LR1
    LR3 = LR2+1
    CHNA(LR3)=CHNA(LR1)
    LRE = LR3

C    CHECK FOR EXTRA CHANNELS IN LETEP=TABLE
555 LE = LE0
556 IF(CHL(LE).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 558
    CHX = CHL(LE)
    LX = 0
    GO TO 560
558 IF(CHU(LE).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 564
    CHX = CHU(LE)
    LX = 1
560 DO 561 LR=LR1,LRE
561 IF(CHNA(LR).EQ.CHX) GO TO 562
    ERR = .TRUE.
    WRITE (6,1560) CHX
562 IF(LX) 564,558,564
564 LE = LE+10
    IF(LE.LT.LEE) GO TO 556

C    LINE UP THE L,E. AND T,E. CONNECTED CHANNELS IN THE SAME COLUMN
C    LRL = INDEX OF CHANNEL IN FIRST LINE (L,E. CONNECTED CHANNELS)
C    LRT = INDEX OF CHANNEL IN SECOND LINE (T,E. CONNECTED CHANNELS)
    LRL = LR1
    LRT = LR3
    GO TO 588
570 IF(LRE.LT.LRT) GO TO 578
    DO 575 LRX=LRT,LRE
575 IF(CHNA(LRX).EQ.CHNA(LRL)) GO TO 580

C    LRL=CHANNEL NOT INCLUDED IN SECOND LINE; PUT IN BLANK SPACE;
    CALL MOVE(1, CHNA(LRT),CHNA(LRT+1),LRT=LRE+1,1)
578 LRE = LRE+1
    CHNA(LRT)=BLANK
    GO TO 586

```

```

C   LRL MATCHES LRL; PUT IN LRL-LRT BLANKS BEFORE LRL
580 LDR = LRL-LRT
    IF(LDR) 582,586,582
582 LRT0 = LRL-LDR
    CALL MOVE(1, CHNA(LRL),CHNA(LRT0),LRL-LRE-1,1)
    LRE = LRE-LDR
    LRT = LRT-LDR
    LR2 = LR2-LDR
584 CHNA(LRL)=BLANK
    LRL = LRL+1
    LRT = LRT+1
    IF(LRL-LT-LRT0) GO TO 584
C   IF NO CHANNELS ON FIRST LINE, SET FIRST VALUE TO THAT OF SECOND
    IF(LR2-LDR-LT-LR1) CHNA(LR1)=CHNA(LR2+1)

586 LRL = LRL+1
    LRT = LRT+1
588 IF(LRL-LE-LR2) GO TO 570
    IF(LRT-GT-LRE) GO TO 600
    LDR = LRE-LRT+1
    GO TO 582

C   DEFINE ORTCHN+TABLE INCREMENT, LRD
600 LRD = LR2-LR0+3
    CALL MOVE(1, CHNA(LR2+1),CHNA(LR2+3),LR2-LRE,1)
    LRE = LRE+4
    LEDGE(LR0)=BLANK
    LRPREV(LR0)=BLANK
    LRPRV = LR0
    LR = LR0-LRD
    LEDGE(LR)=BLANK
    LRPREV(LR)=BLANK
    LR = LR-LRD
    IF(ERR) CALL ERROR1

C*  BUILD STREAMLINE TABLE
    NJ = 0
    LRL = LR0
    LRT = LR0-LRD
    X2SAV1= 0.
    X2SAV2= 0.
    DAREA = 0.
C   SEARCH FOR FIRST COMMON CHANNEL
602 LRX1 = LRL
    LRX2 = LRL-LRD
    NBLNK1= 0
    NBLNK2= 0
605 IF(CHNA(LRX1),EQ,CHNA(LRX2)) GO TO 610
    IF(CHNA(LRX1),NE,BLANK) NBLNK1=NBLNK1+1
    IF(CHNA(LRX2),NE,BLANK) NBLNK2=NBLNK2+1
    LRX1 = LRX1+1
    LRX2 = LRX2+1
    IF(LRX1-LE-LR2) GO TO 605

610 DX2 = 8.*AMAX0(NBLNK1,NBLNK2)
    IF(DX2,EQ,0.) GO TO 620
    IF(NBLNK1,NE,0) DEL1=DX2/FLOAT(NBLNK1)
    IF(NBLNK2,NE,0) DEL2=DX2/FLOAT(NBLNK2)
612 IF(CHNA(LRL),EQ,BLANK) GO TO 615
    CHX = CHNA(LRL)

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X2(NJ+1)=X2SAV1
X2SAV1= X2SAV1+DEL1
X2(NJ+2)=X2SAV1
GO TO 625
615 CHX = CHNA(LRT)
X2(NJ+1)=X2SAV2
X2SAV2= X2SAV2+DEL2
X2(NJ+2)=X2SAV2
GO TO 625
620 CHX = CHNA(LRL)
X2(NJ+1)=X2(NJ)
IF(NJ.EQ.0) X2(NJ+1)=0,
X2(NJ+2)=X2(NJ+1)+8,
X2SAV1=X2(NJ+2)
X2SAV2=X2(NJ+2)
625 SLCHN(NJ+1)=CHX
SLCHN(NJ+2)=CHX
W(NJ+1)=0.
DO 630 LE1=LEO,LEE,10
630 IF(NLE(LE1),NE.0 ,AND, CHL(LE1),EQ,CHX) GO TO 632
632 DO 635 LE2=LEO,LEE,10
635 IF(NLE(LE2),NE.0 ,AND, CHU(LE2),EQ,CHX) GO TO 637
637 AREA = YE(LE2)-YE(LE1)
IF(AXIA) AREA=AREA*PI*(YE(LE2)+YE(LE1))
C FOR INLET CONF. SAVE HIGHLIGHT AREA SO EXTERNAL AREA
C MAY BE CORRECTED BY DIFF BET HIGHLIGHT AND CAPTURE AREAS,
AREASV= AREA
IF(CHNA(LRL),NE,BLANK) AREA=AREA+DARBA
CALL BCONV(CHX,LT,AREA)
IF(CHNA(LRL),NE,BLANK) DAREA=DAREA+AREASV-AREA
LT = LT+LPSI(LT)+NPT(LT)-1
W(NJ+2)=XCH(LT)
NJ = NJ+2
LRL = LRL+1
LRT = LRT+1
IF(LRL,GT,LR2) GO TO 639
IF(LRL=LRX1) 612,620,602

C** BEGIN LOOP FOR BUILDING CHANNEL LIST, STATION TABLE AND FIELD DATA
C EACH ORTHOGONAL.
639 LRPRV = LRO
LRPRSV= 0
M = MO
L = LO
LF = LFO
TTESQ = TTE*TTE

C* CONSIDER MARKED CHANNELS ON LINE LR=LRPRV IN /ORTCHN/
C FIND INDEX OF FIRST AND LAST ACTIVE (NON-BLANK) CHANNEL
640 LRP1 = LRPRV
LRP2 = LRPRV+LRD-3
642 IF(CHNA(LRP1),NE,BLANK) GO TO 644
LRP1 = LRP1+1
IF(LRP1,LE,LRP2) GO TO 642
CALL ERROR1
644 IF(CHNA(LRP2),NE,BLANK) GO TO 646
LRP2 = LRP2-1
GO TO 644

C FIND INDEX-LE OF NEXT LE-TE PT IN LRPRV-CHANNELS
646 LE = LEO

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648 IF(NUSED(LE)=NLE(LE)+NTE(LE)) 650,654,654
650 LEONCE= NUSED(LE)
   IF(NTE(LE)=0) LEONCE=0
   LRP = LRP1
652 IF(CHNA(LRP),EQ,BLANK) GO TO 653
   IF(CHNA(LRP),EQ,CHU(LE) ,AND, LEONCE,LE,0) GO TO 660
   IF(CHNA(LRP),EQ,CHL(LE)) GO TO 665
653 LRP = LRP+1
   IF(LRP,LE,LR2) GO TO 652
654 LE = LE+10
   IF(LE,LE,LEE) GO TO 648
C   NO MORE POINTS
   CALL ERROR1

C   LE IS UPPER BOUNDARY POINT (LOWER ORTHOGONAL)
660 LRP2 = LRP
   UPT = .TRUE.
   GO TO 670

C   LE IS LOWER BOUNDARY POINT (UPPER ORTHOGONAL)
665 LRP1 = LRP
   UPT = .FALSE.

C   MARK CHANNEL NAMES OF THE NEW ORTHOGONAL ON LINE LR
670 CALL SETM(1,BLANK, LEDGE(LR),LRD)
   LR1 = LR + LRP1-LRPRV
   LR2 = LR + LRP2-LRPRV
   CALL MOVE(1, CHNA(LRP1),CHNA(LR1),LR2=LR1+1,1)
   LRE = LR+LRD-1

C   UPDATE USED LETERPT COUNT AND SET POINTERS FOR LINE=LR
672 NUSED(LE)=NUSED(LE)+1
   LRPREV(LR)=LRPRV
   LEDGE(LR)=LE
   NLETE = NLE(LE)+NTE(LE)
   IF(NLETE=NUSED(LE),EQ,0) LEDGE(LR)=LEDGE(LR)

C   COUNT NUMBER OF CHANNELS, SET FIELD TABLE LIMITS
   NCHNA = 0
   DO 675 LRX=LR1,LR2
675 IF(CHNA(LRX),NE,BLANK) NCHNA=NCHNA+1
   M1 = M
   MLB(L)= M1
   M2 = M1+NCHNA*NCHNA-1
   MUB(L)= M2

   NM = M2
   LESTA = L+20

C   IF UPSTREAM OR DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY, SEARCH FOR OTHER EDGE
   IF(NLE(LE),EQ,1) GO TO 679
   IF(NTE(LE),EQ,1) GO TO 681
   GO TO 720
679 LX = 0
   GO TO 682
681 LX = 1
682 IF(.NOT.UPT) GO TO 690

C   FIND LOWER EDGE PT
684 DO 686 LE1=LEO,LEE,10
   LEX = LE1+LX

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686 IF(NLE(LEX).EQ.1 .AND. CHL(LE1).EQ.CHNA(LR1)) GO TO 688
    CALL ERROR1
688 LE2 = LE
    NUSED(LE1)=NUSED(LE1)+1
    GO TO 700

C    FIND UPPER EDGE PT
690 DO 692 LE2=LE0,LEE,10
    LEX = LE2*WX.
692 IF(NLE(LEX).EQ.1 .AND. CHU(LE2).EQ.CHNA(LR2)) GO TO 694
    CALL ERROR1
694 LE1 = LE
    NUSED(LE2)=NUSED(LE2)+1

C*   PLACE UPSTREAM OR DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY DATA INTO STATION TABLE
700 NAMELB(L)=BDL(LE1)
    NAMEUB(L)=BDU(LE2)
    IF(NTE(LE).EQ.1) GO TO 710
C    UPSTREAM BOUNDARY
    ILB(L)= 1.
    FLB(L)= 0.
    S1LB(L)=0.
    LB = LBF(NAMEUB(L))
    IUB(L)= (LBNEXT(LB)-9-LBZ1(LB))/3
    FUB(L)= 1.
    CALL BARC(LB+LBNEXT(LB)-12)
    S1UB(L)=SINTVL
    GO TO 715
C    DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY
710 LB = LBF(NAMELB(L))
    ILB(L)= (LBNEXT(LB)-9-LBZ1(LB))/3
    FLB(L)= 1.
    CALL BARC(LB+LBNEXT(LB)-12)
    S1LB(L)=SINTVL
    IUB(L)= 1.
    FUB(L)= 0.
    S1UB(L)=0.
715 Z(M1) = XE(LE1)
    R(M1) = YE(LE1)
    Z(M2) = XE(LE2)
    R(M2) = YE(LE2)
    GO TO 800

C    FIND LE OR YE ORTHOGONAL LOWER BOUNDARY INTERSECTION
C    PLACE DATA IN STATION TABLE
C    USE LETEPT-TABLE TO DETERMINE NAME OF UPPER BOUNDARY
720 IF(NLETE.EQ.2 .OR. NLETE.EQ.0) GO TO 722
    CALL ERROR1
722 IF(.NOT.UPT) GO TO 740
    DO 725 LE1=LE0,LGE,10
    IF(CHL(LE1).EQ.CHNA(LR1)) GO TO 726
725 CONTINUE
726 NAMELB(L)=BDL(LE1)
    NAMEUB(L)=BDU(LE)
    CALL OBI(XE(LE),YE(LE),ANGE(LE),BDL(LE1),CHL(LE1),
1      ILB(L),FLB(L),S1LB(L), Z(M1),R(M1))
C    SEEK POINTER TO BOUNDARY TABLE
    LB = LBF(NAMEUB(L))
    IRET = 1
    IF(NTE(LE).NE.2) GO TO 728
C    TRAILING EDGE

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      IV      = 1
      LB      = LB*LBZ1(LB)
      GO TO 733
C      LEADING EDGE OR CORNER
728 LB1      = LB*LBZ1(LB)
      LB2     = LB*LBNEXT(LB)-9
      IV      = 1
      DO 730 LB=LB1,LB2,3
      IF(ZBT(LB),EQ,XE(LE) ,AND, RBT(LB),EQ,YE(LE)) GO TO 732
730 IV      = IV+1
      CALL ERROR1
C      TEMPORARILY STORE SHARP CORNER INDICATION IN MCL(L) (I.E. ANGLE
C      JUMP OF MORE THAN 0.5 DEG.)
732 MCL(L)= 2
      IF(NLETE,EQ,0 ,AND, ABS(ANGBT(LB)-ANGBT(LB+3)),GT,.0087) MCL(L)=1
      IF(IRET) 733,753,733
733 IUB(L)= IV
      FUB(L)= 0.
      S1UB(L)=0.
      Z(M2) = ZBT(LB)
      R(M2) = RBT(LB)
      GO TO 800

C      FIND LE OR TE ORTHOGONAL UPPER BOUNDARY INTERSECTION
C      PLACE DATA IN STATION TABLE
740 DO 745 LE2=LEO,LEE,10
      IF(CHU(LE2),EQ,CHNA(LR2)) GO TO 747
745 CONTINUE
747 NAMELB(L)=BDU(LE)
      NAMEUB(L)=BDU(LE2)
      CALL OBT(XE(LE),YE(LE),ANGE(LE),BDU(LE2),CHU(LE2),
1      IUB(L),FUB(L),S1UB(L), Z(M2),R(M2))
C      SEEK POINTER TO BOUNDARY TABLE
      LB      = LBF(NAMELB(L))
      IRET     = 0
      IF(NTE(LE),NE,2) GO TO 728
C      TRAILING EDGE
      LB2     = LB*LBNEXT(LB)-9
      ILB(L)= (LB2-(LB*LBZ1(LB)))/3
      FLB(L)= 1.
      CALL BARC(LB2-3)
      S1LB(L)=SINTVL
      LB      = LB2
      GO TO 757
C      LEADING EDGE OR CORNER
753 ILB(L)= IV
      FLB(L)= 0.
      S1LB(L)=0.
757 Z(M1) = ZBT(LB)
      R(M1) = RBT(LB)

C*      ADD NEW FIELD POINTS ALONG EXISTING STREAMLINES
C      GIVEN=
C      STA=TAB INDEX L AND LIMITS ON FIELD INDEX MLB,MUB
C      COORDINATES OF FIRST AND LAST NEW PTS IN FIELD TABLE
C      MARKED CHANNELS IN ORTCHN TABLE BETWEEN LR1,LR2
C      STREAMLINE TABLE
800 MSAV     = MO
C      MSAV     = 0 INDICATES UPSTREAM BOUNDARY
      IF(NLE(LE),EQ,1) MSAV=0
      J1      = 1

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      CALL JOFCHN(CHNA(LR1),J1,JX)
      CALL JOFCHN(CHNA(LR2),JX,J2)
C     J1,J2 ARE SL INDEX LIMITS

C     BEGIN LOOP THROUGH CHANNELS; 2 SLS PER CHANNEL
      LRN = LR1
      MM = M1
      JSL = J1
805  IF(CHNA(LRN).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 835
      CALL JOFCHN(CHNA(LRN),JSL,JNXT)

C     FIND UPSTREAM FIELD PT, PUT IN DOWNSTREAM POINTER
810  J = JSL
      IF(MSAV) 812,828,812
812  IV = 0
815  DO 820 M=MSAV,NM
      CALL GETIX
820  IF(J,EQ,JSL .AND. MD,EQ,0) GO TO 825
      IF(IV,NE,0) CALL ERROR1
      MSAV = M0
      IV = 1
      GO TO 815
825  MSAV = M
      MD = MM
      CALL SAVIX

C     SAVE DATA FOR CURRENT FIELD PT
828  M = MM
      MU = MSAV
      MD = 0
      ISTAG = 0
      CALL SAVIX

C     ADD CHANNEL FLOWS FOR LATER INTERPOLATION OF SL POSITION
C     IF NOT AN UPSTREAM BOUNDARY, USE UPSTREAM AREAS IN PLACE OF FLOW,
C     -USE CURV FOR STORAGE
      WSL(M)= 0
      IF(M.EQ.M1) GO TO 830
      WSL(M)= WSL(M-1)+W(J)
      IF(MSAV,EQ,0) GO TO 830
      AREA = SQRT((R(MU)-R(MUM1))*(R(MU)+R(MUM1)) +
1      (Z(MU)-Z(MUM1))*(Z(MU)+Z(MUM1)))
      IF(AXIA) AREA=(R(MU)+R(MUM1))*AREA
      WSL(M)= WSL(M-1)+AREA

830  MM = MM+1
      MUM1 = MU
      IF(JSL,EQ,JNXT) GO TO 835
      JSL = JNXT
      GO TO 810

C     INCREMENT TO NEXT CHANNEL
835  LRN = LRN+1
      IF(LRN,LE,LR2) GO TO 805

C     INTERPOLATE FOR COORDINATES
      IF(,NOT,AXIA .OR. R(M1),GE,0,) GO TO 836
      WRITE (6,1835)
      CALL ERROR1
836  DZ21 = Z(M2)-Z(M1)
      DR21 = R(M2)-R(M1)

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DRSQ21= DR21*(R(M2)+R(M1))
RM1SQ = R(M1)*R(M1)
S2(M1)= 0.
S2(M2)= SORT(DZ21*DZ21+DR21*DR21)
C   CHECK FOR POSITIVE OL LENGTH
      ANGREF= AMGE(LE)
      ANGOL = ATAN3(DR21,DZ21,ANGREF)
      IF(DANG,GE,0. ,AND, DANG,LT,PI) GO TO 837
      WRITE(6,1837) Z(M1),R(M1),Z(M2),R(M2),LE,LR,ANGREF
      CALL ERROR1
837  VM(M1)= VMINIT
      VM(M2)= VMINIT
      MP   = M1+1
      MM   = M2-1
      IF(MM,LT,MP) GO TO 840
      DO 838 M=MP,MM
      VM(M) = VMINIT
      F     = (WSL(M)-WSL(M1))/(WSL(M2)-WSL(M1))
      Z(M)  = Z(M1)+F*DZ21
      R(M)  = R(M1)+F*DR21
      S2(M) = F*S2(M2)
      IF(.NOT,AX1A) GO TO 838
      R(M)  = SORT(RM1SQ+F*DRSQ21)
      S2(M) = SORT((R(M)-R(M1))*(R(M)-R(M1))+(F*DZ21)*(F*DZ21))
838  CONTINUE

C   FINISH OUT STATION TABLE
C   CHECK FOR L.E.T., T.E., OR SHARP CORNER
C   LE   = INDEX OF PT IN LETEPT=TABLE
C   NLETE = 0 IS A SHARP CORNER
840  X1(L) = 8.*FLOAT((LE+1-LEO)/10)
      LNEXT(L)=20
      TYPELB(L)=SOLID
      TYPEUB(L)=SOLID
      X2CL(L)=BITS
      IF(NLETE,EQ,1) GO TO 848
      IF(UPT) GO TO 842
C   UPT=F
      X2CL(L)=X2(J1)
      M     = MLB(L)
      GO TO 843
C   UPT=T
842  X2CL(L)=X2(J2)
      M     = MUB(L)
843  CALL GETIX
      IF(NLE(LE),NE,2) GO TO 845
      ISTAG = 1
      LNEXT(L)=22
      IF(UPT) GO TO 844
      TYPELB(L)=HLE
      GO TO 845
844  TYPEUB(L)=HLE
845  IF(NTE(LE),NE,2) GO TO 847
      ISTAG = 2
      LNEXT(L)=27
      BSQEXP(L)=BITS
      IF(UPT) GO TO 846
      TYPELB(L)=HTE
      GO TO 847
846  TYPEUB(L)=HTE
847  IF(NLETE,EQ,0) ISTAG=MCL(L)

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      CALL SAVIX
848 VMB(L)= VMINIT
      DWDV(L)=0.
      SLSWI(L)=0.
      PRIM(L)=1
      M      = MUB(L)+1
      LSAVE = L
      L      = L+LNEXT(L)
      LESTA = L-1

C*  INDEX TO NEXT ORTHOGONAL
C    LOOK FOR ORTHOGONALS TO BE PLACED ABOVE L.E, POINTS
C    IF THIS IS A DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY OR LOWER T.E. ORTHOG
850 IF(NTE(LE),EQ,0) GO TO 920
      IF(NTE(LE),EQ,1) GO TO 855
C      NTE(LE)=2
      IF(NUSED(LE),EQ,2) GO TO 900
855 LRX      = LR
860 LRX      = LRPREV(LRX)
C    LRPREV= BLANK FOR UPSTREAM OR DUMMY ORTHOGONALISTS
      IF(LRPREV(LRX),EQ,BLANK) GO TO 862
      IF(LEDGE(LRX),LE,0) GO TO 860
      LRPRV = LRPREV(LRX)
      GO TO 864
862 LRPRV = LRPRSV
      LRPRSV= 0

C    IS THE CHANNEL ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THE T.E, IN THE LRPRV-LIST
864 IF(NTE(LE),NE,2) GO TO 915
      CHNX = CHU(LE)
      IF(UPT) CHNX=CHL(LE)
      IF(LRPRV,EQ,0) GO TO 870
      LRX2 = LRPRV+LRD-3
      DO 866 LRX=LRPRV,LRX2
866 IF(CHNA(LRX),EQ,CHNX) GO TO 925
C    DID NOT FIND CHNX, SAVE LRPRV
      IF(LRPRSV,NE,0) CALL ERROR1
      LRPRSV= LRPRV

C    FIND UPSTREAM BOUNDARY WHICH INCLUDES CHANNEL CHNX
870 LR      = LR+LRD
      CALL SETM(1,BLANK, LEDGE(LR),LRD)
      LRE    = LR+LRD-1
      LRPRV = LRO+LRD
      LRP1   = LRPRV
      LRP2   = LRP1+LRD-3
      DO 872 LRP=LRP1,LRP2
872 IF(CHNA(LRP),EQ,CHNX) GO TO 873
      CALL ERROR1
873 LR1     = LR+LRP-LRP1
      CHNA(LR1)=CHNX
      LR2    = LR1
      LRP1   = LRP
      LRP2   = LRP

C    SEARCH FOR CHANNELS BELOW CHNA(LR1)
875 DO 876 LE1=LEO,LEE,10
876 IF(NLE(LE1),NE,0 .AND. CHL(LE1),EQ,CHNA(LR1))GO TO 878
      GO TO 896
C    CHECK FOR BOTTOM CHANNEL
878 IF(CHU(LE1),EQ,BLANK) GO TO 884

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C      USE CHU(LE1) AS PART OF THE UPSTREAM BOUNDARY
880 LRP1 = LRP1-1
    LR1 = LR1-1
    IF(CHU(LE1).EQ.CHNA(LRP1)) GO TO 882
    IF(LR1.GT.LR) GO TO 880
    GO TO 896
882 CHNA(LR1)=CHU(LE1)
    GO TO 875

C      SEARCH FOR CHANNEL ABOVE LR2
884 DO 888 LE2=LE0,LEE,10
888 IF(NLE(LE2).NE.0 .AND. CHU(LE2).EQ.CHNA(LR2)) GO TO 892
    GO TO 896

C      CHECK FOR TOP CHANNEL
892 IF(CHL(LE2).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 899
C      USE CHL(LE2) AS PART OF THE UPSTREAM BOUNDARY
894 LRP2 = LRP2+1
    LR2 = LR2+1
    IF(CHL(LE2).EQ.CHNA(LRP2)) GO TO 898
    IF(LR2.LT.LRE) GO TO 894
896 CALL ERROR1
C      REFER ALSO TO EFN 876, 882,888, FOR THE ERROR
898 CHNA(LR2)=CHL(LE2)
    GO TO 884

899 LE = LE1
    UPT = .FALSE.
    GO TO 672

C      TRAILING EDGE PT WITH ORTHOGONALS ON BOTH SIDES, BUILD DUMMY
C      LRPRV=LIST TO REPRESENT COALESCING OF UPPER AND LOWER STREAMS;
C      LOOK BACK FOR ORTHOG ON OTHER SIDE OF T.E.
900 DO 904 LRP=LR0,LRE,LRD
904 IF(LEDGE(LRP).EQ.LE) GO TO 908
908 LEDGE(LRP)=-LEDGE(LRP)
    LRX1 = LRP
    LRX2 = LR
    LR = LR+LRD
    LRX = LR
    LRE = LR+LRD-3
    CALL SETM(1,BLANK,LEDGE(LR),LRD)
    LEDGE(LR)=0
    LRPREV(LR)=LRX2
910 IF(CHNA(LRX1).NE.BLANK) CHNA(LRX)=CHNA(LRX1)
    IF(CHNA(LRX2).NE.BLANK) CHNA(LRX)=CHNA(LRX2)
    LRX1 = LRX1+1
    LRX2 = LRX2+1
    LRX = LRX+1
    IF(LRX.LE.LRE) GO TO 910
    LRE = LRE+2

C      BUILD FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE, /CADJWF/
    LM1 = LSAVE
    X1F(LF)=X1(LM1)
    X2F(LF)=X2CL(LM1)
    S1F(LF)=ANGE/LE)
    LM2 = LO
911 IF(LM2.GE.LESTA) GO TO 912
    IF(X1(LM2).EQ.X1(LM1)) GO TO 912
    LM2 = LM2+LNEXT(LM2)
    GO TO 911

```

```

912 IF(UPT) GO TO 913
    LFB(LF)=LM2
    LFA(LF)=LM1
    LRXF(LF)=LR1+1+LRD
    GO TO 914
913 LFB(LF)=LM1
    LFA(LF)=LM2
    LRXF(LF)=LR2+LRD
914 LRF(LF)=LR
    VNR(LF)= 0
    LF      = LF+NFCOLS
    LFE     = LF+1
    GO TO 920

```

C DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY, ARE ALL T.E. ORTHOGONAL COMPLETED

```

915 IF(LRPRV.NE.0) GO TO 925
    IF(LRPRSV.EQ.0) GO TO 930
    LRPRV = LRPRSV
    GO TO 925

```

```

920 LRPRV = LR
925 LR     = LR+LRD
    GO TO 640

```

C\*\*\* RELOCATE CONTROL STREAMLINE, X2CL, TO THE FIRST PRIMARY OF REGION

```

930 L      = LO
935 LP1    = L+LNEXT(L)
    IF((LP1).GE.WESTA) GO TO 960
    IF(X1(LP1).LE.X1(L)) GO TO 940
    IF(X2CL(LP1).EQ.BITS) GO TO 950
    X2CL(L)=X2CL(LP1)
    GO TO 950
940 X2CL(L)=BITS
950 L      = LP1
    GO TO 935

```

```

960 L      = LO
    IF(X2CL(L).NE.BITS) GO TO 980
    M      = MLB(L)
    CALL GETIX
    X2CL(L)=X2(J)

```

C BUILD WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS TABLE, /WAKETB/

```

980 IF(LFE.LE.LFO) GO TO 1139
    LF      = LFO
990 LBX     = LFB(LF)
    LAX     = LFA(LF)
    M1      = MUB(LBX)
    M       = MLB(LAX)
    DZ21    = Z(M)+Z(M1)
    DR21    = R(M)+R(M1)
    THK     = DZ21+DZ21+DR21+DR21
    DANG    = ATAN5(DR21,DZ21,S1F(LF))-PIQ2-S1F(LF)
C THE MEAN T.E. ANGLE WAS TEMPORARILY STORED IN S1F
    THK     = COS(DANG)*SQRT(THK)
    IF(AXIA) THK=THK*PI*(R(M)+R(M1))
995 CALL GETIX
    CALL BWAKE(J,THK)
    LF      = LF+NFCOLS
    IF(LF.LT.LFE) GO TO 990

```

```

C   LOOP THROUGH FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE OF T.E. STATIONS
C   DETERMINE IF FLOW IS TO BE ADJUSTED BELOW T.E. (JORDER=0), ABOVE
C   T.E. (JORDER=1), IF TOTAL FLOW ABOVE+BELOW IS TO REMAIN CONSTANT
C   (JORDER=0), OR BOTH FLOWS ARE FIXED (JORDER=3).
      LF = LFO
1040 JORDER(LF)=0
      L = LFB(LF)

C   LOOP TO FIND ALL CHANNELS BELOW (ABOVE) T.E.
1045 M = MLB(L)
      FIXCHN= 0
1050 CALL GETIX

C   FIND INDEX LH IN CHANNEL TABLE
      LH = LHO
1060 IF(LH.GE.LHE) GO TO 1070
      IF(CHNAM(LH).EQ.SLCHN(J)) GO TO 1065
      LH = LH+LHNEXT(LH)
      GO TO 1060
1065 IF(,NOT,VARY(LH)) GO TO 1070

C   INDEX TO NEXT CHANNEL
      M = M+2
      IF(M,LT,MUB(L)) GO TO 1050
      GO TO 1080

C   FIXED CHANNEL
1070 FIXCHN= SLCHN(J)

C   BELOW T.E.
1080 IF(L,NE,LFB(LF)) GO TO 1090
      IF(FIXCHN.NE.0) JORDER(LF)=1
      L = LFA(LF)
      GO TO 1045

C   ABOVE T.E.
1090 IF(FIXCHN.NE.0) JORDER(LF)=JORDER(LF)+2
      X1BF(LF)=X1F(LF)
      X1AF(LF)=X1F(LF)
      LF = LF+NFCOLS
      IF(LF.LE.LFE) GO TO 1040

C   ELIMINATE GAPS BETWEEN EQUIVALENCED TABLES
1139 NMOVE = LWE-LWO+1
      CALL MOVE(1, X2W(LWO),X2W(LTE+1),NMOVE,1)
      LWO = LTE+1
      LWE = LTE+NMOVE

      NMOVE = LFE-LFO+1
      CALL MOVE(1, X1F(LFO),X1F(LWE+1),NMOVE,1)
      LFO = LWE+1
      LFE = LWE+NMOVE

      NMOVE = LESTA-LO+1
      CALL MOVE(1, X1(LO),X1(LFE+1),NMOVE,1)
      LO = LFE+1
      LESTA = LFE+NMOVE

C   INITIALIZE B
      CALL SETM(1,1./1024., B,NM)

```

RETURN

```
1560 FORMAT(1X47HERROR- CONNECTING EDGES WERE NOT FOUND FOR CHN=A6,22H
* (SUBROUTINE BLDTBS))
1835 FORMAT(/1X47H*** ERROR- NEGATIVE RADIUS ENCOUNTERED. AXI=T.;
* 10H (BLDTBS))
1837 FORMAT (20H *** THE FIRST PT (,2F9.3,15H) AND LAST PT (,2F9.3,
1 26H) FOR THIS ORTHOGONAL (LE=,15,4H LR=,15,1H)/ 6X,51HARE NOT IN
&THE CORRECT ORDER FOR THE FLOW DIRECTION,F8:4,8HRADIANS./
36X,64HPROBABLE CAUSE IS INCORRECT NAMING OR DESIGNATION OF BOUNDAR
4IES.)
END
```

•DECK BWAKE

SUBROUTINE BWAKE(JX,THK)

•BWAKE= BUILD WAKE TABLE

•BWAKE•

C INPUT-

C JX = WAKE STREAMLINE

C THK = T.E. THICKNESS

C TABLE OF WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS

C INDEX= LW=LWO,LWE

COMMON /CHDATA/ X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(47)

DIMENSION DST(1)

EQUIVALENCE (DST,S1W)

C SUBTABLE ARRANGEMENT IS-

C X2W,LWNEXT(=2+2N), S1W(1),S1W(2)...S1W(N), DST(1),DST(2),...,DST(N)

C X2W = STREAMLINE COORDINATE

C S1W = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE FROM T.E.

C DST = WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS AS A FUNCTION OF S1W

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

\* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),

\* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

\* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)

EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)

INTEGER SLCHN

IF (LWE.GT.LWO) GO TO 110

LW = LWO

110 X2W(LW)=X2(JX)

S1W(LW)=0.

S1W(LW+1)=10.\*ABS(THK)

S1W(LW+2)=S1W(LW+1)

S1W(LW+3)=S1W(LW+2)+S1W(LW+2)

DST(LW+4)=THK

DST(LW+5)=0.

DST(LW+6)=0.

DST(LW+7)=0.

N = 4

LWNEXT(LW)=2+N+N

LW = LW+LWNEXT(LW)

LWE = LW+1

IF (THK.LT.0.) WRITE (6,1200) THK,X2(JX)

1200 FORMAT(41H \*\*\* ERROR = NEGATIVE T.E. THICKNESS OF ,F11.5,

1 8H AT X12\*,F7,3,1H.)

RETURN

END

```

*DECK FILL
      SUBROUTINE FILL(X,Y,NA,NB)
CFILL
C     LINEAR INTERPOLATION TO FIL VACANCIES IN INPUT LISTS
      COMMON /CBITS/BITS
      DIMENSION X(10),Y(10)
C     FIND IA,IB = VACANT REGION
      IA=NA+1
      IF(Y(IA-1).EQ.BITS) GO TO 99
3    DO 4 I=IA,NB
      IF(Y(I).NE.BITS) GO TO 5
4    CONTINUE
      IB=NB
      GO TO 7
5    IB=I-1
      IF(I.EQ.IA) GO TO 12
C     FILL VACANCIES
      IF(Y(IB+1).NE.Y(IA-1)) GO TO 9
C     ALL VALUES THE SAME
7    DO 8 II=IA,IB
8    Y(II)=Y(IA-1)
      GO TO 12
C     INTERPOLATE
9    DX = X(IB+1) - X(IA-1)
      DO 11 II=IA,IB
11   Y(II) = (Y(IB+1)*(X(II)-X(IA-1)) + Y(IA-1)*(X(IB+1)-X(II)))/DX
C     GO BACK AND SEARCH FOR MORE REGIONS
12   IA = IB+2
      IF(I.LT.NB) GO TO 3
99   RETURN
      FND

```

```

*DECK JOFCHN
SUBROUTINE JOFCHN(CHN,JA,JB)
*JOFCHN STREAMLINE INDEX FROM CHANNEL NAME *JOFCHN

```

```

C INPUT-
C CHN = NAME OF CHANNEL
C JA = STREAMLINE FOR WHICH SEARCH WILL BE INITIATED

```

```

C OUTPUT-
C JA,JB = FIRST AND LAST INDEX OF STREAMLINES BELONGING TO CHN

```

```

      INTEGER CHN
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*              LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*              MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*              LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN

```

```

      LOGICAL SECOND

```

```

      SECOND= .FALSE.
      J = JA
55 IF(CHN.NE.SLCHN(J)) GO TO 65
      IF(SECOND) GO TO 60
      SECOND= .TRUE.
      JA = J
60 JB = J
      GO TO 70
65 IF(SECOND) RETURN
70 J = J+1
      IF(J.LE.NJ) GO TO 55
      IF(.NOT.SECOND) CALL ERROR1
      RETURN
      END

```



\*DECK OBI

SUBROUTINE OBI(XPT,YPT,APT,NAMBDY,NAMCHN, I,FA,S1,XB,YB)  
\*OBI--= ORTHOGONAL-BOUNDARY INTERSECTION @OBI@

C INPUT-

C XPT = X-COOR OF PT ON THE ORTHOGONAL  
C YPT = Y-COOR OF PT ON THE ORTHOGONAL  
C APT = ANGLE OF SL PERPENDICULAR TO ORTHOGONAL  
C NAMBDY= BOUNDARY NAME  
C NAMCHN= NAME OF CHANNEL ADJACENT TO NAMBDY

C OUTPUT-

C I = INTERVAL OF ORTHOGONAL-BOUNDARY INTERSECTION  
C FA = FRACTIONAL POSITION IN THE INTERVAL  
C S1 = ARC DISTANCE FROM BEGINNING OF THE INTERVAL  
C XB,YB = COORDINATES OF THE INTERSECTION

C BOUNDARY TABLE

C INDEX= LB=LBDO, LBDE  
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY  
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO  
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED  
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY  
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L,E,T POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE  
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED

C BDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY  
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED

COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),

1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),

2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)

LOGICAL UP

INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME

DIMENSION BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)

EQUIVALENCE (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)

C

COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YODX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,S1M,

1 RZONLY, ANGCHD,SINTVL, YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ

LOGICAL RZONLY

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

\* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),

\* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

\* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRO

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)

EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD

COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

LOGICAL FGE1

C DETERMINE INTERVAL INDEX LIMITS, LB1,LB2, OF @NAMBDY@

LB = LBF(NAMBDY)

LB10 = LB+LBZ1(LB)

LB20 = LB+LBNEXT(LB)-12

LB1 = LB10

LB2 = LB20

IF(LEDEX(LB),NE,0) GO TO 105

C BDMSLA= BOUNDARY MINUS STREAMLINE ANGLE

BDMSLA= 0.

IF(UP(LB), BDMSLA=PI

GO TO 120

```

105 LB2 = LB+LEDEX(LB)-3
   BDMSLA= PI
   IF(CHNAME(LB),EQ,NAMCHN) GO TO 120
   LB1 = LB2+3
   LB2 = LB20
   BDMSLA= 0.
   IF(CHNAME(LB+1),EQ,NAMCHN) GO TO 120
   CALL ERROR1

120 FGE1 = .FALSE.
   DO 150 LB=LB1,LB2,3
   DZ = ZBT(LB+3)-ZBT(LB)
   DR = RBT(LB+3)-RBT(LB)
   SB = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
   IF(SB,EQ,0.) GO TO 150
   CSB = DZ/SB
   SNB = DR/SB
C   AP = ANGLE OF THE PERPENDICULAR OR ORTHOGONAL
   AP = .50*APT + .50*(ATAN3(DR,DZ,APT+BDMSLA)-BDMSLA) * PIQ2
   SNP = SIN(AP)
   CSP = COS(AP)
C   D = SIN(AB-AP)
   D = SNB*CSP-CSB*SNP
   IF(ABS(D).LT;.01) GO TO 150
   XP = XPT-ZBT(LB)
   YP = YPT-RBT(LB)
   SS = (YP*CSP-XP*SNP)/D
   F = SS/SB
   IF(F,GE,1.0001) GO TO 140
   IF(F,GT;(-.0001),OR, FGE1) GO TO 200
C   F,LE;-.0001
   GO TO 150
C   F,GE,1.0001
140 FGE1 = .TRUE.
150 CONTINUE

C   FAILED TO FIND PROPER BOUNDARY INTERSECTION
   APTD = APT*YODEG
   WRITE (6,1950) NAMBDY,XPT,YPT,APTD

C   FIRST OR LAST INTERVAL
   LB = LB1
   F = .1
   IF(.NOT,FGE1) GO TO 165
   LB = LB2
   F = .9
165 DZ = ZBT(LB+3)-ZBT(LB)
   DR = RBT(LB+3)-RBT(LB)
   WRITE (6,1960)

200 ANGCHD= ATAN3(DR,DZ,ANGBT(LB))
   F = AMAX1(0.,AMIN1(F,1.))
   G = 1.-F
   YPA = ANGBT(LB)-ANGCHD
   YPB = ANGBT(LB+3)-ANGCHD
   RZONLY= .FALSE.
   CALL BFI
   I = (LB-LB10+3)/3
   FA = F
   S1 = S1M
   XB = ZBT(LB)+ZM

```

YB = RBT(LB)\*RM  
RZONLY= .TRUE.  
RETURN

1950 FORMAT(/1X61HERROR- THE INTERSECTION OF A L.E. OR T.E. ORTHOGONAL  
\*WITH THE/6X14HBOUNDARY, BDY=A6,40H, WAS NOT FOUND, THE L.E./T.E.  
\*POINT IS/6X2HX=F10.5,3X2HY=F10.5,4X4HANG=F8.3.)  
1960 FORMAT(/6X58HTHE INTERSECTION POINT IS BEING PLACED IN AN END INTE  
\*RVAL,/6X24HEXECUTION WILL CONTINUE,)  
END

```
*DECK RBCONV
SUBROUTINE RBCONV
*RBCONV REBUILD CONVECTED PROPERTIES TABLE @RBCONV@
```

```
C COLLECT LIST OF CHANNELS FROM /CONVTB/, THEN BUILD A
C NEW /CONVTB/ FROM CHANNEL DATA TO ACCOUNT FOR INPUT MODIFICATIONS
```

```
C TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES
C INDEX= LT=LTO,LTE
C CH = CHANNELNAME
C LTNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL
C LPSI = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PSI LIST
C NPT = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES
C LTT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF TT LIST
C LPT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PT LIST
C LRCU = RELATIVE LOCATION OF RCU LIST
COMMON /CHDATA/ CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),
1 LRCU(1),
2 CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),
3 FGR(1),AREATB(485)
```

```
INTEGER CH
DIMENSION XCH(1)
EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)
C
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
```

```
COMMON /CFB2 / PASS1
LOGICAL PASS1
COMMON /ERASE2/ CHT(500),AT(500),FLW(500)
COMMON /SPACER/ MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW
```

```
INTEGER CHT
```

```
C ACCUMULATE CHANNEL NAMES AND AREAS
```

```
.LT = LTO
I = 0
110 I = I+1
CHT(I) = CH(LT)
AT(I) = AREATB(LT)
LT1 = LT+LPSI(LT)*NPT(LT)+1
FLW(I) = XCH(LT1)
LT = LT+LTNEXT(LT)
IF(LT,LTE) GO TO 110
NI = I
```

```
C CYCLE THROUGH BCONV ROUTINE
```

```
PASS1 = .FALSE.
LTE = LTO+1
I = 1
```

```
130 CALL BCONV(CHT(I),LT,AT(I))
```

```
C CHECK FOR CHANGED FLOW RATE
```

```
LT = LT+LPSI(LT)*NPT(LT)+1
IF(XCH(LT).EQ.FLW(I)) GO TO 190
```

```
C UPDATE THE STREAMLINE TABLE FLOW VALUES
```

```
C SEARCH FOR FIRST AND LAST ELEMENTS OF SLCHN(J)=CHT(I)
DO 140 JA=1,NJ
```

```

140     IF(SLCHN(JA),EQ,CHT(I)) GO TO 150
150     DO 160 J=JA,NJ
        IF(SLCHN(J),NE,CHT(I)) GO TO 170
160     JB      = J
C       SCALE THE CUMULATIVE FLOW RATE VALUES
170     DO 180 J=JA,JB
180     W(J)    = W(J)/W(JB)*XCH(LT)
C       SET PASS1=T TO JUMP AROUND INTERPOLATION FOR VM IN FLOBAL
C       (TYPE=FIELD)
        PASS1 = .TRUE.
190     I      = I+1
        IF(I,LE,NI) GO TO 130

        IF(LTE,LT,LWO) GO TO 980
        WRITE (6,1960) LTO,LTE,MAXLT,LWO
        CALL ERROR1

980     RETURN
1960     FORMAT(/1X69H*** THE TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES HAS EXCEEDED A
        *LLOCATED MEMORY;/6X4HLTO=I4,3X4HLTE=I4,3X6HMAXLT=I4,3X4HLWO=I4, )
        END

```

```

*DECK RTCFI
SUBROUTINE RTCFI( CHT1, LH)
*RTCFI= RETRIEVE CHANNEL FLOW INPUT                                @RTCFI@

C INPUT-
C CHDATA= CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C CHT1 = CHANNEL NAME

C OUTPUT-
C LH = INDEX OF CHT1 IN THE CHANNEL DATA TABLE
C = 0 IF NO CHANNEL DATA WAS FOUND
C IF THEY EXIST, THE CHDATA=LISTS TT,PT,RCU ARE TRANSFERRED TO THE
C LISTS OF TT,PT,RCU. IF THEY DO NOT EXIST, TT,PT,RCU = BITS;

INTEGER CHT1

C CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C INDEX= LH=LHO,LHE
C COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
1 TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(1),
2 RG(1),GAM(1), NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),
4 BB(75)
LOGICAL VARY
INTEGER CHNAM
DIMENSION VO(1)
REAL MACHO
EQUIVALENCE (VO,MACHO)

C COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /CRITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /ERASE/ QV(8),EDUM(72), A(90),V(90),
1 PSI(90),R(90),TT(90),PT(90),RCU(90),PS(90)
DIMENSION Y(90)
EQUIVALENCE (Y,R)

NAMELIST /NLCHN / PSI,R,Y,TT,PT,RCU,PS

C SEARCH CHDATA FOR CHANNEL=CHT1
LH = LHO
60 IF (LH,GE,LHE) GO TO 65
IF (CHNAM(LH).EQ.CHT1) GO TO 70
LH = LH+LHNEXT(LH)
GO TO 60

C NO INPUT TABLE WAS FOUND
65 LH = 0
RETURN

C AN INPUT TABLE WAS FOUND
70 CONTINUE

C PLACE THE TABLE IN COMMON=ERASE
NCR = NC(LH)*NR(LH)
IF (NCR.GT.0) CALL ISORT(TT,PT,RCU, BB(LH),NCR)
RETURN
END

```

```
*DECK PLOT  
  OVERLAY(STC:1,4)  
  PROGRAM PLOT  
*PLOT      DUMMY TO CALL PRTPLOT  
  CALL PRTPLOT  
  RETURN  
  END
```

\*DECK PRITPLT  
SUBROUTINE PRITPLT  
\*PRITPLT PRINTER PLOT

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK

COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),CHNAME(1),UP(1),

8 LEDEX(1),ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(3)  
DIMENSION X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),TYPELB(5),

8 TYPEUB(1)

EQUIVALENCE (X1,BDT),(LBNEXT,LNEXT),(MLB,LBZ1),(MUB,CHNAME),

8 (PRIM,UP),(TYPELB,LEDEX),(TYPEUB,ANGBT(3))

COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)

COMMON /CR / R(300)

COMMON /CM / JMS(300)

COMMON /CZ / Z(300)

COMMON /CIDEX / M,JDUM,MU,MD,ISTAG

COMMON /IXORTG/ LHO,LHE,LBDO,LBDE,LTO,LTE,LWO,LWE,LFO,LFE,

1 LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDO,LDE,LDUM(4),

2 MO,NM,NJ,NFCOLS(10)

COMMON /PRNTP / P(131,48)

INTEGER P,PLUS

COMMON /PRNTP1/ RSV(20),ZSV(20)

COMMON /PRNTP2/ LB1,LB2,I,II,ISV,I1,I2,K,KK,KSV,K1,K2,IP,IP1,

1 IP2,IP3,RI,IGO,XMIN,XMAX,XFACT,YMIN,YMAX,YFACT

DIMENSION ITABLE(10)

LOGICAL ISTGSV

INTEGER TE

DATA LE,TE/2HLE,2HTE/

DATA PLUS/10H+

DATA (ITABLE(I),I=1,10)/10H0

+ 10H3 10H4 10H5 10H6 10H7

+ 10H8 10H9

C SEARCH FOR MAX AND MIN, SET SCALES

C YFACT AND XFACT CHAR/UNIT

YMAX = R(NM)

YMIN = R(1)

XMAX = Z(NM)

XMIN = Z(1)

DO 110 I=2,NM

YMAX = AMAX1(YMAX,R(I))

YMIN = AMIN1(YMIN,R(I))

XMAX = AMAX1(XMAX,Z(I))

XMIN = AMIN1(XMIN,Z(I))

110 CONTINUE

YFACT = (YMAX-YMIN)/8.

XFACT = (XMAX-XMIN)/13.

YFACT = AMAX1(YFACT,XFACT)

XFACT = YFACT

YFACT = 6./YFACT

XFACT = 10./XFACT

C INITIALIZE P ARRAY

CALL SETM(1,BLANK,P,6288)

C FILL IN BOUNDARIES UNTIL BDYTAB EXHAUSTED



```

      LB      = LBDO
130 IF (LB,GE,LBDE) GO TO 200
      LB1     = LB+LBZ1(LB)
      LB2     = LB+LBNEXT(LB)+9
      I       = INT((ZBT(LB1)-XMIN)*XFACT)+1
      K       = INT((RBT(LB1)-YMIN)*YFACT)+1
      IF (I,GT,131) I=131
      IF (I,LT,1) I=1
      IF (K,GT,48) K=48
      IF (K,LT,1) K=1
      P(I,K) = PLUS
      ISV    = I
      KSV    = K
      LB3    = LB1+3
      DO 190 L=LB3,LB2,3
      I      = INT((ZBT(L)-XMIN)*XFACT)+1
      K      = INT((RBT(L)-YMIN)*YFACT)+1
      IF (I,GT,131) I=131
      IF (I,LT,1) I=1
      IF (K,GT,48) K=48
      IF (K,LT,1) K=1
      P(I,K) = PLUS
      IF (IABS(I-ISV),LE,1) GO TO 150
C   INTERPOLATE
      I1     = MIN0(I,ISV)
      I2     = MAX0(I,ISV)
      II     = I1
140 II      = II+1
      IF (II,EQ,I2) GO TO 180
      KK     = K-((K-KSV)*(I-II)/(I-ISV))
      P(II,KK) = PLUS
      GO TO 140
150 IF (IABS(K-KSV),LE,1) GO TO 180
      I1     = MIN0(I,ISV)
      I2     = MAX0(I,ISV)
      K1     = MIN0(K,KSV)
      K2     = MAX0(K,KSV)
      KSV    = (K2-K1)/2 + K1
      DO 160 KK=K1,KSV
160 P(I1,KK) = PLUS
      KSV    = KSV +1
170 P(I2,KK) = PLUS
180 ISV    = I
      KSV    = K
190 CONTINUE
      LB     = LB+LBNEXT(LB)
      GO TO 130

200 CONTINUE

```

```

C   ADD OL TO PLOT
300 LS     = LO
305 IF (LS,GT,LESTA) GO TO 500
      IP    = X1(LS)
      IP1   = IP
      IF (IP,LT,10) GO TO 320
      IF (IP,LT,100) GO TO 310
      IP3   = IP1/100
      IP1   = IP1-IP3*100
      IP3   = ITABLE(IP3+1)
310 IP2    = IP1/10

```

```

IP1      = IP1*IP2*10
IP2      = ITABLE(IP2*1)
320 IP1   = ITABLE(IP1*1)
L1       = MLB(LS)
L2       = MUB(LS)
I        = INT((Z(L1)-XMIN)*XFACT)+1
K        = INT((R(L1)-YMIN)*YFACT)+1
IGO      = 1
GO TO 400
330 L1    = L1+1
IF (L1.GT.L2) GO TO 380
ISV      = I
KSV      = K
I        = INT((Z(L1)-XMIN)*XFACT)+1
K        = INT((R(L1)-YMIN)*YFACT)+1
IGO      = 2
GO TO 400
350 IF (ABS(K-KSV).LE.1) GO TO 330
K1       = MIN0(K,KSV)
K2       = MAX0(K,KSV)
I1       = ISV
IF (K1.EQ.K) I1=I
I2       = ISV
IF (K2.EQ.K) I2=I
I        = I1
K        = K1
IGO      = 3
360 K     = K+1
I        = I1 + FLOAT((I2-I1)*(K-K1))/FLOAT(K2-K1)
IF (K.GE.K2) GO TO 330
GO TO 400
380 LS    = LS+LNEXT(LS)
GO TO 305
400 P(I,K) = IP1
IF (IP.GE.10 .AND. I.GT.1) P(I+1,K)=IP2
IF (IP.GE.100 .AND. I.GT.2) P(I+2,K)=IP3
GO TO (330,350,360),IGO

```

C ADD SL TO PLOT

C LOCATE FIRST PT ON SL

```

500 J     = 0
510 J     = J+1
IF (J.GT.NJ) GO TO 800
M        = MBEGIN(J)
ISTGSV   = .FALSE.

```

C SAVE COORDS OF SL SEGMENT

```

520 L     = 1
530 RSV(L) = R(M)
ZSV(L)    = Z(M)
CALL GETIX
IF (ISTAG.NE.1) GO TO 534
LR        = 0
CALL STANO(M,LR,UPPER)
IF (TYPELB(LR).EQ.LE .OR. TYPEUB(LR).EQ.LE) GO TO 550
534 IF (MD.EQ.0 .AND. ISTGSV) GO TO 550
IF (MD.EQ.0) GO TO 510
IF (ISTAG.NE.2) GO TO 538
LR        = 0
CALL STANO(M,LR,UPPER)
IF (TYPELB(LR).EQ.TE .OR. TYPEUB(LR).EQ.TE) GO TO 540

```

```

538 M      = MD
      L      = L+1
      GO TO 530
540 ISTGSV = :TRUE:
      RSV(1) = R(M)
      ZSV(1) = Z(M)
      L      = 2
      M      = MD
      GO TO 530

```

C DETERMINE X2

```

550 LTOT   = L
      IP    = X2(2)
      IP1   = IP
      IDIGIT = 1
      IF (IP.LT.10) GO TO 570
      IF (IP.LT.100) GO TO 560
      IDIGIT = 3
      IP3    = IP1/100
      IP1    = IP1-IP3*100
      IP3    = ITABLE(IP3+1)
560 IDIGIT = 2
      IP2    = IP1/10
      IP1    = IP1-IP2*10
      IP2    = ITABLE(IP2+1)
570 IP1    = ITABLE(IP1+1)

610 I      = INT((ZSV(1)-XMIN)*XFACT)+1
      K      = INT((RSV(1)-YMIN)*YFACT)+1
      L      = 1
      IGO    = 1
      GO TO 700
620 L      = L+1
      IF (L.LE.LTOT) GO TO 630
      IF (MD.EQ.0) GO TO 510
      M      = MD
      GO TO 520
630 ISV    = 1
      KSV   = K
      I      = INT((ZSV(L)-XMIN)*XFACT)+1
      K      = INT((RSV(L)-YMIN)*YFACT)+1
      IGO    = 2
      GO TO 700

```

C INTERPOLATE (ASSUME ISV,LT,I)

```

640 IF (I-ISV.LE.IDIGIT) GO TO 620
      KK    = K
      II    = I
      I      = ISV
650 I      = I + IDIGIT
      K      = KK + FLOAT((KK-KSV)*(II-I))/FLOAT(II-ISV)
      IF (I.GE.II) GO TO 620
      IGO    = 3
      GO TO 700

```

```

700 P(I,K) = IP1
      IF (IP.GE.10 .AND. I.GT.1) P(I-1,K)=IP2
      IF (IP.GE.100 .AND. I.GT.2) P(I-2,K)=IP3
      GO TO (620,640,650),IGO

```

800 WRITE (6,1000)

```
DO 810 KK=1,48  
K = 49-KK  
WRITE (6,1001) (P(I,K),I=1,131)  
810 CONTINUE  
900 RETURN  
  
1000 FORMAT (1H1,55X,16HX11,X12 GRID MAP //)  
1001 FORMAT ((1X,131A1))  
END
```

```

*DECK STCB
  OVERLAY(STC,2,0)
  PROGRAM STCB
  COMMON /CHNFRT/ ICHN(10),WTFS(10),WTFA(10),WPTO(10),WYTO(10); IC
  COMMON /SELECT/ LENTRY
  GO TO (10,20,10,10),LENTY
C  NORMAL ENTRY- STATION LOOP, FLOW BALANCE
  10 CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,1,6HRECALL)
    GO TO 30
  20 CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,2,6HRECALL)
  30 RETURN
    END

```

```

BLOCK DATA CFBBLN
*CFB--*      BLOCK DATA FOR CFB      *CFB*
COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC,
1          XCHOKE, TAREA,VMBC, WRQST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8),
*          JSUM,VMLBSQ
      LOGICAL          CHOKE,SUBSON
DATA XCHOKE/SHCHOKE/, JSUM/0/
END

```

\*DECK ERRORX  
SUBROUTINE ERROR1  
CEDUMPX EDUMP FOR STC EXECUTE SECTION

\*EDUMPX\*

```

LOGICAL      IPLOT
COMMON /CHDATA/ TABLES(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(97)

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA(20)
COMMON /CB      / B(300)
COMMON /CCURV  / CURV(300)
COMMON /CDS2   / DS2(300)
COMMON /CEDUMP/ IGODMP
COMMON /CFB    / L,DFB(4),IB,DFB1(2),NK,DFB2(7),NIC,DFB3(17)
COMMON /CIDEX  / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
LOGICAL      OMITFK
COMMON /CM     / JMS(300)
COMMON /CPHI1  / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CPLOT1/ PLOT,SAMEXY(13)
LOGICAL      PLOT
COMMON /CR     / R(300)
COMMON /CRHS   / RHS(300)
COMMON /CS1    / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2    / S2(300)
COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
COMMON /CVM    / VM(300)
COMMON /CZ     / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE2/ AREA(96),AREA0(96),DISP(96),PT(96),LAMBDA(96),
& RHO(96),SQRTVV(96),TS(96),TT(96),VMSQ(96),
& VVKQKP(96),
& WQA(96),WSTA(96), RG(96),C2CP(96),FGR(96)
REAL         LAMBDA
DIMENSION    ES2(96),SDNQRH(96)
EQUIVALENCE (ES2,VVKQKP),(SDNQRH,RHO)
DIMENSION    RCU(96)
EQUIVALENCE (RCU,LAMBDA)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
& LO,LESTA,LSO, LSE,LDUM(6),
& MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
& LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER      SLCHN
COMMON /BLBDV / IRLB(60)
IPLOT = PLOT

```

```

LMAX = 0
130 WRITE (6,1130)
CALL TABPRT(3H ,L,34,8)
WRITE (6,1150) (J,X2(J),SLCHN(J),W(J),J=1,NJ)
IF (LMAX) 180,140,180
140 CALL TABPRT(6HALLCOM,MACHA,20,8)
CALL TABPRT(6HCIDEX,M,5,5)
CALL TABPRT(6HIXORIG,LHO,12,2)
I1TAB = LBDO
CALL TABPRT(6HBDYTAB,TABLES,LBDE,3)
I1TAB = LTO
CALL TABPRT(6HCONVTB,TABLES,LTE,7)
I1TAB = LWO
CALL TABPRT(6HWAKETB,TABLES,LWE,2)
I1TAB = LFO
CALL TABPRT(6HCADJWF,TABLES,LFE,8)
I1TAB = LO

```

CALL TABPRT(AHSTATAB, TABLES, LESTA, 5)

C FIELD TABLE DUMP

```
L      = LO
LMAX   = LESTA
180 OMITFK = .TRUE.
LINES  = 64
190 MA   = MLB(L)
MB      = MUB(L)
CALL FHEAD(MB=MA+2)
IF (LINES.EQ.(MB=MA+5)) WRITE (6,1200)
WRITE (6,1202)
DO 200 M=MA,MB
CALL GETIX
WRITE (6,1201) J,M,MU,MD,ISTAG, S1(M),S2(M),Z(M),R(M),PHI1(M),
& CURV(M),VM(M),B(M),RHS(M),DS2(M)
200 CONTINUE
L      = L+LNEXT(L)
IF(L,LE,LMAX) GO TO 190
L      = LMAX
```

C ERASE2 DUMP

```
300 WRITE (6,1004)
NIC     = MIN0(NIC,128)
NK      = MIN0(NK,96)
GO TO (900,310,330,350,360,370,390), IGO2DMP
```

C FLOBAL

```
310 WRITE (6,1000)
DO 315 I=1,NK
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J=I,672,96)
315 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1002)
DO 320 I=1,NK
IP     = 672+I
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J=IP, 1536,96)
320 CONTINUE
GO TO 900
```

```
330 WRITE (6,1003)
DO 335 I=1,NIC
WRITE (6,1019) (AREA(J),J=I,768,128)
335 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1005)
DO 340 I=1,NK
IP     = 768+I
WRITE (6,1004) (AREA(J),J=IP,1344,96)
340 CONTINUE
GO TO 900
```

```
350 WRITE (6,1007) (AREA(I),I=1152,1183)
WRITE (6,1009)
DO 355 I=1,NIC
WRITE (6,1010) (AREA(J),J=I,1152,128)
355 CONTINUE
GO TO 900
```

C SLC

```
360 WRITE (6,1011) (AREA(I),I=1024,1037)
WRITE (6,1012)
DO 365 I=1,IB
365 WRITE (6,1013) (AREA(J),J=I,1024,128)
```



```

      GO TO 900

370 WRITE (6,1014)
    DO 375 I=1,NK
      WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J=I,431,48)
375 CONTINUE
      WRITE (6,1015)
    DO 380 I=1,NK
      WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J=432,863,48)
380 CONTINUE
      GO TO 900

390 WRITE (6,1016)
    DO 392 I=1,50
      WRITE (6,1001) AREA(I),AREA(I+128),AREA(I+256),
&                AREA(I+50),AREA(I+178),AREA(I+306),
&                AREA(I+100),AREA(I+228),AREA(I+356)
392 CONTINUE
      WRITE (6,1017) (AREA(I),I=385,896)
      WRITE (6,1018) (AREA(I),I=897,1308)
900 CONTINUE

      IF( IBLB(1),NE,0 ) CALL TABPRT(5HBLBDY,IBLB,60,3)
      IF( LDE,EQ,0 ) GO TO 1321
      I1TAB = LDO
      CALL TABPRT(5HBLTAB,CHNAM,LDE,3)
1321 CONTINUE

      LSTOP = 5
      GO TO (999,999) , LSTOP
999 RETURN

      ENTRY EDUMP1
      LMAX = L
      IPLOT = .FALSE.
      GO TO 130

1000 FORMAT (//2X,47HSUBROUTINES ADJWF, BRHS, FLOBAL, WRIBDY, WRIOUT//
&          11X,4HARGA,8X,5HAREAO,9X,4HDISP,11X,2HPT,7X,6HLAMBDA,10X,
&          3HRHO,7X,6HSQRTVV)
1001 FORMAT (2X,9E13,5)
1002 FORMAT (//13X,2HTS,11X,2HTT,9X,4HVMSQ,7X,6HVVKQKP,10X,3HWQA,9X,
&          4HWSTA,11X,2HRG,9X,4HC2CP,10X,3HEGR)
1003 FORMAT (//2X,17HSUBROUTINE PTMOVE// 12X,3HX1L,11X,2HSC,10X,3HSCX,
&          11X,2HLC,8X,5HLOOPC,10X,3HKCL)
1004 FORMAT (1H1)
1005 FORMAT (//11X,4HPI2,10X,3HDS1,11X,2HZK,11X,2HRK,2X,5HWEZPT,
&          9X,4HDS1C)
1006 FORMAT (2X,4E13,5,5X,L2,E13,5)
1007 FORMAT (//2X,17HSUBROUTINE REFINE//2X,3HIA=,16I7/2X,3HIB=,16I7)
1009 FORMAT (//13X,2HCR,9X,4HDELS,8X,5HDELM,2X,4HLSTA,3X,3HMJ2,10X,
&          3HSQX,10X,3HSGY,10X,3HRAV,10X,3HZAV)
1010 FORMAT (2X,3E13,5,2I6,4E13,5)
1011 FORMAT (//2X,14HSUBROUTINE SLC//2X,6HCURSS=.6E13,5/
&          2X,6HQV =.8E13,5)
1012 FORMAT (//13X,2HRR,11X,2HZB,10X,3HANG,8X,5HCURVB,10X,3HS1B,11X,
&          2HB1,2X,6HJ2DONE,3X,3HMSV)
1013 FORMAT (2X,6E13,5,2X,2I6)
1014 FORMAT (//2X,14HSUBROUTINE OLC//13X,2HZK,11X,2HRK,8X,5HWEZPT,
&          9X,4HPI2,11X,2HC2,11X,2HSP,10X,3HSPP,10X,3HGSP,9X,4HGSP)
1015 FORMAT (//13X,2HDS,10X,3HBET,10X,3HDDS,9X,4HWSTA,9X,4HDISP,11X,

```

```

&      2HTY11X,2HPI,9X,4HC2CP,10X,3HFGK)
1016 FORMAT (//2X,26H SUBROUTINES ADDBTB, PLOTBZ//11X,4HANGB,11X,2HRB,
&      11X,2HZB)
1017 FORMAT (/2X,2HRR/(2X,10E13,5),)
1018 FORMAT (/2X,2HZZ/(2X,10E13,5),)
1019 FORMAT (2X,3E13,5,3I13)
1130 FORMAT (//1X,3HCFB,3X,9H1-L,MA,MB,3X,25H4-PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON,
&      83X,44H9-NK,PUBC,PUBC,XCHOKE,TAREA,VMBC,WRQST,WCALC,
&      85X,32H17-QV(8),QVP(8) 33-JSUM,VMLBSQX)
&      17-QV(8),QVP(8) 33-JSUM,VMLBSQ*)
1150 FORMAT (///1X17HSTREAMLINE TABLE=/17X32HJ          X2          SLCHN
&      W/(118,F12,6,6X,A6,F12,6,},)
1200 FORMAT(57X,16HFIELD TABLE DUMP/128H  J      M      MU      MD I      S1
&      S2          Z          R          PHI1          CURV          V
&      M          B          RHS          DS2)
1201 FORMAT (1X,15.315,12,2F11.6,2F12.6,F11.6,F12.7,2F11.3,2F10,5)
1202 FORMAT(1H )
END

```

```

*DECK ADJWF2
SUBROUTINE ADJWF2
*ADJWF2          INSERT CHOKE STATION IN FLOW ADJ-TABLE          *ADJWF2*

C  COMB3
C  CADJWF, CHDATA, STATAB
C  COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
      *              TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(5),TAB(6)
      INTEGER          CHNAM
      LOGICAL          VARY

C  FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C  INDEX= LF=LFO,LFE
C  NFCOLS= 8
C  X1F   = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE
C  X2F   = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T,E,
C  X1BF  = X1 COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T,E,
C  X1AF  = X1 COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T,E.
C  S1F   = S1 COORDINATE OF T,E. (UPPER SURFACE); THIS ITEM
C          IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA=STAR,
C  LFB,LFA= INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E;
C  NCHB,NCHA= NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E.
C  LRF   = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCN LIST FOR THE T,E.
C  LRXF  = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T,E.
C  JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
C          = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T,E, IS GIVEN
C          = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T,E, IS GIVEN
C  JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
C  DIMENSION      X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1                S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
C  EQUIVALENCE    (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
C  DIMENSION      LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)

C  STATION TABLE
C  INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C  SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C  MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C  MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
C  DIMENSION      X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1                TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1                TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
8                VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSW(1),MCL(1),
8                ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
8                ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
C  DIMENSION      CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
C  EQUIVALENCE    (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
C  INTEGER        PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)
C  EQUIVALENCE    (CHNAM,X1F,X1),(LHNEXT,X2F,LNEXT)
C  EQUIVALENCE    (WTFLOW,X1BF,MLB),(TTO,X1AF,MUB),(PTO,S1F,PRIM)
C  EQUIVALENCE    (TSO,NCHB,TYPELB),(PSO,NCHA,NAMELB)
C  EQUIVALENCE    (MACHO,JORDER,ILB),(AO,VNR,FLB),(VARY(1),S1LB)
C  EQUIVALENCE    (VARY(2),TYPEUB),(VARY(3),NAMEUB),(VARY(4),IUB)
C  EQUIVALENCE    (VARY(5),FUB)
C  EQUIVALENCE    (TAB(1),AREATB,S1UB),(TAB(2),VMB),(TAB(3),DWDV)
C  EQUIVALENCE    (TAB(4),X2CL),(TAB(5),SLSW),(TAB(6),MCL)

C  COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,W,CHOKE,SUBSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC;
1              XCHOKE, TAREA,VMBC, WRQST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8);
*              JSUM,VMLBSQ
C  LOGICAL          CHOKE,SUBSON
C  COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1
1              ,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX
C  INTEGER          SSFML
C  LOGICAL          SSEF,          SSDF,          SSDLE

```

```

C SSFML = SUPERSONIC CURVATURE FORMULA NUMBER
C SSEF = SUPERSONIC ENTERING FLOW, T OR F
C SSEANG= ENTERING FLOW ANGLE (DEGREES) FOR SSEF=T
C SSDF = SUPERSONIC DISCHARGE FLOW, T OR F
C SSFEND= SUPERSONIC BEAM DOWNSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1 FOR PARABOL
C SSFND1= SUPERSONIC BEAM UPSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1, FOR PARABOLA
C SSDLE = SS FLOW BELOW AND AFT OF LE PT, T OR F
C A4FACT= CENTRAL POINT INFLUENCE COEFFICIENT FACTOR
C BR LX = B-RELAXATION FACTOR
C CURRLX= CURVATURE RELAXATION FACTOR
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
* LD, LESTA, LDUM(87,
* MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
* LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD
* DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
* EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS, LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128), X2(128), SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN

```

```

COMMON /CIDEX / M, J, MU, MD, ISTAG

```

```

C CHECK FOR SMALLER PREVIOUSLY DETECTED AREA
M = MLB(L)
CALL GETIX
JA = J
M = MUB(L)
CALL GETIX
JB = J
JSUML = JA+256*JB
IF(JSUM, NE, JSUML) GO TO 90
IF(TAREA.GT, SVAREA) RETURN
90 JSUM = JSUML
SVAREA= TAREA
IF(SSDF) SUBSON=.FALSE.

```

```

C SEARCH FORWARD TO TRAILING EDGE
LX = L
LSTE = 0
105 IF(.NOT, PRIM(LX)) GO TO 110
M = MLB(LX)
CALL GETIX
IF(J, NE, JA) GO TO 115
M = MUB(LX)
CALL GETIX
IF(J, NE, JB) GO TO 115
LSTE = LX
110 LX = LX+LNEXT(LX)
IF(LX, LT, LESTA) GO TO 105
115 IF(LSTE, EQ, 0) GO TO 800

```

```

C SEARCH CADJWF-TABLE FOR T.E. VALUE OF X1
LF = LFO
120 IF(LF, GE, LFE) GO TO 200
IF(X1F(LF).EQ, X1(LSTE)) GO TO 125
LF = LF+NFCOLS
GO TO 120

```

```

C IS THE L-ORTHOGONAL BELOW OR ABOVE THE BODY
C (BELOW THE BODY)
125 IF(X2(JB).EQ, X2F(LF)) X1BF(LF)=X1(L)
C (ABOVE THE BODY)

```

```

IF(X2(JA).EQ.X2F(LF)) X1AF(LF)=X1(L)
RETURN

```

C CHOKED CHANNEL W/O T.E., ADD A LINE TO /CADJWF/

```

200 LF = LFE+1
IF(LF.NE.LO) GO TO 205
NMOVE = LO-LESTA-1
LO = LO+NFCOLS
CALL MOVE(1, X1(LF),X1(LO),NMOVE,1)
CALL SETM(1,0, X1F(LF),NFCOLS)
L = L+NFCOLS
LSTE = LSTE+NFCOLS
LESTA = LESTA+NFCOLS
LFE = LFE+NFCOLS
205 X1F(LF)=X1(LSTE)
X2F(LF)=X2(JA)
X1AF(LF)=X1(L)
X1BF(LF)=X1F(LF)
JORDER(LF)=-1

```

C WRITE COMMENT

```

800 WRITE (6,1800) X1(L),L
1800 FORMAT(/1X32HUNEXPECTED CHOKE. STATION(XI1)=F6.3,4X2HL#14,7
IF(LSTE.EQ.0) CALL ERROR1
RETURN
END

```

\*DECK FLOBAL  
 SUBROUTINE FLOBAL  
 \*FLOBAL FLOW BALANCE ROUTINE

@FLOBAL@

C INTEGRATION OF THE CONTINUITY AND NORMAL MOMENTUM EQUATIONS  
 C ALONG THE ORTHOGONALS TO THE STREAMLINES

C INPUT-

C L = INDEX IN THE STATION TABLE  
 C PLB = LOWER BOUNDARY STATIC PRESSURE IF KNOWN,  
 C PUB = UPPER BOUNDARY STATIC PRESSURE IF KNOWN,  
 C (EITHER PLB OR PUB OR BOTH MUST BE ZERO.  
 C IF PLB (OR PUB) = 1, NO ITERATION FOR FLOW OR  
 C LOWER BOUNDARY PRESSURE IS PERFORMED.)  
 C WF = FLOW RATE IF KNOWN (OVERRIDES VALUE OF WSTA)  
 C CHOKE = 1 FOR CALCULATION OF MAX FLOW  
 C  
 C S2(M) = DISTANCE ALONG THE ORTHOGONAL  
 C CURV(M)=STREAMLINE CURVATURE  
 C STATION TABLE  
 C VMB(L)= ESTIMATED VELOCITY ON THE UPPER BOUNDARY  
 C DWDV(L)=DERIVATIVE OF THE AREA INVERSE WITH RESPECT TO BOUNDARY VE  
 C STREAMLINE TABLE

C OUTPUT-

C PLBC = CALCULATED LOWER BOUNDARY PRESSURE, M=MA  
 C PUBC = CALCULATED UPPER BOUNDARY PRESSURE, M=MB  
 C TAREA = TOTAL PASSAGE AREA FOR ALL STREAMTUBES  
 C WCALC = CALCULATED FLOW  
 C WRQST = REQUESTED FLOW (SLTAB DATA)  
 C VMBC = CALCULATED VELOCITY ON THE UPPER BOUNDARY  
 C DWDV(L)=DERIVATIVE OF THE AREA INVERSE WITH RESPECT TO BOUNDARY VE  
 C VCL(L)= VELOCITY ON THE CONTROL STREAMLINE  
 C PLB,PUB=0. (RESET FOR NEXT ENTRY)

C STATION TABLE

C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA  
 C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRROUT)  
 C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)  
 C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)  
 C COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1).  
 1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),  
 1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),  
 8 VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSW(1),MCL(1),  
 8 ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),  
 8 ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)  
 DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)  
 EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)  
 INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA, TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA, RGA, GAMA,  
 & MACHC, PSC, TSC, PTC, TTC, AXIC, RGC, GAMC,  
 & DAXIT, SCALEA, TTE, CHOTST  
 REAL MACHA, MACHC  
 LOGICAL AXIA, AXIC, CHOTST  
 COMMON /CB / B(300)  
 COMMON /CBITS / BITS, BLANK  
 COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)  
 COMMON /CEDUMP / IGODMP  
 COMMON /CFB / L, MA, MB, PLB, PUB, WF, CHOKE, SUBSON, NK, PLBC, PUBC,  
 & XCHOKE, TAREA, VMBC, WRQST, WCALC, QV(8), QVP(8),  
 & JSUM, VMLBSQ

```

      INTEGER          XCHOKE
      LOGICAL          CHOKB, SUBSON
      DIMENSION        S1B(4), V1B(4)
      EQUIVALENCE      (S1B, QV), (V1B, QV(5))
      COMMON /CFB2 / PASS1
      LOGICAL          PASS1
      COMMON /CFRFIN/ ATINF, MINF, RFFINF, UINF, ZDN1, ZDN25
      COMMON /CFRFLD/ NFF(130), ZDN(50), UDN(25)
      COMMON /CIDEX / M, J, MU, MD, ISTAG
      COMMON /CIDEXR/ M4, CI1(4), M3, CI2(4), M5, CI3(4), M2, CI4(4), M6, CI5(4)
      COMMON /CISBOT/ CISDUM(4), IPRES(2), PSPISV, NZP,
&      ZP(10), PSP(10), NZP1
      INTEGER          PSPISV
      COMMON /CIVP / IVP, VPDUM, NRF(2), INR(2), XIVP(2), MXLRLX
      COMMON /CLSPF / I, LEND
      LOGICAL          LEND
      COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXREF, NREFIN, GREFIN, TL
      COMMON /CPI / P1, TWOPI, PIQ2, PIQ4, TODEG, TORAD
      COMMON /CPRINT/ PRTES2(6), PDUM(20)
      COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT, ICOB, NODENS, FBASTG
      COMMON /CQIREM/ YTOL, YO, DYDX, CTRMAX
      COMMON /CR / R(300)
      COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
      COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
      COMMON /CTABRR/ ITAB
      COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
      COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
      COMMON /ERASE2/ AREA(96), AREA0(96), DISP(96), PT(96), LAMBDA(96),
&      RHO(96), SQRTVV(96), TS(96), TT(96), VMSQ(96),
&      VVKQKP(96),
&      WGA(96), WSTA(96), RG(96), C2CP(96), FGR(96)
      REAL             LAMBDA
      DIMENSION        ES2(96), SDNQRM(96)
      EQUIVALENCE      (ES2, VVKQKP), (SDNQRM, RHO)
      DIMENSION        RCU(96)
      EQUIVALENCE      (RCU, LAMBDA)
      DIMENSION        RLAMDA(96)
      EQUIVALENCE      (RLAMDA, AREA)
      COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO, LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
&      LO, LESTA, LSO, LSB, LDUM(6),
&      MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
&      LEO, LEE, LRO, LRG, LRD
      COMMON /SLTAB / W(128), X2(128), SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER          SLCHN
      COMMON /SLTAB2/ PTR(128)

      INTEGER          FARFLD, FREE, PRES, FIELD, SOLID, TE
      LOGICAL          WAKE

```

```

      DATA FARFLD/6HFARFLD/, FREE/4HFREE/, PRES/4HPRES/, FIELD/5HFIELD/
      DATA SOLID/5HSOLID/, TE/2HTE/

```

```

      IGODMP= 2
500 MA = MLB(L)
      MB = MUB(L)
      IF (L.EQ.LO) CALL SETM(1,1, PTR, NJ)

```

```

C      CHECK FOR HARD STAG PT (ISTAG=3 AT PT NEXT TO BDY)
      M = MA
      CALL GETIX

```

```

      IF(ISTAG=1) 510,503,510
503 M      = MA+1
      CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAG=3) 510,505,510
505 MA      = M
510 M      = MB
      CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAG=1) 520,513,520
513 M      = MB-1
      CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAG=3) 520,515,520
515 MB      = M

C      BUILD TABLE OF FLOW FUNCTION AND STAGNATION CONDITIONS
520 CALL TTPT(MA,MB, WSTA,DISP,WAKE,TT,PT,LAMBDA, RG,C2CP,FGR)

C      CHECK FOR OLC OPTION
      MOMEQ = 1
      IF(SLSWI(L),NE.0, .AND. SLSWI(L),NE.1.) MOMEQ=0

C      PASSAGE AREA AND SHOCK PRESSURE LOSS
      K      = 1
      M      = MA
522 RLAMDA(K)=LAMBDA(K)
      IF(AXIA) RLAMDA(K)=TWOPI*R(M)*LAMBDA(K)
      CALL GETIX
      PT(K) = PT(K)*PTR(J)
      K      = K+1
      M      = M+1
      IF(M,LE,MB) GO TO 522
      AREAO(1)=0
      NK      = MB-MA+1
      LEND = .FALSE.
      IF(DISP(2),NE.0, .OR. DISP(NK=2),NE.0.) LEND=.TRUE.
      CALL LSPFIT(S2(MA),RLAMDA,NK, S2(MA),AREAO,NK, =1)
      TAREA = AREAO(NK)

C      INTEGRATE CURVATURE WITH RESPECT TO S2
C      INITIAL ESTIMATE OF MERIDIONAL VELOCITY SQUARED
      SDNORM(1)=0
      CALL LSPFIT(S2(MA),CURV(MA),NK, S2(MA),SDNORM,NK,-1)
      LEND = .FALSE.
      M      = MA+1
      DO 525 K=2,NK
      VVKQKP(K-1)=EXP(2,*(SDNORM(K)-SDNORM(K-1))) * TT(K-1)/TT(K)
      SQRTVV(K-1)=SQRT(VVKQKP(K-1))
      VMSQ(K-1)=VM(M-1)*VM(M-1)
525 M      = M+1
      VMSQ(NK)=VMB(L)*VMB(L)

      IF(MOMEQ,NE.0) GO TO 529
      VMSQ(NK)=VM(NK)*VM(NK)
      GO TO 650
529 CONTINUE

C      SPECIFIED STATIC PRESSURE AND SPECIAL BOUNDARY OPTIONS * LOWER BDY
      VMLBSQ= 0
      IF(NODENS,GE,NREFIN) GO TO 580
C      PRESSURE LOWER BOUNDARY
      IF(PLB,GT,0,) GO TO 530
      IF(TYPELB(L),NE,PRES) GO TO 532

```



```

530  IRET  = 0
      PSB  = PLB
      PTB  = PT(1)
      BDYNM = NAMEUB(L)
      ZBPT = Z(MA)
      CFGT = 1./(1.+FGR(1))
      C2CPTT = C2CP(1)*TT(1)
5306  IF(PSB.GT.0.) GO TO 5314
      IF(BDYNM.NE.IPRES(1)) GO TO 5310
      I1ZP = 1
      I2ZP = NZP
      IF(NZP1.NE.0) I2ZP=NZP1
      GO TO 5311
5310  I1ZP = NZP1+1
      I2ZP = NZP
5311  IF(ZBPT.GE.ZR(I1ZP).AND.ZP(I2ZP).GE.ZBPT) GO TO 5313
      IF(IRET.EQ.0) GO TO 5312
      TYPEUB(L)=SOLID
      GO TO 570
5312  TYPELB(L)=SOLID
      GO TO 540
5313  CALL LSPFIT(ZP(I1ZP),PSP(I1ZP),I2ZP-I1ZP+1,ZBPT,PSB*1,0)
      IF(PSPISV) 5316,5314,5316
5314  IF(PSB.GE.PTB) GO TO 568
      VMBSQ = C2CPTT*(1.-(PSB/PTB)**CFGT)
      GO TO 5318
5316  VMBSQ = PSB*RSB
5318  IF(IRET.NE.0) GO TO 5414
      VMLBSQ= VMBSQ
      PLB  = PSB
      GO TO 540
C    FREE OR FIELD LOWER BOUNDARY
532  IF(TYPELB(L).NE.FREE .AND. TYPELB(L).NE.FIELD) GO TO 534
      M    = MA
      CALL GETIX
      IF(MU.EQ.0) CALL ERROR1
      VMLBSQ= VM(MU)*VM(MU)
533  PLB  = 1.E-6
      IF(TYPELB(L).NE.FIELD .OR. PASSI) GO TO 540
      VMBSQ= 0
      IF(TYPEUB(L).EQ.FIELD) GO TO 570
C    STREAMWISE INTERPOLATION OF VELOCITY AT ISTAG=3 POINT BY LSPFIT
      IRET = 1
5331  M4  = M
      CALL GETRLX
      II  = 0
      NII = 3
      IF(M2.EQ.M4) GO TO 5333
      II  = 1
      NII = 4
      S1B(II)=S1(M2)
      V1B(II)=VM(M2)
5333  S1B(II+1)=S1(M3)
      V1B(II+1)=VM(M3)
      S1B(II+2)=S1(M5)
      V1B(II+2)=VM(M5)
      S1B(II+3)=S1(M6)
      V1B(II+3)=VM(M6)
      IF(M6.EQ.M4) NII=NII-1
      CALL LSPFIT(S1B,V1B,NII,S1(M),VMM,1,0)
      IF(IRET) 5335,5435,5335

```

```

5335 VMLBSQ= VMM*VMM
GO TO 540
C FAR=FIELD LOWER BOUNDARY
534 IF (TYPELB(L);NE,FARFLD) GO TO 540
CALL ERROR1
CALL LSPFIT(ZDN,UDN,25, Z(MA),VMLBSQ,1, 0)
VMLBSQ= VMLBSQ*VMLBSQ
GO TO 533

C UPPER BOUNDARY
540 VMUBSQ= 0.
C PRESSURE UPPER BOUNDARY
IF (PUB;GT,0.) GO TO 541
IF (TYPEUB(L);NE,PRES) GO TO 542
541 IRET = 1
PSB = PUB
PTB = PT(NK)
BDYNM = NAMEUB(L)
ZBPT = Z(MB)
CFGF = 1./ (1.+FGR(NK))
C2CPTT= C2CP(NK)*TT(NK)
GO TO 5306
5414 VMUBSQ=VMBSQ
PUB = PSB
GO TO 570
C FREE OR FIELD UPPER BOUNDARY
542 IF (TYPEUB(L);NE,FREE .AND. TYPEUB(L),NE,FIELD) GO TO 544
M = MB
CALL GETIX
IF (MU,EQ,0) CALL ERROR1
VMUBSQ= VM(MU)*VM(MU)
543 PUB = 1.E-6
IF (TYPEUB(L);NE,FIELD ,OR. PASS1) GO TO 570
IRET = 0
GO TO 5331
5435 VMUBSQ= VMM*VMM
GO TO 570
C FAR=FIELD UPPER BOUNDARY
544 IF (TYPEUB(L);NE,FARFLD) GO TO 570
CALL LSPFIT(ZDN,UDN,25, Z(MB),VMUBSQ,1, 0)
VMUBSQ= VMUBSQ*VMUBSQ
GO TO 543
568 WRITE (6,1568) Z(M),R(M),PSB,PTB
CALL ERROR1

C MAX FLOW CALC & PRES BOUNDARY CAN NOT BOTH BE REQUESTED
570 IF ((VMUBSQ+VMLBSQ),EQ,0. .OR. ,NOT,CHOKE) GO TO 580
WRITE (6,1570) X1(L),L,TYPELB(L),TYPEUB(L)
CALL ERROR1

C BEGIN FLOW BALANCE ITERATION
580 QV(1) = 0.
IF (VMUBSQ,NE,0.) VMSQ(NK)=VMUBSQ
VMSQSV= VMSQ(NK)

C NEGTS,VVSAFE ARE USED FOR SALVAGING NEGATIVE TEMPERATURE SITUATIONS
NEGTS = 0
VVSAFE= 0.
GO TO 600
590 NEGTS = NEGTS+1
IF (NEGTS,GE,20 .OR. (PLB+PUB);NE,0.) CALL EHROR1

```

VMSQ(NK) = .5\*(VMSQ(NK) + VVSAFE)

C\*\*\*STEP BY STEP INTEGRATION OF NORMAL MOMENTUM EQUATION

600 VRATIO = VMSQ(NK)/VMSQSV  
K = NK

C PREDICT VELOCITY AT K

610 K = K-1  
IF(K) 615,650,615

C COEFFICIENT VALUES AT K+1

615 TS(K+1) = TT(K+1) - VMSQ(K+1)/C2CP(K+1)  
CDPT1 = RG(K+1)\*TS(K+1)/PT(K+1)

C COEFFICIENT VALUES AT K

VMSQ(K) = VMSQ(K)\*VRATIO  
620 VMSQK = VMSQ(K)  
TS(K) = TT(K) - VMSQ(K)/C2CP(K)  
CDPT = CDPT1 + RG(K)\*TS(K)/PT(K)

C INTEGRATE

IF(DISP(K),NE,0) GO TO 625  
622 VMSQ(K) = VMSQ(K+1) + VVKQKP(K) + SQRTVV(K)\*(CDPT\*(PT(K)-PT(K+1)))  
GO TO 630

C (WAKE DISCONTINUITY)

625 IF(PT(K+1),EQ,PT(K)) GO TO 622  
PSLIP = PT(K+1)\*(TS(K+1)/TT(K+1))\*(TS(K+1)/TT(K+1))\*FGR(K+1)  
IF(PSLIP,LT,PT(K)) GO TO 628  
M = MA+K-1

WRITE (6,1628) PT(K),PSLIP,Z(M),R(M),QV(1)  
628 TS(K) = TT(K)\*(PSLIP/PT(K))/(PSLIP/PT(K))\*FGR(K)/(1+FGR(K))  
VMSQ(K) = C2CP(K)\*(TT(K)-TS(K))  
630 VMSQ(K) = AMAX1(VMSQ(K),.0001)  
IF(ABS(VMSQ(K)/VMSQK-1),GE,2,E5) GO TO 620  
GO TO 610

C, ..., END INTEGRATION OF MOMENTUM EQUATION

C\*\* INTEGRATION OF FLOW AREA

650 AREA(1) = AREA0(1)

M = MA

DO 660 K=1,NK

VM(M) = SQRT(VMSQ(K))

IF(MOMEQ,NE,0) GO TO 654

TS(K) = TT(K) - VMSQ(K)/C2CP(K)

IF(TS(K),LT,0) CALL ERROR1

654 CONTINUE

IF(TS(K),LT,0) .AND. FGR(K),NE,0) GO TO 590

RHO(K) = PT(K)/(RG(K)\*TT(K)) \* (TS(K)/TT(K))\*FGR(K)

WQA(K) = RHO(K)\*VM(M)

IF(M,EQ,MA) GO TO 660

C NOTE - AVERAGE FLOW/AREA IS APPROXIMATELY SQRT(WQA(K-1)\*WQA(K))

WQAVG = WQA(K)+WQA(K-1)

X = (WQA(K)-WQA(K-1))\*(WQA(K)-WQA(K-1))/(WQAVG\*WQAVG)

AREA(K) = AREA(K-1) + 2.\*(WSTA(K)-WSTA(K-1)) /  
(WQAVG\*(1+X\*(.5+X\*(.125+X\*.0625))))

IF(DISP(K-1),LE,0) GO TO 660

PERIM = .5\*(LAMBDA(K-1)+LAMBDA(K))

655 AREA(K) = AREA(K-1) + DISP(K-1)\*PERIM

660 M = M+1

C, , , END FLOW AREA INTEGRATION

```

C   RECIPROCAL OF CALCULATED FLOW AREA, ETC,
    IF(MOMEQ.EQ.0) GO TO 740
    QAREA = 1./AREA(NK)
    VMBC = VM(MB)
    IF(PLB.LT.0. .OR. PUB.NE.0.) GO TO 740
    VMSQSV = VMSQ(NK)
    VVSAFE = VMSQSV
    IF(VMLBSQ.NE.0.) GO TO 710

C   CALL 'QIREM' FOR NEXT GUESS OF VM(NK)=VMBC
    IF(QV(1).NE.0.) GO TO 680
    YO = 1./TAREA
    YTOL = 1.E-5*YO
    IF(WF.NE.0.) YO=YO*WF/WSTA(NK)
    DYDX = DWDV(L)
    IF(DYDX.EQ.0. .OR. DYDX.EQ.XCHOKE) DYDX=YO/VMBC
    IF(.NOT. CHOKE) GO TO 675
    YO = YO+YO
675 QAREA1= QAREA
    VUB1 = VMBC
680 XJP = -.75*VMBC
    IF(.NOT. SUBSON) XJP=.25*VMBC
    CALL QIREM(VMBC,QAREA, XJP,QV)
    IF(QV(1).EQ.0.) GO TO 682
    IF(QV(5).EQ.0.) GO TO 684
    VMSQ(NK)=VMBC*VMBC
    GO TO 600

C   EVALUATE D(W)/D(VLB), SAVE VELOCITIES
682 BOT = VMBC-VUB1
    IF(ABS(BOT).GT.1.) DWDV(L)=(QAREA-QAREA1)/BOT
    GO TO 740

C   THE FLOW IS CHOKED
684 IF(CHOKE) GO TO 740
    RATIO = QAREA*TAREA
    DO 686 K=1,NK
686 AREA(K)=RATIO*AREA(K)
    CALL ADJWF2
    GO TO 740

C   CALL 'QIREM' FOR LOWER BOUNDARY PRESSURE ITERATION
710 YO = VMLBSQ
    YTOL = 1.E-5*YO
    DYDX = 1.
    CALL QIREM(VMSQ(NK),VMSQ(1),-.5*VMSQ(NK),QV)
    IF(QV(1).NE.0.) GO TO 600

C   CALCULATE BOUNDARY PRESSURE
740 PLBC = RHO(1)*RG(1)*TS(1)
    PUBC = RHO(NK)*RG(NK)*TS(NK)
    WRQST = WSTA(NK)
    WCALC = WRQST*QAREA*TAREA
    IF(TYPELB(L).NE.TE) GO TO 745
    FGRTE(L)=FGR(1)
    RGTE(L)=RG(1)
    PTTE(L)=PT(1)
    PSTE(L)=PLBC
745 IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.TE) GO TO 780
    FGRTE(L)=FGR(NK)
    RGTE(L)=RG(NK)

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```

      PYTE(L)=PT(NK)
      PSTE(L)=PUBC

780  IF(PDUM(9).LE.0.) GO TO 900
      IF(X1(L).GE.PDUM(8) ,AND. X1(L).LE.PDUM(9)) GO TO 800
      GO TO 900
800  CALL TABPRT(3HSTA,X1(L),LNEXT(L),5)
      CALL EDUMP1

C    RESET PLB AND PUB INDICATORS
900  PLB   = 0.
      PUB   = 0.

C    COMPUTE SHOCK LOSS
      IF(PDUM(18).EQ.0.) RETURN
      K     = 1
      M     = MA
910  SQM    = VMSQ(K)/(1.4*RG(K)*TS(K))
      IF(SQM.LE.1.) GO TO 920
      CALL GETIX
      IF(MD.EQ.0) GO TO 920
      VVMXSQ= VM(MD)*VM(MD)/(C2CP(K)*TT(K))
      SQMD   = 5.*VVMXSQ/(1.-VVMXSQ)
      IF(SQMD.GE.1.) GO TO 920
      DPTR   = 1. - ((6.*SQM)/(SQM+5.))**3.5 * (6./(7.*SQM+1.))**2.5
      PTR(J)= PTR(J) * (1.-PDUM(18)*DPTR)
920  M      = M+1
      K      = K+1
      IF(M.LE.MB) GO TO 910
      RETURN
1568  FORMAT(58H *** ERROR IN FLOBAL; REQUESTED BOUNDARY PRESSURE EXCEE
      &DS/6X37HTOTAL PRESSURE AT TRAILING EDGE POINTF11.5,1H,F11.5,1H:/
      &6X3HPS=F8.3,3X3HPT=F8.3, )
1570  FORMAT(" *** IN EVALUATING MAX FLOW AT STA="F6.3," (L=414,
      &") ROUTINE FLOBAL FINDS TYPE "A6,1H,A6," BOUNDARIES,0/6X,
      &"VARY=F MUST BE INPUT FOR CHANNELS ADJACENT TO FARFLD, FREE, OR P
      &RES BOUNDARIES,")
1628  FORMAT(" *** WARNING=JUST BELOW SLIP LINE, PT IS LESS THAN PS, S
      &ETTING V=.01"/6X,3HPT=F8.3,6H PS=F8,3,6H Z=F8,3,5H R=F8,3,
      &6H QV=F3.0)
      END

```

```

*DECK LFIT2D
SUBROUTINE LFIT2D(X,Y,TO,NXY)
*LFIT2D      LINEAR SURFACE INTERPOLATION
C            IN A RECTANGULAR GRID
C            DIMENSION      X(2),Y(2),TO(2)

C INPUT-
C X,Y      = LIST OF COORDINATES AT WHICH INTERPOLATED VALUES ARE TO BE
C NXY      = NO OF COORDINATE POINTS

C NXT      = NUMBER OF XT
C NYT      = NUMBER OF YT
C XT       = X-GRID OF T-TABLE
C YT       = Y-GRID OF T-TABLE
C T        = TABLE OF VALUES
C NOTE     = NUMBER OF T-VALUES IS NXT*NYT, ORDER IS ILLUSTRATED BELOW
C          YT(NYT)* T(3)          T(6)          T(NXT*NYT)
C          YT(2)  * T(2)          T(5)          T(8)
C          YT(1)  * T(1)          T(4)          T(7)
C          -----
C          XT(1)      XT(2)      XT(NXT)

C OUTPUT-
C TO       = INTERPOLATED VALUES AT X,Y

COMMON /CTHICK/ NXT,NYT,XT(20),YT(20),T(78)
COMMON /ERASE / DUM(400),T1(200),T2(200)

C FIND CORRECT X-INTERVAL
I      = 1
M      = 1
ISV    = 0
100 NCOUNT= 0
105 IF(X(M).LT.XT(I)) GO TO 110
   IF(X(M).GT.XT(I+1)) GO TO 120
   F    = (X(M)-XT(I))/(XT(I+1)-XT(I))
   GO TO 150
110 IF(I.EQ.1) GO TO 140
   I    = I+1
   GO TO 125
120 IF((I+1).GE.NXT) GO TO 145
   I    = I+1
125 NCOUNT= NCOUNT+1
   IF(NCOUNT.GT.NXT) CALL ERROR1
   GO TO 105
140 F      = 0.
   GO TO 150
145 F      = 1.

C INTERPOLATE WRT Y
150 IF(I.EQ.ISV) GO TO 160
   IJ2  = I*NYT+1
   IJ1  = IJ2-NYT
   CALL LFIT1(YT,T(IJ1),NYT,Y,T1,NXY)
   CALL LFIT1(YT,T(IJ2),NYT,Y,T2,NXY)
   ISV  = I

C INTERPOLATE WRT X
160 TO(M) = F*T2(M)+(1.-F)*T1(M)

M      = M+1
IF(M.LE.NXY) GO TO 100

```

C,... END LOOP FOR INTERPOLATIONG TO(M) AT X(M),Y(M),M=1,NXY

RETURN  
END

```

*DECK TTPT
SUBROUTINE TTPT(MA,MB, WSTA,DISP,WAKE,TT,PT,LAM,RGX,C2CPX,FGRX)
*TTPT-- TT, PT, AND RCU FOR STREAMLINES @TTPT@
LOGICAL WAKE
REAL LAM(25)
DIMENSION WSTA(25),DISP(25),TT(25),PT(25),
1 RGX(25),C2CPX(25),FGRX(25)

C INPUT-
C MA = FIRST FIELD POINT
C MB = LAST FIELD POINT

C OUTPUT-
C WSTA = LIST OF STREAM FUNCTION VALUES
C DISP(K)=NON-ZERO FOR POSSIBLE SLIP CONDITION BETWEEN STREAMLINE
C K AND K+1, OTHERWISE DISP(K)=0.
C = DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS OF WAKE IF POSITIVE
C WAKE = .TRUE. IF THERE EXISTS ANY WAKE DISPLACEMENTS.
C TT = INTERPOLATED TOTAL TEMPERATURE
C PT = INTERPOLATED TOTAL PRESSURE
C LAMBDA= LAMINA THICKNESS IN THIRD DIMENSION. BLOCKAGE EFFECT
C RCU = INTERPOLATED ANGULAR MOMENTUM ***NOT NOW IN USE
C RGX = GAS CONSTANT
C C2CPX = SPECIFIC HEAT
C FGRX = 1./((GAM-1.))= FUNCTION OF GAMMA FOR CALCULATING DENSITY
C NOTE - LENGTH OF WSTA,TT,PT,RCU=LISTS IS MB-MA+1

C WAKETB, CONVTB, CADJWF
C TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES
C INDEX= LT=LTO,LTE
COMMON /CHDATA/ CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),
1 LRCU(1),
2 CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),OGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),
3 FGR(1),AREATB(485)

C INTEGER CH
C DIMENSION XCH(1)
C EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)
* SEE OTHER LISTING OF TTPT FOR EXPLANATION OF VARIABLES
C FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C INDEX= LF=LFO,LFE
C DIMENSION X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1 S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
C EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
C DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
C TABLE OF WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS
C INDEX= LW=LWO,LWE
C DIMENSION X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(47)
C DIMENSION DST(1)
C EQUIVALENCE (DST,S1W)
C SUBTABLE ARRANGEMENT IS=
C X2W,LWNEXT(*2+2N), S1W(1),S1W(2)...,S1W(N), DST(1),DST(2)...,DST(N)
C X2W = STREAMLINE COORDINATE
C S1W = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE FROM T/E.
C DST = WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS AS A FUNCTION OF S1W
C EQUIVALENCE (CH,X1F,X2W), (LTNEXT,X2F,LWNEXT), (NPT,X1BF,S1W)
C EQUIVALENCE (LPSI,X1AF), (LTT,S1F), (LPT,NCHB), (LRCU,NCHA)
C EQUIVALENCE (CRG,JORDER), (CPGJ,VNR)

COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
C INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

```



```

*          LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*          MD,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*          LEO,LEE, LRO,CRE,LRD
    DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
    EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

```

```

COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,CPTDUM
COMMON /CR      / R(300)
COMMON /CS1     / S1(300)
COMMON /CTHICK/ NTHKX,NTHKY,THKX(20),THKY(20),THK2D(78)
COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE / PSI(800)

```

```

    INTEGER      CHX

```

```

C    INTERPOLATE FOR LAMINA THICKNESS

```

```

    NK      = MB-MA+1
    CALL SETM(1,1, LAM,NK)
    IF(NTHKX,LE,1) GO TO 100
    CALL LF1T2D(Z(MA),R(MA),LAM,NK)

```

```

C    INITIALIZE

```

```

    100 WAKE = .FALSE.

```

```

C    DEFINE NUMBER OF STREAMLINES, NK, ASSOCIATED WITH EACH CHANNEL

```

```

    K      = 1
    M      = MA
    WADD   = 0.
105  NK    = 0
    K1     = K
    M1     = M
110  CALL GETIX
    IF(M,NE,M1) GO TO 114
    CHX    = SLCHN(J)
    PSI1   = X2(J)
114  IF(SLCHN(J),NE,CHX) GO TO 120
    NK     = NK+1
    DISP(K)=0.
    WSTA(K)=W(J)+WADD
    PSI(NK)=X2(J)
    K      = K+1
    M      = M+1
    IF(M,LE,MB) GO TO 110

```

```

C    FIND INDEX IN CONVTB

```

```

120  LT    = LTO
125  IF(LT.GT.LTE) CALL ERROR1
    IF(CH(LT).EQ,CHX) GO TO 130
    LT     = LT+LTNEXT(LT)
    GO TO 125

```

```

C    INTERPOLATE FOR CONVECTED PROPERTIES

```

```

C    SCALE THE PSI TABLE TO CONFORM TO THE LPSI=TABLE IN /CONVTB/

```

```

130  NI    = NPT(LT)
    I      = LT+LPSI(LT)
    I2     = I+NI
    IF(K1,EQ,1 .AND. NK,EQ,1) PSI1=PSI1+8,
    PSI1   = 8.*AINT(PSI1/8,)
    F      = XCH(I2-1)/8,

```

```

DO 140 KN=1,NK
140 PSI(KN)=(PSI(KN)-PSI1)*F
    IT = LT+LTT(LT)
    IP = LT+LPT(LT)
    IS = LT+LRCU(LT)
    CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IT),NI, PSI,TT(K1),NK, 0)
    CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IP),NI, PSI,PT(K1),NK, 0)
C    CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IS),NI, PSI,RCU(K1),NK, 0)
    CALL SETM(1,CRG(LT),RGX(K1),NK)
    CALL SETM(1,C2CP(LT),C2CPX(K1),NK)
    CALL SETM(1,FGR(LT),FGRX(K1),NK)

C    WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS
C    SEARCH FOR X2-SUBTABLE
    IF(M,GT,MB) GO TO 200
    X2J = X2(J)
    DISP(K=1)=-1.
    LW = LWO
155 IF(LW,GE,LWE) GO TO 190
    IF(X2W(LW).EQ,X2J) GO TO 170
    LW = LW+LWNEXT(LW)
    GO TO 155
C    FIND TRAILING EDGE S1 IN THE FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE, S1F
170 LF = LFO
175 IF(X2F(LF).EQ,X2J) GO TO 180
    LF = LF+NFCOLS
    IF(LF,LT,LFE) GO TO 175
    CALL ERROR1
C    INTERPOLATE FOR WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS, DSTAR
180 S1FTE=S1(M)-S1F(LF)
C    S1=FROM-T.E.
    IF(S1FTE.LE,0.) GO TO 190
    N = (LWNEXT(LW)-2)/2
    LSTAR = LW+N
    CALL LSPFIT(S1W(LW),DST(LSTAR),N, S1FTE,DISP(K=1),1, 0)
    IF(DISP(K=1)) 184,184,186
184 DISP(K=1)=-1.
    GO TO 190
186 WAKE = .TRUE.

C    LOOP FOR NEXT CHANNEL
190 WADD = WSTA(K=1)
    GO TO 105

C    USE CONSTANT DENSITY APPROXIMATION FOR MAJCTR,LE,NODENS
200 IF(MAJCTR,LE,NODENS) CALL SETM(1,0,,FGRX,K=1)
    RETURN
END

```

```
OVERLAY(STC,2,1)
PROGRAM STCX
COMMON /ADJWF1/  MODE,LFF,MODE0,LFO
COMMON /SELECT/  LENTRY
GO TO (10,20,30,20),LENTY
10 CALL ADJWF(MODE0,LFO)
20 CALL STALOO
   GO TO 40
30 CALL ADJWF(MODE,LFF)
40 RETURN
   END
```

```

*DECK ADJWF
SUBROUTINE ADJWF(MODE,LFF)
*ADJWF= ADJUST WEIGHT FLOW
*ADJWF*

C INPUT=
C MODE = OPERATION MODE
C = 1 FOR EVALUATION OF TERWF AT LFF
C = 0 FOR ADJUSTMENT OF FLOW RATES AT CHOKED STATIONS
C = 1 FOR ADJUSTMENT OF FLOWS FOR KUTTA CONDITION AT T,E, LFF
C LFF = FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE (T,E,) INDEX
C TOLWFU= TOLERANCE ON TERWF

C OUTPUT=
C MODE = 1 IF FLOW RATE HAS BEEN CHANGED FOR TE=LFF
C MODE = 2 IF TE=LFF HAS CONVERGED AND LFF HAS BEEN INDEXED
C MODE = 3 IF ALL T E S HAVE CONVERGED
C NOTE=ABOVE OUTPUT OCCURS FOR MODE=1 INPUT
C TEXI2 = T,E, XI2=COORDINATE
C TWF = FLOW RATE OF VARIABLE CHANNEL
C TERWF = KUTTA CONDITION INDICATED FRACTIONAL FLOW ERROR

C COMB3
C CADJWF, CHDATA, STATAB
COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
* TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(5),TAB(6)
C INTEGER CHNAM
C LOGICAL VARY

C FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C INDEX= LF=LFO,LFE
C NFCOLS= 8
C X1F = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE
C X2F = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T,E,
C X1BF = X1=COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T,E,
C X1AF = X1=COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T,E,
C S1F = S1=COORDINATE OF T,E, (UPPER SURFACE), THIS ITEM
C IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA-STAR,
C LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E,
C NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E,
C LRF = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCHN LIST FOR THE T,E,
C LRXF = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T,E,
C JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
C = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T,E, IS GIVEN
C = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T,E, IS GIVEN
C JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
C DIMENSION X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1 S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
C EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
C DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)

C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LOILESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRWS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
C DIMENSION X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),PLB(1),S1LB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),PUB(1),S1UB(1),
& VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSW(1),MCL(1),
& ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGTE(1),RGTE(1),
& ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
C DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
C EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
C INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

```

```

EQUIVALENCE (CMNAM,X1F,X1), (LHNEXT,X2F,LNEXT)
EQUIVALENCE (WTFLOW,X1BF,MLB), (TTO,X1AF,MUB), (PTO,S1F,PRIM)
EQUIVALENCE (TSO,NCHB,TYPELB), (PSO,NGHA,NAMELB)
EQUIVALENCE (MACHO,JORDER,ILB), (AO,VNR,FLB), (VARY(1),S1LB)
EQUIVALENCE (VARY(2),TYPEUB), (VARY(3),NAMEUB), (VARY(4),IUB)
EQUIVALENCE (VARY(5),FUB)
EQUIVALENCE (TAB(1),AREATB,S1UB), (TAB(2),VMB), (TAB(3),DWDV)
EQUIVALENCE (TAB(4),X2CL), (TAB(5),SLSWT), (TAB(6),MCL)

```

C

```

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1 MACHC,PSG,TSQ,PTC,TTG, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2 DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC,
1 XCHOKE, TAREA,VMBC, WRDST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8),
* JSUM,VMLBSQ
LOGICAL CHOKE,SUBSON
INTEGER XCHOKE
COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1
1 ,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX,TSIC
INTEGER SSFML
LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF, SSDLE
COMMON /ERASE2/ AREA(96),AREA0(96),DISP(96),PT(96),LAMBDA(96),
1 RHO(96),SQRTVV(96),TS(96),TT(96),VMSQ(96),
2 VVKQKP(96),
WQA(96),WSTA(96), RG(96),C2CP(96),FGR(96)
REAL LAMBDA
DIMENSION ES2(96),SDNQRH(96)
EQUIVALENCE (ES2,VVKQKP),(SDNQRH,RHO)
DIMENSION RCU(96)
EQUIVALENCE (RCU,LAMBDA)

```

C

```

INDEX= M=MO,NM
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)

COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRO
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CTE / TOLWF,TOLWFU,TEXI2,TWF,TERWF,JRET
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR,RDUM,NINNER(16),CNVF(16)
COMMON /CPRINT/ CDUM(6),PDUM(20)
COMMON /CGIREM/ YTOL,YO,DYDX,CTRMX
COMMON /CTABRR/ I1TAB
COMMON /CGRAV / CG

```

C

```

NAMELIST /ADJ1/ PSTE,WB,WCALC,WAB,YO
BEGIN LOOP THROUGH FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
IF (LFF,EQ, 0) LFF=LFO

```

```

      LF = LFF
      IF(LF,GE,LFE) GO TO 390
100 IF(JORDER(LF),EQ,3) GO TO 310
C  MODE=1, THIS ENTRY FOLLOWS A MODE=-1, CONTINUE THE CALCULATION BY
C  JUMPING TO THE PREVIOUS EXIT POINT;
      IF (MODE,EQ,1 ,AND, LF,EQ,LFF) GO TO (198,251),JRET
      PLB = 0,
      PUR = 0,
      WF = 0,
      CHOKE = .FALSE,
      SUBSON = .TRUE,
      X1TE = X1F(LF)
      X2TE = X2F(LF)
      LXA = 1
      LKB = 0
      IF(JORDER(LF),LT,0) GO TO 118

C  SEARCH FOR THE TWO STATIONS AT X1F(LF)
      CALL STAX1(X1TE,X2TE,X2TE,LXB,LXA)

C  SEARCH FOR CHOKE STATION IF THE FLOW IS CHOKED UPSTREAM
      LKB = LXB
      LKA = LXA
      IF(X1BF(LF),NE,X1TE) CALL STAX1(X1BF(LF),X2TE,-1.,LKB,DUM)
      IF(X1AF(LF),EQ,X1TE) GO TO 120
118 CALL STAX1(X1AF(LF),-1.,X2TE,DUM,LKA)
120 IF(MODE) 122,130,122
122 IF(JORDER(LF)) 300,140,200

C  SINGLE CHANNEL CHOKE
130 IF(JORDER(LF),EQ,(-1)) GO TO 133
      IF (LKB,NE,LXB) GO TO 132
131 IF(LKA,NE,LXA) GO TO 133
      GO TO 136
132 L = LKB
      GO TO 134
133 L = LKA
134 CHOKE = .TRUE,
      CALL FLOBAL
      SCHOKE(L)*XCHOKE
      LK2 = L
      VMB(L) = VMBC
      RATIO = WCALC/WRQST
      ASSIGN 135 TO IRET
      TEXI2 = X2TE
      IF (LKB,EQ,0 .OR, L,EQ,LKB) TWFF = WCALC*CG
      GO TO 255
135 IF(L,EQ,LKB) GO TO 131
136 LF = LF+NFCOLS
      IF(LF,LT,LFE) GO TO 100
      GO TO 900

C** ITERATE FOR TTE, PRESSURE, JORDER(LF)=0
140 PTMIN = -1,E6
      PSTE = PTMIN
      IF(,NOT,CHOTST) GO TO 150
      L = LKB
      CHOKE = .TRUE,
      CALL FLOBAL
      PUBX = PUBC
      WBCHOK = WCALC

```

```

WBO = WRQST
L = LKA
CALL FLOBAL
PLBX = PLBC
WACHOK = WCALC
C CHOKE = ,FALSE,
T,E, STATION PRESSURE
IF(LKB,EQ,LXB) GO TO 142
L = LXB
WF = WBCHOK
CALL FLOBAL
PUBX = PUBC
142 IF(LKA,EQ,LXA) GO TO 144
L = LXA
WF = WACHOK
CALL FLOBAL
PLBX = PLBC
144 WF = 0.
SUBSON = ,TRUE,
PTMIN = AMIN1(PUBX,PLBX)
PSTE = PTMIN
IF (SSDF ,AND, LKB ,NE, LXB ,AND, LKA ,NE, LXA ) GO TO 1576

150 QVP(1) = 0.
155 L = LXB
PLB = 0.
PUB = PSTE
CALL FLOBAL
VMBSAV = VMBC
PTB = PT(NK)
WBO = WRQST
WB = WCALC

L = LXA
IF(QVP(1),EQ,0,) PSTE=PUBC
PLB = PSTE
PUB = 0.
CALL FLOBAL
YO = WBO+WRQST
IF(,NOT,CHGTST) GO TO 157
IF(PSTE,LT,PUBX) WB=WBCHOK
IF(PSTE,LT,PLBX) WCALC=WACHOK
157 WAB = WB+WCALC
YTOL = 1.E-5*YO
DYDX = -1.E-5

IF(PDUM(6),EQ,2,) WRITE(6,ADJ1)
CALL QIREM (PSTE,WAB,,5*(AMIN1(PT(1),PTB),PSTE),QVP)
IF (PSTE ,GE, PTMIN) GO TO 1574
WBP = CG*WBCHOK
WAP = CG*WACHOK
LFPR = LF + 3
WRITE (6,1157) (X1F(1),I=LF,LFPR),PTMIN,WBP,WAP
GO TO 1576
1574 IF(QVP(1),NE,0,) GO TO 155
VMB(LXB)=VMBSAV
VMB(LXA)=VMBC

C INDICATED FLOW ADJUSTMENT ERROR
YY = (WB-WBO)/YO

```

```

      XX      = WBO/YO
      GO TO 1578
C      T, E, OF 2 CD-NOZZLES ON BOTH CHNS CHOKED
1576 YY      = BITS
      XX      = 1.
1578 TEXP12 = X2F(LF)
      TWF     = WBO*CG
      TERWF   = YY
      JRET    = 1
      IF(MODE, EQ, (-1)) RETURN
158 IF(XX, EQ, 1.) GO TO 1585
      IF(ABS(YY), LT, TOLWFO) GO TO 300
* MARK STATION TABLE CHOKE INDICATOR
1585 IF(, NOT, CHOTST) GO TO 159
      IF(PSTE, LE, PUBX) SCHOKE(LKB)=XCHOKE
      IF(PSTE, LE, PLBX) SCHOKE(LKA)=XCHOKE

```

```

C      OBTAIN NEXT FLOW ITERATE
159 IF (XX, EQ, 1. ) GO TO 165
      IF(VNR(LF), NE, 0.) GO TO 160
      VNR(LF+1)=2.
      VNR(LF+2)=1.
160 XXNEW = XX
      VNR(LF+6)=0.
      CALL NEWRAP(XXNEW, YY, VNR(LF))
      IF(VNR(LF+6), EQ, (-1.)) XXNEW=XX
      RATIO = XXNEW/XX
      GO TO 166
165 RATIO = WBCHOK/WBO
166 ASSIGN 170 TO IRET
      L      = LXB
      GO TO 255
170 RATIO = (1.-XXNEW)*YO/WRQST
      ASSIGN 900 TO IRET
      L      = LXA
      IF (XX, NE, 1.) GO TO 255
      RATIO = WACHOK/WRQST
      ASSIGN 300 TO IRET
      GO TO 255

```

C\*\* CALCULATION OF TE PRESSURE (GIVEN FLOW) AT STATION LX1,

```

C**      JORDER(LF)=1,2
200 IF(JORDER(LF), EQ, 2) GO TO 205

```

```

C      JORDER=1
      LX1    = LXB
      LX2    = LXA
      LK1    = LKB
      LK2    = LKA
      GO TO 210

```

```

C      JORDER=2
205 LX1    = LXA
      LX2    = LXB
      LK1    = LKA
      LK2    = LKB
210 L      = LX1
      CALL FLOBAL
      VMB(L)= VMBC
      IF(JORDER(LF), EQ, 2) GO TO 220
      PLBX   = PUBC
      PUBX   = 0.
      GO TO 230

```



```

220 PLBX = 0.
    PUBX = PLBC
C   CALCULATION OF FLOW (GIVEN THE PRESSURE) AT STATION LX2
230 IF(,NOT,CHOTST) GO TO 245
C   CALCULATE MAXIMUM/CHOKED FLOW
    L = LK2
    CHOKE = ,TRUE,
    CALL FLOBAL
    CHOKE = ,FALSE,
    VMBSAV = VMBC
    WACHOK = WCALC
    RATIO = WCALC/WRQST
C   CALCULATE PRESSURE AT THE T,E, STATION
235 L = LX2
    IF(LK2,EQ,LX2 ,OR, SSDF) GO TO 240
    WF = WCALC
    CALL FLOBAL
    WF = 0.
240 IF((PLBX,NE,0. ,AND, PLBC,GE,PLBX) ,OR,
    * (PUBX,NE,0. ,AND, PUBC,GE,PUBX)) GO TO 242
    GO TO 245
C   CHOKED FLOW
242 SCHOKE(LK2)=XCHOKE
    VMB(LK2)=VMBSAV
    GO TO 2505
C   FLOW IS NOT CHOKED
245 PLB = PLBX
    PUB = PUBX
    CALL FLOBAL
250 VMB(L) = VMBC
C   INDICATED FLOW ADJUSTMENT ERROR
    TERWF = (WCALC-WRQST)/WRQST
2505 TER12 = X2F(LF)
    TWf = WRQST*CG
    JRET = 2
    IF(MODE,EQ,(-1)) RETURN
251 ASSIGN 300 TO IRET
    IF(SCHOKE(LK2),EQ,XCHOKE) GO TO 255
    IF(ABS(TERWF),LT,TOLWfU) GO TO 300
C   OBTAIN NEXT FLOW ITERATE
    IF(VNR(LF),NE,0,) GO TO 252
    VNR(LF+1)=2,
    VNR(LF+2)=,25*WRQST
252 WNEW = WRQST
    VNR(LF+6)=0,
    CALL NEWRRP(WNEW,WCALC=WRQST,VNR(LF))
    IF(VNR(LF+6),EQ,(-1,)) WNEW=WCALC
    IF(,NOT,CHOTST ,OR, WACHOK,GE,WNEW) GO TO 253
    WNEW = WACHOK
    SCHOKE(LK2)=XCHOKE
    GO TO 254
253 IF(SCHOKE(LK2),EQ,XCHOKE) DWDV(LK2)=0,
    LK2 = LX2
    ASSIGN 900 TO IRET
254 RATIO = WNEW/WRQST

```

```

C    ADJUST FLOW IN THE STREAMLINE TABLE
255 M    = MLB(L)
    CALL GETIX
    JA    = J
    M    = MUB(L)
    CALL GETIX
    JB    = J
C    CHECK TO SEE IF USER WISHES FLOW RATE TO BE VARIED
    JX    = JA
258 LH    = LHO
260 IF(LH,GE,LHE) GO TO 267
    IF(CHNAM(LH),EQ,SLCHN(JX)) GO TO 265
    LH    = LH+LHNEXT(LH)
    GO TO 260
265 IF(,NOT,VARY(LH)) GO TO 280
267 IF(JX,EQ,JB) GO TO 270
    JX    = JB
    GO TO 258
C    ADJUST FLOWS
270 DO 275 J=JA,JB
275 W(J)  = W(J)*RATIO
    GO TO 290
C    DO NOT ADJUST FLOWS, PRINT COMMENT IF SUPER-CHOKED
280 IF(SCHOKE(LK2),NE,XCHOKE) GO TO 290
    IF(RATIO,LT,1,) GO TO 282
    SCHOKE(LK2)=0,
    GO TO 290
282 WRITE (6,1280) RATIO,X1(LK2),CHNAM(LH)
290 GO TO IRET,(135,170,900,300)

C    INDEX TO NEXT TRAILING EDGE, MODE=1 AND TOLWF SATISFIED
300 IF(LF,NE,LFF) WRITE(6,1300) TEXI2,TWF,TBRWF
    MODE  = 2
310 LF    = LF*NFCOLS
    IF(LF,GE,LFE) LF=LFO
    IF(LF,NE,LFF) GO TO 100
C    ALL FLOW ADJUSTMENTS ARE CONVERGED
390 MODE  = 3

C    RETURN
900 LFF    = LF
    IF(PDUM(6),EQ,0,) RETURN
    I1TAB  = LFO
    CALL TABPRT(6HCADJWF,X1F,LFE,10)
    CALL TABPRT(1HW,W,NJ,10)
    RETURN

1157 FORMAT (53H *** WARNING- BOTH CHNS CHOKED - X11,X12,X11B,X11A =,
* 4F8,3,12H PS,WB,WA =,3F10,4)
1280 FORMAT(50H *** CHOKING, WILL NOT REDUCE FLOW SINCE VARY=F,6X,8
*HRATIO = F9,6,9H STA = F8,3,9H CHN = A6)
1300 FORMAT(99X,F6,0,F13,4,F11,4)
    END

```

\*DECK BRHS  
 SUBROUTINE BRHS  
 \*BRHS-- COEFFICIENT B AND RHS TERMS

\*BRHS\*

```

C  OUTPUT=
C  RHS(M)= RIGHT HAND SIDE OF THE MATRIX EQUATION FOR DS2
C  B(M)  = COEFFICIENT OF THE CURVATURE TERM

C  STATION TABLE
C  INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C  SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C  MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C  MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SLB(1),
1              TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SUB(1),
&              VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSW(1),MCL(1),
&              ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGTE(1),RGTE(1),
&              ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION      CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE    (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
      INTEGER        PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA,AXIA,PGA,GAMA,
&              MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTA,AXIC,PGC,GAMC,
&              DAXIT,SQALEA,TTE,CHOTST
      LOGICAL        AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
      REAL           MACHA(1),MACHC
COMMON /CB          / B(300)
COMMON /BITS        / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CCURV       / CURV(300)
COMMON /CDS2        / DS2(300)
COMMON /CEDUMP       / IGODMP
COMMON /CFB         / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKB,SUBSON,NK,PLBC,PUBC,
&              XCHOKE,TAREA,VMBC,WROST,WCALC,QV(8),QVP(8),
&              JSUM,VMLBSQ
      INTEGER        XCHOKE
      LOGICAL        CHOKB,SUBSON
COMMON /CIDEX       / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CMAX4       / ES2MAX,ZMX,RMX,DS2MAX,LGNT
COMMON /CMAXIT      / MAXREF,NREFIN
COMMON /CPHI1       / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CPI         / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRINT      / PDD(6),PDUM(10)
      EQUIVALENCE    (PRTES2,PDD)
COMMON /CPTMOV      / DPTMOV(2),NODENS
COMMON /CRHS        / RHS(300)
COMMON /CR          / R(300)
COMMON /CS1         / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2         / S2(300)
COMMON /CSS         / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1,
&              DSS(4),TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS
      INTEGER        SSFML
      LOGICAL        SSEF,SSDF
COMMON /CTABPR      / I1TAB
COMMON /CTOLRL      / TOLRL,MAXSWP,CLEN,DTOLR1,TOLES2,NSWP,
&              DS1DMP,DS1UP1,DTOLR2(4),S01REF,TOLINR
COMMON /CVM         / VM(300)
COMMON /CZ          / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE2      / AREA(96),AREA0(96),DISP(96),PT(96),LAMBDA(96),
&              RH0(96),SQRTVV(96),TS(96),TT(96),VMSQ(96),
&              VVKQKP(96),
&              WQA(96),WSTA(96),RG(96),G2CP(96),FGR(96)

```

```

      REAL          LAMBDA
      DIMENSION     ES2(96),SDNQRN(96)
      EQUIVALENCE   (ES2,VVKQKP),(SDNQRN,RHO)
      COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
&                  LO,LESTA,LSO, LSE,LDUM(6);
&                  MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
&                  LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER       SLCHN
      DIMENSION     ES2X1(96),ES2X2(96)
      DIMENSION     ES2SV(96), RMXSV(96), ZMXSV(96)
      INTEGER       FARFLD,FIELD,FREE,PRES,SOLID,TE
      LOGICAL       ENTRY2, SSOL
C      SSOL = SUPERSONIC POINT ON THIS OL, T OR F

      DATA FARFLD/6HFARFLD/, FIELD/5HFIELD/, FREE/4HFREE/,
&      PRES/4HPRES/, SOLID/5HSOLID/, TE/2HTE/

C      INITIALIZE
      BDUMMY= 1./1024.

C      SUBSONIC/SUPERSONIC BRANCH SELECTION
      M = MLB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      JA = J
      MAA = M
      M = MUB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      JB = J
      MBB = M
      IF(JSUM,EQ,0) SUBSON=,TRUE,
      IF(SSEF) SUBSON=,FALSE,
      IF(SCHQKE(L),NE,XCHQKE) GO TO 500
      IF(SSDF) SUBSON=,FALSE,
      JSUM = JA*256*JB

C      EXECUTE FLOW BALANCE
500 CALL FLOBAL
      IF(TYPELB(L),EQ,TE ,OR, TYPEUB(L),EQ,TE) JSUM=0
      IF( MA,EQ,MB ) CALL ERROR1
C      I THINK THE ABOVE STATEMENT CAN BE REMOVED - 1 14 75
      VMB(L)= VMBC

C      EVALUATE S2=DEVIATIONS
      F = 1.
      IF((TYPELB(L),EQ,"SOLID",AND, TYPEUB(L),EQ,"SOLID"),OR,
& TYPELB(L),EQ,FIELD ,OR, TYPEUB(L),EQ,FIELD) F=AREA0(NK)/AREA(NK)
      IF(PDD(6),EQ,2,) F=1.
C      (PLANE 2-D)
      DO 510 K=1,NK
510 ES2(K)= (F*AREA(K)-AREA0(K))/LAMBDA(K)
      IF(,NOT,AXIA) GO TO 550
C      (AXISYMMETRIC)
      K = 2
      M = MA+1
520 ES2(K)= ES2(K)/(TWOR*I*R(M))
      K = K+1
      M = M+1
      IF(K-NK) 520,520,550

```

```

C   EVALUATE MAXIMUM FLOW BALANCE ERROR, ES2MX
550 IF (L.EQ,LO) ES2MX=0,
    DO 560 K=1,NK
560 ES2MX = AMAX1(ES2MX,ABS(ES2(K)))
C   GET ACTUAL MAX VALUE OF ES2 ( WITH SIGN )
C   GET Z AND R AT MAX ES2
CALL MINMAX ( ES2, 1, NK, ES2MIN, MINPOS, ES2MAX, MAXPOS )
MRZPOS = MA + ( MAXPOS - 1 )
IF ( ABS(ES2MIN) .LT. ABS(ES2MAX) ) GO TO 565
ES2MAX = ES2MIN
MRZPOS = MA + ( MINPOS - 1 )
565 RMX = R(MRZPOS)
ZMX = Z(MRZPOS)
C   SAVE MAX VALUES AT EACH STATION
ES2SV(LCNT) = ES2MAX
RMXSV(LCNT) = RMX
ZMXSV(LCNT) = ZMX
C   TEST FOR LAST STATION
LCHK = L + LNEXT(L)
IF ( LCHK .LT. LESTA ) GO TO 575
C   FIND MAX VALUES FROM ALL STATIONS
CALL MINMAX ( ES2SV, 1, LCNT, ES2MIN, MINPOS, ES2MAX, MAXPOS )
MRZPOS = MAXPOS
IF ( ABS(ES2MIN) .LT. ABS(ES2MAX) ) GO TO 570
ES2MAX = ES2MIN
MRZPOS = MINPOS
570 RMX = RMXSV(MRZPOS)
ZMX = ZMXSV(MRZPOS)

575 IF (PRTES2,LE,2,) GO TO 600
IF (X1(L),LT,PDUM(8),OR,X1(L),GT,PRTES2) GO TO 722
LMX1 = L
LMX2 = L
NKX1 = NK
CALL MOVE (1,ES2,ES2X1,NK,1)
IF (X1(L),EQ,PDUM(8)) WRITE(6,1661)
GO TO 660

600 IF (PRTES2,NE,2,) GO TO 722
DATA ENTRY2/F/
ES2MX0=0,
DO 605 K=1,NK
605 ES2MX0= AMAX1(ES2MX0,ABS(ES2(K)))
IF (ENTRY2) GO TO 610
ES2MX1= ES2MX0
ES2MX2= ES2MX0
LMX1 = L
LMX2 = L
NKX1 = NK
NKX2 = NK
CALL MOVE (2,ES2,ES2X1,NK,1, ES2,ES2X2,NK,1)
ENTRY2 = .TRUE,
GO TO 690
610 IF(ES2MX0,LE,ES2MX1) GO TO 630
ES2MX2 = ES2MX1
LMX2 = LMX1
NKX2 = NKX1
CALL MOVE (1,ES2X1,ES2X2,NKX1,1)
ES2MX1= ES2MX0
LMX1 = L
NKX1 = NK

```

```

      CALL MOVE(1,ES2,ES2X1,NK,1)
      GO TO 650
630  IF(ES2MX0.LE,ES2MX2) GO TO 650
      ES2MX2= ES2MX0
      LMX2 = L
      NKX2 = NK
      CALL MOVE(1,ES2,ES2X2,NK,1)
650  IF(MBB,NE,NM) GO TO 690
      WRITE (6,1661)
660  WRITE(6,1660) X1(LMX1)
      M = MLB(LMX1)-1
      IF(LMX1,EQ,L) M=MA+1
      DO 670 K=1,NKX1
      M = M+1
670  WRITE(6,1670) M,
      & R(M),RHS(M),DS2(M),Z(M),R(M),PHI1(M),CURV(M),ES2X1(K)
      IF(LMX1,EQ,LMX2) GO TO 690
      LMX1 = LMX2
      NKX1 = NKX2
      CALL MOVE (1,ES2X2,ES2X1,NKX2,1)
      GO TO 660
1661 FORMAT(1H1)
1660 FORMAT (//9H STATION=,F8,3//
      & 5X,1HM,5X,1HB,10X,3HRHS,9X,3HDS2,9X,1HZ,10X,
      & 1HR,10X,4HPI1,7X,4HCURV,7X,5HES2X1/)
1670 FORMAT (1X,16,F11,5,2(3X,F9,6),4,F11,5),3X,F9,6)
690 CONTINUE

```

C\*\*\*CALC COEFFICIENT B AND RHS OF MATRIX EQUATION FOR DS2

C SET SUPERSONIC OL INDICATOR  
722 SSOL = ,FALSE,

```

C LOWER BOUNDARY
C NOTE= MA=MLB(L)+1 FOR A STAGNATION P/INT
      M = MLB(L)
      RHS(M)= 0.
      K = 1
      M = MA
      RHS(M)= 0.
      QGAMP = FGR(1)/(1,+FGR(1))
      BETSQP = 1;-VM(M)*VM(M)*QGAMP/(RG(1)*TS(1))
      R(M) = BETSQP*(S2(M+1)-S2(M))/WQA(1)
C IS FIRST POINT AN ISTAG=3 PT AND THE FIRST OF A DOUBLE POINT
      IF(WSTA(2).NE,WSTA(1)) GO TO 724
      IF(TYPELB(L).NE,FIELD) CALL ERROR1
C TREAT FIRST PT AS DUMMY PT AND 2ND PT AS ISTAG#3 PT
      RHS(M)= ES2(1)-ES2(2)
      B(M) = BDUMMY
      K = K+1
      M = M+1
      CALL GETIX
      ISTAG = 3
      CALL SAVIX
      RHS(M)= 0.
      B(M) = BDUMMY
      GO TO 756

```

C SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYPES  
724 IF((TYPELB(L).NE,FARFLD ,AND, TYPELB(L).NE,FREE ,AND,  
& TYPELB(L).NE,PRES) ,OR, (NODEVS,GE,NREF,N)) GO TO 756

```

B(M) = .75*(AREA(2)-AREA(1))*BETSQ*(S2(M+1)-S2(M))
RHS(M) = AREA(2)-AREA(2) - AREA(1)*AREA(1)
IF(VMLBSQ,NE,0,) RHS(M)=RHS(M)
&      = (AREA(2)-AREA(1))*BETSQ*.75*(VMLBSQ/(VM(M)*VM(M)))-1.7
GO TO 756

```

#### C INTERIOR POINT

```

725 B(M) = 0.
IF(MM,NE,M) GO TO 726
TSAVGM = .75*(TS(KM)+TS(KM1))
QGAMM = FGR(KM)/(1.+FGR(KM))
BETSQM = 1.-VM(MM)*VM(MM1)*QGAMM/(RG(KM)*TSAVGM)
RHOVM = .75*(WQA(KM1)+WQA(KM))
B(M) = .75*BETSQM*(S2(MM)-S2(MM1))/RHOVM
726 IF(WSTA(K+1),EQ,WSTA(K)) GO TO 728
TSAVGP = .75*(TS(K)+TS(K+1))
QGAMP = FGR(K)/(1.+FGR(K))
BETSQP = 1.-VM(M)*VM(M+1)*QGAMP/(RG(K)*TSAVGP)
RHOVP = .75*(WQA(K+1)+WQA(K))
B(M) = .75*BETSQP*(S2(M+1)-S2(M))/RHOVP + B(M)
728 IF(MM,EQ,M,AND,B(M)*B(M-1),LT,0,) SSON=.TRUE.
IF(WSTA(K+1),EQ,WSTA(K)) GO TO 757
735 RHS(M) = (AREA(K+1)-AREA(K+1)-AREA(K)+AREA(K))/(WSTA(K+1)-WSTA(K))
&      = (AREA(KM)-AREA(KM)-AREA(KM1)+AREA(KM1))/(WSTA(KM)-WSTA(KM
&      1))
756 KM1 = K
MM1 = M
KM = KM1+1
MM = MM1+1
GO TO 760

```

#### C DOUBLE POINT (I,E; W(K+1)=W(K))

```

757 RHS(M) = ES2(K)-ES2(K+1)
760 K = K+1
M = M+1
IF(K,LT,NK) GO TO 725

```

#### C UPPER BOUNDARY

```

C NOTE= MB*MUB(L)=. FOR A STAGNATION POINT
M = MUB(L)
RHS(M) = 0.
M = MB
RHS(M) = 0.
QGAMM = FGR(K)/(1.+FGR(K))
BETSQM = 1.-VM(M)*VM(M)*QGAMM/(RG(K)*TS(K))
B(M) = BETSQM*(S2(M)-S2(M+1))/WQA(K)
IF(B(M),EQ,0) B(M)=BDUMMY

```

```

C DOUBLE FIELD POINT
IF(WSTA(K),NE,WSTA(K-1)) GO TO 790
IF(TYPEUB(L),NE,FIELD) CALL ERROR1
B(M-1) = BDUMMY
M = M-1
CALL GETIX
ISTAG = 0
CALL SAVIX

```

#### C SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYPES

```

790 IF((TYPEUB(L),NE,PRES,AND,TYPEUB(L),NE,FREE,AND,
& TYPEUB(L),NE,FIELD),OR,(NODENS,GE,NREFIN)) GO TO 800
B(M) = .75*(AREA(K)-AREA(K-1))*BETSQM*(S2(M)-S2(M-1))

```

```

      RHS(M) = AREA(K-1) - AREA0(K-1) - AREA(K) + AREA0(K)
      800 IF ((B(M) + B(M-1)) / LT, 0.) SSOL = .TRUE.
      C. . . . END CALC OF B AND RHS

```

```

      IF (SSOL .AND. SLSWI(L), EQ, 0.) SLSWI(L) = 1
      RETURN
      END

```



```

*DECK NEWRAP
      SUBROUTINE NEWRAP(X,E,V)
*NEWRAP      OUTSIDE ITERATION PROCEDURE
*NEWRAP      TO BE USED WHEN INNER SELF CONVERGENT RELATIONS EXIST,

C      INPUT-
C      X      = ABSCISSA
C      E      = ERROR IN THE ORDINATE
C      V      = STORAGE FOR A 12 ELEMENT VECTOR
C      INPUT, FIRST ENTRY ONLY
C      V(1)   = CTR = 0.
C      V(2)   = DEDX = ESTIMATE OF THE SLOPE OF THE CURVE
C              (X2=X1+E1/DEDX IS THE FORMULA FOR THE SECOND X)
C              (E/DEDX) IS USED TO REDUCE DXMAX DURING THE ITERATION
C      V(3)   = XMOVE
C              ABS(XMOVE) = MAXIMUM DELTA X
C              SIGN(XMOVE) = DIRECTION TO THE BRANCH OF THE CURVE WITH SLOPE*SI

C      OUTPUT-
C      X      = NEXT X ESTIMATE

      COMMON /CNEW / DEDXP(2),DXP(2),DX,WS

      DIMENSION V(12),Q(12),XP(2),EP(2)
      EQUIVALENCE (CTR,Q(1)), (DEDX,Q(2)), (XMOVE,Q(3)),
1      (DXMAX,Q(5)), (DXPREV,Q(6)), (OPSIGN,Q(7)), (SPAN,Q(8))
2      (XP,Q(9)), (EP,Q(11))

      LOGICAL SPAN

      DO 50 I = 1,12
50  Q(I) = V(I)
      IF(CTR,GE,30) CALL ERROR1
      IF(CTR,NE,0) GO TO 200

C      FIRST ENTRY
      DX = -E/DEDX
      DXMAX = ABS(XMOVE)
      DXPREV = DXMAX
      OPSIGN = 0.
      SPAN = .FALSE.
      GO TO 520

C      SECOND AND SUCCESSIVE ENTRIES, EVALUATE DEDXP(I) AND DXP(I)
200 WS = 0.
      DO 250 I=1,2
      DXP(I) = 0.
      IF(I,EQ,1) GO TO 220
      IF(CTR,LE,1) GO TO 270
      IF(WS,EQ,0) GO TO 220
      IF(.NOT.SPAN .OR. (E*EP(2),GT,0)) GO TO 250
C      IF(.NOT.SPAN .OR. SAME SIGN(E,EP(2))) DO NOT USE POINT 2
220 DE = E-EP(I)
      DX = X-XP(I)
      IF(ABS(DE),LT,ABS(DX)/1,E15) GO TO 250
      IF(ABS(DX),LT,ABS(DE)/1,E15) GO TO 250
      DEDXP(I) = DE/DX

C      CHECK SIGN OF DEDXP(I)
      IF(DEDXP(I)*DEDX,LT,0) GO TO 250
      DXP(I) = AMAX1(-DXMAX,AMIN1(-E/DEDXP(I),DXMAX))
      WS = WS+1
250 CONTINUE

```

```

270 IF(WS,NE70;) GO TO 400

C   THE DEDXP HAVE INCORRECT SIGNS
C   TAKE MAX JUMP TOWARD THE CORRECT BRANCH
C   MAYBE DESIRED ORDINATE IS ABOVE/BELOW THE MAX/MIN OF THE CURVE
350 IF(OPSIGN) 360,360,355
355 DXMAX = .75*DXMAX
360 OPSIGN = -1;
    DX      = XMOVE
    GO TO 520

C   REDUCE MAX DX IF DIRECTION OF ITERATION IS CHANGING
400 IF(OPSIGN) 410,490,490
410 DXMAX = .75*DXMAX
490 OPSIGN = 1.

C   PREDICT NEXT ABSCISSA; DEDXP HAVE THE CORRECT SIGNS
500 DX      = (DXP(1)+DXP(2))/WS
    DXMAX = AMIN1(DXMAX,ABS(XMOVE))
C   =DXMAX,LE;DX,LE;DXMAX
520 DX      = AMAX1(-DXMAX,AMIN1(DX,DXMAX))

C   SAVE CERTAIN GOODIES TO USE FOR FUTURE ENTRIES
600 DXMAX = .75*DXMAX + .75*AMIN1(DXMAX,AMAX1(DXPREV,ABS(2,*E/DEDX)))
    DXPREV = ABS(DX)
    XP(2) = XP(1)
    EP(2) = EP(1)
    XP(1) = X
    EP(1) = E
    IF(EP(1)*EP(2),LT,0.) SRAN=.TRUE;
    CTR    = CTR+1,

C   SET X AND RETURN
    X      = X+DX
    DO 960 I=1,12
960 V(I) = Q(I)
    RETURN
    END

```

\*DECK STALOO  
 SUBROUTINE STALOO  
 \*STALOO LOOP THROUGH STATIONS AND EXECUTE FLOBAL \*STALOO\*

```

C  STATION TABLE
C  INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C  SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C  MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C  MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1              TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
&              VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSW(1),MCL(1),
&              ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGTE(1),RGTE(1),
&              ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,RTTE)
      INTEGER RRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

C  COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKES,SUBSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC,
1              XCHOKES, TAREA,VMBC, WRQST,WGALC, QV(8),QVP(8),
&              JSUM,VMLBSQ
      LOGICAL CHOKES,SUBSON
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
&              LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
&              MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
&              LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CFB2 / PASS1
      LOGICAL PASS1
COMMON / CMAX4 / DUMAX(4), LCNT
COMMON /CSTALO/ NSSPTS

C
C  BEGIN LOOP THROUGH STATIONS
CHOKE = .FALSE,
JSUM = 0
L = LO
LCNT = 0
NSSPTS = 0

C  CALL BRHS AND FLOBAL
410 PLB = 0,
PUB = 0,
WF = 0,
LCNT = LCNT + 1
CALL BRHS

C  COUNT NUMBER OF SUPERSONIC POINTS
IF(SLSW(L),NE,1) GO TO 450
MA = MLB(L)+1
MB = MUB(L)+1
DO 420 M=MA,MB
420 IF(B(M),LT,0) NSSPTS=NSSPTS+1

C  INDEX TO THE NEXT STATION (I,E, ORTHOGONAL)
450 L = L+LNEXT(L)
IF(L,LT,LESTA) GO TO 410

PASS1 = .FALSE,
RETURN

```

BND

```
*DECK STCW1
  OVERLAY(STC,2,2)
  PROGRAM STCW1
C  WRITE THE OVER-ALL STC DATA RECORD, KEY(7)=A,
    CALL WRIA
    CALL WRIOUT
    CALL WRIBDY
    CALL WRIATR
    RETURN
    END
```

\*DECK USECDW  
BLOCK DATA USECDW  
\*USECDW REPLACE STEW USE CARDS  
COMMON /ERASE3/ WDUM(400)  
COMMON /CPSM / RSM(768)  
END

\*DECK BLTBBL  
 SUBROUTINE BLTBBL  
 CBLTBBL BUILD BOUNDARY LAYER TABLES

```

COMMON /BLDTA / BDNAM,LOWER,IBTYPE,N1,N1,CAPX1
INTEGER      BDNAM
LOGICAL      LOWER
COMMON /BLDTA1/ BNAMSV
INTEGER      BNAMSV
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBTO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*              LO,LESTA, LSO,LSE, LDO,LDE, LDUM(4),
*              MO,NM,NJ,NFCOLS,MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*              LEO,LEE,LRO,LRE,LRD

C  STATION TABLE
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
*              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1)
COMMON /ERASE2/ XI1(100),SWBL(100),ZW(100),RW(100),DSTR(100),
*              DDSTR(100),VE(100),MACH(100),DUM(700)
DIMENSION    LEDEX(1),LBZ1(1)
EQUIVALENCE  (LEDEX,TYPELB),(LBZ1,MLB)

C  BOUNDARY LAYER TABLE
C  INDEX= LDO=LDO,LDE=-- INITIALLY 1,0
DIMENSION    BNAME(1),LBLNXT(1),NSEP(2),SWREF(1),SIGN(1),
*              SW(1),DSTAR(1),DDSTAR(1)
INTEGER      BNAME
EQUIVALENCE  (BNAME,X1),(LBLNXT,LNEXT),(NSEP,MLB),
*              (SWREF,PRIM),(SIGN,TYPELB),(SW,NAMELB),
*              (DSTAR,ILB),(DDSTAR,FLB)
COMMON /BLSEP / NSLOC
COMMON /REBL / RESTBL
LOGICAL      RESTBL
COMMON /CPRINT/ RDUMM(6),PDUM(20)
COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
COMMON /BLBDY / IBLB(60)
INTEGER      UPPER
INTEGER      BNAMC
LOGICAL ENTRY1
DATA ENTRY1/T/
DATA UPPER,LOWR/5HUPPER,5HLOWER/
DATA SWSAVE/0./
IF( RESTBL ) GO TO 1111
GO TO 1

```

C RESTORE TABLES

```

1111 NUM      = LDE-LDO+1
NMOVE = LESTA-LFO+1
CALL MOVE(1,X1(LFO),X1(LDO),NMOVE,1)
LFO      = LDO
LESTA    = LESTA-NUM
LO       = LO-NUM
LFE      = LO+1
LDO      = 1
LDE      = 0
RESTBL= .FALSE,

```

C RELOCATE FLOW ADJUSTMENT AND STATION TABLES

```

1 NUM      = 3*(N1-N1+1)+6
MAXT      = LESTA+NUM

```

```

      IF( (MAXT=LHO),GT,MAXLE ) GO TO 1000
      LFONEW= LFO+NUM
      NMOVE = LESTA-LFO+1
      CALL MOVE(1,X1(LFO),X1(LFONEW),NMOVE,1)
      LD = LDE+1
      IF( LDE ) 2,2,5
2    LDO = LFO
      LD = LDO
      LDE = LDO+NUM-1
      GO TO 6
5    LDE = LDE+NUM
6    LFO = LFONEW
      LESTA = MAXT
      LO = LO+NUM
      LFE = LO+1
      LBLNXT(LD)= LD+NUM

C    SEQUENCE TO SET SWREF
      SWREF(LD)= 0;
      BNAMC = BDNAMC
      LB = LBF(BNAMC)
      IF( LB,NE,0 ) GO TO 18
C    COLLATED BOUNDARY--CHECK FOR LE
      BNAMC = BNAMSV
      LB = LBF(BNAMC)
18   IF( LEDEX(LB),EQ,0 ) GO TO 20
      IV1 = 1
      IV2 = (LEDEX(LB)-LBZ1(LB))/3+1
      SWREF(LD)= BARCS(BNAMC,IV1,IV2)
      GO TO 21
20   IF( (NOT,LOWER)SWREF(LD)*SWBL(N1)
21   BNAME(LD)=BDNAME

      SIGN(LD)= 1,
      IF( LOWER ) SIGN(LD)=1,
      NSEP(LD)= 0
      IF( NSLOC,NE,0 ) NSEP(LD)=LD+3*(NSLOC-N1+1)-3

C    MOVE BL PARAMETERS TO TABLE

30   DO 40 LD1=N1,N1
      SW(LD)= SWBL(LD1)
      DSTAR(LD)= DSTR(LD1)
      DDSTAR(LD)=DDSTR(LD1)
      LD = LD+3
40   CONTINUE
      GO TO 2000
1000 LUP = UPPER
      IF( LOWER ) LUP=LOWR
      WRITE (6,1001) LUP,BDNAMC
1001 FORMAT(/,2X,48HTABLE SPACE EXHAUSTED--BOUNDARY LAYER DATA FOR ,
      * A6,2X,8HBOUNDARY,2X,A6,2X,9HNOT SAVED//)
      DO 999 LL=1,58,3
      IF( IBLB(LL),EQ,0 ) GO TO 2000
      IF( IBLB(LL),EQ,BDNAMC ) IBLB(LL+1)=0
999   CONTINUE

2000 IF( PDUM(15),EQ,0, ) GO TO 2001
      I1TAB = LDO
      CALL TABPRT(6HSTABLT,X1,LESTA,6)
      CALL TABPRT(3HBLB,BLB,60,10)

```



2001 ENTRY1= :FALSE,  
RETURN  
END

```

*DECK LESTSQ
SUBROUTINE LESTSQ(X,Y,IA,IB,NOC,NS,DY)
*LESTSQ      1ST/2ND ORDER CURV FIT BY LEAST SQUARE DEV  *LESTSQ*
C           * VERSION 2
C           * NO ROTATION OF AXIS
C           * AUTOMATIC REDUCTION OF NS AND NO NEAR THE END PTS
      DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),DY(10)

C  INPUT=
C  X(1),Y(1),I=IA,IB ARE ENTRY COORDINATES
C  NOC = ORDER OF CURVE FIT * 1, =2 OR 3
C  NS = NUMBER OF POINTS INCLUDED IN EACH LEAST SQUARE FIT
C      MINIMUM NS IS *NO+NO-1, ALSO, NS MUST BE ODD.

C  OUTPUT=
C  DY(I) = DEVIATION OBTAINED FROM THE CURVE FIT

      COMMON /ERASE / B(3),A(3,3)

      MIS = (NS-1)/2
      IAA = IA+1
      IBB = IB-1
      DY(IA) = 0.
      IF(IAA.GT.IBB) GO TO 160
      DO 150 I=IAA,IBB

C  INITIALIZE TO ZERO
      DO 110 J=1,12
110 B(J)=0.

C  SET UP MATRIX (A)(X)=(B)
      A(1,1)=NS
      MI = MIN0(I-IA,MIN0(MIS,IB-1))
      NO = MIN0(NOC,MI+1)
      JA = I-MI
      JB = I+MI
      DO 120 J=JA,JB
      XP=X(J)-X(I)
      YP=Y(J)-Y(I)
      XP2=XP**2
      A(1,2)=A(1,2)+XP
      B(1)=B(1)+YP
      A(2,2)=A(2,2)+XP2
      B(2)=B(2)+YP*XP
      IF(NO=2) 115,120,115
115 A(2,3)=A(2,3)+XP2*XP
      A(3,3)=A(3,3)+XP2**2
      B(3)=B(3)+YP*XP2
120 CONTINUE
      A(2,1)=A(1,2)
      IF(NO=2) 125,130,125
125 A(1,3)=A(2,2)
      A(3,1)=A(1,3)
129 A(3,2)=A(2,3)

130 CALL SIMEQ(NO,A,B,3)

      DY(I)=B(1)
150 CONTINUE
160 DY(IB)=0.

      RETURN

```

END

```
*DECK RBWAKE
SUBROUTINE RBWAKE
CRBWAKE      ADJUST WAKE TABLE FOR TE BL
```

```
COMMON /CHDATA / X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(47)
DIMENSION DST(1)
EQUIVALENCE (DST,S1W)
COMMON /CPI / P1,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /IXORIG/ LWO,LHE, LBD0,LBD6, LTO,LTE; LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
1      LO,LEST, LSO,LSE, LDO,LDE, LDUM(4), MO,NM, NJ,
2      NFOCLS, MAXNJ,MAXDL,MAXNM,MAXLE, LEO,LEE,
3      LRO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /TETAB/ ITE,XIT2(16),ANGTE(16),DSTTE(16),DDSTTE(16);
*      RTE(16),ZTE(16)
*      ,LWER(16)
LOGICAL LWER
```

```
IF( ITE,EQ,0 ) RETURN
DO 100 I=1,ITE
XI2 = XIT2(I)
IF(XI2,LT,0,) GO TO 100
```

```
C SEARCH FOR MATCHING XI2
I2 = 1
10 I2 = I2+1
IF(I2,GT,ITE) GO TO 200
IF(XI2,NE,XIT2(I2)) GO TO 10
XIT2(I2) = #1;
```

```
C FIND MATCH IN WAKE TABLE
LW = LWO
15 IF( LW,GT,LWE ) GO TO 100
IF( XI2,EQ,X2W(LW)) GO TO 20
LW = LW+LWNEXT(LW)
GO TO 15
```

```
C ADJUST WAKE TABLE
20 IKL = I2
IKU = 1
IF( ,NOT,LWER(I) ) IKU=I2
IF( IKL,EQ,IKU ) IIL=1
ANGCU = ANGTE(IKU)+DDSTTE(IKU)
RCU = RTE(IKU)+DSTTE(IKU)*COS(ANGCU)
ZCU = ZTE(IKU)+DSTTE(IKU)*SIN(ANGCU)
ANGCL = ANGTE(IKL)+DDSTTE(IKL)
RCL = RTE(IKL)+DSTTE(IKL)*COS(ANGCL)
ZCL = ZTE(IKL)+DSTTE(IKL)*SIN(ANGCL)
ANGM = .5*(ANGCU+ANGCL)
DR21 = RCU-RCL
DZ21 = ZCU-ZCL
THK = DR21**2+DZ21**2
IF( THK,EQ,0 ) GO TO 100
DANG = ATAN3(DR21,DZ21,ANGM)-PIQ2-ANGM
THK = SQRT(THK)*COS(DANG)
DST(LW+4) = THK
100 CONTINUE
300 RETURN
```

```
200 WRITE (6,201) XI2
201 FORMAT (//2X,29HWARNING= MISSING TE AT=XI2=F1276//)
GO TO 300
END
```

```

*DECK SIMEQ
SUBROUTINE SIMEQ(NN,A,B,MP)
CSIMEQ      PRO NO F3494A
C           THE EQUATIONS WHICH ARE SOLVED ARE  $AX=B$ , THE MATRIX
C           SIMEQ SIMULTANEOUS EQUATIONS
C           A AND THE VECTOR B ARE DESTROYED. FOR PRINTOUT OF
C           THE MATRIX TO BE SOLVED SET MP NOT EQUAL TO ZERO
C           NN IS THE NUMBER OF EQUATIONS
      DIMENSION A(3,3),B(3)
25 DO 140 K=1,NN
30 P=A(K,K)
35 ASSIGN 85 TO MT
40 DO 55 I=K,NN
45 IF (ABS(P)-ABS(A(I,K))) 90,55,55
50 P=A(I,K)
52 ASSIGN 65 TO MT
53 L=I
55 CONTINUE
60 GO TO MT,(65,85)
65 DO 80 J=K,NN
70 P=A(K,J)
75 A(K,J)=A(L,J)
80 A(L,J)=P
81 P=B(K)
82 B(K)=B(L)
83 B(L)=P
85 B(K)=B(K)/A(K,K)
   IF (K=NN) 90,145,90
90 L=K+1
   DO 100 J=L,NN
100 A(K,J)=A(K,J)/A(K,K)
   DO 140 I=L,NN
   IF (A(I,K)) 120,140,120
120 DO 125 J=L,NN
125 A(I,J)=A(I,J)-A(I,K)*A(K,J)
140 B(I)=B(I)-A(I,K)*B(K)
145 L=NN+1
   DO 170 KK=1,L
   K=NN-KK
   P=0.0
   DO 165 J=K,L
165 P=P+A(K,J+1)*B(J+1)
170 B(K)=B(K)+P
1999 RETURN
      END

```

```

*DECK SAB
SUBROUTINE SAB(ENTRY)
CSAB      MAIN SUBROUTINE FOR BOUNDARY LAYER CALCULATION
          INTEGER      ENTRY

C      ON ENTRY=FIRST,  SAVE B,S2 ON TAPE4
C      ON ENTRY=LAST,  RESTORE B,S2

COMMON /BCOLLT/ ZBCOL
COMMON /BLDTA / BDNAM,LOWER,IBTYPE,N1,N1,CAPX1
INTEGER      BDNAM
LOGICAL      LOWER
COMMON /CB      / B(300)
COMMON /CBITS/ BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CS2      / S2(300)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBTO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*              LO,LESTA, LSO,LSE, LDO,LDE, LDUM(4),
*              MO,NM,NJ,NFCOLS,MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*              LEO,LEE,LRO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /ERASE2/ XI1(100),SW(100),ZW(100),RW(100),DUM(200),
*              VE(100),DUM1(800)
COMMON /ALLCOM/ DUM2(5),AXIA,DUM3(14)
LOGICAL      AXIA

GO TO (1,2,45) , ENTRY
1 REWIND 4
WRITE (4) (B(I),I=1,NM),(S2(I),I=1,NM)

C      SCAN TABLES TO SET N1

2 IBTYPE= 1
IF( RW(1),EQ,0 ,AND, AXIA ) IBTYPE=2
GO TO (5,8) , IBTYPE
5 DO 6 I=1,N1
IF( VE(I),LE,0, ) GO TO 20
6 CONTINUE
IBTYPE= 3
N1 = 1
GO TO 21
8 DO 10 I=1,N1
IF( RW(I),GT,0, ) GO TO 12
10 CONTINUE
RETURN
12 N1 = I-1
IF( N1,EQ,0 ) N1=1
GO TO 21
20 N1 = I
IF( VE(I+1),LE,0, ) N1=N1+1
21 IF( ZBCOL,EQ,BITS ) GO TO 30
C      CHECK FOR Z(N1),GE,ZBCOL
IF( ZW(N1),GE,ZBCOL ) GO TO 30
NN1 = N1
DO 25 I=NN1,N1
IF( ZW(I),GE,ZBCOL ) GO TO 30
N1 = N1+1
25 CONTINUE
CALL ERRORK(6HSAB )

C      CALCULATE BL FOR BOUNDARY-- (BDNAME)

30 CALL SABBL

```

```

C   INSERT SMOOTHED DATA INTO /BLTAB/

40  CALL BLTBBL
    GO TO 50
45  REWIND 4
    READ (4) (B(I),I=1,NM),(S2(I),I=1,NM)

50  RETURN
    END

```

\*DECK SABBL  
 SURROUTINE SABBL  
 \*SABBL

```

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
EQUIVALENCE (BITS,IBITS), (BLANK,IBLANK)

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,DUMCA(4),AXI,DUMCB(14)
REAL MACHA,MACHO,MACHOS
LOGICAL AXI
COMMON /BLDTA / BDNAME,LOWER,IBTYPE,N1,N1,CAPX1
LOGICAL LOWER
COMMON /ERASE2/ BSTAR(100),SW(100),ZW(100),RW(100),DSTR(100);
1 DDSTR(100),VE(100),MACH(100),MACHSQ(100),CP(100),
2 PQPT(100),PW(100),REXP(100),PR(100),CAPX(100)
DIMENSION XW(1),YW(1)
EQUIVALENCE (ZW,XW),(RW,YW)
REAL MACH,MACHSQ
COMMON /VISCOS/ TREF,MUREF,SCON
REAL MUREF
COMMON /CGRAV/ CG
COMMON /BLSEP / NSLOC
COMMON /IXORIG/ LWO,LHE, LBTO,LBTE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
& LO,LESTA, LSO,LSE, LDO,LDE, LDUM(4),
& MO,NM,NJ,NFCOLS,MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
& LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /SABCHN/ CHNSAB
INTEGER CHNSAB
C TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES
C INDEX= LT=LTO,LTE
C CH = CHANNELNAME
C LTNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL
C LPSI = RELATIVE LOGATION OF PSI LIST
C NPT = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES
C LTY = RELATIVE LOGATION OF TT LIST
C LPT = RELATIVE LOGATION OF PT LIST
C LRCU = RELATIVE LOGATION OF RCU LIST
COMMON /CHDATA/ CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTY(1),LPT(1),
1 LRCU(1),
2 CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),OGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),
3 EGR(1),AREATB(485)
INTEGER CH
DIMENSION XCH(1)
EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)
DIMENSION LHNEXT(1),TTT(1),PTT(1)
EQUIVALENCE (LHNEXT,LTNEXT),(TTT,AREATB(3)),(PTT,AREATB(4))

DIMENSION REX(100),THETA(100),DELTA(100),P(100),F1(100),
1 F2(100),F3(100),CP(100),ISEP(100),DCPUDX(100),
2 F(100),AVG(100)
3 CPK(100),DCPK(100)
EQUIVALENCE (DCPUDX,DCPK)

DATA PI/3.14159/
DATA KSEP/3HSEP/

```

\*A\*

```

NSLOC = 0
N2 = N1+1
NT = N1+N1+1

```

C  
 C LOCATE ENTRIES IN CHANNEL AND CONVECTED PROP. TABLES



```

C
1 LT = LTO
2 IF (LT,GT,LTE) CALL ERROR1
  IF (CH(LT);EQ,CHNSAB) GO TO 3
  LT = LT*LTNEXT(LT)
  GO TO 2

C
3 IF (LHE,EQ,(LHO-1)) GO TO 12
4 LH = LHO
5 IF (LH,GT,LHE) GO TO 12
  IF (CH(LH);EQ,CHNSAB) GO TO 10
  LH = LH*LMNEXT(LH)
  GO TO 5

C
10 MACH0 = CRG(LH)
  GO TO 13
12 MACH0 = MACHA
13 TTO = TTY(LT)
  PTO = PTY(LT)
  GAM = 1./OGAM(LT)
  RG = CRG(LT)
  IF (MACH0,EQ,BITS) MACH0=MACH(N1)
  IF (MACH0,EQ,0) MACH0=MACH(N2)
  MACH0S = MACH0*MACH0
180 GAM1 = GAM/(GAM-1.)
  CAPX2 = 0.
  IF (CAPX1,NE,0) CAPX2=CAPX1
  CVP = RG/(GAM-1.)
  TSO = TTO/(1.+75*(GAM-1.)*MACH0**2)
  PS0 = PTO*(TS0/TTO)**GAM1
  VMAX = SQRT(2.*GAM1*RG*TTO)
  PTOQPO = (1.+(GAM-1.)*.5*MACH0*MACH0)**GAM1
  CRT = .5*GAM*MACH0*MACH0
  DO 190 I=N1,N1
    MACHSQ(I)=MACH(I)*MACH(I)
    PQPT(I)=(CP(I)*CRT+1.)/PTOQPO
    PW(I) = PTO*(1.-(VE(I)/VMAX)**2)**GAM1
190 CONTINUE
* CALCULATE EXP
  RHOT = PTO/(RG*TTO)*CG
  GAMM = 1.+(GAM-1.)*.5*MACH0*MACH0
  RHOS = RHOT*GAMM*(-(1./(GAM-1.)))
  TSO = TTO/GAMM
  V = MACH0*SQRT(GAM*RG*TSO)
  AMU = MUREF*(TSO/TREF)**1.5*(TREF+SCON)/(TSO+SCON)
  AL = (SW(N1)-SW(N1))/2.
  RE = RHOS*V*AL/AMU
  EXP = 1.25
  IF (RE,GT,2;E7) EXP=1.2
  IF (EXP,EQ,1.25) GO TO 205
  CON1 = .23
  CON2 = .022
  CON3 = .028
  CON4 = -(1./6.)
  GO TO 210
205 CON1 = .37
  CON2 = .036
  CON3 = .046
  CON4 = .2
210 IF (,NOT,AXI) EXP=0.

```

```

DO 215 I=N1,NI
  REXP(I)=0.
  IF( .NOT. AXI ) REXP(I)=1.
  IF(RW(I).GT.0.) REXP(I)*RW(I)**EXP
  PR(I) = (MACH(I)/(1.+MACHSQ(I)**2))**4*REXP(I)
215 CONTINUE

```

```

*B* CALCULATE SW,CAPX,REX
  GAM12 = (GAM-1.)*.5
  AMU    = MUREF*(TTO/TREF)**1.5*(TREF*SCON)/(TTO+SCON)
  Z2     = SQRT(GAM/((GAM-1.)*CVP*TTO))
  GAMP   = (GAM-2.)/(GAM-1.)
  Z4A    = SCON/TTO
  Z4D    = 1./(1.+Z4A)
  Z1M    = PTO*CG/AMU
  CAPX(N1)=CAPX2
  CALL SETM(1,1,BLANK,1SEP,100)
  DO 220 N=N2,NI
    I      = N-1
    SWD    = SW(N)-SW(I)
    AINT   = (PR(N)*PR(I))*.5*SWD
    CAPX(N)= AINT/PR(N)+CAPX(I)*PR(I)/PR(N)
    TTOT   = 1.+GAM12*MACHSQ(N)
    Z1     = MACH(N)*Z1M
    Z3     = TTOT**GAMP
    Z4     = (1./TTOT+Z4A)*Z4D
    REX(N)=Z2*Z1*Z3*Z4
220 CONTINUE

```

```

CALL LSPFIT(SW(N1),BW(N1),NT, SW(N1),F3(N1),NT,1)

```

```

  TTOT   = 1.+GAM12*MACHSQ(N1)
  Z1     = MACH(N1)*Z1M
  Z3     = TTOT**GAMP
  Z4     = (1./TTOT+Z4A)*Z4D
  REX(N1)=Z2*Z1*Z3*Z4

```

```

*C* CALCULATE THETA,DSTAR,DELTA
  K2     = 0
  CALL SETM(1,0.,F,100)
  THETA(N1)=0.
  DSTAR(N1)=0.
  DELTA(N1)=0.
  F(N1) = 0.
  FMAX   = -10.**6
  DO 230 I=N1,NI
    IF(I.NE.N1) GO TO 225
    IF(CAPX2.EQ.0.) GO TO 230
225  CAPXX = CAPX(I)*(REX(I)*CAPX(I))**CON4
    THETA(I)*CON2*((1.+MACHSQ(I)*.1)**(-.7))*CAPXX
    DSTAR(I)*CON3*(1.+MACHSQ(I)*.8)**(.44)*CAPXX
    DELTA(I)*CON1*CAPXX
    IF(I.EQ.N1) GO TO 230
* CHECK FOR SEPARATION
  IF( PW(I+1).LE.PW(I) ,OR, I.LE.K2 ) GO TO 2290
  K      = I
1225  K      = K+1
  IF( K.GT.N1 ) GO TO 1226
  IF( PW(K).GT.PW(K-1) ) GO TO 1225
1226  K1     = I
  IF( K1.EQ.(K-1) ) GO TO 2290

```

```

      K2      = K-1
      K1M     = K1-1
      IF( MACH(K1M),EQ,0, ) K1M=K1
      MACHOS= MACHSQ(K1)
      CPK(K1M)= 1,
      DO 226 K=K1M,K2
      IF( MACH(K),EQ,0, ) GO TO 226
      CPK(K)=1,=MACHSQ(K)/MACHOS
226  CONTINUE
      DO 227 K=K1,K2
227  DCPK(K)=(CPK(K)-CPK(K-1))/(SW(K)-SW(K-1))
      K2M     = K2-1
      DO 228 K=K1,K2M
228  DCPK(K)=(DCPK(K)+DCPK(K+1))*,.5
      DO 229 K=K1,K2
      SWK     = SW(K)-SW(1)+CAPX(1)
      F(K)    = CPK(K)*(SQRT(ABS(SWK*DCPK(K)))*((1E-6)*REX(K)*SWK)*.1)
229  CONTINUE
2290 FMAX = AMAX1(F(1),FMAX )
      IF( FMAX,LT, .5 ) GO TO 230
C    SEPARATION
      ISEP(1)= KSEP
      IF( NSLOC,EQ,0 ) NSLOC=1
230  CONTINUE
      N3      = 1

* D* CALCULATE P FOR TOD
234  P(N1) = 0,
      DO 240 I=N2,N3
      K      = I-1
      A1     = (RW(K)+RW(I))*,.5
      A2     = (DSTAR(K)+DSTAR(I))*,.5
      IF(AXI) GO TO 235
      P(I)   = A2*(PW(I)-PW(K))+P(K)
      GO TO 240
235  P(I)   = 2,=P1+A1*A2*(PW(I)-PW(K))+P(K)
240  CONTINUE

*   CALCULATE TOD, TOTAL SKIN FRICTION DRAG
      IF(AXI) GO TO 250
      DRM    = GAM*((PW(N1)+MACHSQ(N1)*THETA(N1))-(PW(N1)+MACHSQ(N1)
1      *THETA(N1)))
      GO TO 255
250  DRM    = GAM*((PW(N1)+MACHSQ(N1)*THETA(N1)*2,=P1+RW(N1))-
1      (PW(N1)+MACHSQ(N1)*THETA(N1)*2,=P1+RW(N1)))
255  TOD    = DRM-P(N1)

* E* CALCULATE CF
300  DO 310 I=N1,N3
      RX=1,
      IF(AXI)RX=RW(I)
      F1(I) = RX*PW(I)+MACHSQ(I)
      F2(I) = F1(I)*THETA(I)
      REX(I)=REX(I)*(SW(I)-SW(N1))
310  CONTINUE

      NN     = N3=N1+1
      CALL LSPFIT(SW(N1),F2(N1),NN,SW(N1),CF(N1),NN,1)

      N1f=N1
      IF(MACH(N1),NE,0,) GO TO 319

```

```

      N11=N2
      CF(N2)= 0.
319  DO 320 I=N11,N3
      CF(I) = 2.*CF(I)/F1(I)+2.*DSTAR(I)*F3(I)/(GAM*PW(I)*MACHSQ(I))
320  CONTINUE
      CALL LESTSQ(SW,DSTAR,N1,N1,3,5,DSTR)
      NN      = N1
      DO 327 I=N1,NI
327  DSTR(I)= DSTR(I)+DSTAR(I)
      CALL LSPFIT(SW(N1),DSTR(N1),NN,SW(N1),DDSTR(N1),NN,1)

*   WRITE OUTPUT
      WRITE (6,1002)
1002  FORMAT(/,37X,30H B O U N D A R Y      L A Y E R/)
      WRITE (6,1004) (I,XW(I),THETA(I),DSTAR(I),DELTA(I),REX(I),
1      CAPX(I),CF(I),SW(I),DSTR(I),DDSTR(I),ISEP(I),F(I),I=N1,N3)
1004  FORMAT(4X,1H I,5X,2HXW,4X,5H THETA,5X,5H DSTAR,4X,5H DELTA,5X,3H REX,
* 7X,4H CAPX,6X,2H CF,8X,2H SW,6X,4H DSTR,4X,5H DDSTR,5X,3H ISEP,8X,
* 4H FSEP/
* (2X,I3,F9,4,3F9,5,F9,0,F9,4,F9,5,F10,4,2F9,5,2X,A6,F13,6),)
      WRITE (6,1003) T0D
1003  FORMAT(/6X,20HTOTAL FRICTION DRAG=F14,9)

900  RETURN
      END

```

\*DECK WRIA

SUBROUTINE WRIA

\*WRIA-- WRITE THE KEY(5)=A STD DATA RECORD

\*WRIA\*

```

C  CHDATA, CONVTR
C  CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C  INDEX- LH=LHO,LHE
C  TABLE OF CONNECTED PROPERTIES
C  INDEX- LT=LTO,LTE
C  CH = CHANNELNAME
C  LTNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL
C  LPSI = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PSI LIST
C  NPT = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES
C  LTT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF TT LIST
C  LPT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PT LIST
C  LRCU = RELATIVE LOCATION OF RCU LIST
COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTELOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
1  TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(1),
2  RG(1),GAM(1),NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),
4  BB(75)
LOGICAL VARY
INTEGER CHNAM
DIMENSION VO(1)
REAL MACHO
EQUIVALENCE (VO,MACHO)
DIMENSION CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),
1  LRCU(1),
2  CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),
3  FGR(1),AREATB(485)
INTEGER CH
DIMENSION XCH(1)
EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)
EQUIVALENCE (CHNAM,CH),(LHNEXT,LTNEXT),(WTELOW,NPT),
8  (TTO,LPSI),(PTO,LTT),(TSO,LPT),(PSO,LRCU),
8  (MACHO,CRG),(AO,CPGJ),(VARY,C2CP),
8  (RG,QGAM),(GAM,FGT),(NR,FGP),(NC,FGR),
8  (TAB,AREATB)
DIMENSION TABLES(1)
EQUIVALENCE (CHNAM,TABLES)
C
COMMON /BCOMMN/ PROGN(9),FILIN,FILOT
LOGICAL FILIN,FILOT
COMMON /ADAM01/ NAME(6),ADDRES(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA, TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA, RGA, GAMA,
8  MACHC, PSC, TSC, PTC, TTC, AXIC, RGC, GAMC,
8  DAXIT, SCALEA, TTE, CHOTST
LOGICAL AXI, AXIA, AXIC, CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1), MACHC
COMMON /BENDIN/ NBCIN(2), ACF(2)
COMMON /CR / B(300)
COMMON /CBITS / BITS, IBLANK
COMMON /CCR / CRX(6)
COMMON /CGRAV / CG
COMMON /CIADIN/ RHOBAS, RHOAMP, IADM
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR, RDUM, NINNER(16), CNVF(16)
COMMON /CISBOT/ FARFLD(2), FREE(2), PRES(2), PSPISV, NZP,
8  ZP(10), RSP(10), NZP1
INTEGER FARFLD, FREE, PRES, PSPISV
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES, OMITFK, PTITLE(6)
LOGICAL OMITFK
COMMON /CM / JNS(300)
COMMON /CMAX4 / ES2MX, ZMX, RMX, DS2MX, IDUMX

```

```

COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXREF,NREFIN,GREFIN,TI
LOGICAL GREFIN
EQUIVALENCE (MAJCTR,NREFIN)
COMMON / CNORM / RHL,RM,AHL,ARM
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDUM1(3),PREFIN,PREFN2,PDUM(11)
COMMON /CPRPRN/ PRPRN
INTEGER PRPRN
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOR,NODENS,CPTDUM
LOGICAL VELPOT
COMMON /CR / RF(300)
COMMON /CREFIN/ DREFIN,SG21,VMG1,VMG2,NGR,NGZ,SGR(10),GR(10),
& SGZ(10)*GZ(10)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSSEANG,SSDE,SSSEEND,SSEND1,
& DSS(2),RHOW,RHOWSS,TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS
INTEGER SSFML
LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF
COMMON /CTE / TOLWF,TOLWFO,TEX12,TWF,TERWF,JRET
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL,MAXSWP,CLEN,DTOLR1,TOLES2,NSWP,
& DS1DMP,DS1DP1,DTOLR2(4),S61REF,TOLINR
COMMON /CTHICK/ NTHKX,NTHKY,THKX(25),THKY(25),THK2D(250)
COMMON /CVM / VMF(300)
COMMON /CZ / ZF(300)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE,LBO,LRDE,ITO,ITE,LWO,LWE,LFO,LFE,
& LO,LESTA,LGO,LSE,LDUM(6),
& MO,NM,NJ,NFCOLS,MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
& LEO,LEE,LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CAO / AOSV
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CHNEPT/ ICHN(10),WTFS(10),WTFA(10),WPTO(10),WTTD(10), 16
COMMON /TAPES / WTAPO,NTAPN
COMMON /BLBDY / BLB(60)
DIMENSION IBLB(60)
EQUIVALENCE (IBLB,BLB)
COMMON /VISCOS/ TREF,MUREF,SCON
REAL MUREF

```

```

LOGICAL STCFIL
DATA STCFIL/T/
DATA KA/1HA/

```

```

ATLDS2= CLEN*TOLES2
IF(ES2MX.GT.ATLDS2) WRITE(6,1001)
1001 FORMAT (/////////60H *** THE SOLUTION HAS NOT CONVERGED TO THE INPUT
& TOLERANCE.)
IF(GREFIN) WRITE(6,1002)
1002 FORMAT (/////////65H *** THE INPUT GRID REFINEMENT CRITERIA HAVE NOT
& BEEN SATISFIED.)

```

```

OMITFK=.TRUE.
IF(PILOT) OMITFK=.FALSE.
CALL FHEAD(64)
TSC = TSA
TTC = TSC*(1.+(GAMA-1.)*.5*MACHA**2)
PTC = PSC*(TTC/TSC)**(GAMA/(GAMA-1.))
55 WRITE(6,1000) AXI,MACHA,RGA,TSC,GAMA,PSA,TTE,PTC,CHOTST,TTC,CG,
& NUCIN,ACF

```

```

1000 FORMAT (/15H GENERAL INPUT-/6X,7HAXI =,F8.2,26X,7HMACHO =,F8.4/
&6X,7HRC =,F8.2,26X,7HTSO =,F8.2/6X,7HGAM =,F8.4,26X,
&7HPSO =,F8.3/6X,7HTTE =,F8.3,26X,7HPTO =,F8.3/6X,7HCHOTST=
&,L8,26X,7HTTO =,F8.2/6X,7HCG =,F8.3/27H STREAMLINE END CONDT
&IONS-/6X,7HNCIN =,2I8/6X,7HACF =,2F8.3//

```

```

WRITE (6,1005) SSFML,SSEANG,SSEF,SSDF
1005 FORMAT(43H CURVATURE CALCULATION FOR SUPERSONIC FLOW-/
&6X,7HSSFML =,I8,19H (FORMULA NUMBER)/
&6X,7HSSEANG=,F8.3,43H (INLET FLOW ANGLE, DEGREES, SSEF=T ONLY)/
&/38H SUBSONIC/SUPERSONIC BRANCH SELECTION-/
&6X,7HSSEF =,L8,37H (SUPERSONIC ENTERING FLOW, T OR F)/
&6X,7HSSDF =,L8,56H (SUPERSONIC FLOW DOWNSTREAM OF CHOKE STATION
&, T OR F))

```

```

WRITE (6,1010) (GR(I),I=1,NGR)
WRITE (6,1011) (SGR(I),I=1,NGR)
IF(NGZ.EQ.0) GO TO 65
WRITE (6,1012) (GZ(I),I=1,NGZ)
WRITE (6,1013) (SGZ(I),I=1,NGZ)
65 WRITE (6,1014) VMG1,VMG2,CRX
1010 FORMAT(/1X19HGRID SIZE CRITERIA-/6X7HNGR/GR=10F8.2)
1011 FORMAT (6X,7HSGR =,10F8.2)
1012 FORMAT (/6X,7HNGZ/GZ=,10F8.2)
1013 FORMAT(6X,7HSGZ =,10F8.2)
1014 FORMAT(/6X,7HVMG1 =,F8.2,25X,7HVMG2 =,F8.2/6X,7HGRX =,6F8.3)

```

```

WRITE (6,1030) NM,MAXNM,LESTA,MAXIE,NJ,MAXNJ
1030 FORMAT(/1X19HMEMORY UTILIZATION-/24X17HUSED AVAILABLE/6X11HGRID
* POINTSI11,I10,/6X6HTABLESI16,I10,/6X11HSTREAMLINESI11,I10,))

```

```

ATLDS2= CLEN*TOLES2
WRITE(6,1040) MAXREF,NREFIN,INRCTR,TOLINR,TOLES2,TOLWF,
& CLEN,ATLDS2,ES2MX,
& DS1DMP,DS1DP1,NODENS,RHOC,RHOW,RHOCSS,RHOWSS
1040 FORMAT (/18H CONVERGENCE DATA-/
&6X,7HMAXREF=,I8,3X,21H(MAXIMUM REFINEMENTS)/
&6X,7HNREFIN=,I8,24H - NUMBER OF REFINEMENTS/
&6X,7HINRCTR=,I8,42H - NUMBER OF ITERATIONS IN LAST REFINEMENT//
&6X,7HTOLINR=,E8.1,47H (INNER ITERATION TOLERANCE ON S.L. MOVEM
&ENT)/6X,7HTOLES2=,E8.1,37H (FINAL TOLERANCE ON S.L. MOVEMENT)/
&/6X,7HTOLWF =,E8.1,3X,40H(T.E. CLOSURE FRACTIONAL FLOW TOLERANCE
&)/
&6X,7HCLEN =,0PF8.3,52H = CHARACTERISTIC LENGTH BASED ON GRID SI7
&E CRITERIA/ E21,1,53H = ABSOLUTE TOLERANCE ON S.L. MOVEMENT (&TO
&LES2*CLEN)/
&6X,7HMAXES2=,E8.1,42H = LARGEST S.L. MOVEMENT ON LAST ITERATION/
&/6X,7HDS1DMP=,0PF8.3,54H (STREAMWISE PT MOVEMENT DAMPING, =0 FOR
& NO DAMPING)/
&6X,7HDS1DP1=,F8.3,53H (ADDITIONAL STREAMWISE DAMPING ON FIRST PAS
&S ONLY)/
&6X,7HNODENS=,I8,58H (REFINEMENT LEVEL TO WHICH CONSTANT DENSITY T
&S ASSUMED)/
&6X,7HRHOC =,F8.3,10H RHOW =,F7.3,10H RHOCSS=,F7.3,
&10H RHOWSS=,F7.3,34H (CORRECTION EQ. DECEL. FACTORS))

```

```

LINES = 64
CALL FHEAD(13)
WRITE (6,1090) FARFLD
WRITE (6,1092) IADM,RHOBAS,RHOAMP,TOLRI
1090 FORMAT (/26H SPECIAL BOUNDARY OPTIONS-/6X,7HFARFLD=,2(2X,A6))
1092 FORMAT(/28H MATRIX SOLUTION PARAMETERS-/6X,7HIADM =,I8,3X,70H(=
11,0,1, FOR STREAMLINE, ALTERNATING, AND ORTHOGONAL LINE RELAXATION

```

2) / 6X,7HRHOBAS=,F8.3,3X,33H(ACCELERATION FACTOR, BASE LEVEL) /  
36X,7HRHDAMP=,F8.3,3X,45H(ACCELERATION FACTOR, AMPLITUDE OF VARIATI  
4ON) / 6X,7HTOLRL =, E8.1,3X,30H(TOLERANCE RELATIVE TO MAXDS2) )

C PRINT HIGHLIGHT AND MAX. BODY RADII AND AREAS

```

      AHL = RHL
      IF (AXIA) AHL=PI*RHL*RHL
      ARM = RM
      IF (AXIA) ARM=PI*RM*RM
      WRITE (6,1091) RHL,AHL,RM,ARM
1091  FORMAT (//6X, 17HHIGHLIGHT RADIUS=,F8.3,4X,15HHIGHLIGHT AREA=,
      * F8.3/6X,17HMAX. BODY RADIUS=, F8.3,4X,15HMAX. BODY AREA=,F8.3)
      WRITE(6,1093) ACSV
1093  FORMAT (6X,17HMASS FLOW RATIO =,F8.3)

```

C PRINT CHANNEL TABLE OF CONTENTS

```
CALL FHEAD(2)
WRITE (6,1060)
LH = LHO
80 IF(LH.GE.LHE) GO TO 96
MOREL = 4
IF(NR(LH).NE.0) MOREL=MOREL+2+NR(LH)
CALL FHEAD(MOREL)
LH2 = LH+9
WRITE (6,1070) CHNAM(LH),(WTFLOW(LHX),THX=LH,LH2)
NCX = NC(LH)
IF(NR(LH).LE.0) GO TO 95
WRITE (6,1080) (TAB(I);I=1,NCX)
CALL TABPRT(2HB=.BB(LH)*NCX*NR(LH),NCX)
95 LH = LH+LNEXT(LH)
GO TO 80
96 CONTINUE
1060 FORMAT(/'1X26HC CONTENTS OF CHANNEL TABLE')
1070 FORMAT('/'6X'HCHN      =2X,A6.5X'HWTFLOW=' B12.4,'/6X'HTTO    =' F8.2,'5X'
*'7HPTO   =F8.3,'5X'HTSO     =F8.2,'5X'HPSON   =F8.3,'/6X'HMACHO =F8.4,'5X'
*'HAO     = E12.4,'1X'HVARY   =L9,'/6X'HRRG    =       ,F8.2,'5X'HGAM   =F8.4,)
1080 FORMAT('/'6X'HNB/TAB=2X,A6.1H,.5X,A6.1H,.5X,A6.1H,.5X,A6.1H,.5X,A6.1H)
```

C LOOP THROUGH CHANNELS TO PRINT FLOW RATES, PRESSURES, AND TEMP

```

RHOINF= PSA/(RGA* TSA)
VINP  = SQRT(GAMA*RGA* TSA)*MACHA
WTNORM= RHOINF*VINP*PI
J2    = 0
IC    = 0
100 J2  = J2+1
JCHN  = SLCHN(J2)
105 IF(JCHN.NE.SLCHN(J2+1).OR.J2.EQ.NJ) GO TO 110
J2    = J2+1
GO TO 105
110 IC  = IC+1
WTFA(IC)=W(J2)/WTNORM
IF(RGA.NE.1.) WTFA(IC)=W(J2)
ICHN(IC)=JCHN
LT     = LTO
115 IF(JCHN.EQ.CH(LT)) GO TO 120
LTP    = LT+LTNEXT(LT)
IF(LTP.GE.LTE) GO TO 120
LT     = LTP
GO TO 115
120 LTP  = LT+LPSI(LT)+NPT(LT)-1
WTFS(IC)=XCH(LTP)/WTNORM
IF(RGA.NE.1.) WTFS(IC)=XCH(LTP)

```



```

WPTO(IC)=PTC
WTO(IC)=TTC
LH = LHO
122 IF(JCHN.EQ.CHNAM(LH)) GO TO 124
LHP = LH+LHNEXT(LH)
IF(LHP.GE.LHE) GO TO 128
LH = LHP
GO TO 122
124 IF(PTO(LH).NE.BITS .AND. PTO(LH).NE.0.) WPTO(IC)=PTO(LH)
IF(WTO(LH).NE.BITS .AND. WTO(LH).NE.0.) WTO(IC)=WTO(LH)
128 IF(J2.LT.NU) GO TO 100
130 WRITE (6,1130) (ICHN(I),WTF5(I),WTF6(I),WPTO(I),WTO(I),I=1,IC)
1130 FORMAT (/49H CHANNEL FLOW RATES, PRESSURES, AND TEMPERATURES=//
* 16X,9HSPECIFIED,5X,8HADJUSTED,7X,6HPT/PSI,7X,6HRTT/TSO /
* (6X,A6.4F13.4,))

```

RETURN

ENTRY WR1ATP

```

REWIND NTAPN
WRITE (NTAPN) STCFIL,(LIMITS(I),I=1,24)
WRITE(NTAPN)(IDENT(I),I=1,6),AXIA,RGA,GAMA,MACHA,PSA,TA,PTA,TTA,
1 PRPRN,ITE,CHOTST,MAXIT,MAJCTR,(NINNER(I),I=1,16),VELPOT,ICOR,
& NODENS,RN,NGR,NGZ,(SGR(I),I=1,40),VMG1,VMG2,INRCTR,DREFIN,SG21,
3 NBCIN(1),NBCIN(2),ACF(1),ACF(2),SSFML,SSFY,SSSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,
& SSFND1,(DSS(I),I=1,5),IFARELD(I),I=1,8),
* RHOC,RHOCSS,RHL,RM,
* TREF,MUREF,S6ON,(BLB(I),I=1,60),
5 (ZP(I),I=1,28),(TABLES(I),I=1,LESTA),(B(I),I=1,NM),(JMS(I),
6 I=1,NM),(S1(I),I=1,NM),(S2(I),I=1,NM),(7F6(I),I=1,NM),(RE(I),
7 I=1,NM),(VMF(I),I=1,NM),(W(I),I=1,NU),(X2(I),I=1,NU),
& (SLCHN(I),I=1,NU),TOLRL,MAXSWP,TOLR2,TOLINR,DS1DMP,DS1DPI,
& (DTOLR2(I),I=1,4),SG1REF,
& (CRX(I),I=1,6),RHOBAS,RHOAMP,IADM,NTHKY,NTHKY,
& (THKY(I),I=1,300),TOLWF)
NTAPN = NTAPN
NTAPN = NTAPN
RETURN
END

```

\*DECK WRIBDY  
 SUBROUTINE WRIBDY  
 \*WRIBDY WRITE OUTPUT FOR EACH BOUNDARY \*WRIBDY\*

```

C COMB1
C STATAH, CHDATA, BDTAB
C STATION TABLE
C INDEX=,L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
C COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),PUB(1),SIUB(1),
& VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSW(1),MCL(1),
& ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGTE(1),RGTE(1),
& ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
C DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
C EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
C INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX= LB=LBD0,LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L,E, POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
C DIMENSION BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
C LOGICAL UP
C INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME
C DIMENSION BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)

C DIMENSION CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1)
C INTEGER CHNAM
C EQUIVALENCE (X1,BDT,CHNAM),(LNEXT,LBNEXT,LHNEXT),(MLB,LBZ1),
1 (MUB,CHNAME),(PRIM,UP),(TYPELB,LEDEX),
2 (NAMELB,ZBT,BDNAME),(ILB,RBT,LBA),(FLB,ANGBT,
3 LBB)

C COMMON /BCOMMN/ PROGM(9),FILIN,FILOT
C LOGICAL FILIN,FILOT
C COMMON /ADAM01/ NAME(6),ADDRES(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
C COMMON /CEDUMP/ IGDMP
C COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,ISA,PTA,TTA,AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
& MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT,AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
& DAXIT,SCALEA,ITE,CHOTST
C REAL MACHA,MACHC
C LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
C COMMON /CB / B(300)
C COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
C COMMON /CCUBE / NBC(2),C1(2),C2(2),FEND(2)
C COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
C COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WI,CHOKE,SUBSON,NK,PLBC,PUBC,
& XCHOKE,TAREA,VMBC,WROST,WCALC,QV(8),QVP(8),
& JSUM,VMLBSQ
C INTEGER XCHOKE
C LOGICAL CHOKB,SUBSON

```

```

COMMON /CGRAV / CG
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CDS2 / MACHM(300)
REAL MACHM
COMMON / CNORM / RHL,RM,AHL,ARM
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRPRN/ PRPRN
INTEGER PRPRN
COMMON /CPSM / PSM(300)
COMMON /CS2 / PTM(300)
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CTHICK/ NTHKX
COMMON /CRHS / TIM(300)
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE2/ XI1(100),SW(100),ZW(100),RW(100),ANGW(100),
* CURVW(100),VE(100),MACH(100),PSQPO(100),CP(100),
* PSQPT(100),PTQPTO(100), TT(100),AW(100),SPDA(100)
DIMENSION DSTP(100),DDSTP(100)
EQUIVALENCE (DSTP,ANGW),(DDSTP,CURVW)
C NEW VARIABLES FOR NASA VERSION ONLY--PSQPT AND PTQPTO
COMMON /ERASE3/ AQAN(100),CDPI(100),PSMPO(100),LAMW(100)
REAL MACH
DIMENSION XW(1),YW(1)
EQUIVALENCE (XW,ZW),(YW,RW)
COMMON /CFRFLD/ FSAV(300), STXU(128),STXD(128),STVU(128),STYD(128)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
& LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDUM(6),
& MD,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
& LEO,LEE, LHO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CHNFPT/ ICHN(10),WTF5(10),WTF6(10),WPTO(10),WTT0(10), IC

COMMON /BLBDY / BLB(60)
DIMENSION IBLB(60)
EQUIVALENCE (IBLB,BLB)
COMMON /BLDTA / BNAME,LOWER,IBTYPE,N1,NIT,CAPX1
INTEGER BNAME
COMMON /TETAB / ITE,XIT2(16),TEANG(16),DSTTE(16),DDSTTE(16)
* RTE(16),ZTE(16),LWER(16)
LOGICAL LWER
COMMON /SABCHN/ CHNSAB
INTEGER CHNSAB

INTEGER HLE,HTE,ASL,BDY,TSL,CHNN,CHN,XK5SV,XKEYB,BLANK

LOGICAL DOUBLE,LOWER,UPPER
DIMENSION LOWUP(2),LCUPI(2)
DATA LOWUP/5HLOWER,5HUPPER/
DATA HLE,HTE/2HLE,2HTE/, ASL,BDY,TSL/3HASL,3HBDY,3HTSL/

ITE = 0
IGODMP = 2
NTRY = 1
C DEFINE REFERENCE DYNAMIC PRESSURE, ETC

```

```

      QO      = 0,
      IF(MACHA,LE,,1) GO TO 95
      IF(GAMA,NE,0,) GO TO 92
      QO      = (RGA* TSA)/(PSA*MACHA*MACHA)
      GO TO 95
92  QO      = 2,/(GAMA*PSA*MACHA*MACHA)

```

C BEGIN LOOP THROUGH CHANNELS

```

95  LINES = 64
     IUP  = 4
     NCHN = 1
     J2   = 1
105  CHNN = SLCHN(J2)
     LOWER = ,TRUE,
     I      = 0
107  I      = I+1
     IF(CHNN,NE,I,CHN(I) ,AND, I,LT,IC) GO TO 107
     QPTO   = 1,/WPTO(I)
     QTTO   = 1,/WYTO(I)
     GO TO 122
110  J2     = J2+1
     IF(J2,EQ,NJ ,OR, SLCHN(J2+1),NE,CHNN) GO TO 120
     GO TO 110
120  LOWER = ,FALSE,

```

C BUILD 1-SUBSCRIPTED ARRAYS

```

122  M      = MBEGIN(J2)
     L      = 0
     SPDASV = 0,
     XK5SV  = BDY
123  I      = 1
     SWORG  = S1(M)
     PTO    = PTM(M)
     TTO    = YTM(M)
     TTOTTO = YTM(M)*OTTO
124  DOUBLE = ,FALSE,
125  CALL GETIX
     CALL STAND(M,L,URPER)
     XI1(I) = X1(L)
     SW(I)  = S1(M)-SWORG
     ZW(I)  = Z(M)
     RW(I)  = R(M)
     ANGW(I) = PHI1(M)*TODEG
     PS     = PSM(M)
     IF (XK5SV,NE,TSL) GO TO 126
     ISIGN  = 1
     IF (LOWER) ISIGN=-1
     MTSL   = M+1SIGN
     IF ( (ABS(R(M)-R(MTSL)),GT,1,E=5) ,OR, (ABS(Z(M)-Z(MTSL))
& ,GT,1,E=5)) GO TO 126
     ANGW(I) = .5*(PHI1(M)+PHI1(MTSL))*TODEG
126  CURVW(I) = CURV(M)
     MACH(I) = MACHM(M)
     VE(I) = VM(M)

```

C T,E, SINGULARITY

```

     IF(ISTAG,NE,2 ,OR, (TYPELB(L),NE,KTE,AND,TYPEUB(L),NE,KTE) ,OR,
& BSQEXP(L),EQ,8,ITS) GO TO 138
     IF(I,NE,1,AND,BSQEXP(L),GE,0,) GO TO 132
     VE(I) = 0,
     IF(FGRTE(L),EQ,0,) GO TO 132
     MACH(I) = SQRT(1,+BSQEXP(L))

```

```

      TSX = YTM(M)/(1+.5/FGRTE(L)*(1.+BSQEXP(L)))
      VE(1) = MACH(1)*SQRT(11./FGRTE(L)+1.)*RGTB(L)*TSX)
      PS = PTM(M)*(TSX/TTM(M))*.(FGRTE(L)+3.)
C     DOWNSTREAM SIDE ONLY
132   IF(I=1) 134,136,134
134   ANGW(1)=ANGTE(L)*TODEG
      GO TO 138
C     UPSTREAM SIDE ONLY
136   ANGW(1)=ANGEXP(L)*TODEG
      CURVW(1)=BITS
138   AW(1) = RW(1)
      PSQPT(1)=PS/PTM(M)
      PTQPTO(1)=PTM(M)*QPTO
      IF( AXIA ) AW(1)=PI*RW(1)*RW(1)
      PSQPO(1)=PS/PSA
      PSMPO(1)=PS=PSA
      CP(1) = PSMPO(1)*QO
      IF(LOWER) PSMPO(1)=-PSMPO(1)
      NI = 1
      I = 141
      IF(NI,EQ,1) GO TO 160

C     CHECK FOR LEADING EDGE POINT
      IF(ISTAG,NE,1) GO TO 140
      IF(TYPELB(L),EQ,HLE ,OR, TYPEUB(L),EQ,HLE) GO TO 170
C     ISTAG=1
      IF(DOUBLE) GO TO 160
      DOUBLE=.TRUE.
      GO TO 125

C     CHECK FOR TRAILING EDGE POINT
140 IF(ISTAG,NE,2) GO TO 160
C     ISTAG=2
      IF(TYPELB(L),EQ,HTE ,OR, TYPEUB(L),EQ,HTE) GO TO 190

C     ISTAG=0,3 OR DOUBLE=T
160 M = MD
      IF(M,GT,0) GO TO 124
      GO TO 180

C     APPROACH STREAMLINE
170 XKEYB = ASL
      GO TO 200
C     BODY SURFACE
180 XKEYB = XK5SV
      GO TO 200
C     TRAILING STREAMLINE
190 XKEYB = XK5SV
      XK5SV = TSL

200 IF(XKEYB ,EQ,TSL) GO TO 220
      IF(.NOT,LOWER) GO TO 220
      LB = LBP(NAMELB(L))
      IF(LEDEX(LB),EQ,0) GO TO 220
C     LOOP TO FIND BOUNDARY NAME OF UPPER SIDE OF L,E;
      LBX = LB
214 IF(LBA(LBX),GE,LEDEX(LB)) GO TO 220
      LBX = LBX+3
      IF(LBX,LT,(LB+LBZ1(LB))) GO TO 214
      CALL ERROR
C     PROJECTED AREA

```

```

220 CALL SETM(1,1,,LAMW,N1)
DATA LCDPI/4MCDPI,4HLAMW/
LLCDPI=LCDPI(2)
IF(NTHKX,LE,1) GO TO 224
CALL LFIT2D(ZH,RW,LAMW,N1)
DO 222 I=1,N1
COEF = .5*(LAMW(I)+LAMW(I+1))
IF(AXIA) COEF=PI*(RW(I)+LAMW(I)+RW(I+1)+LAMW(I+1))
222 AW(I) = AM(I+1)*COEF*(RW(I)-RW(I+1))
C PRESSURE DRAG
224 SPDA(1)=SPDASV
CALL LSUM(AW,PSMRO,N1,SPDA)
SPDASV=SPDA(N1)
C DRAG COEFFICIENT
ARM = RM
IF ( AXIA ) ARM = PI*RM*RM
DO 225 I=1,N1
AW(I) = (ARM-AW(I))/ARM
225 CDPI(I) = -SPDA(I)*QO/ARM
ADDG = -SPDASV*QO/ARM
LLCDPI=LLCDPI(1)
230 IF(PRPRN,EQ,1-2;AND,XKEYB,NE,BDY) GO TO 308
LINES = 64
CALL FHEAD(N1+6)
308 KUP = 2
IF(LOWER) KUP=1
CHN = SLCHN(J2)
XI2 = X2(J2)
SWORG = 0
CHNSAB = CHN
WRITE (6,1200) LOWUP(KUP),CHN,XI2,LLCDPI
& (XI1(I),SW(I),ZW(I),RW(I),
& ANGW(I),CURVW(I),PSQPO(I),CP(I),PSOPT(I),MACH(I),CDPI(I),AW(I),
& PTQPTO(I),I=1,N1)
1200 FORMAT (2X,A6,17H BOUNDARY TO CHN=A6,81H, STREAMLINE COORDINAT
& E, XI2,F7,3,1H, / 5X,3HX11,6X,3HS1W,7X,5HXW,ZW,6X,3HYW,RW,5X,
& 4HANGW,5X,5HCURVW,5X,5HPS/PO,5X,2HCP,4X,5HPS/PT,4X,4HMACH,5X,
& A4,14H (AMAX-A)/AMAX,8H PT/PTO / (2X,2F8,3,F12,5,F11,5,
& F8,3,F11,5,2F9,3,F7,3,2F9,4,F14,3,F8,3,16)

WRITE (6,1210) TTQTO
1210 FORMAT (76X,8HTTATTO =,F9,3)
IF ( XKEYB,EQ,ASL ) WRITE (6,1220) ADDG
1220 FORMAT (/6X,15HADDITIVE DRAG =,F9,4)
IF( XKEYB,EQ,ASL ,OR, XKEYB,EQ,TSL ) GO TO 309
C ***** BOUNDARY LAYER *****
NAME = NAMELB(L)
IF( ,NOT,LOWER ) NAME=NAMEUB(L)
LBL = LBDYBL(NAME,LOWER)
IF( LBL,EQ,0 ) GO TO 309
CAPX1 = BLB(LBL+2)
BNAME = BLB(LBL)
LSAVE = LESTA
CALL SAB(NTRY)
LDTE = LESTA-LSAVE
IF( MD,GT,0 ) L=L+LDTE
NTRY = 2
C *****
IF(TYPELB(L),EQ,HTE ,OR, TYPEUB(L),EQ,HTE) ANGSV=ANGW(N1)*TORAD
309 IF(TYPELB(L),EQ,HTE ,OR, TYPEUB(L),EQ,HTE) GO TO 3090
GO TO 3091

```

```

3090 ITE = ITE+1
X1Y2(ITE)*X12
TEANG(ITE)*ANGSV
IF(LBL,EQ,0) GO TO 3091
RTE(ITE)*RW(NI)
ZTE(ITE)*ZW(NI)
LWER(ITE)*LOWER
DSTTE(ITE)*DSTR(NI)
DDSTTE(ITE)*DDSTR(NI)
3091 IF(MD,GT,0) GO TO 123

```

# C INTEGRAL MOMENTUM BALANCE ON THE CHANNEL

```

IF(,NOT, LOWER) GO TO 310
PFLB = SPDASV
GO TO 110
310 PFUB = SPDASV
FTOT = STXU(J2)*PFLB+PFUB
FERR = FTOT-STXD(J2)
WRITE (6,1300) CHN,STXU(J2),PFLB,PFUB,FTOT,STXD(J2),FERR
1300 FORMAT(/1X32HINTEGRAL MOMENTUM BALANCE, CHN=A6,2X19H(AXIAL FORCES
* ONLY)/6X32HENTERING MOMENTUM *P11,4, /6X31HLOWER BOUND
*ARY PRESSURE FORCE *F11,4, /6X31HUPPER BOUNDARY PRESSURE FORCE *F11
*,4, /12X12HSUM OF ABOVE *F4,4, /6X31HLEAVING MOMENTUM *F
*11,4, /12X25HERROR *F13,4,7

```

```

J2 = J2+1
IF(J2,LE,NJ) GO TO 105

```

# C SAVE TE DATA

```

CREBUILD WAKE TABLE AT ALL TES
CALL RBWAKE
IF( NTRY,EQ,2 ) CALL SAB(3)
RETURN
END

```

\*DECK WRROUT  
 SUBROUTINE WRROUT  
 \*WRROUT WRITE STC OUTPUT DATA

\*WRROUT\*

```

C  STATION TABLE
C  INDEX= L*LO,LESTA
C  SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRMS,WRROUT)
C  MCL = SHARR CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C  MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1  TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1  TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
&  VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),BLEWD(1),HGL(1),
&  ANGLE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
&  ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV), (CRVLE,ANGLE), (ANGLE,PTTE)
      INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE;17
      DIMENSION IPRIM(1)
      EQUIVALENCE (IPRIM,PRIM)

COMMON /BCOMMN/ PROGM(9),FILIN,FILOT
      LOGICAL FILIN,FILOT
COMMON /ADAM01/ NAME(6),ADDRES(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,PRGA,GAMA,
&  MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,UTC, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
&  DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
      REAL MACHA,MACHC
      LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
      INTEGER BLANK
COMMON /CCURV / CURVF(300)
COMMON /CFB / C,MA,MB,RLB,PUB,WF,CHOKB,SUBSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC,
&  XCHQKE, TAREA,VMBC, WRQST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8),
&  JSUM,VMLBSQ
      INTEGER XCHQKE
      LOGICAL CHOKB,SUBSON
COMMON /CGRAV / CG
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,QMITFK,PTITLE(6)
COMMON /CDS2 / MACHM(300)
      REAL MACHM
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CP1 / P1,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRPRN/ PRPRN
      INTEGER PRPRN
COMMON /CPSM / RSM(300)
COMMON /CS2 / PTM(300)
COMMON /CR / RF(300)
COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSKEND,SSFND1,
&  PSS(4),TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS
      INTEGER SSFML
      LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF
COMMON /CRWS / TTM(300)
COMMON /CVM / VMF(300)
COMMON /CZ / ZF(300)
COMMON /ERASE2/ AREA(96),AREA0(96),DISP(96),PT(96),LAMBDA(96),
&  RHO(96),SQRTVV(96),TS(96),TT(96),VMSQ(96),
&  VVKQKP(96),
&  WQA(96),WSTA(96), RG(96),C2CP(96),FGR(96)
      REAL LAMBDA
      DIMENSION ES2(96),SDNQRH(96)

```



```

EQUIVALENCE (ES2,VVKQKP),(SDNORM,RHO)
DIMENSION RCU(96)
EQUIVALENCE (RCU,LAMBDA)
COMMON /ERASE3/ J1(10),K1(10),CHANLS(10),PS(96),MACH(96),FLOW(96)
DIMENSION X12(96),Z(96),R(96),PHI(96),CURV(96),PSQPO(96),
& VM(96),EVX(96),FVY(96),FPX(96),FPY(96),SVX(96),
& SVY(96),SPX(96),SPY(96),STX(96),STY(96)
EQUIVALENCE (AREAO,X12,FVX,STX),(DISR,Z,EVY,STY),
& (SQRTVV,R,FPX),(VMSQ,PHI,FPY),(VVKQKP,CURV,SVX),
& (WQA,PSQPO,SVY),(C2CP,VM,SPX),(FLOW,SPY)
INTEGER CHANLS
REAL MACH
DIMENSION X(1),Y(1)
EQUIVALENCE (X,Z),(Y,R)
C NEW VARIABLES FOR NASA VERSION ONLY
C CAN USE FGR IF NEEDED
DIMENSION RFLOW(96),PSQPT(96),TSQTT(96),CP(96),AQAREF(96),
* RTQPTO(96),FLOWMX(10)
EQUIVALENCE (FLOW,PFLOW),(LAMBDA,PSQPT),(TS,TSQTT),
* (RHO,CP),(FGR,AQAREF),(RG,PTQPTO)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE,LBDO,LBDE,LTO,LTE,LWO,LWE,LFO,LFE,
& LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDUM(6),
& MO,NM,NJ,NFCOLS,MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
& LEO,LEE,LRO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /CFRFLD/ FSAV(300),STXU(128),STXD(128),STYU(128),STYD(128)
COMMON /SLTAB/ W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CHNFPT/ ICHN(10),WTF5(10),WTF6(10),WPTO(10),WTT0(10),IC

INTEGER DBSTAR,SUB,SUPER,BRANCH,ASTERP,TE
LOGICAL UPSTRM,DNSTRM
DATA TE/2HTE/

IGODMP = 2
PIINV = 1./PI
QO = 0.
IF(MACHA.LE.,1) GO TO 95
IF(GAMA.NE.0.) GO TO 92
QO = (RGA* TSA)/(PSA*MACHA*MACHA)
GO TO 95
92 QO = 2./(GAMA*PSA*MACHA*MACHA)

C BEGIN LOOP THROUGH STATIONS
95 CHOKE = .FALSE.,
  IFIELD = 0
  JSUM = 0
  LINES = 64
  LINEA = 0
  L = LO
500 PLB = 0.
  PUB = 0.
  WF = 0.

C SUBSONIC/SUPERSONIC BRANCH SELECTION
M = MLB(L)
CALL GETIX
JA = J
MAA = M
M = MUB(L)
CALL GETIX
JB = J

```

```

MBB * M
IF(JSUM,EQ,0) SUBSON=,TRUE,
IF(SSEF) SUBSON=,FALSE,
IF(SCHOKE(L),NE,XCHOKE) GO TO 510
IF(SSDF) SUBSON=,FALSE,
JSUM = JA*256*JB

```

C EXECUTE FLOW BALANCE

```

510 CALL FLOBAL
IF(TYPELB(L),EQ,TE .OR, TYPEUB(L),EQ,TE) JSUM=0

```

C BRANCH AND ASTERP ARE PRINTOUT INDICATORS

DATA DBSTAR/2H\*\*/, SUB/3H SUB/, SUPER/5H SUPER/, ICHOKE/5H CHOKE/

```

501 ASTERP= BLANK
IF(PRIM(L)) ASTERP=DBSTAR
BRANCH= SUPER
IF(SUBSON) BRANCH=SUB
IF(SCHOKE(L),EQ,XCHOKE) BRANCH=ICHOKE

```

```

CALL SETM(1,BLANK, CHANLS,10)
CALL MOVE(2,ZF(MA),Z,NK,1, RF(MA),R,NK,1)
CALL MOVE(2,CURVF(MA),CURV,NK,1, VMF(MA),VM,NK,1)

```

```

LQ = 0
K = 1
M = MA
520 FLOW(K)=WSTA(K)*CG
PHI(K)= PHI(1(M))*TODEG
QGAM = FGR(K)/(1,+FGR(K))
MACH(K)=VM(K)*SQRT(QGAM/(RG(K)*TS(K)))
AQAREF(K) = R(K)
IF ( AXIA ) AQAREF(K) = PI*R(K)*R(K)
PS(K) = RHO(K)*RG(K)*TS(K)
PSQPO(K)=PS(K)/PSA
PSQPT(K)=PS(K)/PT(K)
TSQTT(K)=TS(K)/TT(K)

```

C CP MUST FOLLOW USE OF RG

```

CP(K)= (PS(K)-PSA)*QO
CALL GETIX
X12(K)= X2(J)
IF(SLCHN(J),EQ,CHANLS(LQ)) GO TO 530
LQ = LQ+1
J1(LQ)= J
K1(LQ)= K
CHANLS(LQ)=SLCHN(J)
IF(LQ,GT,1) FLOWMX(LQ-1)=FLOW(K)
I = 0

```

```

525 I = I+1
IF(SLCHN(J),NE,ICHN(I),AND,I,LT,IC) GO TO 525
QPTO = 1./WPTO(I)

```

```

530 PTQPTO(K)=PT(K)*QPTO
K = K+1
M = M+1

```

```

IF(K,LE,NK) GO TO 520
J1(LQ+1)=J+1
K1(LQ+1)=K
FLOWMX(LQ)=FLOW(K-1)
LQS = 0

```

```

533 LQS = LQS+1
KB = K1(LQS)
KE = K1(LQS+1)-1

```

```

FLMX = 1./FLOWMX(LQS)
DO 535 K=KB,KE
535 PFLOW(K)=FLOW(K)*FLMX
IF(LQS,LY,LQ) GO TO 533

```

```

XI1 = X1(L)
IF(PRPRN,EO,(-1)) GO TO 610
LINEA = 4
IF(IPRIM(L),NE,0) LINEA=8
CALL FHEAD(LINEA,NK)
WRITE (6,1600) XI1,ASTERP,CHANLS,BRANCH,
1 (XI2(K),PFLOW(K),Z(K),R(K),PHI(K),CURV(K),PSQPO(K),PSQPT(K),
2 TSQTT(K),CP(K),MACH(K),AQAREF(K),PTOPTO(K),K=1,NK)

```

```

1600 FORMAT (/25H STATION COORDINATE, X11=,F7.3,A2,13H CHANNELS= ,
110(A6,2X),A5// 5X,13HX12 STRM FNCT,6X,3HX1Z,8X,3HY,R,8X,3HPHI,
16X,4HCURV,6X,21HRS/PO PS/PT TS/TT,6X,2HCP,6X,4HMACH,6X,
3 6H AREA,3X,6HPT/PTO / (2X,F6.3,F10.5,F12.5,F11.5,F9.3,F11.5,
4 F9.3,2F8.3,F10.3,F9.4,F11.3,F9.3,7X,))

```

```

610 IF(IPRIM(L),EQ,0) GO TO 800

```

```

M = MA
DO 620 K=1,NK
COSPHI= COS(PHI1(M))
SINPHI= SIN(PHI1(M))
FVX(K)=VM(K)*COSPHI
FVY(K)=VM(K)*SINPHI
FPX(K)=(PS(K)-PSA)*COSPHI
FPY(K)=(PS(K)-PSA)*SINPHI

```

```

620 M = M+1
SVX(1)= 0.
SVY(1)= 0.
SPX(1)= 0.
SPY(1)= 0.
CALL LSPFIT(WSTA,FVX,NK, WSTA,SVX,NK, -1)
CALL LSPFIT(WSTA,FVY,NK, WSTA,SVY,NK, -1)
CALL LSPFIT(AREA,FPX,NK, AREA,SPX,NK, -1)
CALL LSPFIT(AREA,FPY,NK, AREA,SPY,NK, -1)
DO 630 K=1,NK
STX(K)= SVX(K)+SPX(K)
630 STY(K)= SVY(K)+SPY(K)

```

```

KA = 1
DO 640 LL=1,LQ
J = J1(LL+1)+1
K = K1(LL+1)+1
IF(MU,NE,0) GO TO 635
STXU(J)=STX(K)+STX(KA)
STYU(J)=STY(K)+STY(KA)
635 IF(MD,NE,0) GO TO 640
STXD(J)=STX(K)-STX(KA)
STYD(J)=STY(K)-STY(KA)
640 KA = K

```

```

IF(PRPRN,EO,(-1)) GO TO 800
WRITE (6,1700) SVX(NK),SVY(NK),SPX(NK),SPY(NK),STX(NK),STY(NK)
LINES = LINES+4
1700 FORMAT(/6X25HSUM=VM*COS(PHI)*DFLOW =F10.2,36X,25HSUM=VM*SIN(PHI)
**DFLOW =F10.2,6X25HSUM=(P-PSO)*COS(PHI)*DA =F10.2,36X,25HSUM=(P
**PSO)*SIN(PHI)*DA =F10.2,6X25HTOT AXIAL MOMENTUM FLUX =F10.2,36X,

```

\*25HTOTAL Y-MOMENTUM FLUX \*F10:2,)

```
C      RELOCATE DATA INTO THE M-ARRAYS
800  CALL MOVE(2, MACH, MACHM(MA), NK, 1, PS, PSM(MA), NK, 1)
      CALL MOVE(2, PT, PTM(MA), NK, 1, TT, TTM(MA), NK, 1)

C      FILL IN STAGNATION POINT VALUES
      IF (MLB(L), EQ, MA) GO TO 820
      M      = MLB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      MACHM(M) = 0
      PTM(M) = PTM(MU)
      PSM(M) = PSM(M)
      TTM(M) = TTM(MU)
      VMF(M) = 0
820  IF (MUB(L), EQ, MB) GO TO 830
      M      = MUB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      MACHM(M) = 0
      PTM(M) = PTM(MU)
      PSM(M) = PSM(M)
      TTM(M) = TTM(MU)
      VMF(M) = 0

C      INDEX TO NEXT STATION
830  L      = L + LNEXT(L)
      IF (L, LT, LESTA) GO TO 500

      RETURN
      END
```

```

*DECK STCXX
OVERLAY(STC,3,0)
PROGRAM STCXX
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
COMMON /SELECT/ LENTRY
GO TO(10,15,20),LENTY
10 CALL REFINE
GO TO 25
15 CALL SLC
CALL PTMOVE
CALL SPC
CALL FARFLD
GO TO 25
20 CALL ADJSL
25 RETURN
END

```

\*DECK ERROR  
SUBROUTINE ERROR1  
CEDUMPX EDUMP FOR STC EXECUTE SECTION

•EDUMPX•

```

LOGICAL      I PLOT
COMMON /CHDATA/ TABLES(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(97)

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA(20)
COMMON /CB      / B(300)
COMMON /CCURV   / CURV(300)
COMMON /CDS2    / DS2(300)
COMMON /CEDUMP/ IGODMP
COMMON /CFB     / L,DFB(4),IB,DFB1(2),NK,DFB2(7),NIC,DFB3(17)
COMMON /CIDEX   / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
LOGICAL      OMITFK
COMMON /CM      / JMS(300)
COMMON /CPH11   / RHI1(300)
COMMON /CPLOT1/ PLOT,SAMEXY(13)
LOGICAL      PLOT
COMMON /CR      / R(300)
COMMON /CRHS    / RHS(300)
COMMON /CS1     / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2     / S2(300)
COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
COMMON /CVM     / VM(300)
COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE2/ AREA(96),AREAD(96),DISP(96),PT(96),LAMBDA(96),
& RHO(96),SQRTVV(96),TS(96),TT(96),VMSQ(96),
& VVKQKP(96),
& WQA(96),WSTA(96), RG(96),C2CP(96),FGR(96)
REAL
LAMBDA
DIMENSION    ES2(96),SDNORM(96)
EQUIVALENCE  (ES2,VVKQKP),(SDNORM,RHO)
DIMENSION    RCU(96)
EQUIVALENCE  (RCU,LAMBDA)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
& LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDUM(6),
& MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
& LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER
SLCHN
COMMON /BLBDY / IBLB(69)
I PLOT = PLOT

LMAX = 0
130 WRITE (6,1130)
CALL TABPRT(3H ,L,34,8)
WRITE (6,1150) (J,X2(J),SLCHN(J),W(J),J=1,NJ)
IF(LMAX) 180,140,180
140 CALL TABPRT(6HALLCOM,MACHA,20,8)
CALL TABPRT(5HCIDEX,M,5,5)
CALL TABPRT(6HIXORIG,LHO,12,2)
I1TAB = LBDO
CALL TABPRT(6HBDYTAB, TABLES, LBDE, 3)
I1TAB = LTO
CALL TABPRT(6HCONVTB, TABLES, LTE, 7)
I1TAB = LWO
CALL TABPRT(6HWAKETB, TABLES, LWE, 2)
I1TAB = LFO
CALL TABPRT(6HCADJWF, TABLES, LFE, 8)
I1TAB = LO

```

CALL TABPRT(6HSTATAB, TABLES, LESTA, 5)

C FIELD TABLE DUMP

```

L      = LO
LMAX   = LESTA
180 OMITFK = TRUE.
LINES  = 64
190 MA   = MLB(L)
MB      = MUB(L)
CALL FHEAD(MB=MA+2)
IF (LINES, EQ, (MB=MA+5)) WRITE (6,1200)
WRITE (6,1202)
DO 200 M=MA, MB
CALL GETIX
WRITE (6,1201) J, M, MU, MD, I, STAG, S1(M), S2(M), Z(M), R(M), PHI1(M),
& CURV(M), VM(M), B(M), RHS(M), DS2(M)
200 CONTINUE
L      = L+LNEXT(L)
IF (L, LE, LMAX) GO TO 190
L      = LMAX

```

C ERASE2 DUMP

```

300 WRITE (6,1004)
NIC    = MINO(NIC,128)
NK     = MINO(NK,96)
GO TO (900,310,330,350,360,370,390), IGDMP

```

C FLOBAL

```

310 WRITE (6,1000)
DO 315 I=1, NK
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J), J=I, 672, 96)
315 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1002)
DO 320 I=1, NK
IP    = 672+I
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J), J=IP, 1536, 96)
320 CONTINUE
GO TO 900

```

```

330 WRITE (6,1003)
DO 335 I=1, NIC
WRITE (6,1019) (AREA(J), J=I, 768, 128)
335 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1005)
DO 340 I=1, NK
IP    = 768+I
WRITE (6,1006) (AREA(J), J=IP, 1344, 96)
340 CONTINUE
GO TO 900

```

```

350 WRITE (6,1007) (AREA(I), I=1152, 1183)
WRITE (6,1009)
DO 355 I=1, NIC
WRITE (6,1010) (AREA(J), J=I, 1152, 128)
355 CONTINUE
GO TO 900

```

C SLC

```

360 WRITE (6,1011) (AREA(I), I=1024, 1037)
WRITE (6,1012)
DO 365 I=1, IB
365 WRITE (6,1013) (AREA(J), J=I, 1024, 128)

```

```

GO TO 900

370 WRITE (6,1014)
DO 375 I=1,NK
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J=1,431,48)
375 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1015)
DO 380 I=1,NK
WRITE (6,1001) (AREA(J),J=432,863,48)
380 CONTINUE
GO TO 900

390 WRITE (6,1016)
DO 392 I=1,50
WRITE (6,1001) AREA(I),AREA(I+128),AREA(I+256),
& AREA(I+50),AREA(I+178),AREA(I+306),
& AREA(I+100),AREA(I+228),AREA(I+356)
392 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1017) (AREA(I),I=385,896)
WRITE (6,1018) (AREA(I),I=897,1308)
900 CONTINUE

IF( IBLB(1),NE,0 ) CALL TABPRT(5HBLBDY,IBLB,60,3)
IF( LDE,EQ,0 ) GO TO 1321
I1TAB = LDO
CALL TABPRT(5HBLTAB,CHNAM,LDE,3)
1321 CONTINUE

LSTOP = 5
GO TO (999,999) , LSTOP
999 RETURN

ENTRY EDUMP1
LMAX = L
IPLOT = .FALSE,
GO TO 130

1000 FORMAT (/2X,47H SUBROUTINES ADJWF, BRHS, FLOBAL, WRIBDY, WRIOU//
& 11X,4HAREA,8X,5HAREA0,9X,4HDISP,11X,2HPT,7X,6HLAMBDA,10X,
& 3HRHO,7X,6HSQRTVV)
1001 FORMAT (2X,9E13,5)
1002 FORMAT (/13X,2HTS,11X,2HTT,9X,4HVM50,7X,6HVVKQKP,10X,3HWQA,9X,
& 4HWSTA,11X,2HRG,9X,4HC2CP,10X,3HFOR)
1003 FORMAT (/2X,17H SUBROUTINE PTMOVE// 12X,3HX1L,11X,2HSC,10X,3HSCX,
& 11X,2HLC,8X,5HLQOPC,10X,3HKCL)
1004 FORMAT (1H1)
1005 FORMAT (/11X,4HPI12,10X,3HDS1,11X,2HZK,11X,2HRK,2X,5HWEZPT,
& 9X,4HDS1C)
1006 FORMAT (2X,4E13,5,5X,6E13,5)
1007 FORMAT (/2X,17H SUBROUTINE REFINE//2X,3H1A=,16I7/2X,3H1B=,16I7)
1009 FORMAT (/13X,2HCR,9X,4HDELS,8X,5HDELM,2X,4HLSTA,3X,3HMJ2,10X,
& 3HSGX,10X,3HSGY,10X,3HRAV,10X,3HZAV)
1010 FORMAT (2X,3E13,5,2I6,4E13,5)
1011 FORMAT (/2X,14H SUBROUTINE SLC//2X,6HCURSS=,6E13,5/
& 2X,6HGV =,8E13,5)
1012 FORMAT (/13X,2HRB,11X,2HZB,10X,3HANG,8X,5HCURVB,10X,3HS1B,11X,
& 2HBI,2X,6HJ2DONG,3X,3HMSV)
1013 FORMAT (2X,6E13,5,2X,2I6)
1014 FORMAT (/2X,14H SUBROUTINE OLC//13X,2HZK,11X,2HRK,8X,5HWEZPT,
& 9X,4HPI12,11X,2HC2,11X,2HSP,10X,3HSPP,10X,3HGPS,9X,4HGSRP)
1015 FORMAT (/13X,2HDS,10X,3HBET,10X,3HDS,9X,4HWSTA,9X,4HDISP,11X,

```



```

      &      2HVT,11X,2HRT,9X,4HC2CP,10X,3HFOR)
1016 FORMAT (/2X,26H$SUBROUTINES ADDPTB, PLOT$R2//1X,4HANGB,11X,2HR3,
      &      11X,2HZB)
1017 FORMAT (/2X,2HRR/(2X,10E13,5),)
1018 FORMAT (/2X,2HZZ/(2X,10E13,5),)
1019 FORMAT (2X,3E13,5,3I13)
1130 FORMAT(//1X,3HCFB,3X,9H1-L,MA,MB,3X,25H4-PLB,PUB,Wf,CHOKE,SUBSON,
      &      83X,44H9-NK,PLBC,RUBC,XCHOKE,TAREA,VMBC,WRGST,WCALC,
      &      85X,32H17-QV(8),QVP(8) 33-JSUM,VMLESD)
1150 FORMAT(//1X,17HSTREAMLINE TABLE, /17X32HU      X2      SLCHV
      &      W/(118F12,6,6X1A6,F12,6,)))
1200 FORMAT(57X,16HFIELD TABLE DUMP/128H      J      M      MU      MD I      S1
      &      S2      Z      R      PH11      CURV      V
      &      8M      B      RHS      DS2)
1201 FORMAT (1X,13,3I5,12,2F11.6,2F12.6,F11.6,F12.7,2F11.3,2F10.5)
1202 FORMAT(1H )
      END

```

\*DECK ADDFPT  
SUBROUTINE ADDFPT(INS,NPTS,JSV1)

\*ADDFPT ADD FIELD POINTS

\*ADDFPT\*

C INPUT-  
C INS = FIELD INDEX OF FIRST POINT TO BE RELOCATED, INDEX OF  
C FIRST NEW POINT  
C NPTS = NUMBER OF POINTS TO BE INSERTED  
C JSV1 = INDEX VALUE OF NEW SL ABOVE WHICH THE FIELD J-REFERENCES A  
C TO BE INCREMENTED BY ONE, =999999 IF NO CHANGE IS TO BE MA

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO,LTE; LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,  
\* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),  
\* MD,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,  
\* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD  
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)  
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /CB / B(300)  
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)  
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)  
COMMON /CR / R(300)  
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)  
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)  
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)  
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)  
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG  
M = INS  
NPT = NPTS  
JSV = JSV1

C RELOCATE FIELD POINTS  
NMOVE = M-1-NM  
MTO = M+NPT  
CALL MOVE(3,Z(M),Z(MTO),NMOVE,D,  
1 R(M),R(MTO),NMOVE,D,  
2 B(M),B(MTO),NMOVE,D)  
CALL MOVE(3,S2(M),S2(MTO),NMOVE,D,  
3 S1(M),S1(MTO),NMOVE,D,  
4 VM(M),VM(MTO),NMOVE,D)  
CALL MOVE(2,JMS(M),JMS(MTO),NMOVE,D,PHI1(M),PHI1(MTO),NMOVE,D)  
NM = NM+NPT

C CORRECT THE JMS-CHAIN  
MSAV = M  
M = 1  
130 CALL GETIX  
IF(MU-MSAV) 140,135,135  
135 MU = MU+NPT  
140 IF(MD-MSAV) 150,145,145  
145 MD = MD+NPT  
150 IF(J-JSV) 160,155,155  
155 J = J+1  
160 CALL SAVIX  
M = M+1  
IF(NM=M) 180,130,130

180 RETURN  
END

•DECK ADJSL  
 SUBROUTINE ADJSL  
 •ADJSL= ADJUST STREAMLINES BY DS2

•ADJSL•

C INPUT=  
 C Z,R = COORDINATES ALONG THE STREAMLINE  
 C PHI1 = STREAMLINE ANGLES  
 C DS2 = DESIRED POINT MOVEMENT IN THE NORMAL DIRECTION

C OUTPUT=  
 C Z,R = ADJUSTED COORDINATES

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK  
 COMMON /CDS2 / DS2(300)  
 COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR,RDUM,NINNER(16),CNVF(16)  
 COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM  
 LOGICAL GREFIN  
 COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)  
 COMMON /CR / R(300)  
 COMMON /CZ / Z(300)  
 COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,  
 & LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDUM(6),  
 & MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,  
 & LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

MCTR = MAXO(1,MAJCTR)  
 CNF = CNVF(MCTR)  
 DO 110 M=1,NM  
 R(M) = R(M) + DS2(M)\*COS(PHI1(M))\*CNF  
 110 Z(M) = Z(M) + DS2(M)\*SIN(PHI1(M))\*CNF

RETURN  
 END

```

*DECK ADPTSL
SUBROUTINE ADPTSL(M1,MU1,MD1,J1,NEWSL)
*ADPTSL      ADD A POINT ON THE NEW STREAMLINE
      LOGICAL      NEWSL

```

\*ADPTSL\*

```

C      INPUT-
C      M1      = FIELD INDEX OF THE NEW POINT
C      MU1     = UPSTREAM=M FOR NEW POINT
C      MD1     = DOWNSTREAM=M FOR NEW POINT
C      J1      = INDEX OF SL OF THE NEW POINT
C      NEWSL   = T IF A NEW SL, =F OTHERWISE

C      ACTION-
C      IF(NEWSL=T) RELOCATE FOR NEW STREAMLINE IN SL-TABLES
C      RELOCATE FOR NEW POINT IN FIELD TABLES AND CORRECT POINTERS IN JMS

      COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*                LO,LEST, LDUM(8),
*                MQ,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*                LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRO
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE    (LIMITS,LHO)
      COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN
      COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG

C      ADJUST STREAMLINE TABLE
      JSAV = 999999
      IF(.NOT. NEWSL) GO TO 100
      J = J1
      NMOVE = J-NJ+1
      CALL MOVE(3,W(J),W(J+1),NMOVE,D,
1          X2(J),X2(J+1),NMOVE,D,
2          SLCHN(J),SLCHN(J+1),NMOVE,0)
      NJ = NJ+1
      JSAV = J

C      RELOCATE FIELD POINTS AND CORRECT JMS-CHAIN
100 CALL ADDEPT(M1,1,JSAV)

C      INSERT POINTERS IN THE JMS-TABLE
      M = M1
      MU = MU1
      MD = MD1
      J = J1
      ISTAG = 0
      CALL SAVIX

C      CORRECT UPSTREAM TO DOWNSTREAM POINTER
      M = MU
      IF(M) 120,900,120
120 CALL GETIX
      MD = M1
      CALL SAVIX
900 RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK BDPYTM
SUBROUTINE BDPYTM(NAME,INTVL, ZD,RD,FD,S1DD,DS1,DSIGMA)
*BDPYTM          BOUNDARY POINT MOVEMENT          *BDPYTM*

C      INPUT-
C      BDT      = BOUNDARY TABLE
C      NAME     = BOUNDARY NAME
C      INTVL    = INDEX OF INTERVAL OF THE INPUT POINT IN THE BOUNDARY TABLE
C      FD       = FRACTION POSITION OF THE INPUT POINT IN THE INTERVAL
C      S1DD     = ARC DISTANCE FROM THE BEGINING OF THE INPUT INTERVAL
C      DS1      = REQ'D MOVEMENT IN THE CLOCKWISE DIRECTION FROM THE INPUT P

C      OUTPUT-
C      INTVL    = INDEX OF INTERVAL OF THE OUTPUT POINT
C      ZD,RD    = COORDINATES OF THE CALCULATED OUTRUT POINT
C      ANG'D    = ANGLE OF OUTPUT POINT
C      CURVD    = CURVATURE OF OUTPUT POINT
C      FD       = FRACTION POSITION IN THE OUTPUT INTERVAL
C      S1DD     = ARC DISTANCE FROM THE BEGINING OF THE OUTRUT INTERVAL
C      DSIGMA   = *GET* MINUS *ASK* POINT MOVEMENT DISTANCE

C      BOUNDARY TABLE
C      INDEX= LB=LBDO, LBDE
C      LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C      LBZ1   = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C      CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C      UP     = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C      LEDEX  = RELATIVE INDEX OF L,E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C              CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C      BDNAM, LBA, LBB= NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C              DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1), LBNEXT(1), LBZ1(1),
1              CHNAME(1), UP(1), LEDEX(1),
2              ZBT(1), RBT(1), ANGBT(42)
C      LOGICAL
C      INTEGER BDT, CHNAME, BDNAM
C      DIMENSION BDNAM(1), LBA(1), LBB(1)
C      EQUIVALENCE (BDNAM, ZBT), (LBA, RBT), (LBB, ANGBT)

C      COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR, DZ, YPA, YPB, F, G, DX, YODX, ZM, RM, ANGM, CURVM, S14,
1      RZONLY, ANGCHD, SINTVL, YPASQ, YPAB, YPBSQ
C      LOGICAL
C      COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO, LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
*      LO, LESTA, LSO, LSE, LDO, LDE, LDUM(4),
*      MO, NM, NJ, NCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
*      LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD
C      DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
C      EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS, LHO)
C      COMMON /CBDYPT/ ANG'D, CURVD
C      COMMON /CBITS / BITS, BLANK

C      COMMON /CFB / L, DUMCFB(33)
C      COMMON /CLFIT1/ LFOUT
C      LOGICAL
C      COMMON /CPRINT/ RPDUM(6), PDUM(6)
C      COMMON /BLBDY / BLB(60)
C      DIMENSION IBLB(60)
C      EQUIVALENCE (IBLB, BLB)
C      COMMON /REBL / RESTBL
C      LOGICAL
C      COMMON /CPI / PI, DUMPI(5)
C      COMMON /CIDEX / M, DUMX(3), ISTAG

```

```

      DIMENSION      BNAME(1),LBNXT(1),NSEP(2),SWREF(1),
      *              SIGN(1),SW(1),DSTAR(1),DDSTAR(1)
      INTEGER        BNAME
      EQUIVALENCE    (BNAME,BDT),(LBNXT,LBNEXT),(NSEP,LBZ1),
      *              (SWREF,UP),(SIGN,LEDEX),(SW,ZBT),(DSTAR,RBT),
      *              (DDSTAR,ANGBT)
      LOGICAL LOWER
      DIMENSION NAMEUB(1)
      EQUIVALENCE (NAMEUB,ANGBT(4))
      DIMENSION SWT(100),DSTART(100),DDSTRT(100)

      F      = FD
      SID    = SIDD
      IF(F,EQ,0, .OR, F,EQ,1,) F=BITS
      DSIGMA= 0,

C      SEARCH FOR MATCHING BOUNDARY NAME
      LB     = LBP(NAME)
      IF(LB,EQ,0) CALL ERROR1

C      I      = INDEX OF POINT WHICH BEGINS THE INTERVAL
C      SFI    = DISTANCE FROM POINT (I)
C      SFIP1  = DISTANCE FROM POINT (I+1)
      MINI   = LB+LBZ1(LB)
      I      = MINI+3*(INTVL-1)
      MAXI   = LB+LBNEXT(LB)-12
75 CALL BARC(I)
C      IF #1# IS THE FIRST OF A DOUBLE POINT, BACK UP TO PREV INTERVAL
      IF(SINTVL,NE,0,) GO TO 80
      I      = I-3
      FD     = 1,
      IF(I,LT,MINI) CALL ERROR1
      GO TO 75
80 IF(FD,EQ,1, .OR, SID,GT,SINTVL) SID=SINTVL
      SFI    = DS1+SID
      SFIP1  = SFI-SINTVL

C      IS THE NEW POINT WITHIN THIS INTERVAL
100 IF(SFI) 120,114,114
114 IF(SFIP1) 160,160,140

C      (MOVE COUNTERCLOCKWISE)
120 IF(I,GT,MINI) GO TO 125
      DSIGMA=-SFI
      SFI    = 0,
      GO TO 230
125 I      = I+3
      F      = BITS
      SFIP1  = SFI
      CALL BARC(I)
      SFI    = SFIP1+SINTVL
      GO TO 100

C      (MOVE CLOCKWISE)
140 IF(I,LT,MAXI) GO TO 145
      DSIGMA=-SFIP1
      SFI    = SINTVL
      GO TO 230
145 I      = I+3
      F      = BITS
      SFI    = SFIP1

```

```

CALL BARC(I)
SFIP1 = SFI*SINTVL
GO TO 100

```

C CALCULATE COORDINATES OF THE NEW POINT (PROPER INTERVAL FOUND)

```

160 IF(F, EQ, BITS) GO TO 230
    IF(DS1) 210, 220, 220
210 F = F*SFI/S1D
    GO TO 250
220 F = ((SFI-S1D)+(SINTVL*SFI)*F)/(SINTVL-S1D)
    GO TO 250

```

C (NEW INTERVAL)

```

230 F = SFI/SINTVL

```

```

250 G = 1.-F
    RZONLY = .FALSE.
    CALL BFI
    ZD = ZBT(I)*ZM
    RD = RBT(I)*RM
    ANG D = ANGCHD+ANGM
    CURVD = CURVM
    S1DD = S1M

```

```

    FD = F
    INTVL = (I - (LB+LBZ1(LB)))/3 + 1

```

C\*\*\*\*\* BOUNDARY LAYER ADJUSTMENT \*\*\*\*\*

```

IF( LDE, NE, 0 , AND, RDUM(15), NE, 0, ) WRITE (6, 288) NAME, ZD, RD,
*                                     ANG D, CURVD, S1DD

```

```

IF( LDE, EQ, 0 ) GO TO 300
CALL GETIX
IF( ISTAG, EQ, 1 ) GO TO 300
LOWER = .TRUE.
IF( NAMEUB(L), EQ, NAME ) LOWER = .FALSE.
LBL = LBDYBL(NAME, LOWER)
IF( LBL, EQ, 0 ) GO TO 300
NAMBL = IBLB(LBL)
LFOUT = .TRUE.

```

C SEARCH FOR NAMBL IN BL TABLE

```

LD = LD0
270 IF( LD, GT, LDE ) GO TO 300
    IF( BNAME(LD), EQ, NAMBL ) GO TO 280
    LD = LBLNXT(LD)
    GO TO 270
280 NVAL = (LBLNXT(LD)+LD-6)/3
    LD1 = LD
    DO 281 I=1, NVAL
        SWT(I) = SW(LD1)
        DSTART(I) = DSTAR(LD1)
        DDSTRT(I) = DDSTAR(LD1)
281 LD1 = LD1+3

```

C EVALUATE SW1 FOR INTERPOLATION

```

SW1 = SIGN(LD)*(BARCS(NAME, 1, INTVL)*S1DD-SWREF(LD))
IF( NSEP(LD), EQ, 0 ) GO TO 285
LDD = NSEP(LD)
SWSEP = SW(LDD)

```

```

      IF(PDUM(17),EQ,0) WRITE(6,1001) NAMBL,SHSEP
1001 FORMAT(/6X,21H* * W A R N I N G * *,6X,
      * 26HSEPARATED BL , BOUNDARY=,1X,A6,3X, 3HSH=,F14,6//)

285 CALL LFIY1(SWT,DSTART,NVAL,SWI,DSTRC,1)
    CALL LFIY1(SWT,DBSTRT,NVAL,SWI,ANGC,1)
    ANGDC = ANGDC+SIGN(LD)*ANGC
    CANG = 0.
    IF( .NOT. LOWER ) CANG=PI
    ZD = ZD+SIGN(LD)*DSTRC*SIN(ANGDC-CANG)
    RD = RD+SIGN(LD)*DSTRC*COS(ANGDC-CANG)
    IF( PDUM(17),EQ,0, ) GO TO 300
    WRITE (6,289) NAME,NAMBL,ZD,RD,ANGDC,CURVDD,S1DD,SWI,DSTRC,ANGC
288 FORMAT(/5X,A6,2X,5E16,8)
289 FORMAT(/5X,A6,2X,A6,2X,5E16,8/21X,3E16,8)

300 LFOUT = .FALSE.,
    RETURN
    END

```



```

*DECK BF3
SUBROUTINE BF3(X,Y,ANG,CURV, IA,IB)
*BF3          CENTRAL 3-POINT CURVATURE          •BF3•
      DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),ANG(10),CURV(10)
      COMMON /CBEND / NBCB(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FB(2)
      DIMENSION ANGX(3),CURX(3)
      NBCB(1)=0
      NBCB(2)=0
      IBM2 = IB-2
      ANGX(1)=0,
      IF( IBM2<1,IA ) RETURN
      DO 110 I=1A,IBM2
      CALL BFAC(X(I),Y(I),ANGX,CURX,3)
      ANG(I+1)=ANGX(2)
110 CURV(I+1)=CURX(2)
      RETURN
      END

```

```

*DECK BFAC
SUBROUTINE BFAC(X,Y,ANG,CURV,NK)
*BFAC- BEAM FIT EVALUATION OF ANGLE, CURVATURE
DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),ANG(10),CURV(10)

C INPUT-
C X,Y = COORDINATES
C ANG = ANGLE IN RADIANS (IF MA=1)
C NK = LENGTH OF X,Y,ANG,CURV=LISTS

C OUTPUT-
C ANG = ANGLE IN RADIANS
C CURV = CURVATURE

COMMON /CBEAM/ MA,MB,KD,KORDER
COMMON /ERASE/ A(3),B(1),YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)

CALL BEAM(X,Y,ANG,NK)
IF (KORDER.NE.0) RETURN

I = 1
C KA = 1
KB = (NK=1)*KD+1
K = 1
C (K=KA,KB=1)
60 CURV(K) = (4.*B(I)+2.*YPB(I))/(CHD(I)*(1.+1.5*B(I)*B(I)))
80 I = I+8
K = K+KD
IF (K=KB) 60,90,90

C (K=KB)
90 CURV(K) = (-2.*B(I-8)+4.*YPB(I-8))/(CHD(I-8)*(1.+1.5*YPB(I-8)*YPB(I-8)))
1 8)))

RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK BFACS
      SUBROUTINE BFACS(X,Y,ANG,CURV,S,KA,KB)
*BFACS=      BEAM FIT EVALUATION OF ANGLE, CURVATURE,      *BFACS*
C              AND S
      DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),ANG(10),CURV(10),S(10)

C  INPUT-
C  X,Y      = COORDINATES
C  ANG      = ANGLE IN RADIANS (IF MA=1)
C  ANG(1)   = ESTIMATED ANGLE AT THE FIRST POINT (MA=0)
C  KA,KB    = FIRST AND LAST INDEX OF VARIABLES X,Y,ANG,CURV,E AND S
C  KD      = STORAGE INCREMENT OF X,Y,ANG,CURV,B, AND S

C  OUTPUT-
C  ANG      = ANGLE IN RADIANS
C  CURV     = CURVATURE
C  S        = ARC LENGTH ALONG THE CURVE, (L)

      COMMON /CBEAM/  MA,MB,KD,KORDER
      COMMON /ERASE /  A(3),B(1),YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)

      NK      = KB

      CALL BFAS(X,Y,ANG,S,KA,KB)
      IF (KORDER,NE,0) RETURN

      I      = 1
      K      = KA
      (K=KA,KB-1)
60  CURV(K)= (4, *B(I)+2, *YPB(I))/(CHD(I)*(1,+1.5*B(I)*B(I)))
80  I      = I+8
      K      = K+KD
      IF (K=NK) 60,90,90

C  (K=KB)
90  CURV(K)= (-2, *B(I-8)+4, *YPB(I-8))/(CHD(I-8)*(1,+1.5*YPB(I-8)*YPB(I-
1      8)))

      RETURN
      END

```

```

*DECK BFAS
SUBROUTINE BRAS(X,Y,ANG,S,KA,KB)
*BFAS- BEAM FIT EVALUATION OF ANGLE AND S
DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),ANG(10),S(10)
      OBFAS

C INPUT-
C X,Y = COORDINATES
C ANG = ANGLE IN RADIANS (IF MA=1)
C ANG(1)= ESTIMATED ANGLE AT THE FIRST POINT (MA=0)
C KA,KB = FIRST AND LAST INDEX OF VARIABLES X,Y,ANG,CURV,E AND S
C KD = STORAGE INCREMENT OF X,Y,ANG,CURV,E, AND S
C KORDER= 0 IF ERROR1 IS TO BE CALLED WHEN PTS ARE OUT OF ORDER
C = 1 IF RETURN IS TO BE MADE FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION
C = -1 IF POINT ORDER CHECK IS TO BE SKIPPED

C OUTPUT-
C ANG = ANGLE IN RADIANS
C S = ARC LENGTH ALONG THE CURVE, (L)
C KORDER= INDEX OF 2ND OF ADJACENT OUT-OF-ORDER PTS (#1 ON ENTRY);

COMMON /CBEAM / MA,MB,KD,KORDER
COMMON /ERASE / A(3),B(1),YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)

NK = KB

CALL BEAM(X(KA),Y(KA),ANG(KA),(KB-KA+KD)/KD)
IF(KORDER.NE.0) GO TO 800

C (K=KA)
SK = S(KA)

C (K=KA+1,KB)
I = 9
K = KA+KD
70 SK = SK + CHD(I-8)*(1.+(B(I-8)*B(I-8)-5*B(I-8)*YPB(I-8)+
1 YPB(I-8)*YPB(I-8))/15.)
S(K) = SK
IF(K=NB) 80,900,900
80 I = I+8
K = K+KD
GO TO 70

C OUT OF ORDER POINTS
800 KORDER= KA+KORDER-KD

900 RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK FARFLD
SUBROUTINE FARFLD
CFARFLD      COMPUTATION OF VELOCITY ON FAR FIELD BOUNDARY      *FARFLD*

C  STATION TABLE
C  INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C  SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C  MCL      = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C  MCL      = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1              TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
8              VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
8              ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGTE(1),RGTE(1),
8              ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION      CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE     (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
      INTEGER         PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

C
COMMON /CR      / R(300)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBD0,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*              LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*              MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*              LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE     (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
COMMON /CFRFIN/ ATINF,MINF,RFFREF,UINF,ZDN1,ZDN25
COMMON /CFRFLD/ NFF,MAXEF,ZFF(64),RFF(64),
*              ZDN(25),DRDN(25),UDN(25),ZIJ(25,25)
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDDUM(16),PRFF,PRFFD,PRFFI,PDDUM(7)
COMMON /ERASE / EDUM(711),PHIFF(64),RDN(25)
COMMON /CISBOT/ DUMIS(30),ADUM(6)
EQUIVALENCE (R1,RFFREF),(R25,ADUM(2))
EQUIVALENCE (Z1,ZDN1),(Z25,ZDN25)

C  INPUT***
C  FIELD TABLES R,Z
C  VALUES OF M ON OUTER STREAMLINE
C  Z MATRIX FROM DN SOLUTION OF FAR FIELD
C  OUTPUT***
C  TABLE OF UDN VS ZDN
C  PRFFI=0 USE LFIT1(NORMAL)      PRFFI=1 USE LSFFIT ----*FROM PHI1
C
C  GET R,Z VALUES FROM FIELD TABLES (OUTER STREAMLINE)
C
      L      = LO
1  M      = MBEGIN(NJ)
      CALL STANO(M,L,UPPER)
      DATA KFA/6HFARFLD/
      IF( TYPEUB(L),NE,KFA ) RETURN
      NF      = 0
2  NF      = NF+1
      RFF(NF)= R(M)
      ZFF(NF)= Z(M)
      PHIFF(NF)= PHI1(M)
      CALL GETIX
      M      = MD
      IF( M,NE,0 ) GO TO 2
      NFF     = NF

C  PARABOLIC FIT AT END POINTS OF FARFIELD BOUNDARY

```

```

RA      = RFF(1)
ZA      = ZFF(1)
ZASQ    = 1./((Z1-ZA)**2)
A1      = R1+(RA-R1)*Z1**2*ZASQ
C1      = (RA-R1)*ZASQ
B1      = -2.*C1*Z1
RB      = RFF(NFF)
ZB      = ZFF(NFF)
ZASQ    = 1./((Z25-ZB)**2)
A25     = R25+(RB-R25)*Z25**2*ZASQ
C25     = (RB-R25)*ZASQ
B25     = -2.*C25*Z25
C LOCATE ENDPOINT INDICES
DO 200 K=1,25
  IF( ZDN(K);GE,ZA ) GO TO 201
200 CONTINUE
201 LU   = K-1
  DO 210 K=1,25
    IF( ZDN(K);GT,ZB ) GO TO 211
210 CONTINUE
211 LD   = K
C INTERPOLATE POINTS IN STC SOLUTION TABLES
  NUM   = LD-LU+1
  IF( PRFF,NE,0. ) CALL LSPFIT(ZFF,RFF,NFF,ZDN(LU+1),RDN(LU+1),
    * NUM,0)
C
C INTERPOLATE CO-ORDINATE DERIVATIVES ON FAR-FIELD BOUNDARY
C
  IF( PRFF,NE,0. ) GO TO 4
  CALL LFIT1(ZFF,PHIFF,NFF,ZDN(LU+1),DRDN(LU+1),NUM)
  GO TO 555
4 CALL LSPFIT(ZFF,PHIFF,NFF,ZDN(LU+1),DRDN(LU+1),NUM,0)
C FILL END POINTS OF ZDN,DRDN TABLES
555 DO 556 K=1,LU
  RDN(K) = A1+B1*ZDN(K)+C1*ZDN(K)**2
556 DRDN(K) = B1+2.*C1*ZDN(K)
  DO 557 K=LD,25
    RDN(K) = A25+B25*ZDN(K)+C25*ZDN(K)**2
557 DRDN(K) = B25+2.*C25*ZDN(K)
C ADJUST DERIVATIVE AT ZDN POINTS CLOSEST TO
C UPSTREAM / DOWNSTREAM STC POINTS
  DZDN   = ZDN(2)-ZDN(1)
  DZA1   = ZA-ZDN(LU)
  DZA2   = ZDN(LU+1)-ZA
  LUC    = LU
  IF( DZA2;GT,DZA1 ) GO TO 558
  LUC    = LU+1
558 AA    = (ZA-ZDN(LUC))/DZDN
  SP     = B1+2.*C1*ZDN(LUC)
  IF( PRFF,NE,0. ) GO TO 560
  CALL LFIT1(ZFF,PHIFF,NFF,ZDN(LUC),SB,1)
  GO TO 561
560 CALL LSPFIT(ZFF,PHIFF,NFF,ZDN(LUC),SB,1,0)
561 ASSIGN 562 TO LGO
5622 DRDN(LUC) = SP*(.5+AA)+SB*(.5-AA)
  GO TO LGO , (562,5)
562 DZA1 = ZB-ZDN(LD)
  DZA2 = ZDN(LD-1)-ZB
  LUC   = LD

```

```

      IF( ABS(DZA2) .GT. ABS(DZA1) ) GO TO 565
      LUC = LD=1
563 AA = (ZDN(LUC)-ZB)/DZDN
      SP = B25+2.*C25*ZDN(LUC)
      IF( PRFF1,NE,0. ) GO TO 565
      CALL LFIT1(ZFF,PMIFF,NFF,ZDN(LUC),SB,1)
      GO TO 566
565 CALL LSPFIT(ZFF,RHIFF,NFF,ZDN(LUC),SB,160)
566 ASSIGN 5 TO LGO
      GO TO 5622

```

C  
C  
C

# CALCULATE VELOCITIES ON FAR FIELD BOUNDARY

```

5 DO 10 I=1,25
  SUM = 0.
  DO 9 J=1,25
    9 SUM = SUM+ZIJ(I,J)*DRDN(J)
10 UDN(I) = (1.+SUM)*UINF
  IF( PRFF,EO,0. ) GO TO 20
  WRITE (6,14)
  WRITE (6,15) (I,ZDN(I),RDN(I),DRDN(I),UDN(I),I=1,25)
14 FORMAT(/,3X,1H1,10X,3HZDN,13X,3HRDN,13X,4HDRDN,12X,3HUDN/)
15 FORMAT(2X,12,F17,6,E16,6,1PE17,6,0PF15,6)
C
20 RETURN
  END

```

```

*DECK INSTA
SUBROUTINE INSTA(LNEW,LBASE,L3,DOWNB,MA,MB)
*INSTA=          INSERT A STATION
LOGICAL          DOWNB
*INSTA=

C  INPUT-
C  LNEW  = LOCATION IN STATION-TABLE OF NEW STATION
C  LBASE = LOCATION OF BASE STATION
C  L3    = LOCATION OF DOWNSTREAM (OR UPSTREAM) STATION
C  DOWNB = T IF L3 IS AN UPSTREAM STA, OTHERWISE = F
C  MA,MB = NEW STATION FILED POINT INDEX LIMITS
C  Z,R,PHI1 FIELD VALUES

C  OUTPUT-
C  LNEW  = STATION FOLLOWING NEW STATION

C  STATION TABLE
C  INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C  SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRMS,WRIOUT)
C  MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C  MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (RTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1              TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
&              VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSW(1),MCL(1),
&              ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
&              ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION      CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE    (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
      INTEGER        PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

C  COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1              MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC, TTC, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2              DAXIT,SCALEA,ITE,CHOTST
      REAL          MACHA(1),MACHC
      LOGICAL        AXIA,AXIC
      LOGICAL        CHOTST
COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZM,RH,ANGM,CURVM,S14,
1              RZONLY, ANGCHD,SINTVL, YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ
      LOGICAL        RZONLY
C  INDEX= M=MO,NM
COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
COMMON /CR      / R(300)
COMMON /CS2     / S2(300)
COMMON /CS1     / S1(300)
COMMON /CPHI1   / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CM      / JMS(300)
COMMON /CCURV   / CURV(300)
COMMON /CB      / B(300)
COMMON /CIDEX   / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*              LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*              MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*              LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE    (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB   / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER        SLCHN
COMMON /CATAN3/ DANG
COMMON /CBDYPT/ ANGD,CURVD
COMMON /CBITS   / BITS,IBLANK
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM

```



```

COMMON /CPI / RI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDUM1(3),PREFIN
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /ERASE / ASL(800)
COMMON /CFB / LN,DUMCFB(33)

```

```

INTEGER      BUYNAM,FARFLD,FREE,FIELD,PRES,SOLID
LOGICAL      UPU,UPD

```

```

DATA FARFLD/6HFARFLD/, FIELD/5HFIELD/, FREE/4HFREE/, PRES/4HPRES/,
  SOLID/5HSOLID/

```

```

C*** RELOCATE TO MAKE ROOM FOR THE NEW STATION
C  INITIALIZE NEW-STATION VALUE TO THE BASE-STATION VALUES
C  CORRECT THE STA-TABLE INDICIES= L-END, L-BASE, L-THREE, L-UPSTREAM
  LN      = LNEW
  NMOVE   = LN-1 - LESTA
  LB      = LBASE
  CALL MOVE(2, X1(LN),X1(LN+20),NMOVE,D, X1(LB),X1(LN),20,1)
  LESTA   = LESTA+20
  LT      = L3+20
  LU      = LB
  IF(,NOT,DOWNB) GO TO 60
  LB      = LB+20
  LT      = L3
  LU      = L3

C  UPDATE THE POINTERS TO THE FIELD-TABLE
60 NPTS   = MB+MA+1
  LNEXT(LN)=20
  CALL STTOF1(LN,NPTS)

C*** DEFINE STATION-TABLE VALUES FOR THE NEW STATION
  X1(LN) = .5*(X1(LB)+X1(LT))
  MLB(LN)=MA
  MUB(LN)=MB
  PRIM(LN)=.FALSE,
  X2CL(LN)=BITS

C** LOWER BOUNDARY STATION-TABLE VALUES
  M      = MA
  CALL GETIX
  MX     = MU
  IF(DOWNB) MX=MD
  LX     = LU
  CALL STANO(MX,LX,UPPER)
  IF(MX-MLB(LX)) 210,220,250
210 CALL ERROR1

C  LOWER BOUNDARIES OF NEW AND BASE STATIONS ARE ON THE SAME SL
220 IF(TYPELB(LB),EQ,FIELD) GO TO 250
  IF(TYPELB(LB),EQ,FARFLD) GO TO 260

C  FREE BOUNDARY
  IF(TYPELB(LB),NE,FREE ,AND, TYPELB(LT),NE,FREE) GO TO 224
  TYPELB(LN)=FREE
  GO TO 260

C  PRESSURE BOUNDARY
224 IF(TYPELB(LB),NE,PRES ,AND, TYPELB(LT),NE,PRES) GO TO 230
  TYPELB(LN)=PRES

```

GO TO 260

C SOLID BOUNDARY

```
230 TYPELB(LN)=SOLID
    BDYNAM= NAMELB(LX)
    NAMELB(LN)=BDYNAM
    ILB(LN)=ILB(LX)
    FLB(LN)=FLB(LX)
    S1LB(LN)=S1LB(LX)
    LD = LU
    CALL STANO(MU,LU,UPU)
    CALL STANO(MD,LD,UPD)
    DS1 = .5*(BARCS(BDYNAM,ILB(LU),ILB(LD)) + S1LB(LD)-S1LB(LU))
    IF(UPU,OR,UPD) CALL ERROR1
    IF(DOWNB) DS1=-DS1
    CALL BDYPTM(BDYNAM,ILB(LN),Z(M),R(M),FLB(LN),S1LB(LN),DS1,GMA)
    IF(GMA,NE,0.) CALL ERROR1
    PHI1(M)=ANGD
    B(M) = .5*(B(MU)+B(MD))
    VM(M) = .5*(VM(MU)+VM(MD))
    IF(VM(M),EQ,0.) VM(M)=VM(MU+1)
    GO TO 300
```

C INFIELD BOUNDARY

```
250 TYPELB(LN)=FIELD
    ISTAG = 3
    CALL SAVIX
    NAMELB(LN)=IBLANK
260 ILB(LN)=0
    FLB(LN)=BITS
    S1LB(LN)=BITS
```

C\*\* UPPER BOUNDARY STATION-TABLE VALUES

```
300 M = MB
    CALL GETIX
    MX = MU
    IF(DOWNB) MX=MD
    CALL STANO(MX,LX,UPPER)
    IF(MUB(LX)=MX) 310,320,350
310 CALL ERROR1
```

C UPPER BOUNDARIES OF NEW AND BASE STATIONS ARE ON THE SAME SL

```
320 IF(TYPEUB(LB),EQ,FIELD) GO TO 350
    IF(TYPEUB(LB),EQ,FARFLD) GO TO 360
```

C FREE BOUNDARY

```
LD = LU
    CALL STANO(MU,LU,UPU)
    CALL STANO(MD,LD,UPD)
    IF (TYPEUB(LB),NE,FREE ,AND, TYPEUB(LD),NE,FREE) GO TO 324
    TYPEUB(LN)=FREE
    GO TO 360
```

C PRESSURE BOUNDARY

```
324 IF (TYPEUB(LB),NE,PRES ,AND, TYPEUB(LD),NE,PRES) GO TO 330
    TYPEUB(LN)=PRES
    GO TO 360
```

C SOLID BOUNDARY

```
330 TYPEUB(LN)=SOLID
    BDYNAM= NAMEUB(LX)
```

```

NAMEUB(LN)=BDYNAM
IUB(LN)=IUB(LX)
FUB(LN)=FUB(LX)
SIUB(LN)=SIUB(LX)
LD = LU
CALL STANO(MU,LU,UPU)
CALL STANO(MD,LD,UPD)
IF(.NOT. UPU .OR. .NOT. UPD) CALL ERROR1
DS1 = .5*(BARGS(BDYNAM,IUB(LD),IUB(LU)) + SIUB(LU)-SIUB(LD))
IF(.NOT. DOWNB) DS1=-DS1
CALL BDYPTM(BDYNAM,IUB(LN),Z(M),R(M),FUB(LN),SIUB(LN),DS1,GMA)
IF(GMA,NE.0.) CALL ERROR1
PHI1(M)= ANGCHD-P1
B(M) = .5*(B(MU)+B(MD))
VM(M) = .5*(VM(MU)+VM(MD))
IF(VM(M)/EQ.0.) VM(M)=VM(MU-1)
GO TO 400

```

```

C   INFIELD BOUNDARY
350 TYPEUB(LN)=FIELD
    ISTAG = 3
    CALL SAVIX
    NAMEUB(LN)=IBLANK
360 IUB(LN)=0
    FUB(LN)=BITS
    SIUB(LN)=BITS

```

```

C   DEFINE THE FIELD POINTS BY CUBIC POLYNOMIAL INTERPOLATION ON SLIPS

```

```

400 M = MA
    RZONLY= .TRUE.
    IF(TYPEUB(LN),EQ,SOLID) GO TO 420
410 CALL GETIX
    DZ = Z(MD)-Z(MU)
    DR = R(MD)-R(MU)
    F = .5
    G = .5
    ANGCHD= ATAN3(DR,DZ,PHI1(MU))
    YPA = PHI1(MU)+ANGCHD
    YPB = PHI1(MD)+ANGCHD
    MSV = M
    MUSV = MU
    MDSV = MD
    M = MD
    CALL GETIX
    ISTAGD= ISTAG
    MD = M
    M = MSV
    MU = MUSV
    IF(ISTAGD,EQ,1) YPB=-YPA
    RZONLY= .FALSE.
    CALL BFI
    Z(M) = Z(MU)+ZM
    R(M) = R(MU)+RM
    PHI1(M)=ANGCHD+ANGM
    VM(M) = F*VM(MD)+G*VM(MU)
    B(M) = F*B(MD)+G*B(MU)

```

```

C   CHECK FOR POINTS ON A SLIP LINE
    IF(M,EQ,MA .OR. W(J),NE,0.) GO TO 420
    Z(M) = .5*(Z(M-1)+Z(M))
    M = M-1
    CALL GETIX

```

```

M      = MSV
DZ     = .25*(Z(MUSV)-Z(MU)+Z(MDSV)-Z(MD))
DR     = .25*(R(MUSV)-R(MU)+R(MDSV)-R(MD))
Z(M-1) = Z(M)-DZ
R(M-1) = R(M)-DR
Z(M)   = Z(M)+DZ
R(M)   = R(M)+DR
420 M   = M+1
      IF(M-MB) 410,425,500
425 IF(TYPEUB(LN),NE,SOLID) GO TO 410

C      CHECK FOR OUT-OF-ORDER POINTS
500 NORDER = 0
502 NORDER = NORDER+1
      IF(NORDER,GE,20) CALL ERROR1
      MX1   = 0
      MAP1  = MA+1
      MSV   = MA
      S2(MA) = 0.
      DO 520 M=MAP1,MB
      DR     = R(M)-R(M-1)
      DZ     = Z(M)-Z(M-1)
      S2(M)  = S2(M-1)+SQRT(DR*DR+DZ*DZ)
      CALL GETIX
      IF(W(J),EQ,0,) GO TO 518
      ANG2   = ATAN3(DR,DZ,PH[1(M-1)])
      ADANG  = ABS(DANG-PIQ2)
      IF(MX1,NE,0) GO TO 515
      IF(ADANG,GE,PIQ2) MX1=MSV
      MSV    = M-1
515 IF(ADANG,GE,PIQ2) MX2=M
      GO TO 520
518 IF((M-1),EQ,MX2) MX2=M
520 CONTINUE

C      DEFINE THE FIELD PT LOCATIONS BY UPSTREAM AREA DISTRIBUTIONS
      IF(MX1,EQ,0) GO TO 999
      MX1   = MAX0(MX1-NORDER,MA)
      MX2   = MIN0(MX2+NORDER,MB)
      WRITE (6,1550) MX1,MX2
1550 FORMAT(14H INSTA=MX1,MX2,2I6)
      MX1   = MAX0(MX1-1,MA)
      MX2   = MIN0(MX2+1,MB)

C      ADD UP UPSTREAM AREAS
      M     = MX1
      CALL GETIX
      K     = 1
      ASL(1) = 0.
562 MUM1   = MU
      M     = M+1
      K     = K+1
      CALL GETIX
      AREA  = SQRT((R(MU)-R(MUM1))*(R(MU)-R(MUM1)) +
1          (Z(MU)-Z(MUM1))*(Z(MU)-Z(MUM1)))
      IF(AXIA) AREA=(R(MU)+R(MUM1))*AREA
      ASL(K) = ASL(K-1)+AREA
      IF(M,LT,MX2) GO TO 562
      ASLNK = ASL(K)

C      INTERPOLATE FOR COORDINATES
      DZBA  = Z(MX2)-Z(MX1)
      DRBA  = R(MX2)-R(MX1)

```

```

DRSQBA = DRBA*(R(MX2)+R(MX1))
RMASQ = R(MX1)*R(MX1)
DVMBA = VM(MX2)-VM(MX1)
M      = MX1+1
K      = 2
564 F   = ASL(K)/ASLNK
Z(M)   = Z(MX1)+F*UZBA
R(M)   = R(MX1)+F*DRBA
IF(AX1A) R(M)=SQRT(RMASQ+F*DRSQBA)
VM(M)  = VM(MX1)+F*DVMBA
M      = M+1
K      = K+1
IF(M,LT,MX2) GO TO 564
GO TO 502

999 LNEW = LN+20
RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK PTMOVE
SUBROUTINE PTMOVE
*PTMOVE      POINT MOVEMENT ALONG STREAMLINES      'PTMOVE'

C      POINT MOVEMENT ALONG STREAMLINES TO OBTAIN AN ORTHOGONAL GRID

C      INPUT-
C      R,Z    = COORDINATES
C      PHI1   = ANGLE OF THE STREAMLINES
C      S1     = DISTANCES ALONG THE STREAMLINES
C      DS1DMP = STREAMWISE DAMPING FACTOR (NORM=0,)
C      DS1DP1 = ADDITIONAL FACTOR ON DS1DMP FOR 1ST INNER ITR (NORM=.5)
C      ICUB   = NBR REFINPTS TO USE SLC-ANGLES,CURV AT BDY PTS (NORM=0)

C      OUTPUT-
C      S2     = DISTANCES ALONG THE ORTHOGONALS
C      R,Z    = ADJUSTED COORDINATES
C      PHI1   = STREAMLINE ANGLES (ADJUSTED POINTS)
C      S1     = DISTANCES ALONG THE STREAMLINES (ADJUSTED)

C      STATION TABLE
C      INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C      SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C      MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C      MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLR(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1              TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
&              VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
&              ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
&              ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION      CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE    (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
      INTEGER        PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

COMMON /CB      / B(300)
COMMON /CRDYPT/ ANGDCURVD
COMMON /CREAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G,DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,S1M,
&              RZONLY,ANGCHD,SINTVL,YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ
      LOGICAL      RZONLY
COMMON /CBEND / N3CB(2),FB(2)
COMMON /CRITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
COMMON /CEDUMP/ IGODMP
COMMON /CFB    / L,MA,MB,LX,IK,IKDIR,IKA,IKB,
&              NK,K,ADS1,XCHOK,ADS1LB,ADS1UB,GMALB,GMAUB,
&              NIC,DFB(17)
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR,RDUM,NINNER(16),CNVF(16)
COMMON /CM     / JMS(300)
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXREF,NREFIN,GREFIN,TL
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CPI    / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRINT/ CPDUM(6),PDUM(20)
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,FBASTG
      LOGICAL      VELPOT
COMMON /CR      / R(300)
COMMON /CS1    / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2    / S2(300)
COMMON /CTOLRL/ DTOLRL(6),DS1DMP,DS1DP1
COMMON /CVM     / VM(300)

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COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE2/ X1L(128),SC(128),SCX(128),LC(128),LOOPC(128),
& KCL(128),
& PHI2(96),DS1(96),ZK(96),RK(96),WEZPT(96),DS1C(96)
DIMENSION PHI1K(96)
EQUIVALENCE (PHI1K,DS1C)
INTEGER WEZPT
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
& LO, LESTA, LSO, LSE, LDUM(6),
& MO, NM, NJ, NCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
& LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128), X2(128), SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /TROUBLE/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

INTEGER FIELD,SOLID,TE

DATA FIELD/5HFIELD/, NOMCL/6HNO MCL/, SOLID/5HSOLID/, TE/2HTE/
DATA LE/2HLE/

IGUDMP= 3

C DS1 RELAXATION FACTOR
RDS1 = 1./DS1DMP
IF(INRCR.EQ.0) RDS1=RDS1*(1./DS1DP1)

C USE PARABOLIC END CONDITIONS ON THE ORTHOGONAL SPLINE FIT
NBOB(1)=0
NBOB(2)=0
FB(1) = 0.
FB(2) = 0.

C BUILD ARRAYS OF ARC DISTANCE ALONG CONTROL STREAMLINE
L = LO
LAST = 0

C FIRST POINT ON CONTROL STREAMLINE
210 IF(L.GE.LESTA) GO TO 900
IC = 1
LC(1) = L
SC(1) = BITS
XCNTL= X2CL(L)

220 X1L(IC)=X1(L)
IF(SC(1).NE.BITS) GO TO 240
MA = MLB(L)
MB = MUB(L)
DO 230 M=MA,MB
CALL GETIX
IF(X2(J).EQ.XCNTL) 230,232,230
230 CONTINUE
IF(IC.EQ.1) GO TO 245
GO TO 243
232 IF(IC.EQ.1) GO TO 240
C (THE UPSTREAM OL OF THE REGION IS AT A T.E. AND DOES NOT INCLUDE
C THE CONTROL STREAMLINE)
L1 = LC(1)
MCL(L1)=MU
SC(1) = S1(MU)

240 SC(IC)= S1(M)

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      LC(IC)= L
      LOOPC(IC)=2
      MCL(L)= M
      KCL(IC)=M-MLB(L)+1
C      IS CONTROL SL INCLUDED IN THE STATION STREAMLINES
      IF(M,LT,MLB(L)) CALL ERROR1
      IF(M,LE,MUB(L)) GO TO 244
C      CONTROL SL DOES NOT CROSS THIS OL, CHECK FOR FIELD BOUNDARIES
243  IF(TYPELB(L).NE.FIELD .AND. TYPEUB(L).NE.FIELD) CALL ERROR1
      MCL(L)= NOMCL
      GO TO 245
244  M      = MD
      CALL GETIX

C      INDEX TO THE NEXT STATION
245  IF(PRIM(L).EQ.1 .AND. IC.NE.1) GO TO 250
      L      = L+LVEXT(L)
      IC      = IC+1
      GO TO 220

C      LAST POINT ALONG CONTROL STREAMLINE
250  NIC      = IC
      LOOPC(1)=1
      LOOPC(IC)=1

C      AVERAGE SPACING BETWEEN OL-S
      OLDIST= (SC(IC)-SC(1))/FLOAT(NIC-1)

C      CARRY OUT ORTHOGONALIZATION FOR (1)-PRIMARY AND (2)-ALL OTHER OL'S
      LOOP    = 1
      GO TO 300

C      REDEFINE PRIMARY SC'S
260  L      = LC(1)
      M      = MCL(L)
      SC(1) = S1(M)
      L      = LC(NIC)
      M      = MCL(L)
      SC(NIC)=S1(M)

C      LOOP THROUGH STATIONS TO DETERMINE SCX(IC)      (LOOP=2 ONLY)
C      SCX    = DESIRED POINT MOVEMENT ON THE CONTROL STREAMLINE
      IF(NIC.EQ.2) GO TO 500
      IC      = 1
265  IC      = IC+1
      L      = LC(IC)
C      PARTIAL OL WITH NO MCL, USE MIDDLE SL TO EVAL. SC(IC)
      IF(MCL(L).NE.NOMCL) GO TO 276
      MSV    = (MLB(L)+MUB(L))/2
      KCL(IC)=MSV-MLB(L)+1
C      SEARCH UPSTREAM
      M      = MSV
      LX     = L
272  CALL GETIX
      M      = MU
      CALL STANO(M,LX,UPPER)
      IF(MCL(LX).EQ.NOMCL) GO TO 272
      S1UP   = S1(M)
      M      = MCL(LX)
      SCUP   = S1(M)
C      SEARCH DOWNSTREAM
      M      = MSV

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274 CALL GETIX
    M = MD
    CALL STANO(M,LX,UPPER)
    IF(MCL(LX).EQ.NOMCL) GO TO 274
    S1DW = S1(M)
    M = MCL(LX)
    SCDW = S1(M)
C   INTERPOLATE
    SC(IC) = SCUP + (SCDW-SCUP)*(S1(MSV)-S1UP)/(S1DW-S1UP)

276 IF(LOOPC(IC).NE.1) GO TO 265
278 X1A = X1L(1)
    X1B = X1L(NIC)
    SCA = SC(1)/(X1B-X1A)
    SCB = SC(NIC)/(X1B-X1A)
    DO 280 IC=1,NIC
280 SCX(IC)=(X1L(IC)-X1A)*SCB+(X1B-X1L(IC))*SCA - SC(IC)
C,, END LOOP TO EVAL SCX(IC)

C***CALCULATE ANGLE AND ARC LENGTH ALONG THE ORTHOGONALS
300 IC = 1
302 IF(LOOP.NE.LOOPC(IC)) GO TO 450
    L = LC(IC)
C   LAST = LAST STATION OF PREVIOUS REGION (ALREADY ORTHOGONALIZED)
    IF(L.EQ.LAST) GO TO 450
    RZONLY = .FALSE.
    MA = MLB(L)
    MB = MUB(L)

C   BOUNDARY SURFACE ANGLES, PHI1(MA) & PHI1(MB)
    IF(ICOB.NREFIN) 303,306,306
303 IF(TYPELB(L).NE.SOLID) GO TO 304
    CALL BDYPTM(NAMELB(L),ILB(L),Z(MA),R(MA),FLB(L),S1LB(L),0.,GMALB)
    PHI1(MA)=ANGD
304 IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.SOLID) GO TO 306
    CALL BDYPTM(NAMEUB(L),IUB(L),Z(MB),R(MB),FUB(L),S1UB(L),0.,GMAUB)
    PHI1(MB)=ANGD-PI

C   RELOCATE Z,R TO ALLOW FOR DOUBLE SL=S
306 NK = MB-MA+1
    M = MA
    K = 1
308 ZK(K) = Z(M)
    RK(K) = R(M)
    PHI1K(K)=PHI1(M)
    WEZPT(K)=0
    CALL GETIX
    IF(W(J).NE.0. .OR. K.EQ.1) GO TO 310
    WEZPT(K-1)=1
    ZK(K-1)=.5*(ZK(K)+ZK(K-1))
    RK(K-1)=.5*(RK(K)+RK(K-1))
    PHI1K(K-1)=.5*(PHI1K(K)+PHI1K(K-1))
    GO TO 312
310 K = K+1
312 M = M+1
    IF(M.LE.MB) GO TO 308
    NKX = K-1

*   BEAM FIT TO GET PHI2 & S2
    PHI2(1)=PHI1K(1)+PI02
    S2(MA)= 0.
    CALL BFAS(ZK,RK,PHI2,S2(MA), 1,NKX)

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C   COMPUTE DEVIATION FROM 90 DEG BETWEEN STREAMLINE AND 'ORTHOGONAL'
C   INTEGRATE TO OBTAIN PT MOVEMENT ALONG SL'S REQ'D FOR ORTHOGONALITY
    PHI2(1)=PHI2(1)-(PHI1K(1)*PIQ2)
    DS1(1)= 0.
    K      = 2
    M      = MA+1
314  PHI2(K)=PHI2(K)-(PHI1K(K)*PIQ2)
    DS1(K)= DS1(K-1)+.5*(PHI2(K)+PHI2(K-1))*(S2(M)-S2(M-1))
    K      = K+1
    M      = M+1
    IF(K-NKX) 314,314,315

C   LOCATE BACK PHI2 AND S2 IF DOUBLE SL OCCURED
315  IF(NKX.EQ.NK) GO TO 322
    K      = NKX
316  IF(WEZPT(K)) 317,318,317
317  M      = K-1+MA
    NMOVE  = (NKX-K+1)
    CALL MOVE(3, DS1(K),DS1(K+1),NMOVE,1, S2(M),S2(M+1),NMOVE,1,
      & WEZPT(K),WEZPT(K+1),NMOVE,1)
    NKX    = NKX+1
    WEZPT(K)=0
318  K      = K-1
    IF(K,GE,1) GO TO 316
    IF(NKX.NE.NK) CALL ERROR1

C   (BOUNDARY S1-TOLERANCE)
322  TOLS1 = .02*S2(MB)/FLOAT(NK)

C   CORRECT POSSIBLE JOG AT DOUBLE STREAMLINE
    DO 328 K=2,NK
    IF(WEZPT(K)) 326,328,326
326  M=MA+K-1
    DZ   = Z(M)-Z(M-1)
    DR   = R(M)-R(M-1)
    PHI1AV= .5*(PHI1(M)+PHI1(M-1))
    CS   = COS(PHI1AV)
    SN   = SIN(PHI1AV)
    S2MMM1= DR*CS-DZ*SN
    IF(S2MMM1.GT.0.) GO TO 327
    Z(M-1)= .5*(Z(M)+Z(M-1))
    R(M-1)= .5*(R(M)+R(M-1))
    Z(M)   = Z(M-1)
    R(M)   = R(M-1)
    S2(M)  = S2(M-1)
    PHI1(M)=PHI1AV
    PHI1(M-1)=PHI1AV
    DS1(K)= DS1(K-1)
    GO TO 328
327  S1JOG=(DZ*CS+DR*SN)/2.
    DS1(K-1)=DS1(K-1)+S1JOG
    DS1(K)=DS1(K)+S1JOG
    S2(M-1)=S2(M-1) + .5*S2MMM1
    S2(M)  = S2(M-1) + S2MMM1
328  CONTINUE

C   EVALUATE ADS1 FOR PROPER SPACING BETWEEN OL-S
329  IF(LOOP-2) 3295,3302,3302
3295  IF(PRIM(L).EQ.0) CALL ERROR1
C   PRIMARY OL-S
    KK   = MCL(L)-MA+1

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      IF (TYPELB(L).EQ.LE) KK=1
      IF (TYPEUB(L).EQ.LE) KK=NK
      ADS1 = DS1(KK)
      GO TO 3303
C     REGULAR OL-S
3302 KK = KCL(IC)
      ADS1 = SCX(IC)=DS1(KK)

C     CHECK TO SEE IF MAGNITUDE OF DS1 IS REASONABLE
3303 IF (ABS(DS1(NK)).LT.(.5*(S2(MB)+OLDIST))) GO TO 3304
      WRITE (6,1330) X1(L),L
      IF (NREFIN.GE.2) CALL ERROR1

C     CORRECTION DUE TO STREAMLINE CURVATURES & DAMPING
3304 DS1(1)=DS1(1)+ADS1
      DS1X(1)=0.
      K = 2
      M = MA+1
3306 DS1(K)= DS1(K)+ADS1
      DS1C(K)=DS1C(K-1)+.5*(CURV(M)*DS1(K)+CURV(M-1)*DS1(K=1))
      & *(S2(M)-S2(M-1))
      K = K+1
      M = M+1
      IF (MB-M) 3310,3306,3306
3310 ADS1 = -DS1C(KK)
      K = 1
3312 DS1C(K)=DS1C(K)+ADS1
      IF (DS1(K)*DS1C(K)) 3313,3314,3314
3313 DS1(K)= DS1(K)/(1.-DS1C(K)/DS1(K))
3314 DS1(K)= DS1(K)*RDS1
      K = K+1
      IF (NK-K) 3316,3312,3312

C     LOWER AND UPPER BOUNDARY POINT MOVEMENT
3316 ADS1 = 0.
      ADS1LR= DS1(1)
      ADS1UR= DS1(NK)

C     MOVE THE LOWER BOUNDARY POINT
      K = 1
332 GMALB = 0.
      GMAUR = 0.
      M = MLB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      IF (TYPELB(L).NE.TE) GO TO 3321
      ADS1LR= 0.
      GO TO 3324
3321 IF (ISTAG.EQ.1) GO TO 333
      IF (NDDENS=NREFIN) 3323,3322,3322
3322 IF (TYPELB(L).EQ.FARFLD .OR. TYPELB(L).EQ.FREE .OR.
      & TYPELB(L).EQ.PRES) GO TO 3324
3323 IF (TYPELB(L).NE.SOLID) GO TO 334
3324 MA = MLB(L)
      IF (ADS1LR) 3325,3325,3326
3325 IF (MU.NE.0) ADS1LR=AMAX1(ADS1LR,.5*(S1(MU)=S1(M)))
      GO TO 3327
3326 IF (MD.NE.0) ADS1LR=AMIN1(ADS1LR,.5*(S1(MD)=S1(M)))
3327 CALL BDYPTM(NAMELB(L),ILB(L),Z(MA),R(MA),FLB(L),S1LB(L),
      & ADS1LR,GMALB)
      S1(MA)= S1(MA)+ADS1LR+GMALB
      IF (TYPELB(L).EQ.TE) ANGTX(L)=ANGD
C     JUMP OVER RELOCATION OF ANGLE/CURVATURE IF ICOR (INTERIOR POINT

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C   CURVATURE FORMULA ON BOUNDARY) IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO NREFIN;
    IF(NREFIN.LE.ICOB .OR. (ISTAG.EQ.2.AND.B(MA).GT.0.)) GO TO 333
    PHI1(MA)=ANGD
    CURV(MA)=CURVD
333  MA   = MA+1
    K     = 2

C   MOVE THE UPPER BOUNDARY POINT
334  M     = MUR(L)
    CALL GETIX
    IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.TE) GO TO 335
    ADS1UB= 0.
    GO TO 3352
335  IF(ISTAG.EQ.1) GO TO 336
    IF(NODENS-NREFIN) 3351,3350,3350
3350 IF(TYPEUB(L).EQ.FARFLD .OR. TYPEUB(L).EQ.FREE .OR.
    & TYPEUB(L).EQ.PRES) GO TO 3352
3351 IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.SOLID) GO TO 338
3352 MB     = MUR(L)
    IF(ADS1UB) 3355,3355,3356
3355 IF(MD.NE.0) ADS1UB=AMAX1(ADS1UB,.5*(S1(M)-S1(MD)))
    GO TO 3357
3356 IF(MU.NE.0) ADS1UB=AMIN1(ADS1UB,.5*(S1(M)-S1(MU)))
3357 CALL BDYPTM(NAMEUB(L),IUB(L),Z(MB),R(MB),FUB(L),S1UB(L),
    & ADS1UB,GMAUB)
    S1(MB)= S1(MB)-ADS1UB-GMAUB
    IF(TYPEUB(L).EQ.TE) ANGTE(L)=ANGD-PI
    IF(NREFIN.LE.ICOB .OR. (ISTAG.EQ.2.AND.B(MB).GT.0.)) GO TO 336
    PHI1(MB)=ANGD-PI
    CURV(MB)=CURVD
336  MB     = MB-1

C   CHECK FOR NON PRIM STATIONS EXTENDING BEYOND THE ENDS OF THE BOUND
338  IF(PRIM(L).EQ.1) GO TO 340
    IF((GMALB+GMAUB).NE.0.) CALL ERROR1
    GO TO 348

C   PRIM STATIONS: IF EITHER 'GET MINUS ASK' VALUE IS LARGE
C   CORRECT OTHER BOUNDARY.
340  IF(IC.NE.1) GO TO 342
C   (FIRST STATION OF THE REGION)
    GMA = AMAX1(GMALB,-GMAUB)
    GO TO 345
C   (LAST STATION OF THE REGION)
342  GMA = AMIN1(GMALB,-GMAUB)

345  ADS1 = ADS1+GMA
    ADS1LB= GMA-GMALB
    ADS1UB= -GMA-GMAUB
    IF(ABS(GMA).GE.TOLS1) GO TO 332

C   MOVE THE INTERIOR POINTS
348  M     = MA
    GO TO 410
350  CALL GETIX
    DS1(K)= DS1(K)+ADS1
    IF(DS1(K)) 360,400,380
C   (MOVE POINT OPSTREAM)
360  IF(MU) 361,381,361
361  DELS1 = S1(M)-S1(MU)
    DS1(K)= AMAX1(.5*DELS1,AMIN1(DS1(K),.25*DELS1))
    G      = DS1(K)/DELS1

```

```

F      = 1./G
FF     = #G
DR     = R(M)*R(MU)
DZ     = Z(M)*Z(MU)
PHIA   = PHI1(MU)
PHIB   = PHI1(M)
CURV(M)=CURV(MU)*G + CURV(M)*F
GO TO 390
C      (MOVE POINT DOWNSTREAM)
380 IF(MD) 381,361,381
381 DELS1 = S1(MD)-S1(M)
    DS1(K) = AMAX1(-.25*DELS1,AMIN1(DS1(K),.5*DELS1))
    F      = DS1(K)/DELS1
    G      = 1./F
    FF     = F
    DR     = R(MD)-R(M)
    DZ     = Z(MD)-Z(M)
    PHIA   = PHI1(M)
    PHIB   = PHI1(MD)
C      CHECK FOR DOWNSTREAM LEADING EDGE STAGNATION POINT
    MSV    = M
    M      = MD
    CALL GETIX
    MD     = M
    M      = MSV
    IF(ISTAG.NE.1) GO TO 383
    LX     = 0
    CALL STANO(MD,LX,UPPER)
    PHIB   = ANGLE(LX)
    GO TO 390
383 CURV(M)=CURV(M)*G + CURV(MD)*F
390 ANGCHD= ATAN3(DR,DZ,PHIA)
    YPA    = PHIA-ANGCHD
    YPB    = PHIB-ANGCHD
C      CALL BFI
    YQDX   = F*G*(G*YPA-F*YPB)
    ANGMM  = YPA*(3.*G-2.)*G + YPB*(3.*F-2.)*F
    R(M)   = R(M) + (FF*DR+YQDX*DZ)
    Z(M)   = Z(M) + (FF*DZ-YQDX*DR)
    PHI1(M)=ANGCHD+ANGMM
    S1(M)  = S1(M)+DS1(K)

400 M     = M+1
    K     = K+1
410 IF(M-MB) 350,350,450

C      INDEX TO THE NEXT STATION
450 IF(IC.GE.NIC) GO TO 470
    IC    = IC+1
    GO TO 302

C      LOOP AGAIN THROUGH STATIONS IN THE REGION
470 IF(LOOP.EQ.2) GO TO 500
    LOOP  = 2
    GO TO 260

C      CONTINUE TO NEXT REGION
500 L     = LC(NIC)
    LAST  = L
    IF(X2CL(L).EQ.BITS) L=L+LNEXT(L)
    GO TO 210

```

900 RETURN

1330 FORMAT(45H \*\*\* THE ORTHOGONAL LINE ADJUSTMENTS AT STA=F6.3,4H (L=  
8I4.35H) ARE UNREASONABLY LARGE; (PTMOVE))  
END

\*DECK REFIN  
 SUBROUTINE REFIN  
 \*REFINE REFIN THE GRID BY SUBDIVIDING \*REFINE\*

```
C INPUT
C Z,R,PHI1,S1,S2,VM,B FIELD VALUES
C /CREFIN/ DATA EXCEPT SLS
C CRXSL = NEW SL EXTENSION CRITERIA
C CRXSS = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL IN REGION WITH SOME SS-FLOW
C CRXOL = NEW OL EXTENSION CRITERIA
C CRXE = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL WHICH CROSSES SONIC LINE
C CRXC = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL WHICH CROSSES SHOCK WAVE
C CRMACH= UPPER MACH NUMBER LIMIT FOR OL EXTENSION
C CRXSL = NEW SL EXTENSION CRITERIA
C CRXSS = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL IN REGION WITH SOME SS-FLOW
C CRXOL = NEW OL EXTENSION CRITERIA
C CRXE = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL WHICH CROSSES SONIC LINE
C CRXC = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL WHICH CROSSES SHOCK WAVE
C CRMACH= UPPER MACH NUMBER LIMIT FOR OL EXTENSION
```

```
C OUTPUT-
C SG1REF= AVG OF MIN AND AVERAGE DIST BET OLS
```

```
C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIDUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
& VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLEWT(1),MCL(1),
& ANGLE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGTE(1),RGTE(1),
& ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
C DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
C EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGLE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
C INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)
```

```
C COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
C INTEGER SLCMN
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,PGA,GAMA,
1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,PGC,GAMC,
2 DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
C REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
C LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC
C LOGICAL CHOTST
COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CCR / CRXSL,CRXOL,CRXSS,CRXE,CRXC,CRMACH
COMMON /CEDUMP/ IGODMP
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
C LOGICAL GREFIN
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CPI / RI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRINT/ RDUM(3),PREFIN,PREFN2,SSONIC,PDUM(10)
C LOGICAL RTDB
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CRFILE/ RLE1,RLE2,RLE3,HLE
C INTEGER HLE
COMMON /CREFIN/ SLS,SG21,VMG1,VMG2
```

```

1,      NGR,NGZ, SGR(10),GR(10), SGZ(10),GZ(10)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL(12),SG1REF,TOLINR
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)

COMMON /ERASE2/ CR(128),DELS(128),DELVM(128),LSTA(128),MJ2(128),
1      SGX(128),SGY(128),RAV(128),ZAV(128), IA(16),IB(16)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*      LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDUM(6);
*      MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*      LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRO

INTEGER      EXT,FIELD,HINT,TE
LOGICAL      DOWNB,EXTND1,EXTND2,HALVE,NEWSL,SSP,UPPER

DATA EXT,FIELD,HINT,TE/3HEXT,5HFIELD,3HINT,2HTE/

IGODMP= 4
GREFIN= .FALSE,
QVMG1 = 1./VMG1
QVMG2 = 1./VMG2
X1NOT = -1;

C      CHECK TO SEE IF PARTIAL OL SHOULD BE EXTENDED
C      CHECK TO SEE IF PARTIAL SL SHOULD BE EXTENDED
C      OMIT

C*** EXAMINE GRID INCREMENT BETWEEN ORTHOGONALS
300 L1 = LO
   NAVG = 0.
   SG1AVG= 0.
   SG1MIN= 1.E6
   SGMX = 0.
   SGMX2 = 0.

C      CHECK FOR ADJACENT STATIONS AND DETERMINING THE BASE STATION -
C      A BASE STATION IS THE OL UPSTREAM OF LB STAG PT,
C      DOWNSTREAM OF A TE, OR THE SHORTEST OF (PARTIAL) OLOS,
C      OTHERWISE THE BASE STATION CAN BE EITHER THE UPSTREAM OR DOWNSTRE
C      DOWNB = DOWNSTREAM BASE STATION
305 L2 = L1*LNEXT(L1)
   IF(L2,GE,LESTA) GO TO 99
   MA1 = MLB(L1)
   M = MA1
   CALL GETIX
   MAD1 = MD
   MB1 = MUB(L1)
   M = MB1
   CALL GETIX
   MBD1 = MD
   MA2 = MLB(L2)
   M = MA2
   CALL GETIX
   MAU2 = MU
   MB2 = MUB(L2)
   M = MB2
   CALL GETIX
   MBU2 = MU

```



```

C   ADJACENT STATION TEST
    IF((MA2,LE,MAD1) AND, MAD1,LT,MB2) OR,
1    (MA2,LT,MBD1) AND, MBD1,LE,MB2) OR,
2    (MA1,LE,MAU2) AND, MAU2,LT,MB1)) GO TO 330

C   CHECK FOR TE FOLLOWED BY LE
    IF(MAJCTR,GE,1) GO TO 550
    IF(TYPELB(L1),NE,TE) GO TO 322
    M = MA1
    GO TO 324
322  IF(TYPEUB(L1),NE,TE) GO TO 550
    M = MB1
324  CALL GETIX
    CALL STAX1(X1(L1),X2(J),X2(J),LXB,LXA)
C   LXB,LXA ARE STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE THE TRAILING EDGE,
C   IF L2 IS A LEADING EDGE STATION FOLLOWING L1, THEN L1 MUST
C   BE THE SECOND OF THE TWO TE STATIONS.
    IF(L1,EQ,LXA) OR, L1,EQ,LXB) GO TO 325
325  IF(LXB,GT,L1) OR, LXA,GT,L1) GO TO 550

C   INSERT AN ORTHOGONAL BETWEEN THE TRAILING EDGE AND
C   LEADING EDGE STATIONS,
C   DEFINE MJ2(I),CR(I),NI, DOWNB,L,L3
    I = 0
    M = MLB(LXB)
326  I = I+1
    MJ2(I) = M
    CR(I) = 2
    M = M+1
    IF(M,LE,MUB(LXB)) GO TO 326
    M = MLR(LXA)
327  I = I+1
    MJ2(I) = M
    CR(I) = 2
    M = M+1
    IF(M,LE,MUB(LXA)) GO TO 327
    NI = I
    DOWNB = .FALSE,
    L = L1
    L3 = L2
    GO TO 440

C   NUMBER OF PRIMARY STATIONS
330  NPRIM = 0
    IF( PRIM(L1) OR, PRIM(L2)) NPRIM=1
    IF( PRIM(L1) AND, PRIM(L2) ) NPRIM=2
    LBASE = L1
    IF(NPRIM=1) 340,350,360

C   NO PRIM STATIONS
340  IF(MAU2,GT,MA1) OR, MBU2,LT,MB1) GO TO 380
    GO TO 370

C   ONE PRIM STATION
350  IF(PRIM(L1)) GO TO 380
    GO TO 370

C   BOTH L1 AND L2 ARE PRIM STATIONS
360  IF((MB2=MA2),GT,(MB1=MA1)) GO TO 380

C   UPSTREAM BASE STATION
370  DOWNB = .FALSE,
    MA = MA1

```

```

MB      = MB1
L       = L1
L3      = L2
GO TO 390

```

C DOWNSTREAM BASE STATION

```

380 DOWNR= ,TRUE
MA      = MA2
MB      = MB2
L       = L2
L3      = L1

```

C CHECK L,E; REFINEMENT CRITERIA

```

390 IF(MAUCTR,EQ,0) GO TO 400
IF(TYPELB(L3),NE,HLE ,AND, TYPEUB(L3),NE,HLE) GO TO 395

```

C NEW ORTHOGONAL IN FRONT OF L,E;

```

IF(DOWNB) GO TO 394
MX      = MBU2
IF(TYPELB(L3),EQ,HLE) MX=MAU2-1
S2B     = S2(MX)*S2(MX-1)
S2A     = S2(MX+2)*S2(MX+1)
M       = MX+1
CALL GETIX
S1B     = S1(MD)*S1(M)
M       = MD
CALL GETIX
S1B2    = S1(MD)*S1(M)
M       = MX+2
CALL GETIX
S1A     = S1(MD)*S1(M)
M       = MD
CALL GETIX
S1A2    = S1(MD)*S1(M)
IF((S1A,LE,RLE1*S2A ,OR, S1B,LE,RLE1*S2B)
*,OR, S1A,LT,(.2*S1A2) ,OR, S1B,LT,(.2*S1B2)) GO TO 550
GO TO 400

```

C NEW ORTHOGONAL BEHIND L,E;

```

394 M     = MB1+1
IF(TYPELB(L3),EQ,HLE) M=MA1+1
CALL GETIX
S1A2    = S1(MD)*S1(M)
DR      = R(M)*R(MU)
DZ      = Z(M)*Z(MU)
S1A     = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
IF(S1A2,LE,RLE2*S1A) GO TO 550
GO TO 400

```

C INHIBIT REFINEMENT AROUND A FIXED STAGNATION POINT

```

395 M     = MLB(L3)
CALL GETIX
IF(ISTAG,NE,1) GO TO 399
IF(DOWNB) GO TO 397

```

C NEW OL IN FRONT OF STAG PT ON LOWER BDY

```

S2A     = S2(MAU2+1)*S2(MAU2)
M       = MAU2+1
396 CALL GETIX
S1A     = S1(MD)*S1(M)
IF(S1A,LE,RLE1*S2A) GO TO 550
GO TO 400

```

C NEW OL BEHIND STAG PT ON LOWER BDY

```

397 M      = MA1+1
398 CALL GETIX
   S1A2    = S1(MD)-S1(M)
   DR      = R(M)-R(MU)
   DZ      = Z(M)-Z(MU)
   S1A     = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
   IF(S1A2,LE,RLE2*S1A) GO TO 550
   GO TO 400
C   NEW OL IN FRONT OF STAG PT ON UPPER BDY
399 M      = MUB(L3)
   CALL GETIX
   IF(ISTAG.NE,1) GO TO 400
   IF(DOWNB) GO TO 3992
   S2A     = S2(MBU2)-S2(MBU2-1)
   M       = MBU2-1
   GO TO 396
C   NEW OL BEHIND STAG PT ON UPPER BDY
3992 M     = MB1-1
   GO TO 398

C** SWEEP ACROSS THE STREAMLINES TO CHECK FOR REQD GRID REFINEMENT
C   BETWEEN ORTHOGONALS L1 AND L2
400 X1L3   = X1(L3)
   LX      = L1
   I       = 0
   M       = MA
   CRXL    = CRXOL
   SSP     = .FALSE.
420 CALL GETIX
   MX      = MD
   IF(DOWNB) MX=MU
   IF(MX.EQ.0) GO TO 430
   CALL STANO(MX,LX,DUM)
   IF(X1(LX).NE,X1L3) GO TO 430
   I       = I+1
   DELS(I) = ABS(S1(MX)-S1(M))
C   CALC LARGEST, NEXT LARGEST DISTANCES BETWEEN ORTHOGONALS, SGMX,S
C   FOR DETERMINING NUMBER OF EXTRA SLOS
   IF(MAJCTR.GE,1) GO TO 425
   IF(DELS(I).LT,SGMX) GO TO 423
   SGMX2   = SGMX
   SGMX    = DELS(I)
   GO TO 425
423   IF(DELS(I).GE,SGMX2) SGMX2=DELS(I)
C   MINIMUM DISTANCE BETWEEN ORTHOGONALS
425   SG1MIN= AMIN1(SG1MIN,DELS(I))
C   AVERAGE DISTANCE BETWEEN ORTHOGONALS
   SG1AVG= SG1AVG+DELS(I)
   NAVG   = NAVG+1
   DELVM(I)=ABS(VM(MX)-VM(M))*QVMG1
   RAV(I) = .5*(R(MX)+R(M))
   ZAV(I) = .5*(Z(MX)+Z(M))
   MJ2(I) = M
C   CHECK FOR SUPERSONIC FLOW
   IF(B(M).LT,0. ,OR, B(MX).LT,0.) SSP=:TRUE:
C   CHECK FOR TRANSONIC EXPANSION OR COMPRESSION
   IF(B(MX)*B(M).GE,0.) GO TO 430
   IF(DOWNB) MX=M
   CRXL1  = CRXE

```

```

      IF (B(MX),GE,0,) CRXL1=CRXC
      CRXL = AMIN1(CRXL1,CRXL)
430 M = M+1
      IF (M,LE,MB) GO TO 420
      IF (CRXSS,LE,CRXL ,AND, SSP) CRXL=CRXSS
      IF (MAJCTR,EQ,0) CRXL=0,
      NI = 1
      CALL LFIT1(GR,SGR,NGR, HAV,SGY,NI)
      CALL LFIT1(GZ,SGZ,NGZ, ZAV,SGX,NI)
      HALVE = .FALSE,
      DO 432 I=1,NI
      RS = DELS(I)/AMAX1(SGX(I),SGY(I))
      CR(I) = RS + DELVM(I)*RS**,2
432 IF (CR(I),GT,1,) HALVE=.TRUE,

C PREVENT TOO RAPID CHANGE IN OL SPACING BY FORCING A NEW OL
      IF (HALVE) GO TO 440
      X1D12 = .5*(X1(L2)-X1(L1))
      IF (PRIM(L1)) GO TO 436
      IF ((X1(L1)-X1(L1M)),LT,X1D12) HALVE=.TRUE?
      GO TO 437
436 L1M = L1
437 IF (PRIM(L2)) GO TO 438
      L2P = L2+LNEXT(L2)
      IF ((X1(L2P)-X1(L2)),LT,X1D12) HALVE=.TRUE?
      GO TO 439
438 L2P = L2
439 IF (.NOT,HALVE) GO TO 550
      IF (TYPELB(L1),EQ,FIELD ,OR, TYPELB(L1M),EQ,FIELD ,OR,
      * TYPELB(L2),EQ,FIELD ,OR, TYPELB(L2P),EQ,FIELD) GO TO 4391
      CR(1) = 1,
      GO TO 440
4391 CR(NI)=1,

C PREVENT TOO RAPID CHANGE IN OL SPACING BY SUPPRESSING NEW OL'S IN
C EARLY STAGES OF REFINEMENT
440 IF (MAJCTR,EQ,0 ,OR, MAJCTR,GE,4) GO TO 445
C CHECK ONE POINT ONLY
      I = NI/2 + 1
      M = MJ2(I)
      CALL GETIX
      IF (DOWNB) GO TO 441
      MU1 = MU
      M1 = M
      MX = MD
      M = MX
      CALL GETIX
      MD1 = MD
      GO TO 442
      DOWNB=Y
C
441 M1 = MU
      MX = M
      MD1 = MD
      M = M1
      CALL GETIX
      MU1 = MU
442 DS1U = 0,
      IF (MU1,EQ,0) GO TO 443
      DZ = Z(M1)-Z(MU1)
      DR = R(M1)-R(MU1)
      DS1U = SORT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)

```

```

443 DS1D = 0.
    IF(MD1.EQ,0) GO TO 444
    DS1D = S1(MD1)-S1(MX)
444 IF(DELS(I),GE.,(.4*DS1U) ,AND, DELS(I),GE.,(.2*DS1D)) GO TO 445
    X1NOT = X1(L)
    GO TO 550

C** ADD A NEW ORTHOGONAL LINE BETWEEN L1 AND L2, FIRST CHECK MEMORY
445 X1NEW = .5*(X1(L1)+X1(L2))
    EXTND1= .TRUE,
    EXTND2= .TRUE,
    IF(TYPELB(L),EQ,FIELD) EXTND1=.FALSE,
    IF(TYPEUB(L),EQ,FIELD) EXTND2=.FALSE,
    IRET = 0
    IF((LESTA+20),LE,MAXLE) GO TO 800
    WRITE (6,1440) X1NEW
    GO TO 99
450 IF(NL,EQ,1) GO TO 455
    WRITE (6,1450) NL,X1NEW
1450 FORMAT(/3X,I2,1X1/HOL-S REQUESTED ATF8,3,)
    IB(1) = IB(NL)
    NL = 1

C** ADJUST FIELD ARRAYS FOR THE NEW OL
455 NPPTS = IB(1)-IA(1)+1
    GREFIN= .TRUE,
    CALL ADDEPT(MA2,NPTS,999999)

C CORRECT THE POINTERS IN THE JMS-TABLE
MNEW = MA2
MA = MNEW
I = IA(1)
460 IF(DOWNB) GO TO 470

C (UPSTREAM BASE STATION)
C UPSTREAM POINT
M = MJ2(I)
CALL GETIX
MDSAV = MD
MD = MNEW
CALL SAVIX
C NEW POINT
MU = M
M = MNEW
MD = MDSAV
ISTAG = 0
CALL SAVIX
C DOWNSTREAM POINT
M = MD
CALL GETIX
MU = MNEW
CALL SAVIX
GO TO 490

C (DOWNSTREAM BASE STATION)
C DOWNSTREAM POINT
470 M = MJ2(I)+NPPTS
CALL GETIX
MUSAV = MU
MU = MNEW
CALL SAVIX

```

```

C      NEW POINT
      MD      = M
      M       = MNEW
      MU      = MUSAV
      ISTAG = 0
      CALL SAVIX
C      UPSTREAM POINT
      M       = MU
      CALL GETIX
      MD      = MNEW
      CALL SAVIX

490 I      = I+1
      MNEW = MNEW+1
      IF (IB(1)-I) 495,460,460
495 MB      = MNEW+1

C**  MODIFY STATION-TABLE
500 CALL INSTA(L2,L,L3,DOWNB, MA,MB)

C      INCREMENT TO THE NEXT ORTHOGONAL INTERVAL
550 L1M     = L1
      L1     = L2
      GO TO 305

C      AVERAGE DIST BET ORTHOGS
99 SG1AVG= SG1AVG/FLOAT(NAVG)
   SG1REF= .5*(SG1MIN+SG1AVG)

C***  EXAMINE GRID INCREMENT ABOVE STREAMLINE J2, (J2=1,NJ)
      J2     = 1
100 J2NEXT= J2+1
      IF (W(J2+1),EQ,0,) GO TO 200
C      NEXTRA= NO OF EXTRA SL'S NEAR THE BODY FOR CHN+EXT,INT
      NEXTRA= 0
      IF (MAJCTR,GT,0 ,OR, (SLCHN(J2),NE,EXT "AND" SLCHN(J2),NE,HINT))
1      GO TO 104
      M      = MBEGIN(J2)
      DSOL   = SGMX2/2,
      RROL   = (R(M+1)-R(M))/DSOL
      IF (AX1A) RROL=(R(M+1)+R(M+1)-R(M)+R(M))/(DSOL*(R(M)+DSOL))
      RR     = 0,
      IF (R(M),LE,,1) GO TO 101
C      THE FIRST SL IS TO BE PLACED ABOUT ONE BODY RADIUS AWAY
      RRATIO= R(M+1)/R(M)
      RR     = RRATIO-1,
      IF (AX1A) RR=(RRATIO+RRATIO-1,)/3,
101  RR     = AMAX1(RR,RROL)
C      NEXTRA= MAX0(1,MIND(INT(ALOG(RR)/ALOG(2,7))-1,8))
      NEXTRA= MAX0(1,INT(ALOG(RR)/ALOG(2,)))
104 M      = MBEGIN(J2)
C      M      = THE FIRST POINT ON THE STREAMLINE
      EXTND1= ,TRUE,
      EXTND2= ,TRUE,
      L      = 0
      WMIN   = 1,E6
      I      = 1
110 CALL GETIX
      MNEXT = MD
      CALL STAND(M,L,UPPER)
C      BYPASS UPPER BOUNDARY OF PARTIAL OL

```

```

      IF (UPPER) GO TO 120
C     CHECK L,E; REFINEMENT CRITERIA
      IF (ISTAG,NE,1) GO TO 114
      S2A = S2(MU+1)-S2(MU)
      DZ = Z(M+1)-Z(MU+1)
      DR = R(M+1)-R(MU+1)
      S1A = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
      DZ = Z(MD+1)-Z(M+1)
      DR = R(MD+1)-R(M+1)
      S1A2 = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
      IF ((S2A,LT,RLE3*S1A,OR, S2A,LT,RLE3*S1A2) .AND. MAJCTR,GE,1)
1     GO TO 200
114  LSTA(I)=L
      MJ2(I)=M
      DELS(I)=S2(M+1)-S2(M)
C     (NOTE-S2 IS NOT UPDATED IF THIS IS FOR AN EXTRA SL)
      DELVM(I)=ABS(VM(M+1)-VM(M))*QVMG2
      ZAV(I)=.5*(Z(M+1)+Z(M))
      RAV(I)=.5*(R(M+1)+R(M))
      M = M+1
      CALL GETIX
      IF (I,EQ,1 .AND. MU,NE,0) EXTND1=.FALSE.
      IF (MNEXT,EQ,0 .AND. MD,NE,0) EXTND2=.FALSE.
C     CHECK L,E; REFINEMENT CRITERIA
      IF (ISTAG,NE,1) GO TO 117
      S2B = S2(MU)-S2(MU-1)
      DZ = Z(MU-1)-Z(M-1)
      DR = R(MU-1)-R(M-1)
      S1B = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
      DZ = Z(MD-1)-Z(M-1)
      DR = R(MD-1)-R(M-1)
      S1B2 = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
      IF ((S2B,LT,RLE3*S1B,OR, S2B,LT,RLE3*S1B2) .AND. MAJCTR,GE,1)
1     GO TO 200
117  IF (W(J),GE,WMIN) GO TO 119
      WMIN = W(J)
      X2MIN = X2(J)
119  I = I+1
120  M = MNEXT
      IF (M,NE,0) GO TO 110
      NI = I-1
      CALL LFIT1(GR,SGR,NGR,RAV,SGY,NI)
      CALL LFIT1(GZ,SGZ,NGZ,ZAV,SGX,NI)
C     CR(I)=1 IS THE RADIUS OF PERMISSIBLE GRID SIZE
      HALVE = .FALSE.
      DO 132 I=1,NI
      RS = ABS(DELS(I))/(AMAX1(SGX(I),SGY(I))*SG21)
      CR(I) = RS + DELVM(I)*RS**,2
      IF (CR(I),GT,1.) HALVE=.TRUE.
132  CONTINUE
C*** IF HALVE=.T ADD NEW SL FOR STATIONS FOR WHICH CR,GT,5
      IF (,NOT,HALVE) GO TO 200
      IRET = 1
      CRXL = CRXSL
      IF (MAJCTR,EQ,0) CRXL=0.
      GO TO 800
145  WNEW = .5*(W(J2)+WMIN)
      X12 = .5*(X2(J2)+X2MIN)
C     BEGIN LOOP FOR INSERTING THE (PARTIAL) STREAMLINE, LI=1,NL

```

```

      LI      = 1
      NPTADD = 0
150  I1      = IA(LI)
      I2      = IB(LI)
      IF(I1,EQ,0) GO TO 195

C    DETERMINE J1, INDEX OF NEW SL
      J      = J2
160  IF(W(J),GT,WNEW) GO TO 170
      J      = J+1
      IF(J,GT,NJ) CALL ERROR1
      GO TO 160
170  J1      = J

C    ADJUST FIELD ARRAYS AND SL TABLES
      NEWSL = ,TRUE,
      I      = I1
      MU1    = 0
      IF(NJ,LT,MAXNJ) GO TO 180
      WRITE (6,1175) XI2
      RETURN
180  L      = LSTA(I)
      M1     = MJ2(I)+NPTADD+1
      MD1    = 0
      CALL ADPTSL(M1,MU1,MD1,J1,NEWSL)
      NPTADD = NPTADD+1
      M      = M1+1
      CALL GETIX
      JP     = J
      M      = M1+1
      CALL GETIX
      JM     = J
      M      = M1
      J      = J1
      W(J)   = WNEW
      X2(J)  = XI2
      M      = M1
      F      = (WNEW-W(JM))/(W(JP)-W(JM))
      DZ     = Z(M+1)-Z(M-1)
      DR     = R(M+1)-R(M-1)
      IF(,NOT,AXIA,OR,ABS(DR),LT,.01*ABS(R(M-1))) GO TO 1804
      T      = R(M-1)/DR
      F      = SIGN(SQRT(T*T+(T+T+1,)*F),DR) * T
1804 ANGCHD = ATAN3(DR,DZ,PHI1(M-1))
      YPA    = PHI1(M-1)-ANGCHD+PIQ2
      YPB    = PHI1(M+1)-ANGCHD+PIQ2
      G      = 1.-F
      YQDX   = F*G*(G*YPA-F*YPB)
      R(M)   = YQDX*DZ+F*DR + R(M-1)
      Z(M)   = F*DZ-YQDX*DR + Z(M-1)
      B(M)   = G*B(M-1)+F*B(M+1)
      S1(M)  = G*S1(M-1)+F*S1(M+1)
      VM(M)  = G*VM(M-1)+F*VM(M+1)
      PHI1(M)=G*PHI1(M-1)+F*PHI1(M+1)

C    SET ISTAG=3 FOR PTS ADJACENT TO L,E, AND BOUNDARY CORNER PTS.
      IF(IPRIM(L),EQ,0) GO TO 185
      M      = M1+1
      CALL GETIX
      ISTAGM = ISTAG
      M      = M1+1
      CALL GETIX

```



```

        IF(ISTAGM, EQ, 1) GO TO 181
        IF(ISTAG, NE, 1) GO TO 185
C      (ISTAGP=1)
        ISTAGM= 0
        GO TO 182
C      (ISTAGM=1)
181     ISTAG = 0
        CALL SAVIX
182     M      = M1
        CALL GETIX
        ISTAG = 3
        CALL SAVIX
        M      = M1+1
        CALL GETIX
        ISTAG = ISTAGM
        CALL SAVIX

C      UPDATE THE STATION-TABLE POINTERS TO THE FIELD-TABLE
185     CALL STTOFI(L,1)
        GREFIN= ,TRUE,

C      INDEX TO NEXT PT ON SL
        NEWSL = ,FALSE,
190     I      = I+1
        MU1    = M1
        IF(I2=I) 194,180,180

C      INDEX TO NEXT PARTIAL SL
194     J2NEXT= J2NEXT+1
195     LI     = LI+1
        IF(NL-LI) 200,150,150

C      LOOP TO PUT IN ADDITIONAL SL-S FOR EXTERNAL CHANNELS
200     IF(NEXTRA, EQ, 0) GO TO 210
        NEXTRA= NEXTRA+1
        GO TO 104

C      INCREMENT THE STREAMLINE COUNTER J2
210     J2      = J2NEXT
        IF(J2, LT, NJ) GO TO 100

C      PRINT COMMENT IF AN OL WAS SUPPRESSED AND NO OTHER GRID REFINEMENT
        IF(, NOT, GREFIN , AND, X1NOT, GE, 0,) WRITE(6,1700) X1NOT
        RETURN

C*** EVALUATION OF NEW LINE POSITIONS
C      OUTPUT-
C      NL NEW LINES ARE TO BE IN THE REGIONS IA(LI) TO IB(LI), LI=1,NL
C      FOR IA(LI), NE, 0,

C      SEARCH FOR CR, GT, 1, POINT
800     NL      = 0
        I      = 1
805     IF(CR(I), GE, 1,) GO TO 810
        I      = I+1
        IF(I, LE, NI) GO TO 805
        GO TO 840

C      FIND IA, IB SO THAT CR, GE, .375 IS WITHIN IA, IB
810     NL      = MIN0(NL+1, 10)

```

```

      ISAVE = 1
815  IA(NL) = 1
      I = I + 1
      IF(I,GE,1, AND, (I,GE,(ISAVE+3),OR,CR(I),GE,CRXL)) GO TO 815
      I = ISAVE
820  IB(NL) = 1
      I = I + 1
      IF(I,GT,NI) GO TO 840
      IF(CR(I),GE,1,) ISAVE=I
      IF(I,LE,(ISAVE+3),OR,CR(I),GE,CRXL) GO TO 820

C    REPEAT THE ABOVE FOR THE NEXT PARTIAL LINE
      IF(I,LT,NI) GO TO 805

C    ADD ONLY ONE LINE IF NL,EQ,10
840  IF(NL,NE,10) GO TO 850
      NL = 1
      IB(1) = IB(10)

C    ELIMINATE THE SHORT GAPS BETWEEN LINES
850  IF(NL,LE,1) GO TO 860
      LILAST = 1
      DO 855 LI=2,NL
      IF((IA(LI)=IB(LI-1)),GT,7) GO TO 854
      IB(LI-1) = IB(LI)
      IA(LI) = 0
      GO TO 855
854  LILAST = LI
855  CONTINUE
      NL = LILAST
860  IF(IA(1),LE,2,AND,EXTND1) IA(1)=1
      IF((NI-IB(NL)),LE,2,AND,EXTND2) IB(NL)=NI

C    EXTEND EACH LINE TO A MINIMUM OF FIVE POINTS
      NPTS = 0
      DO 870 LI=1,NL
      IF(IA(LI),EQ,0) GO TO 870
865  IDEF = MAX0((5-(IB(LI)-IA(LI)))/2, 0)
      IA(LI) = MAX0(IA(LI)-IDEF,1)
      IB(LI) = MIN0(IB(LI)+IDEF,NI)
      NPTS = NPTS + IB(LI)-IA(LI)+1
      IF(NPTS,LT,5,AND,NPTS,LT,NI) GO TO 865
870  CONTINUE
      IF((NM+NPTS),LE,MAXNM) GO TO 890
      WRITE (6,1881) NM,MAXNM
      RETURN

C    RETURN
890  IF(IRET) 145,450,450

1175 FORMAT(38H *** STREAMLINE LIMIT REACHED. (X12=F6,3,1H))
1440 FORMAT(73H *** STATION TABLE STORAGE LIMIT DOES NOT ALLOW A NEW O
      *RTHOGONAL AT X11=F7,3,1H,/6X61HGRID REFINEMENT BY INSERTING ORTHOG
      *ONALS IS BEING TERMINATED.)
1700 FORMAT(51H *** GRID REFINEMENT OF ORTHOGONAL LINES NEAR X11=F8,3,
      *52H WAS DELETED BECAUSE OF LARGE VARIATION IN SPACING,/41H      R
      *EVISED SGR,SGZ INPUT IS DESIRED.)
1881 FORMAT(71H *** FIELD POINT STORAGE LIMIT PREVENTS FURTHER GRID RE
      *FINEMENT. (NM=I4,8H,MAXNM=I4,1H))
      END

```

\*DECK REFBLK

BLOCK DATA REFBLK

\*REFBLK

BLOCK DATA FOR REFINE

•REFBLK•

COMMON /CREFLE/ RLE1,RLE2,RLE3,HLE

DATA RLE1,RLE2,RLE3/,65,1,3,1,3/, HLE/2HLE/

END

```

*DECK SLC
      SUBROUTINE SLC
*SLC--- STREAMLINE CURVATURE ETC                                *SLC*

C***CALCULATE ANGLE, CURVATURE AND ARC LENGTH ALONG STREAMLINES

C INPUT-
C   B      = SUBSONIC SUPERSONIC INDICATOR, NEGATIVE FOR SUPERSONIC VEL
C   Z,R     = STREAMLINE COORDINATES
C   BRANCH= NOMINAL UPSTREAM STREAMLINE ANGLE FOR USE IN SELECTING
C            PROPER QUADRANT, =999, FOR EVALUATION FROM BOUNDARY TABLE

C OUTPUT-
C   PHI1    = ANGLE IN RADIANS
C   CURV     = CURVATURE
C   S1       = ARC LENGTH

C COMB4
C   STATAB, CADJWF, BDYTAB, WAKETB
C   BOUNDARY TABLE
C     INDEX= LB=LBD0,LBDE
C     LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C     LBZ1   = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C     CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C     UP     = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C     LEDEX  = RELATIVE INDEX OF L.E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C             CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C     BDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C             DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
C     DIMENSION BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
C     1          CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
C     2          ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
C     LOGICAL   UP
C     INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME
C     DIMENSION BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
C     EQUIVALENCE (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)

C FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C   INDEX= LF=LFO,LFE
C   NFCOLS= 8
C   X1F     = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE
C   X2F     = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T,E,
C   X1BF    = X1*COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T,E,
C   X1AF    = X1*COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T,E,
C   S1F     = S1*COORDINATE OF T,E, (UPPER SURFACE); THIS ITEM
C             IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA=STAR,
C   LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E,
C   NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T,E,
C   LRF     = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCHN LIST FOR THE T,E,
C   LRXF    = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T,E,
C   JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
C            = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T,E, IS GIVEN
C            = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T,E, IS GIVEN
C   JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
C   DIMENSION X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
C   1          S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
C   EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF), (LFA,X1AF), (LRF,NCHB), (LRXF,NCHA)
C   DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)

C STATION TABLE
C   INDEX= L=LQILESTA
C   SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C   MCL     = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)

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C      MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1          TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1          TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
&          VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSW(1),MCL(1),
&          ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGTE(1),RGTE(1),
&          ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION
      EQUIVALENCE
      INTEGER
      CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
      (SCHOKKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
      PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKKE(1)

C      WAKE TABLE
      DIMENSION
      EQUIVALENCE
      EQUIVALENCE
      EQUIVALENCE
      EQUIVALENCE
      EQUIVALENCE
      EQUIVALENCE
      X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(1),DST(1)
      (DST,S1W)
      (DST,X1F,X2W,X1),(LBNEXT,X2F,LWNEXT,LNEXT)
      (LBZ1,X1BF,S1W,MLB)
      (CHNAME,X1AF,MUB),(UP,S1F,PRIM)
      (LEDEX,NCHB,TYPELB),(ZBT,NCHA,NAMELB)
      (RBT,JORDER,ILB),(ANGBT,VNR,FLB)

C
COMMON /BENDIN/ NBCIN(2),ACF(2)
COMMON /CB      / B(300)
COMMON /CREAM   / DBEAM(3),IORDER
COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZH,RM,ANGM,CURVM,S14,
&          RZONLY, ANGCHD,SINTVL, YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ
      LOGICAL
      COMMON /CBEND / NBCB(2),FB(2)
COMMON /CBITS   / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CRDYPT/ ANGDCURVD
COMMON /CCURV   / CURV(300)
COMMON /CFB     / L,MA,MB,J2,IA,IB,I,LTSL
COMMON /CFB2    / PASS1
      LOGICAL
      PASS1
COMMON /CIDEX   / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR
COMMON /CM      / JMS(300)
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXREF,NREFIN
COMMON /CPHI1   / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CPI     / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDUMX(6),PDUM(20)
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,FRASTG
COMMON /CQIREM/ YTOL,YO,DYDX,CTRMX
COMMON /CR      / R(300)
COMMON /CS1     / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2     / S2(300)
COMMON /CSLC    / BRANCH(4)
COMMON /CSS     / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1
&          ,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX,TSIC
      INTEGER
      LOGICAL
      SSEF,          SSDF,          SSDLE
COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE2/ RB(128),ZB(128),ANG(128),CURVB(128),S1B(128),
&          BI(128),J2DONE(128),MSV(128),CURSS(6),QV(8)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
&          LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDUM(6),
&          MU,NM,NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
&          LEO,LEE, LRD,LRE,LRD
COMMON /SLTAB   / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER
      LOGICAL
      INTEGER
      SLCHN
      ALLJ2,ANYJ2,          J2PREV,PARSLA,UPPER
      TE

```

DATA LE,TE/2HLE,2HTE/

BETSO(PTGS)=2,\*FGRX\*PTGS\*\*FGTX \* GX  
PM(BSQ)=SQRT(GX)\*ATAN(SQRT(BSQ/GX)) \* ATAN(SQRT(BSQ))

C FIRST PASS ACROSS STREAMLINES, SKIP THOSE SLOS WHICH TERMINATE WITH  
C IN THE FIELD IF J2PREV=T, AT END OF PASS ALLJ2=T IF ALL STREAMLI  
C HAVE BEEN FITTED AND ANYJ2=T IF ONE OR MORE SLOS HAVE BEEN FITTED.  
C J2PREV=F IF ON THE PREVIOUS PASS NO SLOS WERE FITTED BECAUSE END  
C CONDITION INTERPOLATION REQUIREMENTS COULD NOT BE SATISFIED.

IGDMP= 5  
ANYJ2 = ,TRUE,  
IF(PDUM(1);GT,0,) WRITE(6,1159)  
CALL SETM(1,0, J2DONE,NJ)  
RZONLY= ,FALSE,

C BEGIN LOOP THROUGH FIRST TO LAST STREAMLINE, J2=1,NJ  
C CALL MBEGIN TO OBTAIN FIELD INDEX OF FIRST PT ON SL

100 J2PREV= ANYJ2  
ANYJ2 = ,FALSE,  
ALLJ2 = ,TRUE,  
J2 = 1  
101 IF(J2DONE(J2).EQ,1) GO TO 187  
M = MBEGIN(J2)  
IF(PDUM(1);GT,0,) WRITE (6,1160) J2

C BUILD ZB,RB,ANG ARRAYS FOR THE STREAMLINE SEGMENT  
C ISTAG=3 IS A BOUNDARY OF A PARTIAL ORTHOGONAL, SUCH POINTS  
C ARE TO BE BYPASSED AND THEN FILLED IN BY INTERPOLATION

115 I = 1  
S1B(1)= 0,  
120 IA = I  
MA = M  
121 CALL GETIX  
IF(ISTAG,EQ,3) GO TO 128  
RB(I) = R(M)  
ZB(I) = Z(M)  
ANG(I)= PHI1(M)  
BI(I) = B(M)  
MSV(I)= M  
IF(ISTAG,EQ,1 ,OR, ISTAG,EQ,2) GO TO 130  
124 IF(MD) 126,130,126  
126 I = I+1  
IB = I  
128 M = MD  
MB = M  
GO TO 121

C SET END CONDITIONS

130 NBCB(1)=0  
NBCB(2)=0  
FB(1) = 0,  
FB(2) = 0,  
L = 0  
MDSV = MD  
ISTAGB= ISTAG  
C PARSLA= PARTIAL STREAMLINE AT END A, T OR F.  
PARSLA= ,FALSE,  
C LTSL = TRAILING STREAMLINE INDICATOR, STATAB INDEX  
LTSL = 0

```

      IEND = 1
      MX = MA
      IF (IA, EQ, 1) GO TO 1304
      M = MA
      CALL GETIX
      IF (ISTAG, EQ, 2) GO TO 1318
1302 IEND = 2
      MX = MB
      IF (MDSV, NE, 0) GO TO 135
C      USE AVG CURVATURE B, C, FOR PARTIAL SL'S
1304 CALL STANO(MX, L, UPPER)
      IF (MX, EQ, MLB(L)) OR, UPPER, OR,
      * L, EQ, LO, OR, (L+LNEXT(L)), GE, LESTA) GO TO 1346
      M = MLB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      IF (MU, EQ, 0, OR, MD, EQ, 0) GO TO 1346
C      PARTIAL SL, SEARCH FOR NON-TERMINATING ADJACENT SL
      SUM = 0,
      CURVX = 0,
      M = MX
      MCHNG = -1
1306 M = M+MCHNG
      CALL GETIX
      IF (MU, EQ, 0, OR, MD, EQ, 0) GO TO 1306
      IF (J2DONE(J), EQ, 0, AND, J2PREV) GO TO 186
      IF (INRCTR, NE, 0) GO TO 1308
      IF (J2DONE(J), EQ, 0) GO TO 1306
1308 IF (M, LT, MLB(L)) OR, M, GT, MUB(L)) GO TO 1310
      SUM = SUM+1,
      CURVX = CURVX+.5*CURV(M)
1310 IF (MCHNG, EQ, 1) GO TO 1314
      M = MX
      MCHNG = 1
      GO TO 1306
1314 CURVX = CURVX/SUM
      NBCB(IEND)=2
      FB(IEND)=CURVX
      IF (IEND, EQ, 1) PARSLA=,TRUE;
      GO TO 1348
C      UPSTREAM END OF TRAILING SL
1318 IF (NREFIN+INRCTR=2) 1302,1319,1319
1319 CALL STANO(M, L, UPPER)
      IF (TYPELB(L), NE, TE, AND, TYPEUB(L), NE, TE) GO TO 1302
      CALL STAX1(X1(L), X2(J), X2(J), LXB, LXA)
      BSQEXP(L)=BITS
      LW = LWO
1320 IF (LW, GE, LWE) GO TO 1328
      IF (X2W(LW), EQ, X2(J2)) GO TO 1324
      GO TO 1320
C      DST(LSTR)=T, E, PLUS B, L, THICKNESS
1324 LSTR=LW+(LWNEXT(LW)-2)/2
      IF (DST(LSTR)) 1326,1328,1326
1326 IF (UPPER) GO TO 1332
      GO TO 1340
C      SHARP T, E;
1328 BSQEXP(L)=1,
      IF (PTTE(LXA)-PTTE(LXB)) 1332,1336,1340
1332 ANGEXP(L)=ANGTE(LXB)
      IF (LXB, NE, L) BSQEXP(L)=1,
      LTSL = LXB
      LSAV = LXA

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      GO TO 1342
1336  ANGEXP(L)=.5*(ANGTE(LXB)+ANGTE(LXA))
      GO TO 1342
1340  ANGEXP(L)=ANGTE(LXA)
      IF(L,NE,LXA) BSOEXP(L)=.1,
      LTSL = LXA
      LSAV = LXB
1342  IF(PDUM(4)=2,) 1348,1344,1344
1344  NBCB(1)=1
      FB(1) = ANGEXP(L)
      GO TO 1348
C     FIELD BOUNDARIES
1346  NBCB(IEND)=NBCIN(IEND)
      FB(IEND)=ACF(IEND)
1348  IF(IEND,EQ,1) GO TO 1302

C     DEFINE ANG(1) TO OBTAIN CORRECT ANGLE BRANCH
135  IF(I,A,NE,1) GO TO 136
      ANG(1)= BRANCH(1)
      IF(BRANCH(1),NE,999.) GO TO 136
      L = 0
      M = MSV(1)
      CALL STANO(M,L,UPPER)
      IF(M,NE,MLB(L)) GO TO 1352
C     FIRST STREAMLINE
      LB = LBF(NAMELB(L))
      LB = LB+LBZ1(LB)
      ANG(1)= ANGBT(LB)
      GO TO 136
C     NOT FIRST STREAMLINE
1352  M = M+1
      IF(M,LT,MLB(L)) CALL ERROR1
      CALL GETIX
      IF(J2DONE(J),EQ,0) GO TO 1352
      ANG(1)= PHI1(M)
      IF(PDUM(19),EQ,1,) WRITE (6,1353) J,M,ANG(1)
1353  FORMAT (8H J,M,ANG,2I6,F10,6)
136  IF(ISTAGB,NE,1) GO TO 155

C     THE STREAMLINE IS TERMINATED BY A STAGNATION POINT,
C     PROCEED TO EXTRAPOLATE FOR ITS POSITION IF STAG=1
C     AND BOUNDARY TYPE=LB,

C     FIND THE STAGNATION POINT STATION
      L = 0
      CALL STANO(MB,L,UPPER)

C     CHECK FOR LEADING EDGE POINT
      CURVD = .0,
      IF(UPPER) GO TO 138
      IF(TYPELB(L),NE,LE) GO TO 155
      GO TO 140
138  IF(TYPEUB(L),NE,LE) GO TO 155

C     BEGIN ITERATION FOR STAGNATION POSITION
140  QV(1) = 0,
      SMOVE = 0,
      M = MB
      IF(ABS(PDUM(5)),LT,5,) FB(2)=1,
145  IF(UPPER) GO TO 147
      NAMES = NAMELB(L)

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      IBS = ILB(L)
      FS = FLB(L)
      S1S = S1LB(L)
      GO TO 148
147 NAMES = NAMEUB(L)
      IBS = IUB(L)
      FS = FUB(L)
      S1S = S1UB(L)
148 CALL BDYPTM(NAMES, IBS, ZB(I), RB(I), FS, S1S, SMOVE, GETASK)
      IF (GETASK, EQ, 0,) GO TO 1482
      WRITE (6, 1148) J2, ZB(I), RB(I)
      CALL ERROR1
1482 Z(M) = ZB(I)
      R(M) = RB(I)
      IRET = 0
      GO TO 1551
C      (LOGIC FOR LEADING STAGNATION POINT ONLY)
149 ERRANG = ANG(I) - (ANGD - P1Q2)

      IF (PDUM(1), LE, 0,) GO TO 150
      WRITE (6, 1149) QV(1), SMOVE, ERRANG, ZB(I), RB(I), ANGD, CURVD
1149 FORMAT(14H STAG PT = QV=F5,0,2X,6HSMOVE=F10,5,2X,7HERRANG=F10,6,2X
+ ,3HZD=F10,5,2X,3HRD=F10,5,2X,5HANGD=F10,3,2X,6HCURVD=F10,6)
      GO TO 1501
150 IF (CURVD, GE, 0,) GO TO 1501
      WRITE (6, 1150) ZB(I), RB(I), ANGD, CURVD

1501 IF (PASS1) GO TO 156
      IF (QV(1), NE, 0,) GO TO 151
      YO = 0,
      YTOL = 1.E-5
      DYDX = ABS(CURVD) + 1, / (S1B(I) - S1B(I-1))
      XJP = -ABS(ERRANG) / DYDX
      DYDX = 0,
151 CALL QIREM(SMOVE, ERRANG, XJP, QV)
      IF (QV(1), NE, 0,) GO TO 145
      IF (UPPER) GO TO 152
      ILB(L) = IBS
      FLB(L) = FS
      S1LB(L) = S1S
      GO TO 156
152 IUB(L) = IBS
      FUB(L) = FS
      S1UB(L) = S1S
      GO TO 156

C      USE (SUBSONIC) BEAM FORMULA TO CALC ANG, CURVATURE, S1
C      SET IORDER=1 TO CHECK FOR POINT ORDERING
155 IRET = 1
1551 NORDER = 1
1552 IORDER = 1
      CALL BFACS(ZB, RB, ANG, CURVB, S1B, 1A, 1B)
      IF (IORDER, EQ, 0) GO TO 1555
      I = IORDER - 1
      WRITE (6, 1155) ZB(I), RB(I), ZB(I+1), RB(I+1), J2, I, IORDER
      IF (NORDER, GE, 5) CALL ERROR1
      SAV = ZB(I)
      ZB(I) = ZB(I+1)
      ZB(I+1) = SAV
      SAV = RB(I)
      RB(I) = RB(I+1)

```

```

      RB(I+1)=SAV
      NORDER= NORDER+1
      GO TO 1552
1555 IF(IRET) 1556,149,1556
1556 IF(SSFML,EQ,(-1)) CALL BF3(ZB,RB,ANG,CURVB, IA,IB)
156 IF(SSEF .AND. .NOT.PARSLA) ANG(1)=SSEANG+TORAD

C   RELOCATE ANSWERS INTO FIELD STORAGE
160 M      = MA
      I      = IA-1
      L      = 0
161 CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAG,EQ,3) GO TO 166
      I      = I+1

C   SUPERSONIC POINT CURVATURE
      IF(R(M),GE,0, .OR. I,EQ,1) GO TO 163
      I1SS = I-1-ABS(SSFML)
      NBCB(1)=0
      NBCB(2)=0
      FB(1) = SSFND1
      FB(2) = SSFEND
      IF(I1SS,GT,1) GO TO 1622
      I1SS = 1
      NBCB(1)=2
      FB(1) = 0,

C   LOGIC FOR FIRST PT DOWNSTRM OF T,E;
1622 IF((I=IA),NE,1 .OR. LTSL,EQ,0) GO TO 1629
      FGRX = FGRTE(LTSL)
      FGTX = 1,/(FGRX+1,)
      GX = FGRX+FGRX+1,
      BETSTE= BETSQ(PITE(LTSL)/PSTE(LTSL))
      IF(BETSTE,LE,0,) GO TO 1629
      PMTE = PM(BETSTE)
      PEXP = PITE(LSAV)

C   CHECK FOR T,E, BLUNTNES
      IF(LW,GE,LWE) GO TO 1624
      IF(DST(LSTR),GT,0,) PEXP=PSTE(LSAV)
1624 BSQEXP(LTSL)=BETSQ(PITE(LTSL)/PEXP)
      IF(BSQEXP(LTSL),LE,0,) GO TO 1629
      DELPM = PM(BSQEXP(LTSL)) - PMTE
      ANGEXP(LTSL) = ANGTE(LTSL)+DELP
      IF(LTSL,EQ,LXA) ANGEXP(LTSL)=ANGTE(LTSL)-DELP
      IF(PDUM(4)=1,) 1629,1626,1626
1626 FB(1) = ANGEXP(LTSL)
      NBCB(1)=1
      I1SS = I-1
1629 NISS = I-I1SS+1
      CALL BFAC(ZB(I1SS),RB(I1SS),ANG(I1SS),CURSS,NISS)
      PHI1(M)=ANG(I)
      CURV(M)=CURSS(NISS)
      GO TO 164
163 PHI1(M)=ANG(I)
      CURV(M)=CURVB(I)
      Z(M) = ZB(I)
      R(M) = RB(I)
      IF(I,NE,IA .OR. I,EQ,1) GO TO 164
      PHI1(M)=.5*(ANG(I)+ANGSAV)
      CALL BF3(ZB(I=1),RB(I=1),ANG(I=1),CURV(M=1),1,3)
      IF(ISTAG,NE,1) GO TO 164
      CALL STANO(M,L,UPPER)
      IF(TYPELB(L),NE,LE .AND. TYPEUB(L),NE,LE) GO TO 164

```

```

    ANGLE(L)=ANGD-PIQ2
    CRVLE(L)=CURVD
164 S1(M) = S1B(I)
    GO TO 168
C    INTERPOLATE CURVATURE AND LOCATION FOR 1STAG=3 POINTS
166 DR = RB(I+1)-RB(I)
    DZ = ZB(I+1)-ZB(I)
    CHD = SQRT(DR*DR+DZ*DZ)
    CS = DZ/CHD
    SN = DR/CHD
    ACHD = ATAN3(DR,DZ,ANG(I))
    F = (CS*(Z(M)-ZB(I)) + SN*(R(M)-RB(I)))/CHD
    IF(F,GT,1.,OR,F,LT,0.) CALL ERROR1
    G = 1.-F
    YPA = ANG(I)-ACHD
    YPB = ANG(I+1)-ACHD
    CALL BFI
    R(M) = RB(I)+RM
    Z(M) = ZB(I)+ZM
    PHI1(M)=ACHD+ANGM
    CURV(M)=CURVM
    S1(M) = S1B(I)+S1M
C 168 IF(I,GE,IB) GO TO 170
168 IF(PDUM(1);LE,0;) GO TO 1690
    IF(PDUM(1);EQ,1;) GO TO 1680
    IF(PDUM(1);EQ,2; ,AND, B(I),LT,0;) GO TO 1680
    IF(PDUM(1);EQ,4; ,AND, 1STAG,NE,0) GO TO 1680
    XJ2 = J2
    IF(PDUM(1);GE,5; ,AND, XJ2,GE,PDUM(8) ,AND, PDUM(1),GE,XJ2)
      * GO TO 1680
    GO TO 1690
1680 WRITE(6,1161) I,M,1STAG,Z(M),R(M),PHI1(M),CURV(M),CURVB(I),B(M)
1159 FORMAT(1H1)
1160 FORMAT(12H I M 1STAG,5X,1HZ,9X,1HR,4X,4HPHI1,4X,4HCURV,3X,
      * 5HCURVB,9X,1HB,5H J=,13)
1161 FORMAT(1X,I3,I4,I2,2F10,5,F8,4,2F8,5,F10,3)
1690 IF(I,GE,IB) GO TO 170
    M = MD
    GO TO 161
C    INDEX TO NEXT STREAMLINE SEGMENT
170 IF(MD) 172,180,172
172 IA = IB
    MA = M
C    I = IB
    ANGSAV= ANG(I)
    CURSAV= CURVB(I)
C    (TRANSFER TO 126 RATHER THAN 120 SINCE 1ST POINT, I=IA=IB, IS SAVE
    GO TO 126
C    STREAMLINE J2 HAS BEEN CURVE-FITTED, INDEX J2 TO NEXT SL,
180 J2DONE(J2)=1
    ANYJ2 = .TRUE.
    GO TO 187
C    END CONDITION INTERPOLATION NOT POSSIBLE, BYPASS THIS SL
186 ALLJ2 = .FALSE.
187 J2 = J2+1
    IF(J2,LE,NJ) GO TO 101
C    GO BACK FOR 2ND, 3RD PASS TO INTERPOLATE FOR CURVATURE AT PARTIAL S
    IF(.NOT,ALLJ2) GO TO 100

```

```

C      S1=COORDINATE ON TOP OF T,E. IN /ADJWF/ FOR WAKE THICKNESS (TTPT)
      LF      = LFO
301  IF(LF,GE,LFE) GO TO 402
      IF(JORDER(LF),LT,0) GO TO 320
      CALL STAX1(X1F(LF),,1,,X2F(LF),DUM,LXA)
      M      = MLB(LXA)
      S1F(LF)=S1(M)
320  LF      = LF+NFCOLS
      GO TO 301

```

```

C      MODIFY WAKE TABLE FOR PROPER LENGTH
402  IF(NREFIN+INRCTR) 404,900,404
404  LF      = LFO
406  IF(LF,GE,LFE) GO TO 900
      LW      = LWO
410  IF(LW,GE,LWE) GO TO 430
      IF(X2W(LW),EQ,X2F(LF)) GO TO 420
      LW      = LW+LWNEXT(LW)
      GO TO 410
420  IF(LWNEXT(LW),NE,8) GO TO 430
      CALL STAX1(X1F(LF),X2F(LF),X2F(LF),LXB,LXA)
      IF(NREFIN+INRCTR=2) 422,424,424
422  BOT      = ANGTB(LXB)=ANGTB(LXA)
      F      = 1.
      GO TO 426
424  IF(PDUM(3)) 425,422,425
425  BOT      = ANGEXP(LXB)=ANGEXP(LXA)
      F      = PDUM(3)
426  WLEN      = 2.*(DST(LW+3)-DST(LW+5))/AMAX1(BOT,,1)
      S1W(LW+2)=F*WLEN + (1.-F)*S1W(LW+2)
      S1W(LW+1)=.5*S1W(LW+2)
430  LF      = LF+NFCOLS
      GO TO 406
900  RZONLY= ,TRUE.
      RETURN

```

```

1148 FORMAT(00*** ITERATION FOR STAG PT LOCATION (J=013,0)- ORTHOGONAL
      *ITY COND REQUIRES PT TO MOVE OFF THE BOUNDARY,0/
      *0 *** PRESENT LOCATION IS Z=0F10,5,0 R=0F10,5,0 (SLC)0)
1150 FORMAT(35H *** NEGATIVE L,E, CURVATURE= Z=F10,5,3X,2HR=F10,5,3
      *X,4HANG=F10,3,3X,5HGURV=F12,6)
1155 FORMAT(29H *** SLC IS INTERCHANGING PTS,F11,5,1H,F10,5,6H AND,F1
      *1,5,1H,F10,5,4H J=13,5H, I=213)
      END

```

\*DECK SPC  
 SUBROUTINE SPC  
 \*SPC--- SONIC POINT CURVATURE

©SPC©

```

C  STATION TABLE
C  INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C  SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRMS,WRIOUT)
C  MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C  MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
C  COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1                 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1                 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
&                 VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
&                 ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGTE(1),RGTE(1),
&                 ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION      CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE    (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
      INTEGER        PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

      COMMON /CB      / B(300)
      COMMON /CCURV   / CURV(300)
      COMMON /CIDEX   / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
      COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,TL
      COMMON /CR      / R(300)
      COMMON /CS2     / S2(300)
      COMMON /CSS     / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1,
&                 DSS(4),TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS
      INTEGER        SSFML
      LOGICAL        SSEF, SSDF
      COMMON /CVM     / VM(300)
      COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
      COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
&                 LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDUM(6),
&                 MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
&                 LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      COMMON /SLTAB   / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER        SLCHN

      DATA BELOW/5HBELOW/, ABOVE/5HABOVE/

C  BEGIN LOOP THROUGH STATIONS
  L    = LO

C  CONVERT STAG PT FROM SOFT TO HARD (I.E. SET ADJACENT ISTAG TO 3)
C  WHEN STAG VELOCITY IS LESS THAN HALF ADJACENT VELOCITY,
20  M    = MLB(L)
      MINC = 1
      SIDE = ABOVE
22  CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAG=1) 36,24,36
24  IF(MAJCTR) 26,36,26
26  MSV   = M
      M    = M+MINC
      CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAG=3) 28,36,28
28  IF(VM(MSV) < .5*VM(M)) 30,35,35
30  VM(MSV)= 0
      ISTAG = 3
      CALL SAVIX
      WRITE (6,1034) SIDE,Z(MSV),R(MSV)
      GO TO 36
35  M    = MSV

```

```

36 IF(MINC) 38,37,37
37 MA = M

M = MUB(L)
MINC = -1
SIDE = BELOW
GO TO 22
38 MB = M

C RECOMPUTE NEAR SONIC PT CURVATURES BY LINEAR INTERPOLATION
C LOCATE SONIC POINT
50 IF(TSIC,EQ,0, .OR. SLSWI(L),EQ,0,) GO TO 140
M = MA+1
60 IF((B(M)+B(M+1))/GE,0,) GO TO 65
CALL GETIX
IF(W(J),NE,0,) GO TO 70
65 M = M+1
IF(M,GT,MB) GO TO 140
GO TO 60

C F = FRACTIONAL DISTANCE TO SONIC LINE ABOVE PT (M+1)
70 F = B(M+1)/(B(M+1)+B(M))

C CALCULATION = INTERPOLATION JUNCTURE POINTS
DFX = AMIN1(TSIC,AMIN1(FLOAT(M+1)+MA)+F,FLOAT(MB+M+1)+F))
FX1 = F-DFX
FX2 = F+DFX
MX1 = M
MX2 = M
80 IF(FX1,GE,0, .OR. (MX1-1),LE,MA) GO TO 90
MX1 = MX1-1
FX1 = FX1+1,
GO TO 80
90 IF(FX2,LE,1, .OR. MX2,GE,MB) GO TO 100
MX2 = MX2+1
FX2 = FX2-1,
GO TO 90
100 SX1 = S2(MX1+1)+FX1*(S2(MX1)-S2(MX1+1))
SX2 = S2(MX2+1)+FX2*(S2(MX2)-S2(MX2+1))

C CALCULATE LINEAR VARIATION OF CURVATURE BET JUNCTURE PTS
CX1 = CURV(MX1+1)+FX1*(CURV(MX1)-CURV(MX1+1))
CX2 = CURV(MX2+1)+FX2*(CURV(MX2)-CURV(MX2+1))
MX = MX1
120 IF(MX,GE,MX2) GO TO 65
CURV(MX) = (CX1*(SX2-S2(MX))+CX2*(S2(MX)-SX1))/(SX2-SX1)
MX = MX+1
GO TO 120

C INDEX TO THE NEXT STATION
140 L = L+NEXT(L)
IF(L,LT,LESTA) GO TO 20

RETURN

1034 FORMAT(26X,24HISTAG#3 POINT INSERTED ,A5,10H L,E, OR CORNER AT,
+ 2F11,5)
END

```

\*DECK STTOFI

SUBROUTINE STTOFI(L1,MD1)

\*STTOFI

ADJUST THE STATION-TABLE POINTERS  
TO THE FIELD-TABLE UPWARD BY MD1

\*STTOFI\*

C INPUT=

C L1 = FIRST STATION FOR WHICH POINTERS MUB(L),MLB(L) MUST BE A  
C MD1 = INCREMENT TO BE ADDED TO MUB(L) AND MUB(L).  
C MUB(L),MLB(L) POINT TO THE FIELD-TABLE

C STATION TABLE

C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA

C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)

C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTRS)

C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)

COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),  
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),PLB(1),SILB(1),  
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),PUB(1),SIUB(1),  
8 VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLHW(1),MCL(1),  
8 ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),EGRT(1),RGTE(1),  
8 ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)

DIMENSION CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)

EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)

INTEGER PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE,LBDO,LBDE,ITO,ITE,LWO,LWE,LFO,LFE,  
8 LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDO,LDE,LDUM(4),  
8 MO,NM,NJ,NFCOLS,MAXNU,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,  
8 LEO,LEE,LRO,LRE,LRD

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK

L = L1

MD = MD1

MUB(L)= MUB(L)+MD

IF((MUB(L),MLB(L)).LT,MAXOL) GO TO 60

CALL ERROR1

60 L = L+LNEXT(L)

IF(L.GE,LESTA) GO TO 900

MLB(L)= MLB(L)+MD

MUB(L)= MUB(L)+MD

GO TO 60

900 RETURN

END

```
*DECK STCM  
  OVERLAY(STC,4,0)  
  PROGRAM STCM  
  COMMON /CPRINT/ PPDUM(6),PDUM(20)  
  CALL MCOEF  
  CALL IAD  
  RETURN  
  END
```



```

*DECK USECDM
BLOCK DATA USECDM
*USECDM      REPLACE STGM USE CARDS
COMMON /CA2   / A2(768)
COMMON /CA3   / A3(768)
COMMON /CA4   / A4(768)
COMMON /CA5   / A5(768)
COMMON /CA6   / A6(768)
COMMON /CA7   / A7(768)
COMMON /CA8   / A8(768)
END

```

\*DECK ERRORM  
SUBROUTINE ERROR1  
CEDUMPM EDUMP FOR STCM LINK

```

C      STATION TABLE
C      INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C      SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C      MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C      MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1              TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
&              VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSWI(1),MCL(1),
&              ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),RGTE(1),RGTE(1),
&              ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION      CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE    (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
      INTEGER        PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

C      TABLE OF INDEX LIMITS
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*              LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDO,LDE,LDUM(4),
*              MD,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*              LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE    (LIMITS,LHO)

C      STREAMLINE TABLE
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CA2 / A2(300)
COMMON /CA3 / A3(300)
COMMON /CA4 / A4(300)
COMMON /CA5 / A5(300)
COMMON /CA6 / A6(300)
COMMON /CA7 / A7(300)
COMMON /CA8 / A8(300)
COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
COMMON /CDS2 / DS2(300)
COMMON /CDDS2 / DDS2
COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,W,CHOKE,SURSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC,
1          XCHOKE, TAREA,VMBC, WROST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8),
*          JSUM,VMLBSQ
      LOGICAL
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CIDEXR/ C2(25)
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CRHS / RHS(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
COMMON /CTQLRL/ C3(12)
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /CLINES / LINES, OMITFK, PTITLE(6)
      LOGICAL      OMITFK
COMMON /BLBDY / IBLB(60)

      CHOKB,SURSON

CALL TABPRT(3HCFB,L,33,4)
CALL TABPRT(5HCIDEX,M,5,5)
CALL TABPRT (6HCIDEXR,C2,25,5)

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```

CALL TABPRT (6HCTOLRL,C3,6,6)
I1TAB = L0
CALL TABPRT (6HSTATAB,X1,LESTA,5)
OMITFK = TRUE,
LINES = 64
CALL FHEAD(NM)
WRITE ( 6,1200 )
DO 50 M=1,NM
CALL GETIX
WRITE ( 6,1201 ) J, M, MU, MD, ISTAG, S1(M), S2(M), Z(M), R(M),
1 PHI1(M), CURV(M), VM(M)
50 CONTINUE

WRITE (6,1000)
DO 100 I=1,NM
WRITE (6,1001) J,B(1),A2(1),A3(1),A4(1),A5(1),A6(1),A7(1),A8(1),
1 DS2(1),RHS(1)
100 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,1002) DBS2
1000 FORMAT (4H1 M,11X,1HB,10X,2HA2,10X,2HA3,10X,2HA4,10X,2HA5,10X,
1 2HA6,10X,2HA7,10X,2HA8,9X,3HDS2,9X,3HRHS)
1001 FORMAT (1H ,I3,8F12,3,2F12,6)
1002 FORMAT(///8H DS2MX,F12,6)
1200 FORMAT (57X,16HFIELD TABLE DUMP/98H J M MU MD I S1
1 S2 Z R PHI1 CURV V
2M)
1201 FORMAT (1X,I3,3I5,I2,2F11,6,2F12,6,F11,6,F12,7,F11,3)
IF( IBLB(1),NE,0 ) CALL TABPRT(5HBLBDY,IBLB,60,3)
IF( LDE,BQ,0 ) GO TO 1321
I1TAB = LDO
CALL TABPRT(5HBLTAB,CHNAM,LDE,3)
1321 CONTINUE
LSTOP = 5
GO TO (999,999) , LSTOP
999 RETURN
END

```

\*DECK MCOEF  
 SUBROUTINE MCOEF  
 \*MCOEF= MATRIX COEFFICIENT

\*MCOEF\*

C INPUT=  
 C W(J) = SL FLOW  
 C S1(M) = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINES  
 C B(M) = COEFFICIENT OF THE CURVATURE TERM  
 C STATION TABLE

C OUTPUT=  
 C A1(M),A2(M),,AB(M) = MATRIX COEFFICIENT ARRAYS M=1,NM

C STAR ARRANGEMENT IS -

C					A8		
C					A4	A5	A6
C					A7		
C	A1	A2	A3				

C NOTE - A4 IS ALWAYS NEGATIVE EXCEPT FOR THE FIRST OF DOUBLE POINT  
 C THEN A4(M)=1,, AB(M)=-1;

```

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA, TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA, RGA, GAMA,
&                MACHC, PSC, TSC, PTC, TTC, AXIC, RGC, GAMC,
&                DAXIT, SCALEA, TTE, CHOTST
      REAL      MACHA(1), MACHC
      LOGICAL    AXIA, AXIC
      LOGICAL    CHOTST
COMMON /BENDIN/ NBCIN(2), ACF(2)
COMMON /CA2     / A2(300)
COMMON /CA3     / A3(300)
COMMON /CA4     / A4(300)
COMMON /CA5     / A5(300)
COMMON /CA6     / A6(300)
COMMON /CA7     / A7(300)
COMMON /CA8     / A8(300)
      DIMENSION  A0(300), A1(300)
      EQUIVALENCE (A0,A6), (A1,A5)
COMMON /CATM    / NX, XDIM, G(25)
COMMON /CB      / B(300)
COMMON /CBITS   / BITS, BLANK
COMMON /CCUBE   / NBC(2), Q1(2), C2(2), FEND(2)
COMMON /CCURV   / CURV(300)
COMMON /CFB     / L, MA, MB, DFB(30)
COMMON /CFPINC  / GFF(6)
COMMON /CFRFIN  / ATINF
COMMON /CIDEX   / M, J, MU, MD, ISTAG
COMMON /CMAXIT  / MAXREF, NREFIN
COMMON /CP1     / P1, TWOPI, PIQ2, PIQ4, TODEG, TORAD
COMMON /CPRINT  / RDD(6), RDUM(10)
COMMON /CPTMOV  / DPTHOV(2), NODENS
COMMON /CR      / R(300)
COMMON /CRMS    / RMS(300)
COMMON /CS1     / S1(300)
COMMON /CS6     / SSFHL, SSEF, SSEANG, SSDF, SSFEND, SSFND1,
&                DSS(2), RHOW, RHOWSS, TSIC, RHOC, RHOCSS
      INTEGER    SSFHL
      LOGICAL     SSEF, SSDF
COMMON /CTHICK  / NTHKX, DUMTH(301)
COMMON /CVM     / VM(300)
COMMON /CXG     / X(6)
COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE2  / IADUSE(768), LAM(96)

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      REAL          LAM
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
&               LO,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDUM(6),
&               MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
&               LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER      SLCHN
C  STATION TABLE
C  INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C  SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C  MCL     = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C  MCL     = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SLB(1),
1              TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
&              VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSW(1),MCL(1),
&              ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
&              ANGEXP(1),BSOEXP(475)
      DIMENSION    CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE  (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
      INTEGER      PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

      INTEGER      FIELD,FREE,FARFLD,PRES,OLBC
      LOGICAL      SLBDY,SUBDY

      DATA FIELD/5HFIELD/
      DATA FREE/4HFREE/, FARFLD/6HFARFLD/, PRES/4HPRES/, OLBC/4HOLBC/

C  BEGIN LOOP THROUGH THE STATIONS
      L = LO

C  BEGIN LOOP ACROSS THE STREAMLINES
800 MA = MLB(L)
      MB = MUB(L)
      NK = MB-MA+1
      CALL SETM(1,1,LAM,NK)
      IF(NTHKX.GT.1) CALL LFIT2D(Z(MA),R(MA),LAM,NK)
      MAM1 = MA-1
      M = MA
810 A2(M) = 0,
      A3(M) = 0,
      A4(M) = 0,
      A5(M) = 0,
      A6(M) = 0,
      A7(M) = 0,
      A8(M) = 0,
      MCENTR= M

C  INITIALIZE /CCUBE/ FOR CUFITR
      C1(1) = 0,
      C1(2) = 0,
      C2(1) = 0,
      C2(2) = 0,

C  CHECK FOR SPECIAL (FREE,PRES, OR FARFLD) BOUNDARY
      SLBDY = ,FALSE,
      SUBDY = ,FALSE,

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```

      IF(M,NE,MA) GO TO 820
      IF(NODENS,GE,NREFIN) GO TO 818
      IF(TYPELB(L),EQ,FREE,OR,
& TYPELB(L),EQ,FARFLD,OR,
& TYPELB(L),EQ,FIELD,OR,
& TYPELB(L),EQ,DLBG,OR,
& TYPELB(L),EQ,RRES) SLBDY=,TRUE,
818 IF(,NOT,SLBDY) GO TO 825
820 IF(M,NE,MB) GO TO 826
      IF(NODENS,GE,NREFIN) GO TO 822
      IF(TYPEUB(L),EQ,FREE,OR,
& TYPEUB(L),EQ,FARFLD,OR,
& TYPEUB(L),EQ,FIELD,OR,
& TYPEUB(L),EQ,DLBG,OR,
& TYPEUB(L),EQ,RRES) SUBDY=,TRUE,
822 IF(SUBDY) GO TO 826

C      SOLID WALL BOUNDARY
825 A4(M) = -1;
      GO TO 980

C      INTERIOR POINT
C      BUILD X-TABLE OF DISTANCES TO NEIGHBORING POINTS ALONG THE STREAMLI
C      POINTS WITH ISTAG=3 ARE TO BE OMITTED.
C      SPECIAL END CONDITIONS ARE TO BE UTILIZED IF THE X-TABLE IS TERMI
C      BY A STAGNATION POINT
826 CALL GETIX
      JCENR= J
      ISTAGC= ISTAG
      X(4) = S1(M)
      IC1 = 4
      IC2 = 4
      NBC(1)= 2
      NBC(2)= 2
      C2(1) = 0,
      C2(2) = 0,
      MDOWN = MD

831 M = MU
      IF(M,EQ,0) GO TO 850
      CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAG,EQ,3) GO TO 831
      X(3) = S1(M)
      IC1 = 3
      IF(ISTAG,NE,0) GO TO 850
      IF( SSFML,LT,0 ,AND, B(MCENR),GE,0. ,AND, PDUM(12),EQ,(-1.))
& GO TO 850

841 M = MU
      IF(M,EQ,0) GO TO 850
      CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAG,EQ,3) GO TO 841
      X(2) = S1(M)
      IC1 = 2

846 IF( B(MCENR),GT,0, ) GO TO 850
      IF(ABS(SSFML),EQ,1 ) GO TO 850
      M = MU
      IF(M,EQ,0) GO TO 850
      CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAG,EQ,3) GO TO 846

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```

      X(1) = S1(M)
      IC1 = 1

C    UPSTREAM STREAMLINE END CONDITION
850 IF(MU) 854,852,854
852 NBC(1)= NBCIN(1)
      FEND(1)=ACF(1)

C    DOWNSTREAM POINTS, BYPASS FOR SUPERSONIC FLOW
854 IF(B(MCENTR),LE,0,) GO TO 874
      MD = MDOWN
856 M = MD
      IF(M,EQ,0) GO TO 870
      CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAG,EQ,3) GO TO 856
      X(5) = S1(M)
      IC2 = 5
      IF(ISTAG,NE,0) GO TO 865
      IF( SSFML.LT,0 ,AND. PDUM(12),EQ,(-1,) ) GO TO 865

861 M = MD
      IF(M,EQ,0) GO TO 870
      CALL GETIX
C    IF(B(M),LE,0, ,AND. B(MU),LE,0,) GO TO 874
      IF(ISTAG,EQ,3) GO TO 861
      X(6) = S1(M)
      IC2 = 6

C    SPECIAL DOWNSTREAM END CONDITIONS FOR LEADING EDGE STAGNATION POINT
865 IF(ISTAG,NE,1) GO TO 870
      NBC(2)= 4
      LL = 0
      CALL STANO(M,LL,UPPER)
      C1(2) = CRVLE(LL)
      FEND(2)=1,
      IF(ABS(PDUM(5)),GE,5,) FEND(2)=0,

C    DOWNSTREAM STREAMLINE END CONDITIONS
870 IF(MD) 878,872,878
872 NBC(2)= NBCIN(2)
      FEND(2)=ACF(2)
      GO TO 878

C    BOUNDARY CONDITION ON 4-POINT SUPERSONIC BEAM-CURVATURE FORMULA
874 FEND(2)=SSFEND
      FEND(1)=SSFEND1
      NBC(2)= 0
      NBC(1)= 0

C    CALL CUBER TO OBTAIN SECOND ORDER DIFFERENCE FORMULA, D2(DN)/D(S1)2
C    ANSWERS ARE STORED IN G(IG,JG), JG=1,IG2=IG1+1, IG=MID POINT
878 NIC = IC2-IC1+1
      IF(ISTAGC,EQ,3) GO TO 880
      IF(NIC,LE,2) GO TO 906
      CALL CUBERS(X(IC1),NIC)
      GO TO 900

C    CALL CUFITR FOR INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS, DS2(3)=F(DS2(1),DS2(2),DS(4
C    FOR INFIELD BOUNDARY POINT(ISTAG=3)
880 CALL CUFITR(X(IC1),NIC,5-IC1)

```

```

C****DEFINE ALL COEFFICIENTS OF THE EQUATION FOR FIELD POINT M
C      IG      = 4-IC1+1
C      JG      = IC1+1
C      IJG     = (JG-1)*5 + IG
C      IJG     = CENTER POINT INDEX IN G-ARRAY
900    IJG     = 25-IC1*6
      IF(PDUM(5),LE,0,) GO TO 904
      IF(ISTAGC,NE,3,AND,PDUM(5),EQ,3,) GO TO 904
      IF(PDUM(5),GE,4,AND,NBC(2),NE,4) GO TO 904
      WRITE (6,1904) JCENTR,MCENTR,IC1,IC2,IJG
1904   FORMAT(//3H J=13,9H MCENTR=13,7H IC1=13,7H IC2=13,6H IJG=13)
      CALL TABPRT(1HX,X(IC1),NIC,5)
      CALL TABPRT(5HCCUBE,NBC,8,8)
      CALL TABPRT(1HG,G,25,5)
904   CONTINUE

C      SET CORRECTION EQ DECELERATION FACTORS
906   M      = MCENTR
      IF(B(M),LT,0,) GO TO 908
      RHOEW = RHOE
      BUSE = RHOE*B(M)
      GO TO 909
908   RHOEW = RHOESS
      BUSE = RHOESS*B(M)

C      CHECK FOR INFELD BOUNDARY POINT OR SPECIAL BOUNDARY
909   IF(,NOT,SLBDY,AND, ,NOT,SUBDY,AND, ISTAGC,NE,3) GO TO 910
      GO TO 926

C      FIRST POINT OF A DOUBLE SL, CHECK W(JCENTR+1)
910   M      = MCENTR+1
      CALL GETIX
      IF(W(J),NE,0,) GO TO 915
      M      = MCENTR
      J      = JCENTR
      GO TO 926

C      POINTS 7, 8, AND 4
915   JP     = J
      MP     = M
      JM     = JCENTR
      M      = MCENTR+1
      IF(W(JCENTR),NE,0,) GO TO 920
      CALL GETIX
      JM     = J
      M      = MCENTR+2
920   CALL GETIX
      MM1    = M
      JM1    = J
      M      = MCENTR
      J      = JCENTR

      A7(M) = RHOEW/(W(JM)-W(JM1))
      A8(M) = RHOEW/(W(JP)-W(J))
      K     = M-MM1
      A4(M) = LAM(K)*(-A7(M)-A8(M))
      A8(M) = LAM(K+1)*A8(M)
      K     = MM1-MM1
      A7(M) = LAM(K)*A7(M)
      IF(,NOT,AXIA) GO TO 926
      A4(M) = TWOPI*R(M)*A4(M)

```



A7(M) = TWOPI\*R(MM1)\*A7(M)  
 A8(M) = TWOPI\*R(M+1)\*A8(M)

C POINTS 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, AND 6

926 IF(NIC.LE.2) GO TO 938  
 IF(IC1,NE.0) GO TO 930  
 930 GO TO (931,932,933,934)\*IC1  
 931 A1(M) = BUSE\*G(IJG-15)  
 932 A2(M) = BUSE\*G(IJG-10)  
 933 A3(M) = BUSE\*G(IJG-5)  
 934 A4(M) = BUSE\*G(IJG)\*A4(M)  
 IF(IC2-5) 938,935,936  
 936 A6(M) = BUSE\*G(IJG+10)  
 935 A5(M) = BUSE\*G(IJG+5)

C MODIFY INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS TO ACCOMMODATE DOUBLE STREAMLINE

C MX = DUMMY POINT

C MT = TRUE POINT

C MX IS THE FIRST POINT, EXCEPT FOR CASC PROG WITH UPPER OLBC,  
 C THEN MX IS THE SECOND POINT.

938 IF(W(J),NE.0,OR,SLBDY) GO TO 940  
 MT = M  
 MX = M-1  
 IF(TYPEUB(L),NE,OLBC) GO TO 9392  
 MT = M-1  
 MX = M

9392 IF(ISTAGC,EQ,3) GO TO 9394

A2(MT) = A2(M) + A2(M-1)  
 A3(MT) = A3(M) + A3(M-1)  
 A4(MT) = A4(M) + A4(M-1)  
 A5(MT) = A5(M) + A5(M-1)  
 A6(MT) = A6(M) + A6(M-1)  
 IF(MX,NE,M) GO TO 9394

C MX=M AND MT=M-1

A7(M-1) = A7(M)  
 A8(M-1) = A8(M)  
 RHSV = RHS(M-1)  
 RHS(M-1) = RHS(M)  
 A7(M) = -1;  
 A8(M) = 0,  
 RHS(M) = -RHSV  
 GO TO 9396

9394 A7(MX) = 0;  
 A8(MX) = -1;

9396 A2(MX) = 0;  
 A3(MX) = 0;  
 A4(MX) = 1;  
 A5(MX) = 0;  
 A6(MX) = 0.

C FREE, PRESSURE AND FAR-FIELD BOUNDARIES

C LOWER BOUNDARY

940 IF(ISTAGC,EQ,3) GO TO 980  
 IF(,NOT,SLBDY) GO TO 950  
 IF(,NOT,AXIA) GO TO 942  
 A4(M) = A4(M) - TWOPI\*R(M)\*LAM(1)  
 A8(M) = TWOPI\*R(M+1)\*LAM(2)  
 GO TO 980

942 A4(M) = A4(M) - LAM(1)  
 A8(M) = LAM(2)  
 IF(TYPELB(L),NE,FARFLD) GO TO 980

```

C      STAREA= STREAM TUBE AREA
      STAREA= R(M+1)-R(M)
      IF(AXIA) STAREA=R[(R(M)+R(M+1))*STAREA
945 CALL FFINC
      VQATSQ= VM(M)*VM(M)/(ATINF*ATINF)
      BETA = 1.0*VQATSQ/(1.0+2*VQATSQ)
      IF(BETA,GT,0) GO TO 947
      WRITE (6,1946) M
      CALL ERROR$

```

```

947 BETA = SORT(BETA)
      BA = BETA*STAREA
      A2(M) = A2(M)-BA*GFF(2)
      A3(M) = A3(M)-BA*GFF(3)
      A4(M) = A4(M)-BA*GFF(4)
      A5(M) = A5(M)-BA*GFF(5)
      A6(M) = A6(M)-BA*GFF(6)
      GO TO 980

```

```

C      UPPER BOUNDARY

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```

950 IF(,NOT,SUBDY) GO TO 980

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```

      K = M-MAH1
      IF(AXIA) GO TO 964
      A4(M) = A4(M)-LAM(K)
      A7(M) = LAM(K-1)
      GO TO 966

```

```

964 A4(M) = A4(M)-TWQPI*R(M)*LAM(K)
      A7(M) = TWQPI*R(M-1)*LAM(K-1)

```

```

966 IF(TYPEUB(L),NE,RARELD) GO TO 980
      STAREA= R(M)-R(M-1)
      IF(AXIA) STAREA=R[(R(M)+R(M-1))*STAREA
      GO TO 945

```

```

980 M = MCENTR+1

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```

      IF(M,LE,MB) GO TO 810

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C7,...END LOOP ACROSS THE STREAMLINES

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C      INDEX TO NEXT STATION

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      L = L+LNEXT(L)

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      IF(L,LT,LESTA) GO TO 800

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```

C7,...END LOOP THROUGH THE STATIONS
      RETURN

```

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1946 FORMAT(76H *** SORRY = SUPERSONIC VELOCITY ENCOUNTERED ON FAR FIE
&LD BOUNDARY AT POINT, 15.9H (MCOEF))
      END

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*DECK ATDMRS
SUBROUTINE ATDMRS
*ATDMRS      AUGMENTED TRIDIAGONAL MATRIX REDUCTION      *ATDMRS*
C            SMALL MATRIX VERSION

C    GIVEN THE MATRIX EQUATION AX=BY,
C    FIND G SO THAT X=GY,
C    NOTE X AND Y ARE VECTORS,

C    INPUT-
C    A      = TRIDIAGONAL COEFFICIENT MATRIX OF X
C    B      = TRIDIAGONAL COEFFICIENT MATRIX OF Y (STORED IN G=ARRAY)
C             (OTHER OFF-DIAGONAL ELEMENTS MUST BE INITIALIZED TO ZERO)
C    IDIM   = FIRST SUBSCRIPT DIMENSION OF MATRIX B AND G
C    N      = ORDER OF MATRICES

C    ORDER OF STORAGE IS ILLUSTRATED BY-
C    A(2,1)  A(3,1)  A(1,1)      B(1,1)  B(1,2)
C    A(1,2)  A(2,2)  A(3,2)      B(2,1)  B(2,2)  B(2,3)
C           A(1,3)  A(2,3)  A(3,3)      B(3,2)  B(3,3)  B(3,4)
C           (A(3,4)) A(1,4)  A(2,4)      B(4,3)  B(4,4)

C    OFF DIAGONAL ELEMENTS OF B MUST BE SET TO ZERO

C    OUTPUT-
C    G      = INVERSE(A) * B

COMMON /ERASE / A(3,100), DUM(500)
COMMON /CATM / N,IDIM,G(25)

C*** FORWARD REDUCTION
A(3,1)= A(3,1)/A(2,1)
G(1) = G(1)/A(2,1)
G(IDIM+1)=G(IDIM+1)/A(2,1)
I = 2

C    SPECIAL LOGIC FOR INCLUDING A(4,1) WHICH IS STORED IN A(1,1)
A(1,1)= A(1,1)/A(2,1)
QA21 = 1./(A(2,2)-A(1,2)*A(3,1))
A(3,2)= QA21*(A(3,2)-A(1,2)*A(1,1))
GO TO 97

90 QA21 = 1./(A(2,1)-A(1,1)*A(3,1-1))
95 A(3,1)= QA21*A(3,1)
97 J = 1
IJ = I
120 G(IJ) = QA21*(G(IJ)-A(1,1)*G(IJ-1))
IF(J=1) 140,140,160
140 IF(J=N) 150,160,160
150 J = J+1
IJ = IJ+IDIM
GO TO 120
160 IF(I=N) 170,180,170
170 I = I+1

C    SPECIAL LOGIC FOR INCLUDING A(N,N-2) WHICH IS STORED IN A(3,N)
IF(I=N) 90,172,172
172 A(1,I)= A(1,I)-A(3,I)*A(3,I-2)
J = 1
IJ = I
178 G(IJ) = G(IJ)-A(3,I)*G(IJ-2)
179 J = J+1

```

IJ = IJ+IDIM  
IF(J=1)178,90,90

C\*\*\* BACK SUBSTITUTION

180 I = I-1  
C IF(I) 900,900,190  
190 J = 1  
IJ = I

C SPECIAL LOGIC FOR INCLUDING A(4,1) WHICH IS STORED IN A(1,17

192 IF(I=1) 900,195,200  
195 G(IJ) = G(IJ)-A(3,1)\*G(IJ+2)

200 G(IJ) = G(IJ)-A(3,1)\*G(IJ+1)  
IF(J,EQ,N) GO TO 180  
J = J+1  
IJ = IJ+IDIM  
GO TO 192

900 RETURN  
END

```

*DECK CUBE
      SUBROUTINE CUBE(X,Y,NN,B)
*Cube-  FIT A SERIES OF CUBICS TO POINTS
*      END CONDITIONS ARE ARBITRARY
      DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),B(10)

C      ON ENTRY -
C      X,Y  = LISTS OF COORDINATES
C      N    = NO. OF POINTS (N,GE,2)

C      ALSO DEFINED ON ENTRY - IN COMMON/CCUBE/ -
C      NBC(L)= BOUNDARY CONDITION INDICATOR FOR LEFT(L=1) AND RIGHT(L=2)
C              = 0, 1, OR 2
C      YP(L) = FIRST DERIVATIVE IF NBC(L)=1
C      YPP(L)= SECOND DERIVATIVE IF NBC(L)=2

C      ON RETURN-
C      B(I)  = FIRST DERIVATIVE AT POINT I (I=1,N)

      COMMON /CCUBE / NBC(2),YP(2),YPP(2),FEND(2)
      COMMON /CCUBIC/ N,IA,IB
      COMMON /ERASE / A(3,266),DRASE(2)

      LOGICAL PARAB

C      INITIALIZE
      N      = NN
      IA     = 2
      IB     = N-1
      DX1    = X(2)-X(1)
      DY1    = Y(2)-Y(1)
      DXN    = X(N)-X(N-1)
      DYN    = Y(N)-Y(N-1)
C      NOTE DXN IS THE DELTA X FOR THE (N-1) INTERVAL, DXNM1 WOULD BE
C      MORE PRECISE SYMBOL,

C      A STRAIGHT LINE IS USED FOR N=2 IF NBC(1)=NBC(2)=0
      NBCS = NBC(1)+NBC(2)
      IF(N,GT,2 ;OR, NBCS,GT,0) GO TO 80
      B(1)  = (Y(2)-Y(1))/(X(2)-X(1))
      B(2)  = B(1)
      GO TO 900

C      CHECK IF PARABOLA (F=0) SHOULD BE USED
      80 PARAB = (N,EQ,2 ;AND, (NBC(1)+NBC(2)),EQ,0) ;OR,
      1      (N,EQ,3 ;AND, NBCS,EQ,0)

C      NBC=01, Y AND YP SPECIFIED
C      LEFT END
      110 IF(NBC(1),NE,01) GO TO 120
      A(2,1)= 1.
      A(3,1)= 0.
      B(1)  = YP(1)
C      RIGHT END
      120 IF(NBC(2),NE,01) GO TO 210
      A(1,N)= 0.
      A(2,N)= 1.
      B(N)  = YP(2)

C      NBC=02, Y AND YPP SPECIFIED
C      LEFT END

```

```

210 IF(NBC(1);NE;0) GO TO 220
    A(2,1)= 4;
    A(3,1)= 2;
    B(1) = 6.*DY1/DX1 + YPP(1)*DX1
C    RIGHT END
220 IF(NBC(2);NE;0) GO TO 310
    A(1,N)= 2;
    A(2,N)= 4;
    B(N) = YPP(2)*DXN + 6.*DYN/DXN
C    NBC=0,    YPPP = F + YPPP(OF ADJACENT INTERVAL)
C    LEFT END
310 IF(NBC(1);NE;0) GO TO 320
    A(2,1)= 1;
    A(3,1)= 1;
    B(1) = 2.*DY1/DX1
    IF(PARAB) GO TO 320
    DX2 = X(3)-X(2)
    DY2 = Y(3)-Y(2)
    DX1DX2= DX1/DX2
    A(2,1)= A(2,1) + FEND(1)*DX1DX2
    A(3,1)= A(3,1) + FEND(1)*DX1DX2*(2.*DX1DX2)
    B(1) = B(1) + FEND(1)*(3.*DY1*DY2*DX1DX2*DX1DX2)/DX2
C    RIGHT END
320 IF(NBC(2);NE;0) GO TO 500
    A(1,N)= 1;
    A(2,N)= 1;
    B(N) = 2.*DYN/DXN
    IF(PARAB) GO TO 500
    DXM = X(N-1)-X(N-2)
    DYM = Y(N-1)-Y(N-2)
    DXNDXM= DXN/DXM
    A(1,N)= A(1,N) + FEND(2)*DXNDXM*(2.*DXNDXM)
    A(2,N)= A(2,N) + FEND(2)*DXNDXM
    B(N) = B(N) + FEND(2)*(3.*DYN*DYM*DXNDXM*DXNDXM)/DXM

500 CALL CUBTCS(X,Y,B)

900 RETURN
    END

```

```

*DECK CUBERS
SUBROUTINE CUBERS(X,NN)
* CUBERS      YPP IN TERMS OF Y      *CUBERS*
C            FOR CUBIC SPLINE EQUATIONS

C            SPECIAL SMALL MATRIX VERSION WITH END CONDITIONS FOR PSTC

      DIMENSION      X(10)

C  ON ENTRY =
C  X          = LIST OF DISTANCES
C  NN         = NO. OF POINTS (N,GE,3)

C      ALSO DEFINED ON ENTRY = IN COMMON/CCUBE/ =
C  NBC(L) = BOUNDARY CONDITION INDICATOR FOR LEFT(L=1) AND RIGHT(L=2)
C          = 0 IF FEND(L) IS SPECIFIED
C          = 1 FOR YR(L)=0,
C          = 2 FOR YPP(L)=0,
C          = 4 FOR YR(L)=C1(L)*Y(L) AND YPPP(L)=FEND(L)*YPPP(NEXT
C  FEND(L)= END/NEXT TO END VALUE OF YPPP IF NBC(L)=0

C  ON RETURN=
C  G(I,J)= MATRIX DEFINED BY C=GY WHERE G IS A VECTOR OF SECOND DER

      COMMON /CATM / N,IDIM,B(5,5)
      COMMON /CCUBE / NBC(2),C1(2),C2(2),FEND(2)
      COMMON /ERASE / A(3,266),DRASE(2)

C****DEFINE COEFFICIENT MATRICIES *A* AND *B*, WHERE A*YPP=B*Y

C  INITIALIZE
      N      = NN
      F1     = FEND(1)
      F2     = FEND(2)
      IF(N=3) 60,65,70
60 CALL ERROR1
65 F1      = 0.
   F2      = 0.
70 CALL SETM(2,0,, A,15, B,25)
      DX1   = X(2)-X(1)
      DX2   = X(3)-X(2)
      DXM   = X(N=1)-X(N=2)
      DXN   = X(N)-X(N=1)
C      NOTE *DXN* IS THE DELTA X FOR THE (N=1) INTERVAL, DXNM1 WOULD BE
C      MORE PRECISE SYMBOL,
      IA    = 2
      IB    = N-1

C  NBC=01, YP=0,
C  LEFT END
110 IF(NBC(1),NE,01) GO TO 120
      A(2,1)= DX1+DX1
      A(3,1)= DX1
      B(1,2)= 6./DX1
      B(1,1)= -B(1,2)

C  RIGHT END
120 IF(NBC(2),NE,01) GO TO 210
      A(1,N)= DXN
      A(2,N)= DXN+DXN
      B(N,N=1)=6./DXN
      B(N,N)= -B(N,N=1)

```

```

C   NBC=02, YPP=0,
C   LEFT END
210 IF(NBC(1);NE;02) GO TO 220
    A(2,1)= 1.
C   RIGHT END
220 IF(NBC(2);NE;02) GO TO 310
    A(2,N)= 1.

C   NBC=0, YPPP = F * YPPP(OF ADJACENT INTERVAL)
C   LEFT END
310 IF(NBC(1);NE;0) GO TO 320
    A(1,1)= F1*DX1
    A(2,1)= DX2
    A(3,1)= -DX2-A(1,1)
C   RIGHT END
320 IF(NBC(2);NE;0) GO TO 410
    A(3,N)= F2*DXN
    A(2,N)= DXM
    A(1,N)= -DXM-A(3,N)

C   NBC=04, YP=C1*Y AND YPPP=F*YPPP(NEXT TO END)
C   LEFT END
410 IF(NBC(1);NE;04) GO TO 420
    CALL ERROR1
C   RIGHT END
420 IF(NBC(2);NE;04) GO TO 500
    A(2,N)= 1.
    IB = N-2
    ADXN = C1(2)*DXN
    C1PAD = 1./ADXN
    A(1,N-1)= DXM + F2*DXN*DXN/DXM*(3./ADXN)/C1PAD
    A(2,N-1)= A(1,N-1)*DXM+3./DXN*(2./ADXN)/C1PAD
    B(N-1,N-2)=6./DXM
    B(N-1,N-1)=6.*(1./DXM+C1(2)/C1PAD)

C   CUBIC RECURSION FORMULA BASED ON MATCHING YP AND YPP
500 IF(IB,LT;1A) GO TO 600
    DO 550 I=1A,IB
        A(1,I)=X(I)-X(I-1)
        A(3,I)=X(I+1)-X(I)
        A(2,I)=2.*(A(1,I)+A(3,I))
        B(I,I-1)=6./A(1,I)
        B(I,I+1)=6./A(3,I)
550 B(I,I)=B(I,I-1)+B(I,I+1)

C***DETERMINATION OF QG BY MATRIX REDUCTION; YPP=G*Y
600 IDIM = 5
    CALL ATDMRS

900 RETURN
END

```



```

*DECK CUBICS
SUBROUTINE CUBICS(X,Y,B)
*CUBICS      SERIES OF CUBICS FIT TO COORDINATE POINTS      *CUBICS*
      DIMENSION X(100), Y(100), B(100)

C      INPUT=
C      X(I),Y(I)
C      A(1,I),A(2,I),A(3,I),B(I)      I=1,(IA=1) AND I=(IB+1),N (I,E,B,C
C      IA,IB      RANGE IN WHICH THE COEFFICIENT MATRIX AND CONSTANT VECTOR
C      BE DEFINED BY EQUATIONS FOR MATCHING YP AND YPP,
C      1,N      RANGE OF X,Y, AND B

C      OUTPUT
C      B(I)      SLOPE AT X(I)

      COMMON /CCUBIC/ N,IA,IB
      COMMON /ERASE / A(3,200), DRASE(2)

C      SET UP TRIDIAGONAL COEFFICIENT MATRIX A AND VECTOR B, ORDER OF
C      STORAGE IS ILLUSTRATED BY *
C      A(2,1)      A(3,1)      B(1)
C      A(1,2)      A(2,2)      A(3,2)      B(2)
C      A(1,3)      A(2,3)      A(3,3)      B(3)
C      A(1,4)      A(2,4)      B(4)

C      I      = POINTS AT WHICH YP AND YPP ARE MATCHED
C      IA,IB = LIMITS OF I

      IF(1B.LT.1A) GO TO 100
      DO 70 I=1A,1B
      A(1,I)= X(I+1)-X(I)
      A(3,I)= X(I)-X(I-1)
      A(2,I)= 2*(A(1,I)+A(3,I))
70 B(I) = 3*(Y(I+1)-Y(I))*A(3,I)/A(1,I)+(Y(I)-Y(I-1))*A(1,I)/A(3,I)
      1

C      ROUTINE YDSEQ = TRIDIAGONAL SIMULTANEOUS EQUATIONS
C      SOLUTION TO AX=B, ON RETURN SOLUTION VECTOR X IS STORED IN B.
100 A(3,1)= A(3,1)/A(2,1)
      B(1) = B(1)/A(2,1)
      DO 150 I=2,N
      A(2,I)= A(2,I)-A(1,I)*A(3,I-1)
      A(3,I)= A(3,I)/A(2,I)
150 B(I) = (B(I)-A(1,I)*B(I-1)) / A(2,I)

      I      = N
200 I      = I-1
      IF(I.LE.0) GO TO 900
      B(I) = B(I)-A(3,I)*B(I+1)
      GO TO 200

900 RETURN
      END

```

```

*DECK CUFIT
SUBROUTINE CUFIT(X,Y,NPTS, NEW, XC,YC,NXC,ND, B)
*CUFIT*
C          INTEGRATE, INTERPOLATE FOR COORDINATES, 1ST, OR, 2ND DERIVAT
C          BY A CUBIC SPLINE CURVE FIT

```

```

          LOGICAL          NEW
          DIMENSION X(10),Y(10), XC(10),YC(10), B(10)
C          NOTE, THE DIMENSION *10* DOES NOT NEED TO AGREE WITH THE CALLING

C  INPUT-
C  X, Y      PTS, ON CURVE
C  NPTS      NO. OF X
C  NEW       =1 (,TRUE,) TO FIT CURVE,  =0 (,FALSE,) TO USE LAST FIT
C  XC        LIST OF X AT WHICH CALC TO BE DONE
C  YC(1)     INTEGRATION CONSTANT IF ND=-1
C  NXC       NO. OF XC
C  ND        =0 TO GET COORD,  =1 OR 2 TO GET 1ST OR SECOND DERIV,
C            =-1 FOR INTEGRATION
C  OUTPUT
C  YC        COORDINATE OR DERIVATIVE AT XC      OR
C            YC(IC)= INTEGRAL(Y*DX) FROM XC(1) TO XC(IC) WHERE IC=2,NXC
C  B(I)      FIRST DERIVAT AT POINT I (I=1,N)

```

```

C  NOTES-
C  *X* MAY BE IN EITHER ASCENDING OR DESCENDING ORDER,
C  FOR INTEGRATION *XC* MUST BE IN THE SAME ORDER AS *X*, FOR INTERP
C  NO SPECIAL ORDER IS REQUIRED;

```

LOGICAL WITHIN

```

C  FIT THE CUBIC SPLINE
C  IF(.NOT.NEW) GO TO 100
C  CALL CUBE(X,Y,NPTS, B)

```

```

C  INTERPOLATE
100 I      = 1
DO 150 IC=1,NXC

```

```

C  LOCATE APPROPRIATE INTERVAL
C  WITHIN=.FALSE.
C  NCOUNT=NPTS
C  N      = NCOUNT-1
101 NCOUNT=NCOUNT-1
IF(NCOUNT,EQ,0) GO TO 120

```

```

F      = (XC(IC)-X(I)) / (X(I+1)-X(I))
IF(F,GE,0.) GO TO 110

```

```

C  F,LT,0,
IF(I,EQ,1) GO TO 125
IF(ND,EQ,(-1)) GO TO 120
I      = I-1
GO TO 101

```

```

110 IF(F,LE,1.) GO TO 125

```

```

C  F,GT,1,0
IF(I,EQ,N) GO TO 125
IF(ND,EQ,(-1)) GO TO 126
112 I      = I+1

```

```

      GO TO 101
120 CALL ERROR1
C     PRELIMINARY CALCULATIONS FOR INTERPOLATION OR INTEGRATION
125 WITHIN=,TRUE;
126 DX  = X(I+1)-X(I)
      DY  = Y(I+1)-Y(I)
      D   = (B(I)+B(I+1)-2,*DY/DX)/(DX*DX)
      C   = (3,*DY/DX-(2,*B(I)+B(I+1)))/DX
      XD  = XC(IC)-X(I)
      L   = ND+2
      GO TO (130,140,141,142),L
C     ND=-1, INTEGRATE
130 IF(,NOT,WITHIN) XD=DX
      S1  = (Y(I) + (B(I))/2, + (C/3, + D/4,*XD)*XD)*XD
      IF(WITHIN) GO TO 135
C     *I* IS BEING INCREMENTED TO FIND APPROPRIATE INTERVAL, HENCE,
C     CUMULATE THE INTEGRAL OF THE ITH INTERVAL,
      SA  = SA + S1
      GO TO 112
C     APPROPRIATE INTERVAL FOUND,  X(I)=XC(IC)=X(I+1)
135 IF(IC,EQ,1) SA=Y(I)=S1
      IF(IC,NE,1) YC(IC)=SA+S1
      GO TO 150
C     ND=0, INTERPOLATE FOR COORDINATES
140 YC(IC)= Y(I) + (B(I) + IC * D*XD)*XD
      GO TO 150
C     ND=1, FIRST DERIVATIVE
141 YC(IC)= B(I) + (2,*C + 3,*D*XD)*XD
      GO TO 150
C     ND=2, SECOND DERIVATIVE
142 YC(IC)= 2,*C + 6,*D*XD
150 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END

```

```

*DECK CUFITR
SUBROUTINE CUFITR(X,NIC,IMID)
*CUFITR      TEMPORARY ROUTINE FOR
C            DETERMINING INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS
C            FOR INFELD BOUNDARY POINTS
C            WHICH TERMINATE *PARTIAL ORTHOGONALS*

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\*CUFITR\*

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    DIMENSION X(4)

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```

    COMMON /CATM / NX,XDIM,G(5,5)
    DIMENSION      Y(4),B(4)

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```

    X3      = X(IMID)

```

```

C    SHIFT X-ELEMENTS ABOVE *IMID* TO THE LEFT
    NMOVE = NIC-IMID
    CALL MOVE1,X(IMID+1),X(IMID),NMOVE,1)

```

```

    NI = NIC = 1
    DO 60 I=1,NI
    DO 50 II=1,NI
50  Y(II) = 0.
    Y(I) = 1.
60  CALL CUFITR(X,Y,NIC=1, ,TRUE, , X3,G(IMID+1),1.0,B)

```

```

C    SHIFT G(IMID,I) TO THE RIGHT FOR I,GT,IMID
    I = NI
70  G(IMID,I+1) = G(IMID,I)
    I = I+1
    IF(I,GE,IMID) GO TO 70
    G(IMID,IMID)=-1;
    RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK FFINC
SUBROUTINE FFINC
CFFINC      INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS ON FAR FIELD BOUNDARY      -FFINC-
COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,DFB(30)
COMMON /CFFINC/ GFF(6)
COMMON /CFRFIN/ DM(4),ZDN1,ZDN25
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)

C
1 M      = MB
  CALL GETIX
  QDS1 = 2/(S1(MB)-S1(MU))
C COMPUTE INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS
  GFF(2) = 0.
  GFF(6) = 0.
  IF( MU.EQ.0 .OR. MD.EQ.0 ) GO TO 20
  GFF(3) = -.865*QDS1
  GFF(4) = -2.*GFF(3)
  GFF(5) = GFF(3)

  GO TO 2
20 GFF(3) = 0.
  GFF(5) = 0.
  IF( MD.EQ.0 ) GO TO 25
  DS1 = S1(MD)-S1(M)
  GFF(5) = -.865/DS1
  ZL = Z(M)-ZDN1
  RATIO = ((ZL-DS1)/ZL)**2
  GFF(4) = GFF(5)*(RATIO-2.)
  GO TO 2
25 DS1 = S1(M)-S1(MU)
  GFF(3) = -.865/DS1
  ZL = ZDN25-Z(M)
  RATIO = ((ZL-DS1)/ZL)**2
  GFF(4) = GFF(3)*(RATIO-2.)
2 RETURN
END

```

```

*DECK DUP3
      SUBROUTINE LFIT2D(X,Y,TO,NXY)
*LFIT2D      LINEAR SURFACE INTERPOLATION
C            IN A RECTANGULAR GRID
      DIMENSION X(2),Y(2),TO(2)

C  INPUT-
C  X,Y      = LIST OF COORDINATES AT WHICH INTERPOLATED VALUES ARE TO BE
C  NXY      = NO OF COORDINATE POINTS

C  NXT      = NUMBER OF XT
C  NYT      = NUMBER OF YT
C  XT       = X-GRID OF T-TABLE
C  YT       = Y-GRID OF T-TABLE
C  T        = TABLE OF VALUES
C  NOTE     = NUMBER OF T-VALUES IS NXT*NYT, ORDER IS ILLUSTRATED BELOW
C           YT(NYT) = T(3)      T(6)      T(NXT*NYT)
C           YT(2)   = T(2)      T(5)      T(8)
C           YT(1)   = T(1)      T(4)      T(7)
C           -----
C           XT(1)    XT(2)      XT(NXT)

C  OUTPUT-
C  TO       = INTERPOLATED VALUES AT X,Y

      COMMON /CTWICK/ NXT,NYT,XT(20),YT(20),T(78)
      COMMON /ERASE / DUM(400),T1(200),T2(200)

C  FIND CORRECT X-INTERVAL
      I      = 1
      M      = 1
      ISV    = 0
100 NCOUNT = 0
105 IF(X(M),LT,XT(1)) GO TO 110
   IF(X(M),GT,XT(1+1)) GO TO 120
   F      = (X(M)-XT(1))/(XT(1+1)-XT(1))
   GO TO 150
110 IF(I,EQ,1) GO TO 140
   I      = I-1
   GO TO 125
120 IF((I+1),GE,NXT) GO TO 145
   I      = I+1
125 NCOUNT = NCOUNT+1
   IF(NCOUNT,GT,NXT) CALL ERROR1
   GO TO 105
140 F      = 0.
   GO TO 150
145 F      = 1.

C  INTERPOLATE WRT Y
150 IF(I,EQ,ISV) GO TO 160
   IJ2     = I*NYT+1
   IJ1     = IJ2-NYT
   CALL LFIT1(YT,T(IJ1),NYT, Y,T1,NXY)
   CALL LFIT1(YT,T(IJ2),NYT, Y,T2,NXY)
   ISV     = I

C  INTERPOLATE WRT X
160 TO(M) = F*T2(M)+(1.-F)*T1(M)

      M      = M+1
      IF(M,LE,NXY) GO TO 100

```

```
C:..  END LOOP FOR INTERPOLATIONS TO(M) AT X(M),Y(M),M=1,NXY  
      RETURN  
      END
```

```

*DECK SS5PT1
SUBROUTINE SS5PT1(XX,G)
*SS5PT1 SUPersonic 5-PT INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS *SS5PT1*
DIMENSION XX(5),G(25)

C INPUT=
C XX = STREAMWISE DISTANCE OF FOUR POINTS, XX(1)...X(4)

C OUTPUT=
C G = CHANGE IN SECOND DERIVATIVE, D2YDX2, PER UNIT CHANGE IN
C YY(0)...Y(4)

COMMON /CS5PT/ X(4),Y(4), X21,X31,X32,X41,X42,X43, A0,A1,A2,A3,A4

C X(0) = 0.
DO 65 I=1,4
65 X(I) = XX(I+1)-XX(1)
CALL SS5PT
G(5) = A0
G(10) = A1
G(15) = A2
G(20) = A3
G(25) = A4
RETURN
END

```



```

*DECK IAD
SUBROUTINE IAD
* IAD      IMPLICIT ALTERNATING DIRECTION ROUTINE--STC      -IAD-
C      INPUT
C      MLB,MUB,LO,LNEXT--STATION TABLE
C      B(M) = INDICATOR (B,GT,0--SUBSONIC) (B,LE,0 -- SUPERSONIC)
C      A1,A2,A3,A4,A5,A6,A7,A8 = INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS
C      RHS(M) = RIGHT HAND SIDES OF MATRIX EQUATION
C      A4(M) = 1, FOR FIRST POINT OF DOUBLE STREAMLINE
C      IADM = -1  LINE RELAXATION ALONG STREAMLINE
C      IADM = 0  ALTERNATING ORTHOGONAL, STREAMLINE RELAXATION
C      IADM = 1  LINE RELAXATION ALONG ORTHOGONAL

C      STATION TABLE
C      INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C      SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRMS,WRIOUT)
C      MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C      MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1              TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
8              VMB(1),DWDV(1),X2CL(1),SLSW(1),MCL(1),
8              ANGTE(1),PTTE(1),PSTE(1),FGRTE(1),RGTE(1),
8              ANGEXP(1),BSQEXP(475)
      DIMENSION      CRVLE(1),ANGLE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE      (SCHOKE,DWDV),(CRVLE,ANGTE),(ANGLE,PTTE)
      INTEGER          PRIM,TYPELB,TYPEUB,SCHOKE(1)

C
COMMON /CA2 / A2(768)
COMMON /CA3 / A3(768)
COMMON /CA4 / A4(768)
COMMON /CA5 / A5(768)
COMMON /CA6 / A6(768)
COMMON /CA7 / A7(768)
COMMON /CA8 / A8(768)
      DIMENSION      A0(300),A1(300)
      EQUIVALENCE      (A0,A6),(A1,A5)
COMMON /CB / B(768)
COMMON /CDPS2 / DDS2
COMMON /CDS2 / DS2(768)
COMMON /CIDEX / MM2,JS,M1,MDN,ISTAG
COMMON /CIDEXR/ M,MJ1(4),M3,MJ2(4),M5,MJ4(4),M2,MJ5(4),M6,MJ6(4)
COMMON /CLBL / LBL,LSS(2),LBLDUM(5)
LOGICAL      LBL
COMMON /CM / JMS(768)
COMMON / CMAX4 / ES2MAX, ZMX, RMX, DS2MAX, LDUMY
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,NREFIN,DUMIT(2)
COMMON /CPI / PI,DUMPI(5)
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDUM(6),PRT(20)
COMMON /CRHS / RHS(768)
COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1
1              ,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX,TSIC
      INTEGER          SSFML
      LOGICAL          SSEF, SSDF, SSDLE
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL,MAXSWP,CLEN,DS2MX,TOLSS2,NSWP,DTOLRL(6),
*              SG1MIN,TOLINR
COMMON /ERASE2/ AA4(128),AA8(128),BB(128),A41(128),A42(128),
*              MSAVE(128),DRASE(732)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*              LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*              MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

```

```

*      LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE LIMITS,LHO)

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```

C      INITIALIZE DS2 TO 0., NSWP=0
      CALL SETM(1.0.,DS2,NM)
      NSWP = 0
      ASSIGN 235 TO LGO
      ALIM = SQRT( FLOAT(NM) )
      LIMSWP= MAXSWP-IFIX(ALIM)-2
      FNM = 1./ALIM
      CLENX = 4.*SG1MIN
      ITYPE = IADM+2
      XXK = 0.
      RHO = RHOBAS

C      LOOP TO SWEEP THROUGH STATIONS
      LSTART= L0
      LEND = LSTA
      IF( .NOT. LBL ) GO TO 1
      IF( LSS(2).EQ.0 .OR. LSS(2).LT.LSS(1) ) RETURN
C      SET LIMITS FOR LINE BY LINE SUPERSONIC SOLUTION
      ITYPE = 2
      LSTART= LSS(1)
      LEND = LSS(2)+1
1     L = LSTART
      DS2MX = 0.
      DDS2 = 0.
      IF( RHOAMP.EQ.0. ) GO TO 1111

C      COMPUTE RHO = ITERATION FACTOR
      XXK = XXK+1.
      IF( XXK.GE.ALIM ) XXK=1.
      TSIN = SIN(.5*XXK*PI*FNM)
      RHO = RHOBAS+2.*RHOAMP*TSIN**2
1111 RH01 = 1./RHO
      GO TO (200,2,2) , ITYPE
C      LOOP ACROSS STREAMLINES
2     MA = MLB(L)
      MB = MUB(L)
      IF(NSWP.GE.LIMSWP) PDUM(3)=1.
      M = MA
3     K = 0
4     K = K+1

C      BUILD COEFFICIENT TABLES FOR TDSEQ ON ORTHOGONAL
C      GET M2,M3,M5,M6 INDICES
      CALL GETRLX
C      CALCULATE MODIFIED RIGHT HAND SIDES
      IF( B(M).LE.0. ) GO TO 20

C      SUBSONIC BRANCH
10    AA41 = -(A2(M)+A3(M)+A5(M)+A6(M))
      AA42 = A4(M)-AA41
      BB(K) = RHS(M)-(A2(M)*DS2(M2)+A3(M)*DS2(M3)+RH01*AA41*DS2(M)
      +A5(M)*DS2(M5)+A6(M)*DS2(M6))
      AA4K = AA42+RHO*AA41
      GO TO 30

C      SUPERSONIC BRANCH      ****=-GET INDEX=- M1

```

```

C   SPECIAL 5 POINT CUBIC-- SSFML=3, PICK UP A0
20 M1      = M2
21 MM2     = M1
   CALL GETIX
   IF( M1,EQ,0 ) M1=M
   IF( ISTAG,EQ,3 ) GO TO 21
   M1SAV = M1
25 MM2     = M1
   CALL GETIX
   IF( M1,EQ,0 ) M1=M
   IF( ISTAG,EQ,3 ) GO TO 25
   M0      = M1
   M1      = M1SAV
   AA41    = -(A2(M)+A3(M)+A1(M)+A0(M))
   AA42    = A4(M)-AA41
   BB(K)   = RHS(M)-(A1(M)*DS2(M1)+A2(M)*DS2(M2)+A3(M)*DS2(M3)+RHO1*
*           AA41*DS2(M) +A0(M)*DS2(M0))
   AA4K    = AA42+RHO*AA41
   IF(SSFML,EQ,3) GO TO 29

C   TRIDIAGONAL DECOMPOSITION
C   IF A6(M)=0, ADJUST LOCALLY TO RHO=1
30 IF( A6(M),NE,0, ) GO TO 31
29 BB(K) = BB(K)+RHO1*AA41*DS2(M)
   AA4K = AA4K+RHO1*AA41
31 IF( K,GE,2 ) GO TO 50
   AA8(K)= A8(M)/AA4K
   BB(K) = BB(K)/AA4K
   GO TO 61

C   FORWARD DECOMPOSITION
C   SPECIAL LOGIC FOR 2-ND OF DOUBLE POINTS
50 IF( A4(M),NE,1, ) GO TO 51
   GO TO 60
51 IF( A4(M=1),NE,1, ) GO TO 60
   IF( B(M),LE,0, ) GO TO 52
   AA41 = -(A2(M)+A3(M)+A5(M)+A6(M))
   GO TO 53
52 AA41 = -(A2(M)+A3(M)+A1(M))
53 AA42 = A4(M)-AA41
   AA4K = AA42+RHO*AA41
   IF( A6(M),EQ,0, .OR. (B(M),LE,0, .AND. SSFML,EQ,3 ) )
*AA4K = AA4K+RHO1*AA41
   AA4K = 1./((AA4K+A7(M)*AA8(K=1)*AA8(K=2))
   AA8(K)= A8(M)*AA4K
   BB(K) = (BB(K)-A7(M)*(BB(K=2)-AA8(K=2)*BB(K=1)))*AA4K
   GO TO 61
60 AA4K = 1./((AA4K+A7(M)*AA8(K=1))
   AA8(K)= A8(M)*AA4K
   BB(K) = (BB(K)-A7(M)*BB(K=1))*AA4K
61 IF( M,GE,MB ) GO TO 62
   M = M+1
   GO TO 4
62 DS2(M)= BB(K)

C   BACK SUBSTITUTION
70 M      = M-1
   K      = K-1
   IF( M,LT,MA ) GO TO 100
   BB(K) = BB(K)-AA8(K)*BB(K+1)

```

```

C   CALCULATE DDS2,DS2MX
    IF ( ABS(BB(K) - DS2(M) ) ,LT, DDS2 ) GO TO 75
    MDDS2 = M
    DDS2 = ABS(BB(K) - DS2(M) )
75  DS2(M) = BB(K)
    DS2MX = AMAX1( DS2MX,ABS(DS2(M)) )
    GO TO 70

C   INDEX TO NEXT STATION
100 IF( DS2MX,GT,CLENX ) CALL ERROR1
    L = L+LNEXT(L)
    IF( L,LT,LEND ) GO TO 2
C   INCREMENT SWEEP COUNTER
    NSWP = NSWP+1
    IF( PDUM(3),NE,0, ) CALL TABPRT(5HDS2=A,DS2,NM,NJ)
    IF( PDUM(3),NE,0, ) WRITE (6,999) DDS2,MDDS2,DS2MX,RHO
999 FORMAT(/,6X,5HDS2=,1PE16,8,6X,7H4MDDS2=,1F4,6X,6HDS2MX=,E16,8,
1 6X,4HRHO=,0RF12,8//)
    IF( IADM,EQ,1 ,OR, LBL ) GO TO 321

C   LOOP TO SWEEP CROSS-STREAM ALONG STREAMLINES
C   NOTE*** Istag=3 points are skipped
200 J2 = NJ
    DS2MX = 0.
202 M = MBEGIN(J2)
C   CONSTRUCT MATRIX COEFFICIENTS ALONG STREAMLINE
    K = 0
203 K = K+1
C   GET INDICES M2,M3,M5,M6
205 MSAVE(K) = M
    CALL GETRLX
C   IF B(M),LE,0,--(SUPERSONIC-- SUBTRACT A1*DS2(M1) FROM BB
C   IF SSFML,EQ,3 ALSO SUBTRACT A0*DS2(M0) FROM BB
    A41K = -(A2(M)+A3(M)+A5(M)+A6(M))
    IF( B(M),LE,0, ) A41K = A41K+A5(M)+A6(M)
    A42K = A4(M)-A41K
    AA4K = A41K+RHO*A42K
    MDB = M-1
    IF( A4(M=1),EQ,1, ) MDB = M-2
    BB(K) = RHS(M)=(A7(M)*DS2(MDB)+RHO1*A42K*DS2(M)
    *A8(M)*DS2(M+1))
    IF( B(M),GT,0, ) GO TO 206
    M1 = M2
2051 MM2 = M1
    CALL GETIX
    IF( M1,EQ,0 ) M1=M
    IF( Istag,EQ,3 ) GO TO 2051
    M1SAV = M1
2052 MM2 = M1
    CALL GETIX
    IF( M1,EQ,0 ) M1=M
    IF( Istag,EQ,3 ) GO TO 2052
    M0 = M1
    M1 = M1SAV
    BB(K) = BB(K)-A1(M)*DS2(M1)-A0(M)*DS2(M0)

C   PENTA-DIAGONAL MATRIX-- DECOMPOSITION
C   ADJUST TO RHO=1 IF A7(M)≠0.
206 IF( A7(M),NE,0, ) GO TO 207
    BB(K) = BB(K)+RHO1*A42K*DS2(M)

```

```

      AA4K = AA4K+RHO1*AA2K
207 IF( K,GT,2 ) GO TO 220
      GO TO (208,210) : K
208 CM = 1./AA4K
      A41(K) = A5(M)*CM
      IF( B(M),LE,0. ) A41(K) = 0.
      A42(K) = A6(M)*CM
      IF( B(M),LE,0. ,AND, SSFML,EQ,3 ) A42(K) = 0.
      BB(K) = BB(K)*CM
      GO TO 225
210 CM = 1./ (AA4K-A3(M)*A41(K-1))
      A41(K) = (A5(M)-A3(M)*A42(K-1))*CM
      IF( B(M),LE,0. ) A41(K) = A41(K)-A5(M)*CM
      A42(K) = A6(M)*CM
      IF( B(M),LE,0. ,AND, SSFML,EQ,3 ) A42(K) = A42(K)-A6(M)*CM
      BB(K) = (BB(K)-A3(M)*BB(K-1))*CM
      GO TO 225
220 CMA = A3(M)-A2(M)*A41(K-2)
      CM = 1./ (AA4K-A2(M)*A42(K-2)-CMA*A41(K-1))
      A41(K) = (A5(M)-CMA*A42(K-1))*CM
      IF( B(M),LE,0. ) A41(K) = A41(K)-A5(M)*CM
      A42(K) = A6(M)*CM
      IF( B(M),LE,0. ,AND, SSFML,EQ,3 ) A42(K) = A42(K)-A6(M)*CM
      BB(K) = (BB(K)-A2(M)*BB(K-2)-CMA*BB(K-1))*CM
225 IF( M5,EQ,M ) GO TO 230
      M = M5
      GO TO 203

```

C BACK-SUBSTITUTION LOOP

```

230 ASSIGN 231 TO JGO
      GO TO 250
231 K = K-1
      ASSIGN 240 TO JGO
      BB(K) = BB(K)-A41(K)*BB(K+1)
      M = MSAVE(K)
      GO TO 250
240 K = K-1
      M = MSAVE(K)
      IF( K,LT,1 ) GO TO 300
      BB(K) = BB(K)-A41(K)*BB(K+1)-A42(K)*BB(K+2)

```

C CALCULATE DDS2,DS2MX

```

250 IF ( ABS(BB(K) - DS2(M) ) ,LT, DDS2 ) GO TO 255
      HDDS2 = M
      DDS2 = ABS(BB(K) - DS2(M) )
255 DS2(M) = BB(K)
      DS2MX = AMAX1(DS2MX,ABS(DS2(M)) )
      GO TO JGO , (231,240)
300 IF( DS2MX,GT,CLENX ) CALL ERROR1
      J2 = J2+1
      IF( J2,GT,0 ) GO TO 202
      IF( PDUM(3),NE,0. ) CALL TABPRT(5HDS2=B,DS2;NM,NJ)
      IF( PDUM(3),NE,0. ) WRITE (6,999) DDS2,HDDS2,DS2MX,RHO

```

C INCREMENT SWEEP COUNTER

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320 NSWP = NSWP+1

```

C STREAMLINE SWEEP COMPLETE-- CHECK CONVERGENCE

```

321 IF( DDS2,LE,TOLRL*DS2MX ) GO TO 900
      IF( NSWP,LE,MAXSWP ) GO TO 1
      ASSIGN 234 TO LGO
902 GO TO LGO , (234,235)

```

```

234 CALL ERROR1
235 IF(PDUH(3);EQ,0;) GO TO 260
    WRITE (6,1000)
    DO 400 I=1,NM
    WRITE (6,1001) I,B(I),A2(I),A3(I),A4(I),A5(I),A6(I),A7(I),A8(I),
1      DS2(I),RHS(I)
400 CONTINUE
1000 FORMAT (4H1  M,1BX,1HB,10X,2HA2,10X,2HA3,10X,2HA4,10X,2HA5,10X,
1      2HA6,10X,2HA7,10X,2HA8,9X,3HDS2,9X,3HRHS)
1001 FORMAT (1H ,I3,8F12.3,2F12.6)
C GET ACTUAL MAX DS2 ( WITH SIGN )
260 CALL MINMAX ( DS2, 1, NM, DS2MIN, IMIN, DS2MAX, IMAX )
    IF ( ABS(DS2MIN) .GT. ABS(DS2MAX) ) DS2MAX = DS2MIN
    RETURN
END

```